# "Quarterly Review"

FILED

FEB 08 2013

Clark's Office

N.C. Utilities Commission

# Selected Financial and Operational Data:

OFFICIAL COPY

Re:

### Electric Companies

- Carolina Power & Light Company,
   d/b/a Progress Energy Carolinas, Inc.
- Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC
- Virginia Electric and Power Company, d/b/a Dominion North Carolina Power

### Natural Gas Local Distribution Companies

- Piedmont Natural Gas Company, Inc.
- Public Service Company of North Carolina, Inc., d/b/a PSNC Energy

■ Quarter Ending March 31, 2012 ■

Prepared by:
North Carolina Utilities Commission
Operations Division

430 N. Salisbury Street Raleigh, NC 27603 (919) 733-3979

www.ncuc.net

Mailing Address: 4325 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-4325



# State of North Carolina

### **Htilities** Commission

4325 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-4325

COMMISSIONERS EDWARD S. FINLEY, JR., CHAIRMAN WILLIAM T. CULPEPPER, III BRYAN E. BEATTY

February 7, 2013

COMMISSIONERS SUSAN W. RABON , TONOLA D. BROWN-BLAND LUCY T. ALLEN

#### **MEMORANDUM**

TO:

Chairman Edward S. Finley, Jr.

Commissioner William T. Culpepper, III

Commissioner Bryan E. Beatty Commissioner Susan W. Rabon

Commissioner ToNola D. Brown-Bland

Commissioner Lucy T. Allen

FROM:

Donald R. Hoover, Director

**Operations Division** 

The Operations Division hereby presents for your consideration the *Quarterly Review* for the calendar quarter ending March 31, 2012. Such report, which has been prepared by the Operations Division, presents an overview of selected financial and operational information and data for five major investor-owned public utilities regulated by the Commission.

Should you have questions concerning the report, Freda Hilburn, Bliss Kite, or I will be pleased to be of assistance.

Thank you for your consideration.

DRH/FHH/BBK/jme

### Table of Contents

Part			Page
I	Intro	oduction	1
II	Revi	iew of Key Financial Ratios:	: <b>9</b>
		Summary Statement of Key Financial Ratios For Five Selected Companies For The Twelve Months Ended March 31, 2012 — Returns on Common Equity, Overall Rates of Return, Common Equity Capitalization Ratios, and Debt Ratios — And Certain Rate Case Data	10
	D	Statement of Authorized Returns on Common Equity and Overall Rates of Return Granted By Various Public Utility Regulatory Agencies As Reported By Public Utilities Reports, Volume Nos. 291-300, from September 2011 Through November 2012	12
Ш	Over	views of Selected Financial and Operational Data By Utility:	14
	. 🗖	Electric Companies:	
		Carolina Power & Light Company, d/b/a Progress Energy Carolinas, Inc.	15
		■ Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC	16
•	•	<ul> <li>Virginia Electric and Power Company, d/b/a</li> <li>Dominion North Carolina Power</li> </ul>	17
÷	•	Natural Gas Local Distribution Companies:	
		Piedmont Natural Gas Company, Inc.	18
	1.	Public Service Company of North Carolina, Inc., d/b/a PSNC Energy	19
IV	Tele	communications Companies – Annual Report Filings	20
V	Appe	endix A – Electronic Distribution List	

## Part I

# Introduction

The purpose, structure, focus, and an abbreviated synopsis of the nature of the contents of this report is presented here.

The Quarterly Review has been designed and is structured so as to provide, in a clear and concise format, relevant and useful financial and operational information pertaining to five major investor-owned public utilities regulated by the North Carolina Utilities Commission (Commission): three electric companies and two natural gas local distribution companies. The primary focus of this report is one of a jurisdictional financial nature. However, albeit limited, certain jurisdictional operational information is also included.

To a vast extent the information presented herein is organized into individual company overviews and covers a period of five years. From a general viewpoint, the individual company overviews provide information that users of this report will find helpful from the standpoint of gaining insight into each company's jurisdictional financial standing and in acquiring a sense of the magnitude of each company's overall jurisdictional economic dimension.

Significant changes have taken place with regard to the annual reporting requirements for the price plan regulated telephone companies which have impacted the conformity and comparability of the financial and operational information provided by such companies for the 12-month reporting period ending December 31, 2011 and beyond. Specifically, on June 30, 2011, in Docket No. P-100, Sub 72b, the Commission issued an Order ruling on a petition filed by the North Carolina Telecommunications Industry Association, Inc. on March 16, 2011, requesting modification or elimination of certain reporting requirements relating to incumbent local exchange companies (ILECs) and/or competing local providers. The June 30, 2011 Order, among other things, revised Commission Rule R1-32 by adding a new Subsection (e1). Such revision allows ILECs, that are price plan regulated under G.S. 62-133.5(a), and any carrier electing regulation under G.S. 62-133.5(h) or (m) to satisfy all of their annual reporting obligations by one of the two following ways: (1) by providing a link to their annual filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), if they are publicly traded entities, or (2) by filing copies of their audited financial statements with the Commission, if they are not publicly traded entities. The foregoing would be in lieu of filing annual reports regarding the North Carolina Operations on forms furnished or approved by the Commission. Price plan regulated telephone companies are to either provide their annual reports to the Commission or otherwise satisfy their annual reporting obligations under Commission Rule R1-32, Subsection (e1) as soon as possible after the close of the calendar year, but in no event later than the 30th day of April of each year for the preceding calendar year.

Seven of the eight ILECs for which the Commission last reported financial information for the 12-month period ending December 31, 2010, have since chosen to meet their annual reporting obligation by providing links to their annual filings with the SEC. As a result of such significant changes in the annual reporting requirements, financial information related to the telecommunications companies is no longer being provided in this report. However, for the following ILECs: (1) BellSouth Telecommunications, LLC, d/b/a AT&T North Carolina (AT&T North Carolina); (2) Carolina Telephone and Telegraph Company LLC, d/b/a

CenturyLink (Carolina Telephone); (3) Central Telephone Company, d/b/a CenturyLink (Central); (4) Mebtel, Inc., d/b/a CenturyLink (Mebtel); (5) Frontier Communications of the Carolinas Inc. (Frontier); (6) Verizon South Inc. (Verizon South); (7) Windstream Concord Telephone, Inc. (Concord); (8) Windstream Lexcom Communications, Inc. (Lexcom); and (9) Windstream North Carolina, LLC (Windstream NC) the url addresses/links to their 2011 annual filings with the SEC are provided in the report in Part IV.

With respect to other recent changes related to matters concerning the price plan regulated telephone companies, on June 30, 2009, House Bill 1180 (HB1180) became law as set forth in Session Law 2009-238. Said law, entitled "An Act Establishing the Consumer Choice and Investment Act of 2009," created a new category of price plan operation whereby any local exchange carrier or competing local provider may choose to adopt by simply "filing notice of its intent to do so with the Commission," with such election being effective immediately upon filing. Subsection (h) price plans¹ provide for extensive deregulation of an eligible telecommunications company's "terms, conditions, rates, or availability" relating to its retail services. A local exchange company electing Subsection (h) is required to continue to offer stand-alone basic residential lines to all customers who subscribe to that service at rates that can be increased annually by no more than the percentage increase over the prior year in the Gross Domestic Product Price Index (GDP-PI). While such deregulation is very extensive by historical standards, it is not a complete deregulation of the telecommunications industry.²

Currently, there are nine incumbent local exchange carriers operating under Subsection (h) price plans as a result of their notices of election filed pursuant to G.S. 62-133.5(h): (1) Verizon South<sup>3</sup> (notice filed on July 21, 2010 to become effective immediately, in Docket No. P-19, Sub 277M); (2) Frontier (notice filed January 30, 2012 to become effective immediately, in Docket No. P-1488, Sub 1A); (3) Carolina Telephone (notice filed March 8, 2012 to become effective April 1, 2012, in Docket No. P-7, Sub 825M); (4) Central (notice filed March 8, 2012 to become effective April 1, 2012, in Docket No. P-10, Sub 479N); (5) Mebtel (notice filed March 8, 2012 to become effective April 1, 2012, in Docket No. P-35, Sub 96I); (6) Concord (notice filed July 26, 2012 to become effective immediately, in Docket No. P-16, Sub 181L); (7) Lexcom (notice filed July 26, 2012 to become effective immediately, in Docket No. P-31, Sub 145C); (8) Windstream NC (notice filed July 26, 2012 to become effective immediately, in Docket No. P-118, Sub 86L) and (9) North State Telephone Company, d/b/a North State Communications (North State) (notice filed November 30, 2012 to become effective immediately, in Docket No. P-42, Sub 137F). As a result of such elections, these nine telecommunications companies are no longer required to provide an annual report

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In general, the Commission refers to the new price plan category which resulted from the passage of HB1180 as "Subsection (h) price plans".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Docket No. P-100, Sub 165 for additional information regarding the implications of the enactment of HB1180 and the implementation of Subsection (h) price plans.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Such election relates only to Verizon South's Knotts Island exchange.

to the Commission as directed by Commission Rule R1-32, commencing with the calendar year in which such election becomes effective (2010: Verizon South; 2012: Frontier, Carolina Telephone, Central, Mebtel, Concord, Lexcom, Windstream NC, and North State). Alternatively, as required by the Commission's March 30, 2010 Order in Docket No. P-100, Sub 165, these telecommunications companies will provide the Commission, on an annual basis, a link to their financial filings with the SEC.

