OFFICIAL COPY

1	PLACE: Dobbs Building, Raleigh, North Carolina
2	DATE: November 12, 2019
3	DOCKET NO.: E-22, Sub 577
4	TIME IN SESSION: 1:37 p.m. to 1:47 p.m.
5	BEFORE: Commissioner ToNola D. Brown-Bland, Presiding
6	Chair Charlotte A. Mitchell
7	Commissioner Lyons Gray
8	Commissioner Daniel G. Clodfelter
9	
10	IN THE MATTER OF:
11	Application by Virginia Electric and Power
12.	Company, d/b/a Dominion Energy North Carolina
13	for Approval of Demand-Side Management and Energy
14	Efficiency Cost Recovery Rider Pursuant to
15	G.S. \S 62-133.9 and Commission Rule R8-69
16	
17	
18	
19	·
20	_
21	
22	,
23	·
24	

1	APPEARANCES:
2	FOR VIRGINIA ELECTRIC and POWER COMPANY, d/b/a
3	DOMINION ENERGY NORTH CAROLINA:
4	Brett Breitschwerdt, Esq.
5	McGuireWoods, LLP
6	434 Fayetteville Street, Suite 2600
7	Raleigh, North Carolina 27601
8	
9	FOR CAROLINA INDUSTRIAL GROUP FOR FAIR UTILITY
10	RATES I:
11	Warren K. Hicks, Esq.
12	Bailey & Dixon, LLP
13	Post Office Box 1351
14	Raleigh, North Carolina 27602
15	
16	FOR THE USING AND CONSUMING PUBLIC:
17	Heather Fennell, Esq.
18	Public Staff - North Carolina Utilities Commission
19	4326 Mail Service Center
20	Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-4300
21	
22	
23	
24	

7	
1	TABLE OF CONTENTS
2	EXAMINATIONS
3	PREFILED TESTIMONY AND APPENDIX A OF MICHAEL T. HUBBARD
4	
5	PREFILED TESTIMONY AND APPENDIX A OF DEANNA R. KESLER
6	PREFILED TESTIMONY AND APPENDIX A OF JARVIS E. BATES
7	
8	PREFILED TESTIMONY AND APPENDIX A OF ALAN J. MOORE
9	PREFILED TESTIMONY AND APPENDIX A OF ROBERT E. MILLER
10	
11	PREFILED TESTIMONY AND APPENDIX A OF DEBRA A. STEPHENS
12	PREFILED TESTIMONY AND APPENDIX A OF
13	DAVID M. WILLIAMSON
14	PREFILED TESTIMONY AND APPENDICES A AND B OF MICHAEL C. MANESS
15	
16	EXHIBITS
17	Identified / Admitted
18	Dominion Exhibit 1 9/9
19	Company Exhibit DRK-1, Schedules 1-5 30/30
20	Company Exhibit JEB-1, Schedules 1-7 42/42
21	Company Exhibit AJM-1, Schedules 1-3 55/55
22	Company Exhibit REM-1, Schedules 1-4 74/74
23	Company Exhibit DAS-1, Schedules 1-12 86/86
24	(Confidential pages filed under seal)

PROCEEDINGS

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Good afternoon.

Let's come back on the record. I'm Commissioner

ToNola D. Brown-Bland with the North Carolina

Utilities Commission, the Presiding Commissioner for this hearing. I'm joined by Chair Charlotte A.

Mitchell and Commissioners Lyons Gray and Daniel G.

Clodfelter.

I now call for hearing Docket Number E-22, Sub 577, In the Matter of an Application by Virginia Electric and Power Company, d/b/a Dominion Energy North Carolina for Approval of Demand-Side Management and Energy Efficiency Cost Recovery Rider Pursuant to G.S. § 62-133.9 and Commission Rule R8-69.

North Carolina General Statute § 62-133.9(d) provides for an annual DSM/EE -- for an annual Demand-Side Management hereafter DSM, and an Energy Efficiency hereafter EE, Rider for each electric public utility to recover all reasonable and prudent costs incurred and appropriate incentives for implementation and adoption of new DSM and new EE measures.

Commission Rule R8-69(b) provides for the establishment of a DSM/EE Experience Modification

Factor Rider to allow the electric public utility to collect the difference between reasonable and prudently incurred costs and the revenues that were actually realized during the test period under the DSM/EE Rider then in effect.

Rule R8-69(e) provides that each electric public utility shall file direct testimony and exhibits at the same time that it files the information required by Rule R8-55 for the annual fuel and fuel-related charge adjustment proceedings.

Rule R8-69(f) provides that each electric public utility shall publish notice of the annual hearing at least 30 days prior to the hearing.

On August 13th, 2019, Dominion Energy North Carolina, hereafter Dominion, filed its annual Application for approval of its DSM/EE Cost Recovery Rider. Filed with the Application were direct testimony, exhibits and workpapers of Witnesses Michael T. Hubbard, Deanna R. Kesler, Jarvis E. Bates, Alan J. Moore, Robert E. Miller, and Debra A. Stephens.

On September 4th, 2019, the Commission issued an Order Scheduling Hearing, Establishing Discovery Guidelines, and requiring public notice.

The Order set the hearing in this docket for today, Tuesday, November 12th, 2019, at this time.

1.6

The participation of the Public Staff in this docket is recognized pursuant to General Statute § 62-15.

On September 6th, 2019, CIGFUR I filed its Petition to Intervene, which Petition was granted by Order of the Commission on September 17, 2019.

The October 22nd, 2019 -- on October 22nd, 2019, the Public Staff filed the testimony of David M. Williamson and Michael C. Maness.

Dominion filed the required Affidavits of Publication, of Notice of Publication on October 24th, 2019.

On October 29th, 2019, the Public Staff filed a letter of correction and corrected Page 7 of the testimony of David M. Williamson.

On October 31st, 2019, Dominion filed a Letter In Lieu of Rebuttal Testimony.

On November 4th, 2019, the Public Staff and Dominion filed the joint motion to excuse their witnesses from appearing today. The Commission issued an Order granting the joint motion to excuse witnesses on November 6th, 2019.

In compliance with the requirement of the State Government Ethics Act, I remind the members of the Commission of our responsibility to avoid conflicts of interest, and inquire at this time whether any member has a known conflict of interest with respect to any matter now before us? (No response) The record will reflect that no conflicts were identified. And I'll now call for appearances of counsel, beginning with Dominion. MR. BREITSCHWERDT: Presiding Commissioner Brown-Bland, Members of the Commission, Brett Breitschwerdt, McGuireWoods. With me today is Lauren Biskie with the Company on behalf of Dominion Energy North Carolina. COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Thank you. MS. HICKS: / Good afternoon, Commissioner Brown-Bland and Commissioners. Warren Hicks with Bailey & Dixon on behalf of the Carolina Industrial Group for Fair utility Rates I. COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Thank you,

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Ms. Hicks.

Heather

MS. FENNELL: Good afternoon.

Fennell with the Public Staff on behalf of The Using 1 2 and Consuming Public. 3 COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Are there any 4 preliminary matters to come before the Commission at 5 this time? MR. BREITSCHWERDT: 6 No. 7 MS. FENNELL: No. 8 COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: And, Ms. Fennell, 9 have you identified any public witnesses wishing to 10 testify today? 11 MS. FENNELL: No. COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: I'll let the 12 13 record reflect that we recognize those in the room and that there appear to be no public witnesses desiring 15 to give testimony. That being the case, we'll begin with Dominion's case. 16 17 MR. BREITSCHWERDT: Thank you, Commissioner 18 Brown-Bland. In accordance with the Commission's 19 November 5th -- strike that -- 6th Order granting the 20 Company's and Public Staff's Joint Motion to Excuse Witnesses, I'll run through all the testimony at the 21 same time if that's acceptable? 22 23 COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: 24 MR. BREITSCHWERDT: So first, we'd like to

mark the Company's Application filed August 13, 2019, as Dominion Exhibit 1 and request that it be entered into the record in the case as evidence.

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Without objection, that motion will be allowed.

(WHEREUPON, Dominion Exhibit 1 was marked for identification and received into evidence.)

MR. BREITSCHWERDT: Thank you. Moving to the testimony filed by the Company in support of the Application, the Company prefiled direct testimony of Michael T. Hubbard consisting of 17 pages of questions and answers and an Appendix A. Mr. Hubbard had no schedules in support of his direct testimony.

The Company also prefiled direct testimony of Deanna R. Kesler consisting of 10 pages of questions and answers, an Appendix A, and seven schedules. I'll identified that Schedule 5 was -- included confidential information that was filed under seal.

The Company also prefiled direct testimony of Jarvis E. Bates consisting of 11 pages of questions and answers, an Appendix A, and seven schedules.

Portions of each of Mr. Bates' schedules were

identified as confidential and filed under seal.

The Company also prefiled direct testimony of Alan J. Moore consisting of 17 pages of questions and answers, an Appendix A, and three schedules.

Portions of Mr. Moore's Schedules 1 and 2 were identified as confidential and filed under seal.

The Company also prefiled direct testimony of Robert E. Miller consisting of 10 pages of questions and answers, an Appendix A, and four schedules. Portions of Mr. Miller's Schedules 1 and 3 were identified as confidential and filed under seal.

And finally, the Company prefiled the direct testimony of Debra A. Stephens consisting of seven pages of questions and answers, an Appendix A, and 12 schedules; all of which are public.

That concludes the Company's case. I would ask that the prefiled testimony be copied into the record as if given orally from the stand and all supporting exhibits be accepted into the evidentiary record at this time.

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Without objection, the motion made by Mr. Breitschwerdt will be allowed and the testimony of each of the witnesses will be received into evidence as if given orally from

the stand. The exhibits and schedules will be identified as they were when prefiled and received into evidence. And the appendices will be identified as they were marked when prefiled. Those portions of testimony and/or schedules and exhibits that were prefiled and marked as confidential will remain so and be treated as such in the record. MR. BREITSCHWERDT: Thank you, ma'am. That concludes the Company's case. COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Thank you. (WHEREUPON, the prefiled direct testimony and Appendix A of MICHAEL T. HUBBARD is copied into the record as if given orally from the stand.)

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF MICHAEL T. HUBBARD ON BEHALF OF DOMINION ENERGY NORTH CAROLINA BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION DOCKET NO. E-22, SUB 577

1	Q.	Please state your name, business address, and position with Virginia
2		Electric and Power Company ("Dominion Energy North Carolina" or the
3		"Company").
4	A.	My name is Michael T. Hubbard, and I am Manager-Energy Conservation for
5		the Company. My business address is 600 East Canal Street, Richmond,
6		Virginia 23219. A statement of my background and qualifications is attached
7		as Appendix A.
8	Q.	Please describe your area of responsibility with the Company.
9	A.	I am responsible for overseeing the Company's Energy Conservation ("EC")
10		department, which manages the Company's demand-side management
11		("DSM") and energy efficiency ("EE") programs ("DSM/EE Programs" or
12		"Programs").
13	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony in this proceeding?
14	A.	My testimony supports the Company's request to recover all reasonable and
15		prudent costs incurred in adopting and implementing its authorized Phase I, II
16		III, IV, V, VI and proposed Phase VII Programs, and its authorized North
17		Carolina-only Residential Retail LED Lighting Program, as well as utility
18		incentives, through updated Rider C and the test period experience

1		modification factor ("EMF") rider, Rider CE ("Application"). The purpose of
2		my testimony is to: (1) provide an update on the status of the Company's
3		current DSM/EE Programs in North Carolina, including the Company's
4		request for approval of eight new Phase VII Programs and request to close
5		two existing Programs; and (2) present the Company's cost recovery request
6		in this proceeding to the North Carolina Utilities Commission ("NCUC" or
7		"Commission"), which includes the costs for the new Phase VII Programs
8		being brought before the Commission for approval.
9		I. UPDATE ON DSM/EE PROGRAMS
10	Q.	Please provide a brief overview of the Company's approved DSM/EE
11		Programs in North Carolina.
12	A.	In February 2011, the Commission approved five DSM/EE Programs, which
13		the Company began offering to customers in the spring of 2011. ¹ These
14		"Phase I" DSM/EE Programs included the Company's:
15		Residential Low Income Program;
16		 Residential Air Conditioner Cycling Program;
17		Residential Lighting Program;
18		Commercial HVAC Upgrade Program; and
19		Commercial Lighting Program.
20		On December 31, 2011, the Company concluded the implementation phase of
21		its Residential Lighting Program. Further, the Company concluded its North

¹ Orders approving these Programs were issued on February 22, 2011, in Docket No. E-22, Sub 463 (Low Income Program), Sub 465 (Air Conditioner Cycling Program), Sub 467 (Commercial HVAC Upgrade Program), Sub 468 (Residential Lighting Program), and Sub 469 (Commercial Lighting Program).

1	Carolina-only Commercial Lighting Program and Commercial HVAC
2	Upgrade Program on December 31, 2014. ²
3	In August 2013, the Company requested Commission approval to implement
4	the following "Phase II" DSM/EE Programs:
5	Non-residential Energy Audit Program;
6	 Non-residential Duct Testing and Sealing Program;
7	 Residential Home Energy Check-Up Program;
8	Residential Duct Sealing Program;
9	 Residential Heat Pump Tune-Up Program; and
10	Residential Heat Pump Upgrade Program.
11	The Commission approved the six Phase II Programs in December 2013, and
12	the Company began accepting new customers in these Programs beginning on
13	January 1, 2014. ³ On August 16, 2016, as amended on October 19, 2016, the
14	Company filed a Motion for Commission approval to close the Phase II
LŚ	programs to new applications as of February 7, 2017, contemporaneous with
16	their closure to new participants in Virginia, with the exception of the
17	Residential Heat Pump Upgrade, which the Company asked to suspend as of
18	February 7, 2017. The Commission granted those requests by order issued on

² On December 16, 2013, the Commission also approved the Company's request to transition the Phase I Commercial HVAC Upgrade Program (Docket No. E-22, Sub 467) and the Commercial Lighting Program (Docket No. E-22, Sub 469) from system-wide Programs to North Carolina-only Programs. By Order issued August 8, 2014, the Commission subsequently approved the Company's request to close these North Carolina-only Programs as of December 31, 2014.

³ Orders approving these Programs were issued on December 16, 2013, in Docket No. E-22, Sub 495 (Non-Residential Energy Audit Program), Sub 496 (Non-Residential Duct Testing and Sealing Program), 497 (Residential Duct Testing and Sealing Program), Sub 498 (Residential Home Energy Check Up Program), 499 (Residential Heat Pump Tune Up Program), and Sub 500 (Residential Heat Pump Upgrade Program).

1	November 29, 2016. On July 28, 2017, the Company filed a Motion to close
2	the Residential Heat Pump Upgrade program, which the Commission
3	approved by order issued on September 5, 2017.5
4	In June 2014, the Company requested Commission approval to implement the
5	following "Phase III" DSM/EE Programs:
6	 Non-residential Heating and Cooling Efficiency Program;
7	 Non-residential Lighting Systems and Controls Program; and
8	Non-residential Window Film Program.
9	The Commission approved the three Phase III Programs in October 2014, and
10	the Company began accepting new customers in these Programs beginning on
11	January 1, 2015.6 On August 16, 2018, the Company filed a Motion to close
12	the Phase III Non-Residential Window Film Program to new participants as
13	of December 31, 2018,7 which the Commission granted by order dated
14	October 16, 2018.8 On August 16, 2018, the Company requested
15	Commission approval to transition the Phase III Non-residential Heating and
16	Cooling Efficiency Program and the Non-residential Lighting Systems and
17	Controls Program to be offered on a North Carolina-only basis.9 The

⁴ Order on Motion to Close or Suspend Programs, Docket No. E-22, Sub 495, Sub 496, Sub 497, Sub 498, Sub 499, and sub 500 (Nov. 29, 2016).

⁵ Order Cancelling Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 500 (Sept. 5, 2017).

⁶ Orders approving these Programs were issued on October 27, 2014, in Docket No. E-22, Sub 507 (Non-Residential Heating and Cooling Efficiency Program), Sub 508 (Non-Residential Lighting Systems and Controls Program), and Sub 509 (Non-Residential Window Film Program).

⁷ Motion to Close Non-Residential Window Film Program and North Carolina-Only Residential Retail LED Lighting Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 509, Sub 539 (filed Aug. 16, 2018) ("Motion to Close").

⁸ Order Canceling Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 509 (Oct. 16, 2018).

⁹ Application of Dominion Energy North Carolina for Approval of North Carolina-Only Non-Residential Heating and Cooling Efficiency Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 507 (filed Aug. 16, 2018); Application of Dominion Energy North Carolina for Approval of North Carolina-Only Non-residential Lighting Systems and Controls Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 508 (filed Aug. 16, 2018).

1	Commission subsequently granted the Company's request on October 16,
2	2018.10
3	In July 2015, the Company requested Commission approval to implement the
4	"Phase IV" Residential Income and Age Qualifying Home Improvement
5	Program (RIAQHI). After Commission approval in October 2015, this new
6	Program opened to North Carolina customers on January 1, 2016. 11 The
7	"Phase IV" Residential Income and Age Qualifying Home Improvement
8	Program replaced the Phase I North Carolina-only Low Income Program,
9	which concluded on December 31, 2015. 12 On November 6, 2017, the
10	Commission approved the Company's request to suspend the RIAQHI
11	Program since the Program was set to expire in Virginia in early 2018. 13 The
12	Company stated that if the Virginia State Corporation Commission ("VSCC")
13	granted an extension, it would file a request seeking to reopen the Program in
14	North Carolina in accordance with the Program's system-wide design. On
15	May 31, 2018, the Company filed a motion with the Commission to reopen
16	the RIAQHI Program to customer participation beginning July 1, 2018. ¹⁴ On
17	June 26, 2018, the Commission approved reopening the RIAQHI Program. ¹⁵

¹⁰ Order Approving Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 507 (Oct. 16, 2018); Order Approving Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 508 (Oct. 16, 2018).

¹¹ Order Approving Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 523 (Oct. 6, 2015).

¹² Order Granting Motion to Offer North Carolina-Only Low Income Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 463 (Sept. 9, 2014).

¹³ Order Suspending Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 523 (Nov. 6, 2017).

¹⁴ In the Matter of Application of Virginia Electric and Power Company, d/b/a Dominion Energy North Carolina, for Approval of Residential Income and Age Qualifying Home Improvement Program, Motion to Reopen Program, Docket No.E-22, Sub 523 (May 31, 2018).

¹⁵ Order Approving Reopening Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 523 (June 26, 2018).

1		In July 2016, the Company requested Commission approval to implement the
2		"Phase V" Non-residential Small Business Improvement Program. After
3		Commission approval in October 2016, 16 the Company launched the Program
4		beginning on January 1, 2017.
5		In October 2016, the Company requested Commission approval to implement
6		an instant discount type of North Carolina-only Residential Retail LED
7		Lighting Program during 2017 and 2018. The Commission approved the
8		North Carolina-only Residential Retail LED Lighting Program in December
9		2016. ¹⁷ On August 16, 2018, the Company filed a Motion to close the
0		Program effective with the end of the contemplated two-year duration, 18
1		which the Commission approved by order issued October 16, 2018. ¹⁹
2		In August 2017, the Company requested Commission approval to implement
3		the "Phase VI" Non-residential Prescriptive Program. After Commission
4		approval in October 2017,20 the Company launched the Program in North
15		Carolina beginning on January 1, 2018.
16	Q.	Please provide a brief update on the Company's implementation of the
17		approved DSM/EE Programs in North Carolina.
18	A.	The approved DSM/EE Programs have been successful in North Carolina.
19		The Company launched the Phase I Residential Lighting Program in May
20		2011, and over 37,000 bulbs were sold through December 31, 2011, when the

Order Approving Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 538 (Oct. 26, 2016).
 Order Approving Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 539 (Dec. 20, 2016).

¹⁸ See Motion to Close, supra n. 7.

Order Canceling Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 539 (Oct. 16, 2018).
 Order Approving Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 543 (October 16, 2017).

1	Program was completed. Through the Low Income Program, the Company
2	has performed approximately 930 low income audits and repairs in North
3	Carolina during the period June 2011 through June 30, 2015. Through the Air
4	Conditioner Cycling Program, the Company began installing air conditioner
5	cycling devices in August 2011, and approximately 3,052 customers are
6	participating in the Program as of June 30, 2019.
7	The Phase II Programs launched in North Carolina in January 2014. Since
8	Program launch through suspension of the Phase II Programs in February
9	2017, approximately 5,294 units have been serviced as part of the Residential
10	Heat Pump Tune-Up Program and 1,349 units have been upgraded in North
11	Carolina to more efficient models as part of the Residential Heat Pump
12	Upgrade Program. The Residential Duct Sealing Program has resulted in
13	testing and repair of duct work associated with approximately 554 heat pump
14	units. Approximately 1,049 residential customers have received customized
15	energy audit reports and direct install measures as part of the Residential
16	Home Energy Check-Up Program.
17	Examples of direct install measures include installing compact fluorescent
18	light bulbs, faucet aerators, and door weather-stripping. The Non-residential
19	Energy Audit Program has provided approximately 115 audits to North
20	Carolina customers since Program launch through Program closure in
21	February 2017. Of these 115 audits, 108 customers have installed approved
22	measures and obtained a rebate as part of the Program. The Non-residential

1	Duct Testing & Sealing Program has had approximately 250 participants in
2	North Carolina since Program launch.
3	The Non-residential Phase III Programs launched in North Carolina in January
4	2015. As of June 30, 2019, 259 commercial and industrial customers in North
5	Carolina have participated in the Company's Phase III Programs.
6	The Phase IV Residential Income and Age Qualifying Home Improvement
7	Program launched in North Carolina in January 2016. As of June 30, 2019,
8	320 North Carolina customers have participated in the Company's Phase IV
9	Program.
10	The Phase V Non-residential Small Business Improvement Program became
11	available to qualifying customers in January 2017. As of June 30, 2019, 70
12	North Carolina customers have participated in the Company's Phase V
13	Program.
14	The Phase VI Non-residential Prescriptive Program became available to
15	qualifying customers in January 2018. As of June 30, 2019, 54 North
16	Carolina customers have participated in the Company's Phase VI Program.
17	The Company's North Carolina-only Residential Retail LED Lighting
18	Program launched in 2017. Since Program launch through the closing of the
19	NC only Program in December 2018, there were 82 active stores in North
20	Carolina that have sold over 320,644 bulbs as part of the Residential Retail
21	LED Lighting Program.

I		As of June 30, 2019, the Company has 55 participating contractors delivering
2		its portfolio of DSM/EE Programs and measures to North Carolina customers.
3	Q.	Has the Company proposed additional Programs for Commission
4		approval and deployment in North Carolina?
5	A.	Yes. On July 12, 2019, the Company requested Commission approval of the
6		Residential Home Energy Assessment, ²¹ Residential Appliance Recycling, ²²
7		Residential Efficient Products Marketplace, ²³ Non-residential Window Film, ²⁴
8		Non-residential Heating and Cooling Efficiency, ²⁵ Non-residential Lighting
9		Systems & Controls, ²⁶ Non-residential Small Manufacturing, ²⁷ and the Non-
0		residential Office Programs ²⁸ . These programs were recently approved for
11		deployment in the Company's Virginia jurisdiction, ²⁹ and will be offered on a
12		system-wide basis after January 1, 2020, if approved by the Commission for
13		deployment in North Carolina. Notably, these residential and non-residential

²¹ Application for Approval of Residential Home Energy Assessment Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 567 (filed July 12, 2019).

²² Application for Approval of Residential Appliance Recycling Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 569 (filed July 12, 2019).

23 Application for Approval of Residential Efficient Products Marketplace Program, Docket No. E-22,

Sub 568 (filed July 12, 2019).

²⁴ Application for Approval of Non-residential Window Film Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 570 (filed July 12, 2019).

²⁵ Application for Approval of Non-residential Heating and Cooling Efficiency Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 574 (filed July 12, 2019).

²⁶ Application for Approval of Non-residential Lighting Systems & Controls Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 573 (filed July 12, 2019).

²⁷ Application for Approval of Non-residential Manufacturing Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 571 (filed July 12, 2019).

²⁸ Application for Approval of Non-residential Office Program, Docket No. E-22, Sub 572 (filed July 12, 2019).

²⁹ Petition of Virginia Electric and Power Company for approval to implement new demand-side management programs and for approval of two updated rate adjustment clauses pursuant to § 56-585.1 A 5 of the Code of Virginia, Final Order Case No. PUR-2018-00168 (May 2, 2019)("2018 Virginia DSM Order").

1		programs are intended to provide qualifying customers with energy
2		conservation options suited to their residencies and facilities.
3		Furthermore, the Company's proposed DSM Phase VII Non-residential
4		Lighting Systems & Controls and Non-residential Heating and Cooling
5		Efficiency Programs would replace the current DSM Phase III Non-residentia
6		Lighting Systems & Controls and Non-residential Heating and Cooling
7		Efficiency Programs, if approved by the Commission. Therefore, the
8		Company's Application requests Commission approval to close these earlier
9		Programs as of December 31, 2019, prior to the Company offering the new
1.0		DSM Phase VII Non-residential Lighting Systems & Controls and Non-
11		residential Heating and Cooling Efficiency Programs on January 1, 2020.
12	Q.	Does the Company have any additional plans to evaluate future DSM
13		Programs?
		1 logiams:
14	A.	Yes. As a result of an ongoing stakeholder process, the EC group is currently
14 15	A.	-
	A.	Yes. As a result of an ongoing stakeholder process, the EC group is currently
15	A.	Yes. As a result of an ongoing stakeholder process, the EC group is currently evaluating bids submitted in response to a request for proposals ("RFP")
15 16	A.	Yes. As a result of an ongoing stakeholder process, the EC group is currently evaluating bids submitted in response to a request for proposals ("RFP") issued in March 2019 for new DSM program design ideas for development into potential future system-wide Programs. As the Commission is aware, the
15 16 17	A.	Yes. As a result of an ongoing stakeholder process, the EC group is currently evaluating bids submitted in response to a request for proposals ("RFP") issued in March 2019 for new DSM program design ideas for development
15 16 17 18	A.	Yes. As a result of an ongoing stakeholder process, the EC group is currently evaluating bids submitted in response to a request for proposals ("RFP") issued in March 2019 for new DSM program design ideas for development into potential future system-wide Programs. As the Commission is aware, the Company's EC group develops the Company's DSM/EE program portfolio to
15 16 17 18 19	A.	Yes. As a result of an ongoing stakeholder process, the EC group is currently evaluating bids submitted in response to a request for proposals ("RFP") issued in March 2019 for new DSM program design ideas for development into potential future system-wide Programs. As the Commission is aware, the Company's EC group develops the Company's DSM/EE program portfolio to be deployed in "phases," with program approval first being sought in Virginia
15 16 17 18 19 20	A.	Yes. As a result of an ongoing stakeholder process, the EC group is currently evaluating bids submitted in response to a request for proposals ("RFP") issued in March 2019 for new DSM program design ideas for development into potential future system-wide Programs. As the Commission is aware, the Company's EC group develops the Company's DSM/EE program portfolio to be deployed in "phases," with program approval first being sought in Virginia and, if approved in Virginia, then sought in North Carolina. The Company is

1	in Virginia, would then be brought to North Carolina to be offered on a
2	system-wide basis.