Furthermore, on April 26, 2011, Senate Bill 343 (SB 343) became law as set forth in Session Law 2011-52. Said law, entitled "An Act Establishing the Communications Reform and Investment Act of 2011," created a new category of price plan operation outlined in G.S. 62-133.5(m)<sup>4</sup> whereby any local exchange company that forgoes receipt of any funding from a state universal service fund or alternative funding mechanism and whose territory is open to competition from competing local providers may choose to adopt a Subsection (m) price plan<sup>5</sup> by simply "filing notice of its intent to do so with the Commission," with such election being effective immediately upon filing. Subsection (m) price plans provide, among other things, that "the Commission shall not impose any requirements related to the terms, conditions, rates, or availability of any of the local exchange company's retail services."

Currently, AT&T North Carolina<sup>7</sup> is the only incumbent local exchange carrier operating under a Subsection (m) price plan. On October 14, 2011, in Docket No. P-55, Sub 1013M, AT&T North Carolina filed its notice of election of a Subsection (m) price plan. Prior to such election, AT&T North Carolina was operating under a Subsection (h) price plan. As set forth by the Commission's November 22, 2011 Order in Docket No. P-100, Sub 165A, AT&T North Carolina will continue to provide the Commission, on an annual basis, a link to its financial filings with the SEC.

This report has been prepared solely for the use of the Commission. The responsibility for developing and preparing the report is that of the Commission's Operations Division. The

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The enabling legislation was initially specified in G.S. 62-133.5(l); however such reference has been renumbered and codified in the General Statutes of North Carolina as G.S. 62-133.5(m). Consequently, on April 27, 2012, the Commission issued an Errata Order to correct the reference of Subsection (l) in prior Commission orders to Subsection (m) for consistency with the codification in the General Statutes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> In general, the Commission refers to the new price plan category which resulted from the passage of SB 343 as "Subsection (m) price plans".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Such retail services include stand-alone basic residential lines. See Docket No. P-100, Sub 165A for additional information regarding the implications of the enactment of SB 343 and the implementation of Subsection (m) price plans.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Effective July 1, 2011, BellSouthTelecommunications, Inc., d/b/a AT&T North Carolina changed its legal classification from a corporation to an LLC and began transacting business as BellSouth Telecommunications, LLC d/b/a AT&T North Carolina.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> On October 5, 2009, in Docket No. P-55, Sub 1013M, AT&T North Carolina filed its notice of election of a Subsection (h) price plan.

preponderance of the information and data included in and/or on which the report is based has been provided by the companies. Such data has not been audited or otherwise verified. Therefore, the Operations Division, although it believes the aforesaid data to be true and correct in each and every respect, cannot and does not offer any attestation in that regard.

#### A Specific Objective

A specific objective of this reporting process is to present to the Commission, on an ongoing basis, meaningful information regarding the financial viability of the subject companies, including the reasonableness of the overall levels of rates and charges currently being charged by jurisdictional utilities, whose rates are cost based, for their sales of services. Cost based regulation is synonymous with rate base, rate of return regulation.

Under rate base, rate of return regulation, the cost of service of a public utility is defined as the sum total of reasonable operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, and a reasonable return on the net valuation of property used and useful in providing public utility services. Therefore, the reasonableness of a public utility's rates is a function of the reasonableness of the level of each individual component of its cost of service.

The reasonable return component of the cost of service equation refers to the overall rate of return related to investment funded by all investors, including debt investors as well as preferred and common equity investors. The costs of debt capital and preferred stock, which are essentially fixed by contract, must be deducted from revenue, like all other components of the cost of service, in determining income available for distribution to common stockholders. Therefore, generally speaking, a very meaningful measure of the profitability of any utility, and consequently the reasonableness of its overall rates and charges, is the return earned on its common shareholders' investment, i.e., its return on common equity, over some specified period of time. Typically, such returns are measured over a period of one year. Thus, annual returns on common equity and certain other key financial ratios, which among other things give significant perspective to the common equity returns, are the focal points of this report.

#### The Key Financial Ratios

Specifically, the key financial ratios presented herein for use in reviewing the companies' financial viabilities, including their profitability and consequently the reasonableness of their rates and charges are (1) the return on common equity, (2) the common equity capitalization ratio, (3) the pretax interest coverage ratio, and (4) the overall rate of return.

#### The Return on Common Equity

As indicated, the return on common equity is a key financial indicator which measures the profitability of an enterprise from the standpoint of its common stockholders over some specified period of time. That return or earnings rate reflects the ratio of earnings available for common equity to the common-equity investors' capital investment. As previously stated, the ratio is significant because it traditionally represents profitability after all revenues and costs, other than the cost of common equity capital, have been considered. From the standpoint of measuring profitability, return on common equity is indeed "the bottom line".

#### The Common Equity Capitalization Ratio

The common equity capitalization ratio is the ratio of common equity capital to total investor-supplied capital of the firm. That ratio is significant because it is a major indicator of the financial riskiness of the firm, particularly from the standpoint of the common stockholders. The issuance of debt capital, assuming no offsetting decrease in preferred stock, decreases the common equity capitalization ratio, and its existence creates what has come to be known as financial leverage. The risk borne by shareholders that accompanies that leverage is known as financial risk. As the proportion of debt in the capital structure increases, so does the degree of financial leverage and thus shareholders' risk and consequently the shareholders' requirements regarding expected return, i.e., the expected return on common equity or, in regulatory jargon, the cost of common equity capital.

Alternatively, the financial riskiness of the firm, some might argue, is more appropriately revealed when expressed in terms of debt leverage, particularly when preferred stock is present in the capital structure. Such leverage is the ratio of long-term debt capital to total investor-supplied capital. Both approaches are clearly insightful and useful. In evaluating the superiority of one approach in comparison to the other, one should consider the context within which the information is to be used. Since a major objective of this report is to review the reasonableness of the levels of earnings of the companies' common stockholders, and in consideration of the other key financial benchmarks which are also presented herein, the common equity capitalization ratio appears to be the most appropriate and meaningful measure of the financial riskiness of the companies for use in this regard.

#### The Pretax Interest Coverage Ratio

The pretax interest coverage ratio is the number of times earnings, determined before consideration of income taxes and interest charges, cover annual interest charges. That financial indicator is particularly important to debt investors because holders of the company's outstanding debt, including long-term bonds, receive interest payments from the company before any earnings are determined to be available for distribution to preferred or common equity investors. Pretax interest coverage is measured before income taxes because interest expense is deductible in arriving at taxable income. Therefore, generally speaking, debt holders can expect to be paid before the company incurs any liability for the payment of income taxes. From the debt holder's perspective, all other things remaining equal, the higher the pretax interest coverage the better.

#### The Overall Rate of Return

The overall rate of return measures the profitability of a firm from the standpoint of earnings on total investment, including investment funded by both debt and equity investors. Specifically, in the public utility regulatory environment, it is the ratio of operating income to total investment.

#### The Propriety of the Methodology

The foregoing financial benchmarks, as presented in this report, have been determined on the basis of the companies' actual operating experience. Under rate base, rate of return regulation, North Carolina statutes require that the companies' rates be determined on a normalized, pro forma, end-of-period basis based upon an historical test period. Stated alternatively, the Commission, in setting prospective rates, essentially, must take into account the company's current level of operations adjusted for known and material changes in the levels of revenues and costs that the company can reasonably be expected to experience over a reasonable period of time into the future. Thus, rates, which are established for use prospectively, are set, to a certain extent and within certain constraints, on the basis of revenue and cost expectations, including investor expectations regarding their return requirements, as opposed to simply setting prospective rates solely on the basis of actual operating experience.