3

23

II. OVERVIEW OF APPLICATION

- 4 Q. What is the purpose of the Company's Application in this proceeding?
- In this Application, the Company is filing its annual update and requesting
 approval of an updated Rider C revenue requirement to be recovered during
 February 1, 2020, through January 31, 2021, the proposed rate period ("Rate
 Period"), as well as seeking true up of January 1, 2018, through December 31,
- 9 2018 ("Test Period"), costs through the Company's EMF rider, Rider CE.
- 10 Q. Is the Rate Period in this proceeding the same as the 2018 rate period?
- 11 Yes. Consistent with the Company's 2018 DSM/EE cost recovery A. 12 application, DENC is proposing for updated Rider C to be effective for a February 1, 2020, through January 31, 2021 Rate Period, and is proposing the 13 same adjustment in its cost recovery rider applications filed pursuant to Rules 14 R8-55 and R8-67. The Company is requesting this adjustment to the annual 15 Rate Period in order to extend the time for the Commission to issue orders in 16 the Company's three annual rider proceedings filed pursuant to NCUC Rules 17 R8-55, R8-67, and R8-69, respectively, and to then allow the Company 18 additional time to finalize rates and customer notices (including allowing 19 reasonable time for Public Staff review) prior to the updated annual riders' 20 21 effective date. The Company intends to continue to use a February 1 through January 31 rate period in future rider cases. As discussed further by Company 22

Witness Kesler, because the Company's system for modeling projected costs

1		and benefits is based on the calendar year, in this proceeding the Company is
2	-	applying the projected costs for calendar year 2020 to the proposed February
3		1, 2020 - January 31, 2021 Rate Period. The Commission approved the
4		Company's similar proposal by order dated January 10, 2019.30
5	Q.	Please provide a brief overview of the Company's approach to cost
6		recovery for its North Carolina DSM/EE Programs as set forth in this
7		Application.
8	A.	The costs of the Company's approved DSM/EE Programs have been
9		recovered during each annual R8-69 cost recovery proceeding in accordance
10		with the Agreement and Stipulation of Settlement agreed to between the
11		Public Staff and the Company in the Company's initial 2010 cost recovery
12		proceeding ("Stipulation"), as well as the Cost Recovery and Incentive
13		Mechanism attached as Stipulation Exhibit 1 to the Stipulation. ³¹ In the fall
14		of 2014, in accordance with provisions of the original Stipulation, the
15		Commission undertook a review of the Stipulation and Cost Recovery and
16		Incentive Mechanism. On May 7, 2015, after receiving comments from the
17		Company and the Public Staff, the Commission approved a revised Cost
18		Recovery and Incentive Mechanism that governed cost recovery in the 2015
19		and 2016 annual proceedings. ³² The 2015 Mechanism Order also required the
20		Company and the Public Staff to file by March 1, 2017, as extended, an

³⁰ Order Approving DSM/EE Rider and Requiring Filing of Customer Notice, Docket No. E-22, Sub 556 (January 10, 2019).

³¹ Order Approving Agreement and Stipulation of Settlement, Approving DSM/EE Rider, and

Requiring Compliance Filing, Docket No. E-22, Sub 464 (Oct. 14, 2011).

32 Order Approving Revised Cost Recovery and Incentive Mechanism and Granting Waiver, Docket No. E-22, Sub 464 (May 7, 2015) ("2015 Mechanism Order").

1		updated performance incentive proposal for Commission review and
2		approval. On April 20, 2017, the Company and the Public Staff filed a Joint
3		Proposal for New PPI, with a revised Mechanism attached as Appendix A
4		(the "Mechanism"). The Commission issued an Order approving the revised
5		Mechanism on May 22, 2017, which governs cost recovery for the instant
6		Application. ³³ The revised Mechanism amends the PPI to a "portfolio
7		performance incentive" applicable to measures installed beginning with
8		Vintage Year 2017. The Company has developed its Application and pre-
9		filed testimony in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Mechanism.
10	Q.	Will the Company present other witnesses in this proceeding?
10 11	Q. A.	Will the Company present other witnesses in this proceeding? Yes. Company Witness Deanna R. Kesler, Regulatory Consultant, Demand-
11		Yes. Company Witness Deanna R. Kesler, Regulatory Consultant, Demand-
11 12		Yes. Company Witness Deanna R. Kesler, Regulatory Consultant, Demand- Side Planning, will provide certain information required by NCUC Rule
11 12 13		Yes. Company Witness Deanna R. Kesler, Regulatory Consultant, Demand-Side Planning, will provide certain information required by NCUC Rule R8-69(f)(1)(ii)(a), (b), (d), and (e), as well as the Utility Cost Test ("UCT"),
11 12 13 14		Yes. Company Witness Deanna R. Kesler, Regulatory Consultant, Demand-Side Planning, will provide certain information required by NCUC Rule R8-69(f)(1)(ii)(a), (b), (d), and (e), as well as the Utility Cost Test ("UCT"), and supporting documentation for the PPI Test Period and projected Vintage
11 12 13 14 15		Yes. Company Witness Deanna R. Kesler, Regulatory Consultant, Demand-Side Planning, will provide certain information required by NCUC Rule R8-69(f)(1)(ii)(a), (b), (d), and (e), as well as the Utility Cost Test ("UCT"), and supporting documentation for the PPI Test Period and projected Vintage Year calculations made pursuant to the Mechanism. Company Witness Kesler

Conservation Compliance Consultant, will support the projected Calendar

Year 2020 costs associated with the Company's DSM/EE Programs to be

recovered during the Rate Period, actual costs associated with the Company's

DSM/EE Programs during the Test Period, as well as provide information on

19

20

21

22

³³ Order Approving Revised Cost Recovery and Incentive Mechanism, Docket No. E-22, Sub 464 (May 22, 2017).

1		the Company's event sponsorship and consumer education initiatives during
2		the Test Period and customer opt-outs pursuant to Commission Rule
3		R8-69(d)(2). Company Witness Alan J. Moore, Regulatory Analyst III, will
4		present the revenue requirements associated with the DSM/EE Programs for
5		Calendar Year 2020 to be recovered during the Rate Period as well as the
6		EMF revenue requirements associated with the DSM/EE Programs to be
7		recovered during the Rate Period. Company Witness Robert E. Miller,
8		Regulatory Analyst III, will explain the proposed assignment and allocation of
9		costs to the North Carolina jurisdiction for the DSM/EE Programs. Company
10		Witness Debra A. Stephens, Regulatory Advisor, will present the calculation
11		of the proposed updated Rider C and EMF Rider CE.
12	Q.	Are the Company's North Carolina DSM/EE Programs consistent with
13		the Company's system-wide integrated resource plan ("Plan")?
14	A.	Yes. The Company has developed its Plan using a least cost modeling
15		methodology of reliable supply-side and demand-side options, pursuant to
16		North Carolina statutory and Commission policies. The Company's
17		operational and proposed Phase VII DSM/EE Programs were included in the
18		Company's corrected 2018 Plan, as filed on March 7, 2019, in Docket No. E-
19		100, Sub 157.
20	Q.	Please discuss the utility incentive the Company proposes for inclusion in
21		the DSM/EE Rider.
22	A.	The Company requests to recover a Rate Period PPI representing, as
23		introduced above, a projected portfolio performance incentive as approved in

1		the revised Mechanism. The Company also requests recovery of the Test
2		Period PPI for Vintage Year 2018 and prior years. The PPI for Vintage Years
3		2017-2018 has been calculated under the new portfolio performance incentive
4		approach, while the PPI for prior vintage years has been derived based upon
5		the traditional individualized program-based approach, and is being calculated
6	_	consistent with the 2015 Mechanism Order and the methodology approved by
7		the Commission in the Company's previous annual cost recovery proceedings.
8		Company Witness Bates supports calculation of a streamlined projected PPI,
9		as allowed in Paragraph 56 of the Mechanism, as well as the true up of the PPI
10		based upon actual installed measurement units during the vintage year 2018,
11		as required by Paragraph 60 of the Mechanism.
		Has the Company projected Rate Period net lost revenues in the utility
12	Q.	rias the company projected xtute restrict for the treatment in the difference
12 13	Q.	incentives to be recovered during the Rate Period?
	Q.	
13	_	incentives to be recovered during the Rate Period?
13 14	_	incentives to be recovered during the Rate Period? Not at this time in this proceeding. Consistent with the approach taken in
13 14 15	_	incentives to be recovered during the Rate Period? Not at this time in this proceeding. Consistent with the approach taken in recent cost recovery applications, the Company has not projected lost
13 14 15 16	_	incentives to be recovered during the Rate Period? Not at this time in this proceeding. Consistent with the approach taken in recent cost recovery applications, the Company has not projected lost revenues and proposes to include \$0 as the projected Rate Period net lost
13 14 15 16 17	_	incentives to be recovered during the Rate Period? Not at this time in this proceeding. Consistent with the approach taken in recent cost recovery applications, the Company has not projected lost revenues and proposes to include \$0 as the projected Rate Period net lost revenue utility incentive for this proceeding.

³⁴ Should the Company's projection of net lost revenues again become significant, it could choose to request projected cost recovery in a future proceeding, as provided for in the Mechanism.

1	Q.	Has the Company identified any found revenues to offset its request to
2		recover net lost revenues?
3	A.	No. Consistent with Paragraph 47 of the Mechanism, the Company has
4		evaluated its North Carolina activities for potential found revenues using the
5		decision tree set forth in Attachment A of the Mechanism. Specifically, the
6		Company's EC, Rates, and Customer Solutions departments (which
7		collectively oversee Dominion Energy North Carolina's tariffs, Programs, and
8		utility-funded activities) evaluated the Company's North Carolina activities
9		during the Test Period to determine whether its activities may be causing
10		customers to increase demand or energy consumption, resulting in found
11		revenues. The Company's review of its North Carolina activities under the
12		decision tree has not identified any activities that resulted in found revenues
13		during the Test Period and has not identified any activities that would result in
14		projected found revenues during the Rate Period.
15		III. OVERVIEW OF COST RECOVERY REQUEST
16	Q.	Please summarize the components of updated Rider C and Rider CE and
17		resulting revenue requirements proposed to be recovered in this
18		proceeding.
19	A.	In accordance with Rule R8-69 and the Mechanism, updated Rider C will
20		recover the Company's North Carolina allocated share (including 100%
21		assigned cost of the North Carolina-only Programs) of the following
22		components during the Rate Period: (i) the Company's projected costs of
23		implementing the approved DSM/EE Programs during calendar year 2020;
_		

1		(ii) the Company's projected Common Costs to be incurred during calendar
2		year 2020; and (iii) the Company's streamlined projected PPI. The
3		Company's updated Rider C revenue requirement for the Rate Period is
4		\$3,470,280, as further detailed in Schedule 1 of Company Witness Moore's
5		testimony.
6		In accordance with Rule R8-69 and the Mechanism, the Company's EMF
7		Rider CE will true up and recover any under-recovery or refund any over-
8		recovery of the Company's North Carolina allocated share (including 100%
9		assigned cost of the North Carolina-only Programs) of the following
10		components: (i) the Company's Test Period costs of implementing the
11		approved DSM/EE Programs; (ii) the Company's Test Period Common Costs
12		(iii) the Company's Test Period Net Lost Revenues; and (iv) the Company's
13		Test Period PPI. The Company's Rider CE revenue requirement for the Rate
14		Period is \$464,010 as further detailed in Schedule 2 of Company Witness
15		Moore's testimony.
16	Q.	Does that conclude your prefiled direct testimony?
17	A.	Yes, it does.

BACKGROUND AND QUALIFICATIONS OF MICHAEL T. HUBBARD

J

Michael T. Hubbard is Manager – Energy Conservation for Dominion Energy North Carolina. Since 2008, his responsibilities have included oversight of the design and implementation of new Demand Side Management programs, including vendor retention and oversight. In 2010, he served on the Virginia Governor's Operational Review Taskforce to reduce costs and improve efficiencies for state government and also served on the board of the Richmond Region Energy Alliance, working with stakeholders on key energy efficiency issues. He is a certified Six Sigma Green Belt.

Mr. Hubbard joined Dominion Virginia Power in 1996 and has served in a number of regulatory and customer service-related leadership roles in the Delivery and Service Company organizations.

While in the position of Underground Damage Prevention Manager, he was appointed to serve on the State Corporation Commission of Virginia's Advisory Committee for matters concerning the enforcement of the Virginia Underground Utility Line Damage Prevention Act, and also served on the board of directors that formed a new statewide Miss Utility call center.