The process of setting prospective rates is inherently and exceedingly time consuming, difficult, and otherwise costly to both companies and regulators. It involves the assimilation, investigation, and evaluation of enormous amounts of complex information and data which invariably leads to multifarious issues; many, if not most, of which must be resolved through adjudication.

It is far less difficult and costly to perform an intellectual, financial analysis of the need to undertake the aforesaid process. Such preliminary analysis avoids the unnecessary incursion of the immense costs of setting prospective rates. Those are precisely the reasons why this report is focused on a review of the returns on common equity and other key financial ratios which the companies are currently earning or achieving under their existing rates and charges. Those ratios, when considered in conjunction with statutory ratemaking requirements, prevailing economic conditions, and certain other financial indicators, including returns on common equity and overall rates of return currently being authorized by other public utility regulatory agencies, are meaningful indicators of the need, if any, for further, more extensive regulatory review.

From the standpoint of giving an added measure of meaning to the aforesaid ratios of the individual companies and in the interest of providing a sense of current financial market conditions, certain financial information has been included herein as notes to the first statement included in Part II of this report. Such notes are an integral part of this report.

Additionally, also from the standpoint of providing perspective, returns on common equity and overall rates of return currently being authorized by a number of other public utility regulatory agencies are provided in the second statement presented in Part II.

#### A Final Note

It is emphasized that the information contained in this report is not intended and should not be construed to be all inclusive from the standpoint of the criteria to be used in assessing the reasonableness of the companies existing rates. But rather, it is submitted that such information is clearly relevant to such a determination and as such should be considered in conjunction with all other pertinent information and data.

The Operations Division will be pleased to receive and respond to any questions or comments.

### Part II

# A Review of Key Financial Ratios

- Summary Statement of Key Financial Ratios For Five Selected Companies For The Twelve Months Ended March 31, 2012 Returns on Common Equity, Overall Rates of Return, Common Equity Capitalization Ratios, and Debt Ratios And Certain Rate Case Data
- Statement of Authorized Returns on Common Equity and Overall Rates of Return Granted By Various Public Utility Regulatory Agencies As Reported By Public Utilities Reports, Volume Nos. 291-300 from September 2011 Through November 2012

# Summary Statement Of Key Financial Ratios Achieved By And Authorized For Selected Companies

"Estimated Returns on Common Equity, Overall Rates of Return, Common Equity Capitalization Ratios, and Debt Ratios are for Twelve Months Ended March 31, 2012"

"Rate Case Data are from Orders with Various Issue Dates as Indicated in Column (i)"

	•	Estimated for 12 Months Ended 03/31/2012							50
Line <u>No.</u>	<u>item</u> (a)	Return On Equity (b)	Overall Rate of <u>Return</u> (c)	Equity Ratio (d)	Debt Ratio (e)	Return On <u>Equity</u> (f)	Overall Rate of <u>Return</u> (g)	Equity <u>Ratio</u> (h)	Date of Last <u>Order</u> (i)
	Electric Companies								
1.	Carolina Power & Light Company, d/b/a Progress Energy Carolinas, Inc.	10.58%	8.25%	57.51%	41.86%	12.75%	10.45%	44,00%	08/05/1988
2.	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC	9.74%	7.71%	53.30%	46.70%	10.50%	8.11%	53.00%	01/27/2012
3.	Virginia Electric and Power Company, d/b/a Dominion North Carolina Power	3.02%	4.09%	55.00%	43.42%	10.20%	7.80%	51.00%	12/21/2012
	Natural Gas Local Distribution Companies								
4.	Piedmont Natural Gas Company, Inc.	10.55%	7.69%	50.92%	49.08%	10.60%	8.55%	51.00%	10/24/2008
5.	Public Service Company of North Carolina, Inc., d/b/a PSNC Energy	11.49%	8.99%	55.86%	44.14%	10.60%	8.54%	54.00%	10/24/2008

# Summary Statement Of Key Financial Ratios Achieved by And Authorized for Selected Companies

"Estimated Returns on Common Equity, Overall Rates of Return, Common Equity Capitalization Ratios, and Debt Ratios are for Twelve Months Ended March 31, 2012"

NOTES: [1] Selected financial market indicators from "Moody's Credit Trends" updated on January 31, 2013 follow:

Part I

		U.S. Treasury Securities Dealer-			Moody's Long-Term		
Line No.	<u>Date</u> (a)	3-Month Bill <u>%</u> (b)	10-Year Note % (c)	30-Year Bond <u>%</u> (d)	3-Month CP <u>%</u> (e)	Corporate Bond Yield % (f)	
1. 2. 3. 4.	January 30, 2013 January 29, 2013 January 28, 2013 January 25, 2013	0.07 0.07 0.07 0.08	2.03 2.03 2.00 1.98	3.19 3.18 3.15 3.14	n/a n/a n/a n/a	4.31 4.28 4.27 4.25	
5.	January 24, 2013	0.08	1.88	3.04	0.16	4.15	
6. 7.	Month of December 2012 Month of November 2012	0.07 0.09	1.72 1.65	2.88 2.80	0.43 0.44	4.05 3.92	

Part II

Moody's public utility long-term bond yield averages (%):

			Past 12	Months_	Monthly Average \			
Line No.	Rating	1/31/2013	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>	Jan. 2013	Dec. 2012		
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	<b>(f)</b>		
1.	Aa	3.98	4.16	3.58	3.90	3.75		
2.	Α	4.20	4.48	3.84	4.15	4.00		
3.	Baa	4.75	5.13	4.42	4.66	4.56		

[2] Most recent data available when this edition of the *Quarterly Review* was prepared. According to "Moody's Credit Trends", updated on February 1, 2013, such long-term bond yield averages are derived from pricing data on a regularly-replenished population of nearly 90 seasoned corporate bonds in the United States market, each with current outstandings over \$100 million. Further, the bonds have maturities as close as possible to 30 years; bonds are dropped from the list if their remaining life falls below 20 years or if their ratings change.

#### Statement of Authorized Returns

#### On Common Equity and Overall Rates of Return

#### Granted By Various Public Utility Regulatory Agencies As Reported In

Public Utilities Reports, Volume Nos. 291-300, from September 2011 through November 2012 (Statement is All Inclusive With Respect To Returns Published)

	, Authorized	Returns		Volume No.
	Common Equity (b)	Overall (c)	Date Of <u>Order</u> (d)	Public Utilities <u>Reports</u> (e)
anies	1 1 1 1			
ower (UT)	10.00%	7.94%	09/13/2011	Volume 292
n Company (MI)	10.50%	6.59%	10/20/2011	Volume 292
n, d/b/a Avista Utilities (WA)	N/A	N/A	12/16/2011	Volume 294
pany (ID)	N/A	7.86%	12/30/2011	Volume 294
olinas, LLC (NC)	10.50%	8.11%	01/27/2012	Volume 295
olinas, LLC (SC)	10.50%	8.10%	02/03/2012	Volume 295
ht Company, Inc. (HI)	10.00%	8.31%	02/08/2012	Volume 296
any (FL)	10.25%	6.39%	04/03/2012	Volume 296
Pacific Power & Light Company (WA)	N/A	N/A	03/30/2012	Volume 296
gy, Inc. (WA)	9.80%	7.80%	05/22/2012	Volume 297
y Company (Mi)	10.30%	6.70%	06/07/2012	Volume 297
· ·	10.37%	N/A	05/14/2012	Volume 298
Light Company (MD)	9.81%	7.56%	07/20/2012	Volume 298
ower Company (WV)	9.75%	8.78%	08/10/2012	Volume 299
Power Company (DC)	9.50%	8.03%	09/27/2012	Volume 300
c. (TX)	9.80%	8.27%	09/14/2012	Volume 300
ower (UT)	9.80%	7.86%	09/19/2012	Volume 300
ocal Distribution	:			
ces Company (CT)	8.83%	7.48%	06/29/2011	Volume 291
atural Gas Company (WI)	11.75%	10.17%	09/16/2011	Volume 292
ight Company (MD)	9.60%	8.09%	11/14/2011	Volume 292
tana (MT)	10.50%	8.70%	11/17/2011	Volume 292
Inc., d/b/a Unitil (ME)	9.90%	7.41%	11/29/2011	Volume 294
a d/h/a Avieta I Itilitiae (IMA)	N/A	N/A	12/16/2011	Volume 294
i, dibia Avista Ottities (vva)	1411			
	anies  Power (UT) In Company (MI) In, d/b/a Avista Utilities (WA) Inpany (ID) Ininas, LLC (NC) Ininas, LLC (SC) Inth Company, Inc. (HI) Inany (FL) Inany (FL) Inany (FL) Inany (MI) Inc. (WA) Index Company (MI) Index Company (MD) Inc. (TX) Index Company (DC) Index Company (CT) Intuition Index Company (MD) Itana (MT) Inc., d/b/a Unitil (ME) Inc., d/b/a Avista Litilities (AVA)	Authorized Common Equity (b)	Authorized   Returns   Common   Equity   Overall   (c)	Authorized Returns   Common   Equity   (b)   (c)   (d)   (

#### Statement of Authorized Returns

#### On Common Equity and Overall Rates of Return

#### Granted By Various Public Utility Regulatory Agencies As Reported In

Public Utilities Reports, Volume Nos. 291-300, from September 2011 through November 2012 (Statement Is All Inclusive With Respect To Returns Published)

		Authori	zed R	eturns		Volume No.
Line	Company (Jurisdiction)	Common		Overali	Date Of Order	Public Utilities
No.	(a)	<u>Equity</u> (b)		(c)	· (d)	<u>Reports</u> (e)
	• •	, i		<b>\</b> -,	•	` '
	Natural Gas Local Distribution Companies (continued)					
25.	Bluefield Gas Company (WV)	9.75%		N/A	01/17/2012	Volume 295
26.	Puget Sound Energy, Inc. (WA)	9.8 <mark>0</mark> %		7.80%	05/22/2012	Volume 297
27.	SourceGas Distribution LLC (NE)	9.60%		N/A	05/22/2012	Volume 297
28.	Atmos Energy (KS)	N/A		N/A	08/22/2012	Volume 299
29.	Vermont Gas Systems, Inc. (VT)	9.75ٰ%		N/A	08/21/2012	Volume 300
		!				
	Water Companies					
30.	Iowa-American Water Company (IA)	10.30%		N/A	02/23/2012	Volume 295
31.	Tennessee American Water Company (TN)	10.00%		7.83%	04/27/2012	Volume 298
32.	California Water Service Company (CA)	9.99%	[2]	8.24%	07/12/2012	Volume 298
33.	San Jose Water Company (CA)	9.99%	[2]	8.38%	07/12/2012	Volume 298
34.	California-American Water Company (CA)	9.99%	[2]	8.41%	07/12/2012	Volume 298
35.	Golden State Water Company (CA)	9.99%	[2]	8.64%	07/12/2012	Volume 298
36.	Lakes Region Water Company (NH)	9.75%		8.43%	07/13/2012	Volume 299

#### Notes:

<sup>[1]</sup> The California Public Utilities Commission approved a settlement agreement that established, for the period 2011 through 2014, the costs of debt and equity, capital structures, and rates of return for the four Class A water utilities doing business in California. An identical cost of common equity of 9.99% was established for each of the four utilities, but the settlement agreement provided for a different cost of debt and capital structure for each of the utilities, yielding a different overall rate of return for each of the utilities.

<sup>[2]</sup> N/A denotes that information is not available.

### Part III

# Overviews of Selected Financial and Operational Data by Utility:

- Electric Companies
  - Carolina Power & Light Company,
     d/b/a Progress Energy Carolinas, Inc.
  - Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC
  - Virginia Electric and Power Company, d/b/a Dominion North Carolina Power
- Natural Gas Local Distribution Companies
  - Piedmont Natural Gas Company, Inc.
  - Public Service Company of North Carolina, Inc.,
     d/b/a PSNC Energy

#### CAROLINA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY, d/b/a PROGRESS ENERGY CAROLINAS, INC. SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL DATA North Carolina Retail Jurisdiction (Amounts in Thousands)