Mr. Hubbard has a B.S. in History from Hampden-Sydney College and M.S.L.S. (Masters in Library Sciences) from the University of Kentucky, and is a member of the Phi Beta Kappa National Honor Society.

Mr. Hubbard has previously presented testimony before the North Carolina
Utilities Commission and the State Corporation Commission of Virginia.

1	1 (WHEREUPON	, Company Exhibit DRK-1,
2	2 Schedules	1-5, is marked for
3	3 identifica	tion as prefiled and
4	4 received i	nto evidence.
5	5 Confidenti	al pages filed under
6	seal.)	
7	7 (WHEREUPON	, the prefiled direct
8	8 testimony	and Appendix A of DEANNA
9	9 R. KESLER	is copied into the
10	0 record as	if given orally from the
11	1 stand.)	
12	2	
13	3	
14	4	,
15	5	
16	6	
17	7	
18	8	
19	9	
20	0	
21	1	
22	2	
23	3	
24	4	

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF DEANNA R. KESLER ON BEHALF OF DOMINION ENERGY NORTH CAROLINA BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION DOCKET NO. E-22, SUB 577

1	Q.	Please state your name, business address, and position with Virginia	
2		Electric and Power Company ("Dominion Energy North Carolina" or the	
3		"Company").	
4	A.	My name is Deanna R. Kesler and I am a Regulatory Consultant in Demand-	
5		Side Planning, which is part of the Company's Integrated Resource Planning	
6		organization. My business address is 120 Tredegar Street, Richmond,	
7		Virginia 23219. A statement of my background and qualifications is attached	
8		as Appendix A.	
9	Q.	Please describe your area of responsibility with the Company.	
10	A.	I am responsible for the evaluation of Dominion Energy North Carolina's	
11		demand-side management ("DSM") and energy efficiency ("EE") programs	
12		("DSM/EE Programs" or "Programs"). This includes detailed analyses of	
13		approved and proposed DSM/EE Programs and the incorporation of DSM and	
14		EE measures into the Company's integrated resource planning ("IRP")	
15		process and long-term integrated resource plan (the "Plan"). My	
16		responsibilities also include planning, organizing, and coordinating	
17		evaluation, measurement, and verification ("EM&V") work for all DSM/EE	
18		Programs through an independent third-party EM&V contractor, DNV GL.	

1		This responsibility includes ensuring EM&V data is collected and made
2		available to DNV GL for review and analysis, reviewing EM&V processes
3		and reports, and coordinating all pertinent EM&V activities.
4	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony in this proceeding?
5	A.	My testimony supports Dominion Energy North Carolina's request to recover
6		all reasonable and prudent costs incurred in adopting and implementing the
7		Company's portfolio of DSM/EE Programs as well as utility incentives,
8		through its updated Rider C, as well as the Company's experience
9		modification factor ("EMF") rider, Rider CE ("Application"). The purpose of
10		my testimony is to support the true up of lost revenues and the Company's
11		EM&V cost projections, as well as to provide certain information required by
12		North Carolina Utilities Commission ("NCUC" or "Commission") Rule
13		R8-69(f)(1)(ii)(a), (b), (d), and (e), with respect to the Company's DSM/EE
14		Programs. Regarding EM&V, my testimony will: (i) show the energy
15		savings for the previously-approved EE Programs over the EMF period
16		January 1, 2018, through December 31, 2018 ("Test Period"), for purposes of
17		calculating the Company's EMF; (ii) support the Company's EM&V costs
18		over the January 1, 2020, through December 31, 2020, calendar year
19		("Calendar Year 2020") for the North Carolina jurisdiction, as well as the Test
20		Period; and (iii) provide information on Air Conditioner Cycling Program
21		activation events that occurred during the Test Period as required by Rule
22		R8-69(f)(1)(iii)(g). My testimony will also provide the Utility Cost Test
23		("UCT") and supporting documentation for the Portfolio Performance

I		incentive ("PPI") calculations for the Test Period and the upcoming Calendar
2		Year 2020.
3		My testimony has been developed in accordance with the revised Cost
4		Recovery and Incentive Mechanism ("Mechanism") approved by the
5		Commission on May 22, 2017, in Docket No. E-22, Sub 464.
6	Q.	Ms. Kesler, are you sponsoring any exhibits or schedules in connection
7		with your testimony?
8	A.	Yes. Company Exhibit DRK-1, consisting of Schedules 1-7 (Schedule 5
9		provided in public and confidential versions filed under seal), was prepared
0		under my supervision and is accurate and complete to the best of my
1		knowledge and belief. The Schedules I am sponsoring provide the following
12		information in support of the Company's Application:
13		1. Schedule 1 of my pre-filed direct testimony provides the Company's
14		total revenue requirement, avoided costs, and Calendar Year 2020
15		summer and winter peak and energy savings per unit measure for the
16		Company's DSM/EE Programs, as required by Rule R8-69(f)(1)(ii)(a)
17		(b), (d), and (e) and calculated consistent with the Mechanism.
18		2. Schedule 2 provides a UCT calculation for each Program and the
19		portfolio of Programs for the projected Vintage Year 2020, as defined
20		in Paragraph 14 of the Mechanism.
21		3. Schedule 3 provides a comparison of the forecasted energy and
22		summer and winter capacity reductions for the Company's ongoing

1		Phase I Air Conditioner Cycling Program and Phase IV, V, and VI
2		DSM/EE Programs, as required by Rule R8-69(f)(1)(iii)(h).
3		4. Schedule 4 provides the cost-effectiveness test evaluations required by
4		Paragraph 41 of the Mechanism.
5		5. Schedule 5 provides the Company's actually-incurred EM&V costs
6		during the Test Period, as well as projected EM&V costs during the
7		Calendar Year 2020.
8		6. Schedule 6 supports the calculation of estimated energy savings for all
9		DSM/EE Phase I, II, III, IV, V, and VI programs, and the Residential
0		Retail LED Lighting Program, over the Test Period for the EMF Rider
1		which is based on actual EM&V data collected and analyzed by DNV
12		GL.
13		7. Schedule 7 presents the date, weather conditions, event trigger,
4		customer enrollment and activation data, event duration, hour ending,
15		kW demand requested, and kW demand reductions observed for the
6		Air Conditioner Cycling Program during the Test Period.
7	Q.	Please explain the information you have provided in your Schedule 1.
8	A.	My Schedule 1 first presents the system-level revenue requirement per
9		appropriate capacity, energy, and measure unit metric, for each ongoing

1	Phase I, Phase IV, Phase V, Phase VI DSM/EE Program, as well as the
2	proposed Phase VII ⁵ programs during the Rate Period. This table was
3	developed using the revenue requirement amounts requested for recovery
4	during the upcoming Rate Period, as provided in Company Witness Alan J.
5	Moore's Schedule 1. Next, my Schedule 1 provides the system-level avoided
6	costs per appropriate capacity, energy, and measure unit metric, for each of
7 '	the approved going-forward Phase I, Phase IV, Phase V, Phase VI and
8	proposed Phase VII Programs. The proposed jurisdictional allocation factors,
9	as required by Rule R8-69(f)(1)(ii)(b), are provided in Company Witness
10	Robert Miller's Schedule 4. Finally, my Schedule 1 shows the total expected
11	system-level energy and summer and winter capacity reductions for each
12	Program in the aggregate and per appropriate capacity, energy, and measure
13	unit metric for Calendar Year 2020. The per unit cost for the Air
14	Conditioning Cycling Program is based on summer demand reductions
15	because the Company is a summer peaking utility.

¹ The Company's Phase I DSM/EE Program is the Residential Air Conditioner Cycling Program (Docket No. E-22, Sub 465).

² The Company's Phase IV Program is the Income and Age Qualifying Home Improvement Program (Docket No. E-22, Sub 523).

³ The Company's Phase V program is the Small Business Improvement Program (Docket No. E-22, Sub 538).

⁴ The Company's Phase VI program is the Non-residential Prescriptive Program (Docket No. E-22, Sub 543).

⁵ As discussed by Company Witness Michael T. Hubbard, the Company filed for Commission approval of the following Phase VII Programs on July 12, 2019: Residential Home Energy Assessment Program (Docket No. E-22, Sub 567), Residential Appliance Recycling Program (Docket No. E-22, Sub 569), Residential Efficient Products Marketplace Program (Docket No. E-22, Sub 568), Non-Residential Heating & Cooling Efficiency Program (Docket No. E-22, Sub 574), Non-Residential Lighting Systems & Controls Program (Docket No. E-22, Sub 573), Non-Residential Window Film Program (Docket No. E-22, Sub 570), Non-Residential Office Program (Docket No. E-22, Sub 572), and Non-Residential Small Manufacturing Program (Docket No. E-22, Sub 571).

1	Q.	By the terms of the Mechanism, how was the UCT developed in support
2		of the Calendar Year 2020 PPI calculation?
3	A.	The UCT used to support the calculation of the Calendar Year 2020 PPI for
4		each Vintage Year was developed in accordance with Paragraphs 13-14 of the
5		Mechanism., The Strategist model, a computer modeling and resource
6		optimization tool, was used to calculate a projected UCT based on the 2020
7		Vintage Year (as defined in Paragraph 14 of the Mechanism), using the base
8		case assumptions consistent with the Company's most recent 2018 Integrated
9		Resource Plan, as refiled with the Commission on March 7, 2019, in Docket
10		No. E-100, Sub 157 ("2018 Plan"). Because the Company's system for
11		modeling projected costs and benefits is based on the calendar year, in this
12		proceeding the Company is applying the projected costs for Calendar Year
13		2020 to the proposed February 1, 2020 - January 31, 2021 Rate Period, which
14		is discussed in the direct testimony of Company Witnesses Hubbard and
15		Moore.
16	Q.	Please explain the role of the Total Resource Cost ("TRC") Test in
17	-	calculating PPI under the Mechanism.
18	A.	The Commission approved amendments to the Mechanism on May 22, 2017,6
19		which transitioned the PPI to a portfolio-based incentive calculation beginning
20		with Vintage Year 2017. The TRC is one of the four cost/benefit tests
21		required by the Mechanism to be applied in evaluating DSM/EE Programs,

⁶ Order Approving Revised Cost Recovery and Incentive Mechanism, Docket No. E-22, Sub 464 (May 22, 2017).

1		and is used in calculating the PPI under the portfolio-based approach
2		applicable to the Test Period and Calendar Year 2020. Strategist values are
3		calculated based on Calendar Year. Pursuant to Paragraph 51 of the pre-
4		existing Mechanism, each individual DSM/EE program is required to have a
5		Vintage Year TRC above 1.00 or that program is presumed ineligible for a
6		PPI. Each of the Company's Program's Vintage Year TRC test results
7		recoverable during the Test Period had a TRC value above 1.00 except for the
8		Residential Income and Age Qualifying Home Improvement Program, which
9		is a program that is in the public interest. The Company is not seeking a PPI
10		for this Program.
11	Q.	Please explain the role of the UCT Test in calculating PPI under the
12		Mechanism for Vintage Year 2020 for recovery during the Rate Period.
13	A.	In accordance with Paragraph 53 of the Mechanism, the PPI shall be based on
14		the net dollar savings of the Company's DSM/EE portfolio, as calculated
15		using the UCT. Pursuant to Paragraph 52 of the Mechanism, Low-Income
16		Programs or other programs explicitly approved with expected UCT results
17		less than 1.00 shall not be included in the portfolio for purposes of the PPI
18		calculation. However, for purposes of PPI determination, Low Income
19		Programs shall be included, as appropriate, in dispatch calculations to
20		determine avoided kW and kWh associated with Programs eligible for a PPI.
21		My Schedule 2 presents the 2020 Vintage Year UCT and TRC cost/benefit
22		portfolio scores, as well as the individual program scores pursuant to
23		Paragraphs 52-53 of the Mechanism.

1	Q.	Please explain the information you have provided in your Schedule 3.
2	A.	My Schedule 3 presents forecasted energy and summer and winter capacity
3		reductions at the generator for the Company's ongoing Phase I, Phase IV,
4		Phase V, and Phase VI DSM/EE Programs during Calendar Year 2020.
5		Specifically, Schedule 3 provides a comparison of the Phase I, Phase IV,
6		Phase V, and Phase VI Programs forecasted in the Company's 2018 Plan and
7		the 2017 Plan Update. Also included in this schedule is an update based on
8		the North Carolina DSM Program Applications which were filed July 12,
9		2019. The 2019 IRP update has not been developed or filed as of the date of
10		this filing. Generally, differences in the forecasted energy and capacity
11		reductions can be explained by differences in program modeling assumptions,
12		such as penetrations and load shapes. These differences arise in part from
13		data collected through the EM&V process, changes to implementation
14		schedules, and jurisdictional requirements.
15	Q.	Did the Company perform going-forward cost/benefit results for existing
16		Programs as required by Paragraph 41 of the Mechanism?
17	A.	Yes. Going-forward cost/benefit results were performed for the Phase I AC
18		Cycling Program, Phase IV, Phase V, and Phase VI Programs, and are
19		included in my Schedule 4.
20	Q.	What are the Company's objectives for EM&V?
21	A.	The objectives of the Company's EM&V are to provide an assessment of each
22		Program's progress toward its goals, including tracking actual cumulative
23		indicators over time versus the planning assumptions, such as the number of

1		participants, estimated energy (kWh) and demand (kW) savings, and Program
2		costs. EM&V tracking also provides average peak kW reduction per
3		participant, average kWh savings per participant, if appropriate, and average
4		incentive per participant for each Program.
5	Q.	Have you provided the Company's estimated EM&V cost for Calendar
6		Year 2020 and actual EM&V costs during the Test Period?
7	A.	Yes. My Schedule 5 provides the Company's projected EM&V costs during
8		Calendar Year 2020, as well as the Company's actual EM&V costs during the
9		Test Period for the North Carolina jurisdiction. The Company intends to
10		continue to file its annual EM&V Report with the Commission on May 1 each
11		year.
12	Q.	Can you please describe the information provided in your Schedule 6?
13	A.	Yes. My Schedule 6 supports the calculation of estimated energy savings for
14		all DSM/EE Phases I, II, III, IV, V, and VI Programs, and the Residential
15		Retail LED Lighting Program, over the Test Period for the EMF Rider, which
16		is based on actual EM&V data collected and analyzed by DNV GL. The lost
17		sales (kWh) reflected in this schedule will be used by Company Witness
18		Moore in the calculation of lost revenues in this proceeding.

1	Q.	Have you provided information on the Air Conditioner Cycling Program
2		activation events that occurred during the Test Period, as required by
3		Rule R8-69(f)(1)(iii)(g)?
4	A.	Yes. My Schedule 7 reflects event-based data for the Air Conditioner Cycling
5		Program during the Test Period, inclúding the date, weather conditions, event
6		trigger, customer enrollment and switch activation data, event duration, hour
7		ending, kW demand requested, and kW demand reductions observed.

- 8 Q. Does this conclude your pre-filed direct testimony?
- 9 A. Yes, it does.

BACKGROUND AND QUALIFICATIONS OF DEANNA R. KESLER

Ms. Kesler has held various positions with Dominion Virginia Power in the Power Operations Management Services, Generation and System Planning, Production Costing, Energy Efficiency, and Integrated Resource Planning areas. She originally joined Dominion Virginia Power in 1984 and returned in 2008. She has also had a variety of leadership roles prior to rejoining the Company both as a consultant and as an internal employee for several major corporations.

Ms. Kesler has a Masters in Business Administration from Virginia

Commonwealth University. She also studied Business Administration at Virginia

Commonwealth University and Chemical Engineering and Finance at Virginia

Polytechnic Institute and State University.

1	(WHEREUPON, Company Exhibit JEB-1,
2	Confidential Schedules 1-7, is
3	marked for identification as
4	prefiled and received into
5	evidence. Confidential filed
6	under seal.)
7	(WHEREUPON, the prefiled direct
8	testimony and Appendix A of JARVIS
9	E. BATES is copied into the record
10	as if given orally from the
11.	stand.)
12	
13	,
14	
15	•
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	1
21	
22.	
23	•
24	

OFFICIAL COPY

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JARVIS E. BATES ON BEHALF OF DOMINION ENERGY NORTH CAROLINA BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

DOCKET NO. E-22, SUB 577

1	Q.	Please state your name, business address, and position with Virginia
2		Electric and Power Company ("Dominion Energy North Carolina" or the
3		"Company").
4	A.	My name is Jarvis E. Bates, and my title is Energy Conservation Compliance
5		Consultant for Dominion Energy North Carolina. My business address is 600
6		East Canal Street, Richmond, Virginia 23219. My educational background
7		and experience are detailed in Appendix A.
8	Q.	Please describe your area of responsibility with the Company.
9	A.	I am responsible for cost and reporting compliance matters in the Company's
10		Energy Conservation ("EC") department including: (1) cost preparation and
11		cost oversight associated with the demand-side management ("DSM") and
12		energy efficiency ("EE") programs ("DSM/EE Programs" or "Programs");
13		(2) cost compliance with DSM/EE Program related rider requirements; and
14		(3) EC department internal and external regulatory and managerial cost
15		reporting.
16	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony in this proceeding?
17	A.	My testimony supports the Company's request to recover all reasonable and
18		prudent costs incurred in adopting and implementing the Company's portfolio

1		of DSM/EE Programs and utility incentives, through its updated Rider C, as
2		well as the Company's experience modification factor ("EMF") rider, Rider
3		CE ("Application"). In my testimony, I provide cost projections, including
4		Common Costs, for the Company's DSM/EE Programs during January 1,
5		2020, through December 31, 2020, that have been used as a proxy for the
6		projected February 1, 2020, through January 31, 2021 rate period (the "Rate
7		Period"), as well as actual costs incurred during the EMF period January 1,
8		2018, through December 31, 2018 ("Test Period"). My testimony also
9		presents the Portfolio Performance Incentive ("PPI") for each Program in
10		accordance with the revised Cost Recovery and Incentive Mechanism
11		("Mechanism") approved by the Commission on May 22, 2017, in Docket No.
12		E-22, Sub 464. I also calculate the PPI EMF true up for vintage year 2018 in
13		accordance with the terms of the Mechanism. Additionally, my testimony
14		lists the commercial and industrial customers that have elected to "opt out" of
15		the Company's DSM/EE Programs as required by NCUC Rule R8-69(d)(2).
16	Q.	Mr. Bates, are you sponsoring any exhibits or schedules in connection
17		with your testimony?
18	A.	Yes. Company Exhibit JEB-1, consisting of Schedules 1-7 (with all schedules
19		provided in public and confidential versions filed under seal), was prepared
20		under my direction and supervision and is accurate and complete to the best of
21		my knowledge and belief. My Schedules 1-5 support the development of the
22		projected Rate Period revenue requirement: Schedule 1 provides summary
23		system-level Program and system-level Common Costs; Schedule 2 provides

OFFICIAL COPY

1		details for system-level Program Costs; Schedule 3 provides details for
2		system-level Common Costs; Schedule 4 provides DSM Projected Program
3		Costs which are used by Company Witness Robert Miller for purposes of
4		allocating Common Costs; and Schedule 5 provides the streamlined
5		calculation of the Projected PPI for qualifying Programs. Schedule 6 provides
6		actual cost information in support of the PPI true-up. Schedule 7 provides
7		actual cost information in support of the Test Period EMF revenue
8		requirement developed by Company Witness Alan J. Moore and includes
9		actual system-level Program and system-level Common Costs incurred during
10		the Test Period.
11	Q.	Please identify the Company's DSM/EE Programs for which cost
12		recovery is sought in this proceeding.
13	A.	The Company is seeking cost recovery for adopting and implementing:
14		(a) the previously-approved Phase I DSM/EE program: Residential Air
15		Conditioner Cycling Program; (b) the previously-approved Phase III

16

17

18

DSM/EE programs: Non-Residential Lighting Systems and Controls, Non-

residential Heating and Cooling Efficiency and Non-residential Window

Film;² (c) the previously-approved Phase IV Income and Age Qualifying

¹ Docket No. E-22, Sub 465. All other Phase I programs except the Residential Air Conditioner Cycling Program have previously been concluded.

² Docket No. E-22, Sub 507, Sub 508, and Sub 509. On August 16, 2018, the Company filed a motion in Docket No. E-22, Sub 509 to close the Non-residential Window Film Program, and filed applications in Docket No. E-22, Sub 507 and Sub 508 for Commission approval to transition the Nonresidential Heating and Cooling Efficiency Program and the Non-residential Lighting Systems and Controls Program to be offered on a North Carolina-only basis. On October 16, 2018, the Commission granted the Company's request to close the Non-residential Window Film Program in Docket No. E-22, Sub 509, as well as the Company's request to offer the Non-residential Heating and Cooling

1		Home Improvement Program; ³ (d) the previously-approved Phase V Non-
2		Residential Small Business Improvement Program; ⁴ (e) the previously-
3		approved NC-only Residential Retail LED Lighting Program;5 (f) the
4		previously-approved Phase VI Non-residential Prescriptive Program, ⁶ and
5		(g) the proposed Phase VII Programs: Non-residential Heating and Cooling
6		Efficiency, Non-residential Lighting Systems & Controls, Non-residential
7		Window Film, Non-residential Office, Non-residential Small Manufacturing,
8		Residential Appliance Recycling, Residential Home Energy Assessment, and
9		the Residential Efficienct Products Marketplace Programs.
10	Q.	What is the nature of the costs for the DSM/EE Programs?
11	A.	The costs are primarily categorized as direct "Program Costs" and indirect
12		"Common Costs." These Program Costs and Common Costs are those solely
13		associated with the EC department, which was assigned the responsibility to
14		separately identify and track DSM/EE costs related to the proposed Programs.
15		The projected Program Costs are those costs that are directly attributable to
16		individual Programs and primarily include costs based on signed vendor
17		contracts. Program Costs include design, implementation, marketing,
18		information technology hardware and software, call center, customer
19		incentives, equipment, startup costs, vendor margins, data collection and

Efficiency and Non-residential Lighting Systems and Controls Programs on a North Carolina-only basis in Docket No. E-22, Sub 507 and E-22, Sub 508, respectively.

³ Docket No. E-22, Sub 523.

⁴ Docket No. E-22, Sub 538.

⁵ Docket No. E-22, Sub 539. On August 16, 2018, the Company filed a motion in Docket No. E-22, Sub 539 to close the Residential Retail LED Lighting Program, which the Commission granted by order dated October 16, 2018.

⁶ Docket No. E-22, Sub 543.

Q.	How is the information that you provide related to projected Rate Period
	deferral of DSM/EE Program costs in his direct testimony.
	costs, and external vendor costs. Company Witness Moore further addresses
	customer communication costs, department labor costs, dues and association
	associated with any individual DSM Program. These costs include certain
	implementation of the DSM/EE Programs, which are not specifically
	Company will also incur certain indirect Common Costs that are part of
	Clearesult, Comverge, Inc., Ecova, Honeywell, Nexant, and Recleim. The
	Costs are based on contracts with the Company's main Program vendors,
	costs, and similar vendor and/or internal costs. The majority of these Program
	reporting, promotional events, management and field operations, EM&V

A.

How is the information that you provide related to projected Rate Period

Program and Common Costs used by the other witnesses in this

proceeding?

The Company is seeking to recover reasonable and prudent costs that are projected for implementation of the DSM/EE Programs during the Rate Period. As discussed above, such costs include the Program Costs and Common Costs. Schedule 1 of my prefiled direct testimony shows both Program Costs and Common Costs, at the system level, associated with implementation of the Phase I, Phase IV, Phase V, Phase VI, and Phase VII Programs for the Rate Period. Company Witness Moore uses these costs to develop the revenue requirement in support of this Application. Company Witness Robert Miller then explains the assignment and allocation of these costs to the North Carolina jurisdictional customers, using penetration and

Ţ		participant percentages from my schedule 4, which are provided pursuant to
2		NCUC Rule R8-9(f)(1)(ii)(a). Finally, Company Witness Debra A. Stephens
3		develops the DSM/EE Rider, Rider C, for recovery of the projected costs.
4	Q.	How is the information you provide in Schedules 6 and 7 related to actual
5		Test Period Program and Common Costs used by the other witnesses in
6		this proceeding?
7	A.	Through Rider CE, the Company is seeking to true up all DSM/EE Program
8		and Common Costs incurred during the Test Period with the revenues
9		received through Rider C during the Test Period. Company Witness Moore
10		uses the actually incurred Test Period DSM/EE Program and Common Costs
l 1		set forth in my Schedules 6 and 7 to develop the EMF revenue requirement to
12		be recovered through Rider CE. Company Witness Miller then explains the
13		assignment and allocation of these costs to the North Carolina jurisdictional
14		customers. Finally, Company Witness Stephens calculates Rider CE to
15		recover these costs.
16	Q.	Please describe the PPI provisions in the Mechanism.
17	A.	The Mechanism has historically provided for a PPI based upon the
18		performance of each individual program, which would be eligible for an
19		incentive if the Program achieved a utility cost test ("UCT") score above 1.0.
20		Through the revisions to the Mechanism agreed to between the Company and
21		the Public Staff and approved by the Commission on May 22, 2017, the
22		Mechanism now provides for a "portfolio performance incentive" applicable

1		to measures installed beginning with vintage year 2017. Paragraphs $49-61$
2		of the Mechanism govern calculation and recovery of the PPI.
3	Q.	Please describe Schedule 5 of your prefiled direct testimony, which
4		calculates the projected PPI to be recovered during the Rate Period
5		consistent with the Mechanism.
6	A.	My Schedule 5 calculates the projected PPI to be recovered during the Rate
7		Period in a manner consistent with Paragraphs 49-61 of the revised
8		Mechanism, and consistent with the Company's approach approved in the
9		2017 cost recovery proceeding, Docket No. E-22, Sub 545 ("2017 DSM
10		Case"). Specifically, my Schedule 5 utilizes two PPI components.
11		First, PPI "actual" results from pertinent vintage years (2016 and prior) were
12		calculated using the methodology identical to past DSM cases. Starting with
13		the 2017 vintage year, PPI "actual" results are calculated using the new
14		portfolio methodology for vintage years 2017 and 2018.
15		Second, Projected PPI "estimates" for vintage year 2020, and for vintage year
16		2019, are calculated in accordance with Paragraph 55(b) of the Mechanism.
17	Q.	Please explain the Company's approach for calculating the projected
18		Rate Period PPI.
19	A.	Paragraph 55(b) of the Mechanism provides that the Company may utilize a
20		reasonable, simplified approach to estimated net dollar savings associated
21		with measurement units installed in future vintage years for purposes of
22		projecting the PPI to be recovered during the Rate Period. The Company's

approach for producing the projected PPI relies on the two components of the
calculation. For the first component, the Company uses the data supporting its
PPI calculation in the prior year's DSM cost recovery proceeding to isolate
the "actual" PPI dollar amount for the prior vintage year and then continues to
use that amount in this current case as the first component of the projected PPI
total revenue requirement. Consistent with the Company's approach in the
2018 DSM Case, the second component of the PPI estimate is calculated
using the current case's operating expense revenue requirement times 1% to
produce a dollar amount for "estimated" PPI. Adding the "actual" PPI dollar
amount to the "estimated" PPI dollar amount for the Rate Period thus
produces a streamlined and reasonably conservative estimate of the projected
PPI for each Program. This data would naturally refresh with every new
DSM/EE cost recovery proceeding.
Please describe Schedule 6 of your prefiled direct testimony, which
calculates the PPI EMF true-up consistent with the Mechanism.
My Schedule 6 calculates the EMF true-up in a manner consistent with
Paragraph 59 of the revised Mechanism. I have obtained the number of actual
installed measurement units and the verified kW and kWh savings associated
with each Program for vintage year 2018 from the Company's most recently
filed EM&V Report, as filed May 1, 2019, in Docket No. E-22, Sub 556.