item (a) Revenue Expenses: Sed Power Lance Perating Expenses Perating Expenses Lion & Amortization Lenses & Depreciation Lenses & Depreciation Lenses, Depr. & Taxes Lincome Lincome Linvestment	March 2012 (b) \$3,297,200 916,683 210,272 304,137 667,783 2,098,875 351,081 2,449,936 354,374 2,804,310 \$492,890 \$6,032,001	March 2011 (C) \$3,514,953 1,086,447 212,996 268,179 627,626 2,195,248 326,925 2,522,173 439,044 2,961,217 \$553,736 \$5,414,468	March 2010 (d) \$3,452,062 1,198,078 147,345 236,278 610,481 2,192,162 336,942 2,529,104 437,622 2,966,728 5485,336	March 2009 (e) \$3,244,804 937,997 238,646 223,953 563,535 1,964,131 378,540 2,342,671 411,201 2,753,872	March 2008 (f) \$3,172,126 938,726 195,769 226,423 545,684 1,906,602 409,513 2,316,115 385,319	Growth Four Year (g) 0.97% -0.59% 1.80% 7.66% 5.18% 2.43% -3.78% 1.41%	Current Year (h) -6.20% -15.63% -1.28% 13.41% 6.40% -4.39% -2.86% -19.29%
(a)  Revenue  Expenses:  Sed Power  Lance Decrating Expenses Lion & Amortization Lenses & Depreciation Lenses & Depreciation Lenses, Depr. & Taxes Lincome	(b) \$3,297,200 916,683 210,272 304,137 667,783 2,098,875 351,061 2,449,936 354,374 2,804,310 \$492,890	(c) \$3,514,953 1,086,447 212,996 268,179 627,626 2,195,248 326,925 2,522,173 439,044 2,961,217 \$553,736	(d) \$3,452,062 1,198,078 147,345 236,278 610,461 2,192,162 336,942 2,529,104 437,622 2,966,728	(e) \$3,244,804 937,997 238,848 223,953 563,535 1,964,131 378,540 2,342,671 411,201	\$3,172,126 938,726 195,769 226,423 545,684 1,906,602 409,513 2,316,115 385,319	(g) 0.97% -0.59% 1.80% 7.66% 5.18% 2.43% -3.78%	-15.63% -1.28% 13.41% 6.40% -4.39% 7.38% -2.86%
Revenue  Expenses:  Sed Power  Bance  Expenses  Expenses	\$3,297,200 916,683 210,272 304,137 667,783 2,098,875 351,061 2,449,936 354,374 2,804,310 \$492,890	\$3,514,953 1,086,447 212,998 268,179 627,626 2,195,248 326,925 2,522,173 439,044 2,961,217 \$553,736	\$3,452,062 1,198,078 147,345 236,278 610,481 2,192,162 336,942 2,529,104 437,622 2,966,728	\$3,244,804 937,997 238,646 223,953 563,535 1,964,131 378,540 2,342,671 411,201	\$3,172,126 938,726 195,769 226,423 545,684 1,906,602 409,513 2,316,115 385,319	(g) 0.97% -0.59% 1.80% 7.66% 5.18% 2.43% -3.78%	-6.20% -15.63% -1.28% 13.41% 6.40% -4.39% 7.38% -2.86%
expenses: sed Power lance liperating Expenses erating Expenses stion & Amortization lenses & Depreciation lenserating Taxes lincome	916,683 210,272 304,137 667,783 2,098,875 351,061 2,449,936 354,374 2,804,310 \$492,890	1,086,447 212,998 268,179 627,626 2,195,248 326,925 2,522,173 439,044 2,961,217	1,198,078 147,345 236,278 610,461 2,192,162 336,942 2,529,104 437,622 2,966,726	937,997 238,646 223,953 563,535 1,964,131 378,540 2,342,671 411,201	938,726 195,769 226,423 <u>545,684</u> 1,906,602 <u>409,513</u> 2,316,115 <u>385,319</u>	-0.59% 1.80% 7.66% 5.18% 2.43% -3.78%	-15.63% -1.28% 13.41% 6.40% -4.39% 7.38% -2.86%
sed Power lance Operating Expenses erating Expenses cion & Amortization enses & Depreciation erating Taxes enses, Depr. & Taxes	210,272 304,137 867,783 2,098,875 351,081 2,449,936 354,374 2,804,310 \$492,890	212,998 268,179 627,826 2,195,248 326,925 2,522,173 439,044 2,961,217 \$553,736	147,345 236,278 610,461 2,192,162 336,942 2,529,104 437,622 2,966,728	238,646 223,953 563,535 1,964,131 378,540 2,342,671 411,201	195,769 226,423 545,684 1,906,602 409,513 2,316,115 385,319	1.80% 7.66% <u>5.18%</u> 2.43% -3.78% 1.41%	-1.28% 13.41% <u>6.40%</u> -4.39% 7.38% -2.86%
sed Power lance Operating Expenses erating Expenses cion & Amortization enses & Depreciation erating Taxes enses, Depr. & Taxes	210,272 304,137 867,783 2,098,875 351,081 2,449,936 354,374 2,804,310 \$492,890	212,998 268,179 627,826 2,195,248 326,925 2,522,173 439,044 2,961,217 \$553,736	147,345 236,278 610,461 2,192,162 336,942 2,529,104 437,622 2,966,728	238,646 223,953 563,535 1,964,131 378,540 2,342,671 411,201	195,769 226,423 545,684 1,906,602 409,513 2,316,115 385,319	1.80% 7.66% <u>5.18%</u> 2.43% -3.78% 1.41%	-1.28% 13.41% <u>6.40%</u> -4.39% 7.38% -2.86%
parace perating Expenses erating Expenses tion & Amortization enses & Depreciation erating Taxes enses, Depr. & Taxes	210,272 304,137 867,783 2,098,875 351,081 2,449,936 354,374 2,804,310 \$492,890	212,998 268,179 627,826 2,195,248 326,925 2,522,173 439,044 2,961,217 \$553,736	147,345 236,278 610,461 2,192,162 336,942 2,529,104 437,622 2,966,728	238,646 223,953 563,535 1,964,131 378,540 2,342,671 411,201	195,769 226,423 545,684 1,906,602 409,513 2,316,115 385,319	1.80% 7.66% <u>5.18%</u> 2.43% -3.78% 1.41%	-1.28% 13.41% <u>6.40%</u> -4.39% 7.38% -2.86%
parace perating Expenses erating Expenses tion & Amortization enses & Depreciation erating Taxes enses, Depr. & Taxes	304,137 667,783 2,098,875 351,061 2,449,936 354,374 2,804,310 \$492,890	268,179 627,626 2,195,248 326,925 2,522,173 439,044 2,961,217 \$553,736	236,278 610,481 2,192,162 336,942 2,529,104 437,622 2,966,728	223,953 563,535 1,964,131 378,540 2,342,671 411,201	226,423 545,684 1,906,602 409,513 2,316,115 385,319	7.66% <u>5.18%</u> 2.43% <u>-3.78%</u> 1.41%	13.41% 6.40% -4.39% 7.38% -2.86%
perating Expenses erating Expenses tion & Amortization enses & Depreciation erating Taxes enses, Depr. & Taxes	867,783 2,098,875 351,061 2,449,936 354,374 2,804,310 \$492,890	627.626 2,195,248 326,925 2,522,173 439,044 2,961,217 \$553.736	810,481 2,192,162 336,942 2,529,104 437,622 2,966,728	563,535 1,964,131 378,540 2,342,671 411,201	545,684 1,906,602 409,513 2,316,115 385,319	5,18% 2.43% -3.78% 1.41%	6.40% -4.39% 7.38% -2.86%
erating Expenses  ion & Amortization  enses & Depreciation  erating Taxes  enses, Depr. & Taxes	2,098,875 351,061 2,449,936 354,374 2,804,310 \$492,890	2,195,248 326,925 2,522,173 439,044 2,961,217 \$553,736	2,192,162 336,942 2,529,104 437,622 2,966,726	1,964,131 <u>378,540</u> 2,342,671 <u>411,201</u>	1,906,602 409,513 2,316,115 385,319	2.43% -3.78% 1.41%	-4.39% 7.38% -2.86%
enses & Depreciation erating Taxes enses, Depr. & Taxes Income	2,449,936 354,374 2,804,310 \$492,890	2,522,173 439,044 2,961,217 \$553,736	2,529,104 437,622 2,966,728	2,342,671 411,201	2,316,115 385,319	1.41%	-2.86%
erating Taxes enses, Depr. & Taxes Income	2,449,936 354,374 2,804,310 \$492,890	2,522,173 439,044 2,961,217 \$553,736	2,529,104 437,622 2,966,728	2,342,671 411,201	2,316,115 385,319	1.41%	
erating Taxes enses, Depr. & Taxes Income	354,374 2,804,310 \$492,890	439,044 2,961,217 \$553,736	437,622 2,966,726	411,201	385,319		
enses, Depr. & Taxes	2,804,310 \$492,890	2,961,217 \$553,736	2,966,726			-2.07 76	
Income	\$492.890	\$553.736	i	<u>2,75</u> 3.872			
•			\$485,336		<u>2.701,434</u>	0.94%	<u>-5.30%</u>
Investment	\$6.032.001	\$5.414.468		\$490.932	\$470.692	<u>1.16%</u>	<u>-10.99%</u>
<del> </del>			\$5,236,782	\$5.067.603	\$4.763.758	6.08%	11.41%
			1				
o. as a % of Total Revenue	63.66%	62.45%	63.50%	60.53%	60.10%	1.45%	1.94%
vestment per \$ of Revenue	\$1.83	\$1.54	\$1.52	\$1.56	\$1.50	5.10%	18.83%
			1		· .		
of Customers Served (000s inclu	ided):		:				
ntial	1,112,761	1,106,556	1,099,978 '	1,089,501	1,073,792	0.90%	0.56%
ercial	193,561	192,149	191,219	189,403	189,158	0.58%	0.73%
al	3,922	3,980	3,982	4,059	3,417	3.51%	-0.96%
	1,558	1,705	1,787	1,845	1.895	<u>-4.78%</u>	-8.62%
nber of Customers	1.311.802	1.304.370	1.296.966	1.284.808	1.268.260	0.85%	0.57%
ales Volume: (Millions kWh)			. ;				
ntial	15,001	16,297	15,578	15,252	14,951	0.08%	-7.95%
rcial	11,968	12,276	11,978	12,195	12,253	-0.59%	-2.51%
al	8,373	8,404	8,160	8,607	9,152	-2.20%	-0.37%
ai	1,684	1,681	2,205	1.652	2.501	-9.41%	0.18%
es	37.026	38.658	37.921	<u>37.706</u>	38.857	<u>-1.20%</u>	<u>-4.22%</u>
I Overall Rate of Return	8.25%	10.15%	8.68%	9.09%	8.07%	0.55%	-18.72%
	10.58%	13.63%	: 11.74%	11.77%	10.14%	1.07%	-22.38%
Return on Common Equity			56,26%				-1.94%
• •	22.70		•				2.85%
Equity Ratio	41.88%					/	
Equity Ratio	41.86%			7.46	4.06	A 5.49/	-24.86%
Equity Ratio	41.86% 5.23	6.98	6.03	5.19		D.3476	
į	Equity Ratio		41.88% 40.70%	41.88% 40.70% 43.03% Pretax Interest Coverage	41.88% 40.70% 43.03% 44.45% Pretax Interest Coverage	41.86% 40.70% 43.03% 44.45% 48.83% Pretax Interest Coverage	41.88% 40.70% 43.03% 44.45% 48.83% -3.78% Pretax Interest Coverage

Notes:

<sup>[1]</sup> North Carolina retail jurisdictional revenue equates to 74% of total company electric utility revenue.

 <sup>[2]</sup> Net Plant Investment reflects net plant in service.
 [3] Source of Data: NCUC ES-1 Reports.

<sup>[4]</sup> Column (c) has been revised from that previously reported in the Commission's Quarterly Review, for the quarter ending March 31, 2011, issued on March 21, 2012, to reflect the reclassification of 2011 merger-related transaction costs from operating expenses to other deductions, as provided by PEC on April 24, 2012.

## DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS, LLC SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL DATA

North Carolina Retail Jurisdiction (Amounts in Thousands)

				12 Months End	ded		Ann Growti	
Line		March	March	March	March	March	Four	Current
<u>No.</u>	<u>ltern</u>	2012	<u>2011</u>	2010	2009	2008	<u>Year</u>	<u>Year</u>
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
1.	Operating Revenue	<b>\$</b> 4,4 <b>4</b> 6,691	\$4,448,397	\$3,984,043	\$4,088,819	\$4,075,878	2.20%	-0.04%
2.	Operating Expenses:					•		
3.	Fuel	1,053,809	1,161,104	1,016,889	1,108,323	1,000,273	1.31%	-9.24%
4.	Purchased Power	208,224	187,640	135,404	182,556	136,857	11.06%	10.97%
5.	Maintenance	427,885	406,093	399,204	397,636	362,997	4.20%	5.37%
6.	Other Operating Expenses	<u>823,982</u>	<u>900,827</u>	<u>766,411</u>	<u>745,332</u>	<u>672,924</u>	<u>5.19%</u>	<u>-8.53%</u>
7.	Total Operating Expenses	2,513,900	2,655,664	2,317,908	2,433,847	2,173,051	3.71%	-5.34%
8.	Depreciation & Amortization	<u>569,516</u>	<u>514,798</u>	<u>474,324</u>	<u>501.416</u>	<u>681,080</u>	<u>-4.37%</u>	<u>10.63%</u>
9.	Total Expenses & Depreciation	3,083,416	3,170,462	2,792,232	2,935,263	2,854,131	1.95%	-2.75%
10.	Total Operating Taxes	607,819	<u>569,306</u>	<u>534,673</u>	503,206	<u>505,992</u>	<u>4.69%</u>	<u>6.76%</u>
11,	Total Expenses, Depr. & Taxes	3,691,235	3,739,768	3,326,905	3,438,469	3,360,123	<u>2.38%</u>	<u>-1.30%</u>
12.	Operating Income	\$755.456	\$708.629	\$657.138	\$650.350	<u>\$715.755</u>	<u>1.36%</u>	6.61%
13.	Net Plant Investment	\$12.321.908	<u>\$11.455.711</u>	\$11.291.113	\$9.667.557	<b>\$</b> 9.044.715	<u>8.04%</u>	7.56%
14.	Oper. Exp. as a % of Total Revenue	56.53%	59.70%	58.18%	59.52%	53.31%	1.48%	-5.31%
15.	Net Plt. Investment per \$ of Rèvenue	\$2.77	\$2.58	\$2.83	\$2.36	\$2.22	5.69%	7.36%
40	N	. 4 - 4) .					···········	
16.	Number of Customers Served (000s inclu		4 505 450	4 500 050	4 574 004	1 650 571	0 EE9/	0.58%
17.	Residential Commercial	1,594,367	1,585,159	1,580,950	1,571,004	1,559,571	0.55% 0.41%	0.56%
18. 19.	Industrial	251,638	249,840 5,299	248,925 5,473	247,268 5,552	247,533 5,425	-1.50%	-3.62%
	Other	5,107				10,337	1.48%	1.119
20.		10,963	<u>10.843</u>	10,846	10,584			
21.	Total Number of Customers	<u>1.862.075</u>	<u>1.851.141</u>	<u>1.846.194</u>	1.834.408	<u>1.822.866</u>	0.53%	0.59%
22.	Annual Sales Volume: (Millions kWh) .							
23.	Residential	20,741	22,363	21,567	21,111	21,086	-0.41%	-7.25%
24.	Commercial	21,813	22,058	21,391	21,543	21,689	0.14%	-1.11%
25.	Industrial	12,214	12,261	11,558	12,824	14,193	-3.68%	-0.38%
26.	Other	<u>551</u>	<u>870</u>	<u>967</u>	<u>2,220</u>	<u>2,292</u>	<u>-29.98%</u>	<u>-36.67%</u>
27.	Total Sales	<u>55.319</u>	57.552	<u>55.483</u>	<u>57.698</u>	<u>59.260</u> ,	<u>-1.71%</u>	<u>-3.88%</u>
28.	Estimated Overall Rate of Return	7.71%	7.78%	7.49%	7.78%	8.56%	-2.58%	-0.90%
29.	Estimated Return on Common Equity	9.74%	9.75%	9.26%	9.79%	10.87%	-2.71%	-0.10%
30.	Common Equity Ratio	53.30%	53.29%	52.65%	51.66%	54.81%	-0.70%	0.02%
31.	Debt Ratio	46.70%	46.71%	47.35%	48.34%	45.19%	0.83%	-0.02%
32.	Estimated Pretax Interest Coverage Ratio (Times)	4.43	4.30	4.08	3.99	4.51	-0.45%	3.02%

Notes: [1] North Carolina retail jurisdictional revenue equates to 69% of total company electric utility revenue.

[3] Source of Data: NCUC ES-1 Reports.

(Docket No. E-7, Sub 989)

<sup>[2]</sup> Net Plant Investment reflects net plant in service.

<sup>[4]</sup> The estimated ROE impacts of the Bulk Power Marketing (BPM) net revenues under the sharing arrangement approved in Docket No. E-7, Sub 751 are as follows for the 12-month periods ending March 31st: 2012 - N/A; 2011 - N/A; 2010 - N/A; 2009 - N/A; and 2008 - 0.15%. Such impacts are not included in the estimated ROEs presented on Line 29 above. Pursuant to the Commission's final Order in Docket No. E-7, Sub 828, effective January 1, 2008, 90% of the BPM Net Revenues earned after December 31, 2007, are now included in the North Carolina retail cost of service for ratemaking and reporting purposes.

# VIRGINIA ELECTRIC AND POWER COMPANY, d/b/a DOMINION NORTH CAROLINA POWER

#### SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL DATA North Carolina Retail Jurisdiction (Amounts in Thousands)

			Annual Growth Rate					
Line		March	March	Months Ended March	March	March	Four	Current
No.	<u>ltem</u>	<u> 2012</u>	<u> 2011</u>	<u> 2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	2008	<u>Year</u>	<u>Year</u>
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	<b>(f)</b>	(g)	(h)
1.	Operating Revenue	\$317,122	\$336,998	\$335,066	\$315,163	\$316,749	0.03%	-5.90%
2.	Operating Expenses:							
3.	Fuel	51,707	78,075	105,452	52,781	79,303	-10.14%	-33.77%
4.	Purchased Power	75,540	83, <b>4</b> 15	58,762	101,328	87,479	-3.60%	-9.44%
5.	Maintenance	0	0	0	. 0	0	N/A	N/A
6.	Other Operating Expenses	<u>76,747</u>	72,270	<u>81,295</u>	70,322	68,088	<u>3.04%</u>	6.19%
7.	Total Operating Expenses	203,994	233,760	245,509	224,431	234,870	-3.46%	-12.73%
8.	Depreciation & Amortization	<u>48,319</u>	<u>37,129</u>	<u>34,175</u>	<u>33,419</u>	<u>28,682</u>	<u>13.93%</u>	30.14%
9.	Total Expenses & Depreciation	252,313	270,889	279,684	257,850	263,552	-1.08%	-6.86%
10.	Total Operating Taxes	<u>34,813</u>	<u>32,465</u>	22,934	29,550	<u>27,555</u>	<u>6.02%</u>	7.23%
11.	Total Expenses, Depr. & Taxes	<u>287,126</u>	<u>303,354</u>	<u>302,618</u>	287,400	291,107	<u>-0.34%</u>	<u>-5.35%</u>
12.	Operating Income	\$29.996	\$33.644	\$32.448	\$27.763	\$25.642	<u>4.00%</u>	<u>-10.84%</u>
13.	Net Plant Investment	\$800.004	\$723.972	\$637.044	<b>\$</b> 614.559	\$583.43 <u>7</u>	8.21%	10.50%
14. 15.	Oper. Exp. as a % of Total Revenue  Net Pit. Investment per \$ of Revenue	64.33% \$2.52	69.37% <b>\$</b> 2.15	73.27% \$1.90	71.21% \$1.95	74.15% \$1.84	-3.49% 8.18%	-7.27% 17.21%
16.	Number of Customers Served (000s included)	ded):		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
17.	Residential	100,949	101,135	100,933	100,859	100,330	0.15%	-0.18%
18.	Commercial	15,461	15,436	15,432	15,466	15,465	-0.01%	0.16%
19.	Industrial	50	54	58	59	60	<del>-4</del> .46%	-7.41%
20.	Other	2,242	<u>2,255</u>	2,252	<u>2,272</u>	<u>2,262</u>	<u>-0.22%</u>	<u>-0.58%</u>
21.	Total Number of Customers	118.702	<u>118.880</u>	<u>118.675</u>	<u>118.656</u>	<u>118.117</u>	0.12%	<u>-0.15%</u>
22.	Annual Sales Volume: (Millions kWh)							
23.	Residential	1,521	1,697	1,630	1,605	1,5 <del>4</del> 7	-0.42%	-10.37%
24.	Commercial	797	823	810	812	807	-0.31%	-3.16%
25.	Industrial	1,705	1,547	1,548	1,608	1,755	-0.72%	10.21%
26. 27.	Other Total Sales	<u>135</u> 4.158	148 - 4.215	<u>144</u> 4.132	<u>148</u> 4.173	<u>148</u> 4.257	<u>-2.27%</u> -0.59%	<u>-8.78%</u> -1.35%
				<u> </u>				
28.	Estimated Overall Rate of Return	4.09%	5.85%	6.32%	. 5.77%	5.35%	-6.49%	-30.09%
29.	Estimated Return on Common Equity	3.02%	6.09%	6.90%	6.05%	5.03%	-11.97%	-50.41%
30.	Common Equity Ratio	55.00%	54.10%	51.38%	50.12%	52.28%	1.28%	1.66%
31.	Debt Ratio	43.42%	44.21%	46.76%	47.36%	41.78%	0.97%	-1.79%
32.	Estimated Pretax Interest Coverage Ratio (Times)	2.56	3.20	2.55	3.12	3.13	-4.90%	-20.00%