Q.

A.

Coupled with the Company's actual costs for vintage year 2018, this

information is used to calculate the actual net cost/benefit results for each

Program. I then developed a comparison of actual results versus projected

1		cost/benefit results that are used to derive a trued-up PPI. Once a PPI true-up
2		for a given vintage year has been completed based upon final EM&V data
3		filed with the Commission, the Company finalizes its PPI true-up for that
4		vintage year.
5	Q.	Are you providing any updates to the 2017 Vintage Year True Up?
6	A.	Yes. Revised PPI true up calculations have been included in my Schedule 6
` 7		for the results of the Residential LED NC Only program for vintage year
8		2017. This was not included in the 2018 filing.
9	Q.	Are you also providing information regarding the Company's event
10		sponsorship and consumer education and awareness initiatives during the
11		Test Period?
12	A.	Yes. As directed by the Commission, the Company provides the following
13		information regarding its event sponsorship and consumer education and
14		awareness initiatives during the Test Period. The EC department actively ties
15		its communication and outreach activities directly to a specific DSM/EE
16		Program, so actual general education and awareness costs are limited.
17		The EC Department also relies heavily on the Dominion Energy, Inc.
18		("Dominion Energy") website to provide general education to our customers
19		through tips, videos, and online energy audit tools, among other channels.
20		The EC program pages have garnered approximately 71,000 visits in the
21		current Test Period. In addition, the Company's DSM Phase II, III, V, and VI
122		implementation vendor, Honeywell, has created its own program web pages

for detailed tracking on marketing efforts. Honeywell's program pages have
garnered over 177,000 hits during the Test Period. In addition, the EC
Department took advantage of other high-coverage, low-cost channels, such
as social media. Dominion Energy is continually growing social media
presence on both Facebook and Twitter gaining, since creation, over 91,000
fans and 61,000 followers, respectively. Whenever possible, the EC
department attempts to utilize low-cost options to communicate general
education to our customers.

9 Q. Please elaborate on the status of DSM/EE opt-out customers.

A.

As required to be listed by NCUC Rule R8-69(d)(2), the following customers have elected to opt-out of the Company's DSM/EE Programs pursuant to North Carolina General Statute § 62-133.9(f) and NCUC Rule R8-69(d):

Weyerhauser (1 account); Nucor Steel-Hertford (1 account); KapStone Paper and Packaging Company (2 accounts); KABA Ilco (1 account); Consolidated Diesel (1 account); Domtar Paper Company LLC (1 account); Enviva Pellets (2 accounts); Flambeau Products Corp. (1 account); Lowes Home Center, Inc. (5 accounts); Hospira, Inc. (1 account), Parkdale America LLC (1 account), WalMart Stores (6 accounts), and State of North Carolina (10 accounts).

Company Witness Stephens' direct testimony provides projected North Carolina total retail monthly sales for the Calendar Year for accounts who have chosen to opt-out of the DSM/EE Rider, as required by NCUC Rule R8-69(f)(1)(vii).

- 1 Q. Does that conclude your prefiled direct testimony?
- 2 A. Yes, it does.

BACKGROUND AND QUALIFICATIONS OF JARVIS E. BATES

Mr. Bates is the Energy Conservation Compliance Consultant for Dominion Energy Virginia / Dominion Energy North Carolina. His responsibilities include demand-side management and energy efficiency ("DSM/EE") program cost oversight, compliance, and DSM/EE internal and external reporting. He has provided testimony in prior DSM filings in Virginia and North Carolina.

Mr. Bates has a Bachelor of Business Administration degree in Finance from James Madison University. Prior to joining the company in 2007, he had over 14 years of experience in finance, operations management, and leadership in the Telecom, Healthcare, and Retail industries. Since joining Dominion, he has held finance positions supporting the Services Company as well as supporting Energy Conservation.

(WHEREUPON, Company Exhibit AJM-1, Schedules 1-3, is marked for identification as prefiled and received into evidence. Confidential filed under seal.) (WHEREUPON, the prefiled direct testimony and Appendix A of ALAN J. MOORE is copied into the record as if given orally from the stand.)

DRAFT - DIRECT TESTIMONY OF ALAN J. MOORE ON BEHALF OF DOMINION ENERGY NORTH CAROLINA BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION DOCKET NO. E-22, SUB 577

Q.	Please state your name, position, and business address with Virginia		
	Electric and Power Company ("Dominion Energy North Carolina" or the		
	"Company").		
A.	My name is Alan J. Moore. I am a Regulatory Analyst III in the Regulatory		
	Accounting Department for Dominion Energy North Carolina. My business		
	address is 701 East Cary Street, Richmond, Virginia 23219. A statement of		
	my background and qualifications is attached as Appendix A.		
Q.	Please describe your area of responsibility with the Company.		
Α.	I am responsible for analyzing and calculating revenue requirements for		
	Dominion Energy North Carolina.		
Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony in this proceeding?		
A.	My testimony supports the Company's request to recover all reasonable and		
ı	prudent costs incurred in adopting and implementing the Company's portfolio		
	of North Carolina demand-side management ("DSM") and energy efficiency		
	("EE") programs ("DSM/EE Programs" or "Programs") and utility incentives,		
	through its updated Rider C, as well as the Company's experience		
	modification factor ("EMF") rider, Rider CE ("Application").		
	A. Q. Q.		

1	The purpose of my testimony is to address the development of the updated
2	Rider C and Rider CE revenue requirements in support of the Application.
3	Pursuant to North Carolina Utilities Commission ("NCUC" or the
4	"Commission") Rule R8-69, the Company's Rider C revenue requirement
5	includes projected costs associated with: (a) the previously-approved Phase I
6	Air Conditioner Cycling Program; (b) the previously-approved Phase III
7	DSM/EE programs: Non-residential Lighting Systems and Controls Program,
8	Non-residential Heating and Cooling Efficiency Program, and Non-residential
9	Window Film Program; ² (c) the previously-approved Phase IV Residential
10	Income and Age Qualifying Home Improvement Program; ³ (d) the
11	previously-approved Phase V Small Business Improvement Program; ⁴ (e) the
12	previously-approved Residential Retail LED Lighting program;5 (f) the
13	previously-approved Phase VI Non-Residential Prescriptive Program ⁶ and
14	(g) the proposed Phase VII Programs: Residential Appliance Recycling
15	Program, ⁷ Residential Efficient Products Marketplace Program, ⁸ Residential
16	Home Energy Assessment Program, Non-Residential Lighting Systems &

Docket No. E-22, Sub 465. All other Phase I programs except the Residential Air Conditioner Cycling Program have previously been concluded.

² Docket No. E-22, Sub 507, Sub 508, and Sub 509. On October 16, 2018, the Commission in Docket No. E-22, Sub 509 closed the Non-residential Window Film Program and in Docket No. E-22, Sub 507 and Sub 508 approved the transition of the Non-residential Heating and Cooling Efficiency Program and the Non-residential Lighting Systems and Controls Program to deployment on a North Carolinaonly basis.

³ Docket No. E-22, Sub 523.

⁴ Docket No. E-22, Sub 538.

⁵ Docket No. E-22, Sub 539. On August 16, 2018, the Company filed a motion in Docket No. E-22, Sub 539 requesting Commission approval to close the Residential Retail LED Lighting Program.

⁶ Docket No. E-22, Sub 543.

⁷ Docket No. E-22, Sub 569.

⁸ Docket No. E-22, Sub 568.

⁹ Docket No. E-22, Sub 567.

1		Controls Program, 10 Non-Residential Heating and Cooling Efficiency
2		Program, 11 Non-Residential Window Film Program, 12 Non-Residential Small
3		Manufacturing Program, ¹³ and Non-Residential Office Program ¹⁴ .
4		Pursuant to Paragraph 28 of the revised Cost Recovery and Incentive
5		Mechanism ("Mechanism") approved by the Commission's May 22, 2017
6		Order issued in Docket No. E-22, Sub 464, the Rider CE revenue requirement
7		includes a true-up of the Company's DSM/EE Rider C rates in effect for the
8		Phase I, Phase III, Phase IV, Phase V, and Phase VI Programs, and the
9		Residential Retail LED Lighting Program, during the 12-month period of
10		January 1, 2018, through December 31, 2018 ("Test Period").
11		The Rider C and Rider CE revenue requirements presented in this filing are
12		developed in accordance with the revised Mechanism. Development of these
13		revenue requirements is also consistent with development of the revenue
14		requirements approved in the Company's 2012 - 2018 DSM/EE cost recovery
15		proceedings, except as modified to comply with the new Mechanism.
16	Q.	Mr. Moore, are you sponsoring any exhibits or schedules in connection
17		with your testimony?
18	A.	Yes. Company Exhibit AJM-1, consisting of Schedules 1 – 3 (Schedules 1
19		and 2 provided in public and confidential versions filed under seal), was
20		prepared under my supervision and direction and is accurate and complete to

<sup>Docket No. E-22, Sub 573.
Docket No. E-22, Sub 574.
Docket No. E-22, Sub 570.
Docket No. E-22, Sub 571.
Docket No. E-22, Sub 572.</sup>

the best of my knowledge and belief. My Schedule 1 supports the projected
rate period revenue requirement for Rider C, and Schedule 2 presents the
revenue requirement for EMF Rider CE. Schedule 3 contains my supporting
workpapers pursuant to NCUC Rule R8-69(f)(1)(viii).

2

3

4

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17 -

18

19

20

21

22

A.

- Q. Please summarize the key components of the two revenue requirements
 presented in this case.
 - The pre-filed direct testimony of Company Witness Jarvis E. Bates provides the projected costs and Portfolio Performance Incentive ("PPI") related to each of the previously-identified DSM/EE Programs. I have used those cost projections pursuant to NCUC Rule R8-69 to calculate the expected revenue requirement to be recovered through Rider C, from February 1, 2020, through January 31, 2021, the proposed rate period (the "Rate Period") in this case. In particular, in order to calculate the projected revenue requirement for Rider C, I incorporated the following cost components: (1) operating expenses projected to be incurred during the Rate Period; (2) capital costs (including related depreciation expense) projected to be incurred during the Rate Period; and (3) PPI projected for the Rate Period pursuant to the revised Mechanism. As noted by Company Witness Michael T. Hubbard, and consistent with the Company's last five annual cost recovery proceedings, 15 the Company is not projecting net lost revenues for the Rate Period in this proceeding. Each of these other cost components will be discussed in more detail later in my testimony.

¹⁵ Docket No. E-22, Sub 513, Sub 524, Sub 536, Sub 545, and Sub 556.

1		For the DSM/EE EMF Rider CE, I have incorporated actual costs (both
2		capital and O&M components) and PPI as provided by Company Witness
3		Bates for the Test Period. I have also included measured net lost revenues in
4		the Rider CE revenue requirement for the Test Period as described in more
5		detail later in my testimony.
6	Q.	How did you determine what the Rate Period and Test Period should be
7		for this proceeding?
8	A.	Pursuant to NCUC Rule R8-69(a), the Rate Period is the same as the period
9		during which the rider established under Commission Rule R8-55, the
10		Company's fuel factor, is in effect. As explained by Company Witness
11		Hubbard, in previous years, the Company has proposed Rider C rates to be
12		effective for a calendar year Rate Period, consistent with the rate period
13		previously used for fuel factor riders under Rule R8-55. Based on discussions
14		with the Public Staff following the conclusion of the Company's 2017 rider
15		proceedings, the Company is proposing for updated Rider C to be effective for
16		a February 1, 2020, through January 31, 2021 Rate Period similar to the 2018
17		Cost Recovery Rider proceeding.
18		The Test Period for this proceeding will be the 12-month period ending
.19		December 31, 2018, as provided for in Paragraph 28 of the Mechanism.

OFFICIAL COPY

I	Q.	What capital structure and rate of return on common equity has the
2		Company used to calculate the capital related costs for the Test Period
3		and Rate Period in this proceeding?
4	A.	Consistent with Paragraph 40 of the Mechanism, the Company has calculated
5		the capital-related costs for the Test Period using the actual capital structure
6		and cost of capital for the 12-month period ended December 31, 2018,
7		incorporating a 9.90% return on common equity ("ROE") that was approved
8		in the Company's most recent general rate case on December 22, 2016, in
9		Docket No. E-22, Sub 532. ¹⁶ For calculating the projected Rate Period in this
10		proceeding, the Company has utilized the most recently filed NCUC ES-1
11		capital structure and cost of capital for the period ending June 30, 2019,
12		incorporating the 9.90% ROE.
13	Q.	Do the Rider C and Rider CE revenue requirements include recovery of
14		net lost revenues?
15	A.	As addressed by Company Witness Hubbard, only Rider CE includes a
16		request to recover measured net lost revenues, as allowed by Commission
17		Rule R8-69(c)(1) and the Mechanism. As noted above, the Company has not
18		projected Rate Period net lost revenues for recovery in this proceeding. Going
19		forward, all net future Test Year lost revenues will be appropriately recovered
20		through a future EMF Rider CE true-up cost recovery factor. As I will discuss
21		in greater detail below, Rider CE provides for the recovery of actual

¹⁶ See Order Granting General Rate Increase, Docket No. E-22, Sub 532 (Dec. 22, 2016).

1	incremental North Car	olina jurisdictional kWh energy reductions for the Tes
2	Period.	۸

Q.

A.

- Are there any other limitations on the eligibility of energy savings as a result of the Company's approved EE programs to count towards recovery of net lost revenues?
 - Paragraph 43 of the Mechanism provides that kWh sales reductions achieved by a measurement unit installed in a given Vintage Year are eligible for use in calculating lost revenues for only the first 36 months after installation of the measurement unit. Further, Paragraph 46 of the Mechanism provides that notwithstanding this 36-month period of kWh sales reductions, any installed measurement unit shall cease being eligible for use in calculating net lost revenues as of the effective date of (a) a Commission-approved alternative cost recovery mechanism that accounts for the eligible recoverable net lost revenues associated with eligible kWh sales reductions, or (b) the implementation of new base rates approved in a general rate case or comparable proceeding to the extent that the rates set in that proceeding are set to explicitly or implicitly recover the net lost revenues associated with an installed measurement unit's kWh sales reductions.

1	Q.	Did the installation of the measurement units used to calculate the actual
Ž		net lost revenues for the Test Period in this filing fall within the 36-month
3		limitation provided for under Paragraph 43 of the Mechanism?
4	A.	Yes. As part of the DSM/EE EMF Rider CE, the Company is seeking to
5		recover net lost revenues resulting from measures installed up through the end
6		of the 2018 Test Period.
7	Q.	Has a portion of kWh energy savings associated with previously-installed
8		measures already been captured in the Company's non-fuel base rates?
9	A.	Yes. The rates approved in the Company's 2016 general rate case were
10		designed to include the cumulative kWh sales reductions recognized in the net
11		lost revenues related to EE measurement units installed through June 30,
12		2016, to be recovered through base rates beginning on November 1, 2016.
13		Therefore, consistent with Paragraph 46 of the Mechanism, beginning
14		November 1, 2016, the Company excludes from total kWh energy savings, the
15		June 30, 2016 total cumulative monthly level of kWh sales reductions that
16		were incorporated into base rates effective November 1, 2016. The net lost
17		revenues proposed for recovery in this filing for January 1, 2018, through
18		December 31, 2018, include only incremental kWh energy savings resulting
19		from energy efficiency measures installed subsequent to June 30, 2016.

I	Ų.	Mr. Moore, can you describe in more detail the projected Rate Period
2		revenue requirement to be recovered through Rider C requested in this
3		case?
4	A.	Yes. The projected revenue requirement begins with the projected operating
5		expense revenue requirement as reflected on line 1 of page 1 of my
6		Schedule 1. The projected operating expenses for the Rate Period, as
7		supported in the pre-filed direct testimony of Company Witness Bates, are
8		presented for current recovery by program on line 1 of page 2 of my
9		Schedule 1. Line 2 of page 2 of my Schedule 1 presents the system level
10		common costs that are allocated to each program in accordance with the
11		methodology described by Company Witness Robert E. Miller. The projected
12		operating expenses and proportionate share of common costs for each
13		program are then allocated to the North Carolina jurisdiction using the
14		jurisdictional allocation factors supported by Company Witness Miller, to
15		derive the projected North Carolina jurisdictional operating expense revenue
16		requirement presented on line 5 of page 3 of my Schedule 1.
17		The second component of the projected Rate Period revenue requirement is
18		the projected capital costs revenue requirement as presented on line 2 of
19		page 1 of my Schedule 1. Lines 6 through 9 of page 3 of my Schedule 1
20		present the projected North Carolina jurisdictional depreciation expense,
21		amortization of the excess deferred income taxes ("EDIT") that were a result
22		of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 ("TCJA"), property taxes, and rate base
23		costs, respectively, related to the Air Conditioner Cycling Program. The

projected rate base for the Rate Period as depicted on page 4 of my Schedule
includes the actual system level net plant balances as of June 30, 2019, and
projected monthly system level capital expenditures as supported by Company
Witness Bates. The Air Conditioner Cycling Program is the only DSM/EE
program with capital expenditures being presented for recovery in this current
filing. The capital expenditures, projected to be closed to plant-in-service
each month, are added to the actual June 30, 2019 plant balance, and
accumulated throughout the Rate Period. The projected monthly depreciation
expense is projected using a 7.15% annual depreciation factor from the
Company's most recent depreciation study. This projected annual
depreciation rate factor assumes an estimated depreciable life of 15 years with
0% net salvage and includes interim retirement assumptions. The resulting
depreciation expenses projected to be incurred during the Rate Period are
included for current recovery as shown on line 5 of page 4 of my Schedule 1,
and the projected accumulated depreciation balances are shown as a reduction
to average rate base as reflected on line 6 of page 4. The monthly
accumulated deferred income taxes ("ADIT"), as supported by my
Schedule 3, also serve as monthly reductions to the projected rate base for the
Rate Period as reflected on line 8 of page 4 of my Schedule 1. These ADIT
balances include the EDIT balances that resulted from the TCJA. These
system level projected amounts are then allocated to the North Carolina
jurisdiction as explained by Company Witness Miller in his direct testimony
in this proceeding.

1,0

1.1

1		The projected North Carolina jurisdiction rate base financing costs are
2		determined by multiplying each two-month average rate base for the Rate
3		Period by the Company's cost of capital as presented on line 4 of page 5 of
4		my Schedule 1. As discussed above, for purposes of this Application, the
5		Company has used the capital structure and cost of capital as provided in its
6		June 30, 2019 NCUC ES-1 Report, incorporating a rate of return on common
7		equity of 9.90%, which resulted in a weighted average cost of capital of
8		7.353% as presented on page 5 of my Schedule 1. The equity component for
9		purposes of determining the return on rate base is grossed up to a revenue
10		level in developing the common equity including income taxes revenue
11		requirement on rate base as presented on line 20 of page 4 of my Schedule 1.
12		The final component of my Rate Period revenue requirement is the projected
13		PPI revenue requirement shown on line 4 of page 1 of my Schedule 1.
14		Company Witness Bates provides the PPI calculation, which is incorporated
15		into the revenue requirement and reflected on line 11 of page 3 of my
16		Schedule 1.
17	Q.	Please provide an overview of the DSM/EE EMF Rider CE revenue
18		requirement.
19	Α.	Consistent with Paragraph 37 of the Mechanism, this DSM/EE EMF requests
20		recovery of the "difference between the reasonable and prudent Costs incurred
21		or amortized during the applicable test period and the revenues actually
22		realized during such test period under the DSM/EE rider then in effect." The
23		DSM/EE EMF Rider CE also includes a true-up of the PPI and net lost

revenues components for this same Test Period. Finally, the DSM/EE EMF
Rider CE includes a return on the over- or under-recovery balance up and
until the effective date of the Rate Period on February 1, 2020, calculated at
the rate of return approved in the Company's most recent general rate case in
Docket No. E-22, Sub 532. Commission Rule R8-69(e)(3) provides that the
EMF will remain in effect for a fixed 12-month period and will continue as a
rider to rates established in any intervening general rate case.

Q. Mr. Moore, can you now describe the details of the DSM/EE EMF Rider
 CE revenue requirement calculation presented on page 1 of your

Schedule 2?

A.

Yes. Page 1 of my Schedule 2 presents the DSM/EE EMF Rider CE revenue requirement requested for recovery during the Rate Period. The monthly revenue requirement on line 1 of page 1 of my Schedule 2 reflects the reasonable and prudent costs actually incurred during the Test Period in this proceeding. This actual monthly revenue requirement is calculated on pages 2 and 3 of my Schedule 2 and will be discussed in greater detail below. The actual monthly Rider C revenues included on line 4 of page 1 of my Schedule 2 were obtained from the Company's Accounting Department. As first established in the Company's 2013 DSM/EE cost recovery proceeding, pursuant to NCUC Rule R8-69(c)(3), lines 2 and 5 eliminate utility incentives from the calculation of carrying costs on the EMF Test Period over/under-recovery deferral. The net monthly over- or under-recovered amount as presented on line 7 of page 1 of my Schedule 2 will be refunded or collected

over the Rate Period. In addition, as prescribed by Rule R8-69(b)(6), carrying
costs are calculated on the over- or under-recovered deferral amounts net of
utility incentives at the rate of return approved in the Company's most recent
general rate case in Docket No. E-22, Sub 532. Also pursuant to Commission
Rule R8-69(b)(6), the equity component has been grossed up to reflect the
necessary recovery of income taxes. The total carrying costs calculated on the
monthly over- or under-recovered amounts net of utility incentives for the
Test Period are presented on line 13 of page 1 of my Schedule 2.
A1
Also pursuant to Rule R8-69(b)(6), financing costs are calculated for the
current EMF Test Period over-recovery amount, exclusive of utility
incentives, as presented on line 8 of page 1 of my Schedule 2. Line 15 reflects
these carrying costs which are calculated on line 5 of page 6 of my Schedule 2
for the deferral period of January 2019 through January 2020 at the net-of-tax
rate of return approved in the Company's most recent general rate case in
accordance with Rule R8-69(b)(6).
The carrying costs net of utility incentives to be refunded on line 13 of page 1,
combined with the related 2018 financing costs on line 15, are offset by the
net monthly under-recovered amounts calculated on line 7, to reflect the total
DSM/EE EMF Rider CE revenue requirement amount to be recovered over

the Rate Period.

1	Ų.	riease describe the remaining pages of Schedule 2 that support the
2		DSM/EE EMF Rider CE revenue requirement presented on page 1 of
3		your Schedule 2.
4	A.	Pages 2 and 3 of my Schedule 2 present the monthly revenue requirement for
5		the reasonable and prudent costs actually incurred during the Test Period. The
6		actual operating expenses provided by Company Witness Bates for each
7		Program include a proportionate share of Common Costs allocated according
8		to the methodology described by Company Witness Miller, and are included
9		on line 2 of page 2 of my Schedule 2. This Common Cost allocation
10		methodology is in compliance with the Mechanism and is also consistent with
11	•	the methodology employed in the Company's previous DSM filings. The
12		resulting system level amounts are then allocated to the North Carolina
13		jurisdiction as explained by Company Witness Miller to derive the North
14		Carolina jurisdictional operating expenses including Common Costs presented
15		on line 5 of page 3 of my Schedule 2. Line 6 of page 3 of my Schedule 2
16		presents the monthly property taxes related to the air conditioner cycling
17		program assets, line 7 presents the actual North Carolina jurisdictional
18		depreciation expense, line 8 presents the amortization of EDIT that resulted
19		from the TCJA, and line 9 shows the return on rate base as calculated on page
20		4 of my Schedule 2. Next, the North Carolina jurisdictional net lost revenues
21		calculated on page 5 of my Schedule 2 are included on line 10 of page 3 of my
22		Schedule 2. Finally, the actual PPI amounts for the Test Period, as calculated
23		by Company Witness Bates, are included on line 11 of page 3 of my

1	Schedule 2. The resulting monthly revenue requirement by program
2	calculated on line 12 and totaled on line 13 of page 3 of my Schedule 2
3'	reflects the reasonable and prudent costs actually incurred during the Test
4	Period.
5	The revenue requirement on Rate Base Costs for the Test Period is calculated
6	on page 4 of my Schedule 2. Actual monthly Net Plant balances and ADIT
7	were provided by the Fixed Assets Department and Tax Department,
8	respectively. As explained previously, the ADIT balances include the EDIT
9	balances that resulted from the TCJA. Depreciation expenses incurred during
10	the Test Period are included in the actual costs, and the accumulated balances
11	are shown as a reduction to plant-in-service to derive cumulative system level
12	of net plant as presented on line 4 of page 4 of my Schedule 2. The monthly
13	accumulated deferred income taxes on line 5 of page 4, as supported by my
14	Schedule 3, also serve as monthly reductions to the rate base for the Test
15	Period. These system level amounts are then allocated to the North Carolina
16	jurisdiction as explained by Company Witness Miller to derive the monthly
17	North Carolina jurisdictional AC Cycling rate base amounts as included on
18	line 8.
19	The 2-month average North Carolina jurisdictional rate base over the Test
20	Period is presented on line 9 of page 4. As described earlier in my testimony,
21	to determine the return on rate base for the Test Period, the 2-month rate base
22	averages on line 9 of page 4 were multiplied by the Company's cost of capital
23	based on the capital structure and cost of capital for the 12-month period