Notes:

(Docket No. E-22, Sub 479)

<sup>[1]</sup> North Carolina retail jurisdictional revenue equates to 4% of total company electric utility revenue.

<sup>[2]</sup> Net Plant Investment reflects net plant in service.

<sup>[3]</sup> Source of Data: NCUC ES-1 Reports.

<sup>[4]</sup> N/A denotes that the data is not available or not applicable or that information is, essentially, unmeaningful.

## PIEDMONT NATURAL GAS COMPANY, INC. SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL DATA

North Carolina Jurisdiction (Amounts In Thousands)

			12 Months Ended						
Line		March	March	March	March	March	Four	th Rate Current	
No.	<u>ltem</u>	2012	<u> 2011</u>	2010	2009	2008	<u>Year</u>	<u>Year</u>	
	(a) '	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(1)	(g)	(h)	
1.	Operating Revenue:								
2.	Residential	\$385,250	\$454,884	\$542,010	\$577,732	\$517,709	-7.12%	-15.319	
3.	Commercial	222,718	269,233	323,864	352,030	297,814	-7.01%	-17.289	
4	Industrial	20,182	27,452	43,097	86,325	110,598	-34.64%	-26.489	
5.	Public Authorities	471	689	863	265	398	4.30%	-31.649	
6	Other	86,651	82,995		84.953				
7.	Total Operating Revenue	<u> </u>	835,253	78,228 988,062	<u>84,953</u> 1,101,305	<u>88,533</u> 1,015,052	<u>-0.54%</u> <u>-8.38%</u>	4.419 -14.369	
8.	Cost of Gas	320,863	450,900	601,819	722,367	653,514	-16.29%	-28.849	
9.	Margin	394,409	384,353	386,243	378,938	361,538	2,20%	2,629	
	•	•	,	ŕ	ŕ	·			
10.	O & M Expenses	165,890	158,081	154,639	146,941	151,426	2.31%	4.949	
11.	Other Deductions	<u>130.517</u>	125.112	<u>130,019</u>	<u>124,436</u>	<u>111,943</u>	<u>3.91%</u>	<u>4.329</u>	
12.	Operating Income	\$98,002	\$101,160	\$101.585	<u>\$107.561</u>	\$98,169	<u>-0.04%</u>	<u>-3.129</u>	
13.	Net Plant Investment	<u>\$1,760,356</u>	\$1.696.62 <u>1</u>	<u>\$1.564.919</u>	<u>\$1.571.515</u>	\$1.455.604	<u>4.87%</u>	3.769	
14.	Operating Exp. as a % of Margin	42.06%	41.13%	40.04%	38.78%	41.88%	0.11%	2.269	
15.	Net Plt. Investment per \$ of Margin	\$4.46	\$4.41	\$4.05	\$4.15	\$4.03	2.57%	1.139	
16.	Gas Delivered in DTs (000s omitted):				· · ·	•			
17.	Residential	29,613	37,821	40,036	37,962	33,429	-2.98%	-21.709	
18.	Commercial	23,431	28,064	28,821	27,037	23,325	0.11%	-16.519	
19.	Industrial	2,846	3,543	5,151	7,396	11,115	-28.87%	-19.67	
20.	Public Authorities	∡,646 50	3,543 68	5,151 70	18	30	13. <b>62</b> %	-19.07	
21.	Other	<u>175,077</u>	<u>138,112</u>	<u>103,801</u>	<u>93,568</u>	<u>91.117</u>	<u>17.74%</u>	<u>26.76</u>	
22.	Total DTs	<u>231.017</u>	207.608	<u>177,879</u>	<u>165.981</u>	<u>159.016</u>	9.79%	11.28	
23.	Number of Customers (000s included):								
24.	Residential	616,722	612,593	608,761	604,089	600,257	0.68%	0.67	
25,	Commercial	65,638	65,246	65,320	65,165	<b>64</b> ,541	0.42%	0.60	
26.	Industrial	1,101	1,101	1,126	1,162	1,757	-11.03%	0.00	
27.	Public Authorities	1,576	1,577	1,609	473	571	28.89%	-0.06	
28.	Other	<u>577</u>	<u>575</u>	<u>561</u>	<u>536</u>	<u>545</u>	<u>1.44%</u>	0.35	
29.	Total Number of Customers	<u>685.614</u>	681.092	677.377	671.425	<u>667.671</u>	0.67%	0.66	
30.	Estimated Overall Rate of Return	7.69%	8.27%	8.46%	8.52%	8.34%	-2.01%	-7.01	
31.	Estimated Return on Common Equity	10.55%	10.65%	11.84%	11.95%	10.35%	0.48%	-0.94	
32.	Common Equity Ratio	50.92%	51.97%	47.90%	45.98%	48.16%	1.40%	-2.02	
33.	Debt Ratio	49.08%	48.03%	52.10%	54.02%	51.84%	-1.36%	2.19	
34.	Estimated Pretax Interest Coverage Ratio (Times)	4.82	4.35	4.40	4.01	3.47	8.56%	10.809	

#### Notes:

- [1] North Carolina retail jurisdictional revenue equates to approximately 71% of total company gas utility revenue.
- [2] Net Plant Investment reflects net plant in service.

(Docket No. G-9, Sub 550)

- [3] Source of Data: Shareholders' reports and the NCUC GS-1 Reports.
- [4] The increase from March 2009 to March 2010 in the public authorities data was primarily due to the fact that Piedmont discovered in December 2009 that certain public authorities customers acquired in the acquisition of North Carolina Natural Gas Corporation were erroneously classified as residential customers in its books and records. Beginning with its December 31, 2009 NCUC GS-1 Report, Piedmont began appropriately classifying such customers as public authorities.

#### PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC. SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL DATA

North Carolina Jurisdiction (Amounts In Thousands)

			Annual Growth Rate					
Line	•	March	March	Months Ended March	March	March	Four	Current
No.	<u>Item</u>	2012	<u> 2011</u>	2010	2009	2008	Year	Year
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	<u></u>	(g)	(h)
1.	Operating Revenue:				,			
2.	Residential	\$253,520	\$328,346	\$335,847	\$410,616	\$374,338	-9.28%	-22.79%
3.	Commercial	100,578	128,978	130,190	176,863	161,591	-11.18%	-22.02%
4.	Industrial	15,173	21,364	20,791	40,480	44,265	-23.48%	-28.98%
5.	. Public Authorities	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A
6.	Resale	ĭ	5	4	7	š	-24.02%	-80.00%
7.	Other	<u> 26,959</u>	27,092	26,099	28,028	30,567	-3.09%	-0.49%
8.	Total Operating Revenue	<u>396,231</u>	505,785	<u>512,931</u>	655,994	610,764	<u>-10.25%</u>	<u>-21.66%</u>
9.	Cost of Gas	168,268	<u>281,379</u>	<u>291,736</u>	440,753	408,012	<u>-19.86%</u>	<u>-40.20%</u>
10.	Margin	227,963	224,406	221,195	215,241	202,752	2.97%	1.59%
		•						
11.	O & M Expenses	84,632	85,011	84,547	84,422	84,986	-0.10%	-0.45%
12.	Other Deductions	<u>78,132</u>	74,249	<u>74,459</u>	<u>69.371</u>	<u>62,617</u>	<u>5.69%</u>	<u>5.23%</u>
13.	Operating Income	<b>\$</b> 65.199	<u>\$65.146</u>	<u>\$62.189</u>	<b>\$</b> 61.448	<u>\$55.149</u>	<u>4.27%</u>	0.08%
14.	Net Plant Investment	<u>\$825.613</u>	<u>\$784.704</u>	<u>\$772.427</u>	<u>\$771.109</u>	<u>\$725.691</u>	<u>3.28%</u>	<u>5.21%</u>
15.	Operating Exp. as a % of Margin	37.13%	37.88%	38.22%	39.22%	41.92%	-2.99%	-1.98%
16.	Net Plt. Investment per \$ of Margin	\$3.62	\$3.50	\$3.49	\$3.58	\$3.58	0.28%	3.43%
47	One Defined the DT- (000- and the the							
17.	Gas Delivered in DTs (000s omitted):	24 525	27.005	20.027	27 222	00.004	0.550/	22.750/
18.	Residential	21,525	27,865	28,937	27,098	23,864	-2.55%	-22.75%
19.	Commercial	11,563	14,014	14,227	13,622	12,632	-2.19%	-17.49%
20.	Industrial	2,414	3,104	3,017	3,658	4,467	-14.26%	-22.23%
21.	Public Authorities	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A
22.	Resale	0	1	0	0	0	N/A	N/A
23.	Other	<u>30,313</u>	<u>29,555</u>	<u>28,170</u>	<u>28,902</u>	<u>28,959</u>	1.15%	2.56%
24.	Total DTs	<u>65,815</u>	<u>74.539</u>	<u>74.351</u>	<u>73.280</u>	<u>69.922</u>	<u>-1.50%</u>	<u>-11.70%</u>
25.	Number of Customers (000s included):							
26.	Residential	<del>44</del> 7,145	440,685	434,342	428,549	420,388	1.55%	1.47%
27.	Commercial	41,667	40,659	40,123	39,904	39,753	1.18%	2.48%
28.	Industrial	176	170	177	189	214	<del>-4</del> .77%	3.53%
29.	Public Authorities	0	0	0	. 0	0	N/A	N/A
30.	Resale	0	2	2	2	2	N/A	N/A
31.	Other	<u>464</u>	- <u>461</u>	<u>463</u>	<u>458</u>	<u>437</u>	<u>1.51%</u>	<u>0.65%</u>
32.	Total Number of Customers	<u>489.452</u>	<u>481,977</u>	<u>475.107</u>	<u>469.102</u>	<u>460.794</u>	<u>1.52%</u>	<u>1.55%</u>
33.	Estimated Overall Rate of Return	8.99%	9.29%	8.74%	8.16%	7.92%	3.22%	-3.23%
34.	Estimated Return on Common Equity	11.49%	11.49%	12.04%	11.06%	9.27%	5.51%	0.00%
<b>35</b> .	Common Equity Ratio	55.86%	54.97%	53.20%	49.33%	49.15%	3.25%	1.62%
36.	Debt Ratio	44.14%	45.03%	46.80%	50.67%	50.85%	-3.48%	-1.98%
37.	Estimated Pretax Interest Coverage Ratio (Times)	5.07	4.41	5.42	4.21	3.16	12.55%	14.97%

Notes: [1] Rates are set on a total company basis.

LAST RATE CASE

(Docket No. G-5, Sub 495)

38.

[2] Net Plant Investment reflects net plant in service.
[3] Source of Data: Shareholders' Reports and the NCUC GS-1 Reports.

Authorized Returns: Common Equity 10.60%, Overall 8.54%; Equity Ratio: 54.00%; Date of Order: 10-24-08

<sup>[4]</sup> N/A denotes that the data is not available or not applicable or that information is, essentially, unmeaningful.

# Part IV

# Telecommunications Companies Annual Report Filings

### Telecommunications Companies 2011 Annual Report Filings<sup>1</sup>

- A. The following companies provided the Commission with links to their 2011 Annual Report filings, as submitted to the SEC:
  - BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc., d/b/a AT&T North Carolina -

http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/732717/000073271712000025/0000732717-12-000025-index.htm

• Carolina Telephone and Telegraph Company LLC, d/b/a CenturyLink; Central Telephone Company, d/b/a CenturyLink; and Mebtel, Inc., d/b/a CenturyLink –

http://sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/18926/000104746912001666/a2207599z10-k.htm

• Frontier Communications of the Carolinas, Inc. -

<u>http://investor.frontier.com/sec.cfm?DocType=&DocTypeExclude=&SortOrder=FilingDate%20D</u> escending&Year=2012&Pagenum=6&FormatFilter=&CIK=

• Verizon South Inc. 2 -

http://www22.verizon.com/investor/anualreports.htm

•Windstream Concord Telephone, Inc.; Windstream Lexcom Communications, Inc.; and Windstream North Carolina, LLC –

http://abea-43pvyw.client.shareholder.com/secfiling.cfm?filingID=1282266-12-10&CIK=1282266

- B. The following company filed a copy of its 2011 audited financial statements with the Commission:
  - North State Telephone Company, d/b/a North State Communications
- C. The following company filed its 2011 Annual Report with the Commission on forms approved by the Commission:
  - Citizens Telephone Company, d/b/a Comporium<sup>3</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The deadline for a price plan regulated company to either provide its annual report to the Commission or to otherwise satisfy its annual reporting obligations under Commission Rule R1-32, Subsection (e1) is as soon as possible after the close of the calendar year, but in no event later than the 30<sup>th</sup> day of April each year for the preceding calendar year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Verizon South Inc. Knotts Island Exchange.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Such report has been filed as confidential and proprietary information.

### **Quarterly Review Electronic Distribution List**

Commission Staff
Kimberly Duffley
Roy Ericson
Corrie Foster
Bill Gilmore
Len Green
Freda Hilburn
Lemuel Hinton
Don Hoover
Kim Jones
Bliss Kite
Gail Mount
Bridget Paschal
George Sessoms
Sam Watson

Public Staff
Robert Gruber
Jeff Davis
David Furr
John Garrison
Carl Goolsby
Robert Hinton
Jim Hoard
James McLawhorn
Antoinette Wike

Attorney General's Office Margaret Force

Others
David Baker
North Carolina Department of Revenue

Kendal C. Bowman
 Deputy General Counsel
 Duke Energy Corporation

Felisa Bullock, Manager Executive and Regulatory Services CenturyLink

David Carpenter
Managing Director Regulatory Affairs
Piedmont Natural Gas Company, Inc.

Rebecca Daniel Manager – Regulatory Planning Progress Energy Carolinas, Inc.

Matthew L. Dosch Senior Vice President of External Affairs Comporium Communications

Eric Einhorn Senior Vice President Governmental Affairs & Strategy Windstream Communications, Inc. Rick Feathers Associate General Counsel N.C. Electric Corporation

Mary Lynne Grigg McGuire Woods LLP

Greg Locke ElectriCities of North Carolina

William McAulay
Director – Legislative & Regulatory Relations
Public Service Company of NC, Inc.

Raiph McDonald Bailey & Dixon, LLP

Sharon Miller Carolina Utility Customers Association, Inc.

Kevin O'Donnell Nova Energy Consultants

Stan Pace, Director State Government Relations Frontier Communications of the Carolinas Inc.

Robert F. Page Crisp, Page & Currin, L.L.P.

Candace A. Paton, Lead Analyst Rates & Regulatory Affairs Public Service Company of NC, Inc.

Pia K. Powers
Manager Regulatory Affairs
Piedmont Natural Gas Company, Inc.

Jo Anne Sanford Sanford Law Office, PLLC

Carol Shrum, Vice President Rates Duke Energy Corporation

Robert Smith, Director-External Affairs BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc., d/b/a AT&T North Carolina

Charles A. Stadelmeier Virginia Electric and Power Company,d/b/a Dominion North Carolina Power

State Library of North Carolina

Laura A. Sykora Regulatory Affairs Manager CenturyLink

Royster M. Tucker, Jr. North State Telephone Company, d/b/a North State Communications

Bob Wells, Executive Director North Carolina Telephone Alliance