1	ended December 31, 2018. The Company utilized the Commission-approved
2	ROE of 9.90% which resulted in a weighted average cost of capital of
3	7.355%, as presented on line 4 of page 7 of my Schedule 2. The equity
4	component is grossed up to a revenue level for purposes of calculating the
5	revenue requirement on rate base costs during the Test Period as presented on
6	line 17 of page 4 of my Schedule 2.
7	Page 5 of my Schedule 2 presents the calculation of the actual net lost
8	revenues for the Test Period, based upon the actual North Carolina
9	jurisdictional energy reductions as presented by Company Witness Deanna R.
10	Kesler. Company Witness Debra A. Stephens provides the billing rates
11	applied to these North Carolina jurisdictional net kWh energy savings as
12	presented on line 2 of page 5 of my Schedule 2. The actual net lost revenues
13	are then reduced for variable O&M savings and found revenues. The variable
14	O&M savings presented on line 4 of page 5 were provided by the Company's
15	Integrated Resource Planning Department. As discussed by Company
16	Witness Hubbard, there were no actual found revenues for the Test Period as
17	indicated on line 5 of page 5 of my Schedule 2. Line 6 of page 5 provides the
18	net lost revenues by program for the Test Period.
19	As previously mentioned, page 6 of my Schedule 2 presents the calculation of
20	financing costs on the Rider CE net of utility incentives over-recovery to be
21	refunded over the Rate Period, pursuant to NCUC Rules R8-69(b)(3) and (6),
22	and Paragraph 39 of the Mechanism.

l Q .	What is the total revenue requirement for Riders C a	and CE
ų Q.	what is the total revenue requirement for Riders C a	ana C

- A. As summarized on page 1 of my Schedule 1, the Company is requesting recovery of projected operating expenses of \$2,970,724, and projected capital cost revenue requirement of \$134,225. These amounts combined with the projected PPI of \$365,331 provide for a total Rider C revenue requirement of
- As depicted on page 1 of my Schedule 2, the Rider CE revenue requirement

 presents the amount of \$464,010, which will be recovered by the Company

 over the Rate Period. The combined revenue requirements for the two riders,

 Rider C and Rider CE, for the Rate Period totals \$3,934,290, representing a

 \$415,933 decrease over the rates currently in effect.
- 12 Q. Does this conclude your pre-filed direct testimony?
- 13 A. Yes, it does.

\$3,470,280.

BACKGROUND AND QUALIFICATIONS OF ALAN J. MOORE

Alan J. Moore received his undergraduate degree from Longwood University with a Bachelor of Science in Business Administration with an Accounting concentration in 2007. Mr. Moore received his Masters of Business Administration degree from Longwood University in 2015. Mr. Moore was hired by the Company in 2007 as an Internal Auditor prior to joining the Regulatory Accounting Department in April 2014. His current position of Regulatory Analyst III in the Regulatory Accounting Department includes responsibility for analyzing and calculating revenue requirements for Dominion Energy North Carolina rate proceedings.

1	(WHEREUPON, Company Exhibit REM-1,
2	Schedules 1-4, is marked for
3	identification as prefiled and
4	received into evidence.
5	Confidential filed under seal.)
6	(WHEREUPON, the prefiled direct
7	testimony and Appendix A of ROBERT
8	E. MILLER is copied into the
9	record as if given orally from the
10	stand.)
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	·

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF ROBERT E. MILLER ON BEHALF OF DOMINION ENERGY NORTH CAROLINA BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION DOCKET NO. E-22, SUB 577

`1	Q.	Please state your name, business address, and position with Virginia
2		Electric and Power Company ("Dominion Energy North Carolina" or the
3		"Company").
4	A.	My name is Robert E. Miller, and I am a Regulatory Analyst III for Dominion
5		Energy North Carolina. My business address is 701 East Cary Street,
6		Richmond, Virginia 23219. A statement of my background and qualifications
7		is attached as Appendix A.
8	Q.	Please describe your area of responsibility with the Company.
9	A.	I am responsible for the preparation of the Company's cost of service studies,
10		distribution allocation factors, and minimum system analysis.
11	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony in this proceeding?
12	A.	My testimony supports the Company's request to recover all reasonable and
13		prudent costs incurred in adopting and implementing the Company's portfolio
14		of North Carolina demand-side management ("DSM") and energy efficiency
15		("EE") programs ("DSM/EE Programs" or "Programs") and utility incentives,
16		through its updated Rider C, as well as the Company's experience
17		modification factor ("EMF") rider, Rider CE ("Application"). The purpose of
18		my testimony is to explain the jurisdiction and customer class responsibility of

1		costs for the approved and proposed DSM/EE Programs for which the
2		Company seeks approval for cost recovery in this proceeding.
3	Q.	Mr. Miller, are you sponsoring any exhibits or schedules in connection
4		with your testimony?
5	A.	Yes. Company Exhibit No. REM-1, consisting of Schedules 1-4 (Schedules 1
6		and 3 provided in public and confidential versions filed under seal) has been
7		prepared under my direction and supervision and is accurate and complete to
8		the best of my knowledge and belief. Schedules 1-4 support the jurisdictional
9		allocation and customer class allocation of DSM/EE costs for the development
10		of Rider C and Rider CE, as follows:
11		• Schedule 1 shows the allocation or assignment of system-level Common
12		Costs to each individual DSM and EE Program and the determination of
13		jurisdictional responsibility of system costs for approved Programs,
14		including allocated Common Costs.
15		 Schedule 2 shows the factors for allocating total Program revenue
16	•	requirements to customer classes.
17		Schedule 3 shows how total Program revenue requirements are allocated
18		to customer classes.
19		Schedule 4 provides the documents to be filed in accordance with NCUC
20		Rule R8-69(f)(1)(ii)(b) and NCUC Rule R8-69(f)(1)(viii).

1	Ų.	before describing now you propose to determine the jurisdictional and
2		customer class responsibility for DSM/EE costs, is the manner you
3		propose consistent with the allocation approach approved in last year's
4		DSM/EE rider proceeding, Docket No. E-22, Sub 556?
5	A.	Yes. The methodology that I will describe is consistent with the methodology
6		approved by the North Carolina Utilities Commission's ("Commission")
7		January 10, 2019 Order in the Company's most recent cost recovery
8		proceeding in Docket No. E-22, Sub 556. This methodology is also consistent
9		with the updated Cost Recovery and Incentive Mechanism ("Mechanism")
10		approved by the Commission's May 22, 2017 Order issued in Docket No. E-
11		22, Sub 464.
12 13		I. ALLOCATION OF COMMON COSTS TO DSM/EE PROGRAMS
14	Q.	Please explain Common Costs and how such costs are allocated to the
15		DSM and EE Programs.
16	A.	Certain costs including internal labor and related costs, program marketing
17		costs, and information gathering costs are not directly attributable to specific
18		Programs. The Company characterizes these costs as "Common Costs,"
19		which are needed to design, implement, and operate the Programs. The DSM
20		and EE Programs are administered in the Company's Virginia and North
21		Carolina service territories that comprise the PJM designated DOM Zone.
22		Therefore, these costs will be incurred and recovered on the DOM Zone
23		system-level basis.

1		According to Paragraphs 29 – 30 of the revised Mechanism, system-level
2		Common Costs are to be allocated to each DSM/EE Program on the basis of
3		the estimated relative operating costs of each individual program including
4		O&M, depreciation, property taxes, and insurance expenses.
5		Schedule 1, Page 1 provides a general description of how system-level
6		Common Costs are allocated to each Program. Page 2 provides the allocation
7		of these costs to the Programs for the January 1, 2018, to December 31, 2018
8		test period ("Test Period") through the EMF for recovery through Rider CE.
9		Page 3 provides the allocation of these costs for the projected calendar year
10		2020 "to be recovered during the February 1, 2020, to January 31, 2021 rate
11.		period ("Rate Period") through Rider C.
12 13		II. JURISDICTIONAL ALLOCATION OF PROGRAM COSTS
14	Q.	Please describe how the system costs for approved DSM/EE Programs,
15		including allocated Common Costs, will be allocated to the North
16		Carolina jurisdiction according to the Mechanism.
17	A.	System-level costs for the approved DSM/EE Programs, including allocated
18		
		Common Costs, are allocated or assigned to the North Carolina jurisdiction
19		Common Costs, are allocated or assigned to the North Carolina jurisdiction according to Paragraph 30 of the Mechanism. Paragraph 30 provides for the
19 20		
		according to Paragraph 30 of the Mechanism. Paragraph 30 provides for the
20		according to Paragraph 30 of the Mechanism. Paragraph 30 provides for the cost of DSM programs to be allocated on the basis of the Company's

1		North Carolina retail jurisdiction; (ii) the Virginia retail jurisdiction; and
2		(iii) Virginia non-jurisdictional customers excluding contract classes that have
3		elected not to particiate and excluding customers in participating contract
4		classes that have elected not to participate and excluding customers in
5		participating contract classes that are exempt or have opted out.
6		Schedule 1, Page 1 provides a general description of how DSM/EE costs are
7		allocated or assigned to the North Carolina jurisdiction. Schedule 1, Page 4
8		provides the development of jurisdictional allocation factors for DSM and EE
9		Programs. Coincident peak and energy allocation factors are calculated as
10		described above to allocate costs from the system to the North Carolina retail
11		jurisdiction. For the updated EMF Test Period, the allocation factors for
12		determining jurisdictional costs are based on the 12 months ended
13		December 31, 2018, and are shown on Schedule 1, Page 4. For the Rate
14		Period, the allocation factors are based on the 12 months ended December 31,
15		2018, and are shown on Schedule 2, Page 2.
16 17		III. ASSIGNMENT AND ALLOCATION OF JURISDICTIONAL COSTS TO CUSTOMER CLASSES
18	Q.	Once costs have been determined for the North Carolina jurisdiction,
19		how will the revenue requirements be assigned or allocated to the
20		customer classes according to the Mechanism?
21	A.	Retail jurisdictional costs for the Company's DSM/EE Program portfolio,
22		including allocated Common Costs, shall be assigned or allocated to North
23		Carolina retail customer classes based on the particular classes at which each

1		program is targeted according to Paragraph 33 of the Mechanism. The cost of
2		residential Programs is assigned to the residential class as shown in
3		Schedule 2, Page 1. The costs of non-residential Programs are allocated to
4		targeted non-residential customer classes using an energy-based allocation
5		factor as shown in Schedule 2, Page 1.
6		Schedule 2, Page 2 provides the development of the coincident peak and
7		energy allocation factors for the non-residential Programs. I have developed
8		class allocation factors for the non-residential programs for both the true-up
9		through the EMF and the projected Rate Period consistent with the time
10		periods used to allocate costs from the system to the jurisdiction. For the
11		updated EMF, the allocation factors for determining customer class
12		responsibility for jurisdictional costs are based on the 12 months ended
13		December 31, 2018, and are shown on Schedule 2, Page 2. I have developed
14		class allocation factors for these same programs. For the projected Rate
15		Period, the allocation factors for determining customer class responsibility for
16		jurisdictional costs are also based on the 12 months ended December 31,
17		2018, and are shown on Schedule 2, Page 2.
18	Q.	How will the Test Period and Rate Period revenue requirements to be
19		recovered through the EMF Rider CE and Rider C be assigned or
20		allocated for the residential Programs to the customer classes?
21	A.	The total amount to be recovered through the DSM/EE EMF Rider CE for the
22		residential Programs will be assigned to the residential class. The total
23		revenue requirement for DSM/EE Programs Rider C for the residential

1		Programs will also be assigned to the residential class for cost recovery
2		purposes. Please refer to Schedule 2, Page 1 for further explanation of this
3		assignment.
4	Q.	How will the Test Period and Rate Period revenue requirements to be
5		recovered through the EMF Rider CE and Rider C be assigned or
6		allocated for the non-residential Programs to the customer classes?
7	A.	The total amount to be recovered through the DSM/EE EMF Rider CE for the
8		non-residential Programs will be allocated to the non-residential customer
9		classes eligible to participate in such Programs. The total revenue
10		requirement for DSM/EE Programs Rider C for the non-residential Programs
11		will also be allocated to the non-residential customer classes eligible to
12		participate in such Programs.
13		Regarding the development of allocation factors, these Programs are not
14		limited to commercial customers as other non-residential customers, including
15		industrial customers, are eligible to participate. The allocation factors used to
16		allocate these revenue requirements will be adjusted for customers who elect
17		to opt out as provided for under N.C.G.S. § 62-133.9(f). In addition, no costs
18		will be allocated to the Street and Outdoor Lighting class or the Traffic
19		Lighting class since such classes will not be targeted by these Programs.
20		Neither class will experience a reduction in energy consumption or demand
21		resulting from these Programs and will, therefore, not experience a benefit due
22		to a change in their production demand allocation factor if all other things
23		remain the same. Other non-residential customer classes that do participate in

1		the Programs will experience reductions in energy consumption and/or
2		demand and may receive a benefit due to a change in their production demand
3		allocation factor. It is appropriate to not allocate any costs to customer classes
4		that will not benefit from participation in a program or programs.
5		Page 1 of my Schedule 2 summarizes the factor used to allocate the costs of
6		the DSM/EE commercial Programs to the customer classes.
7	Q.	Do you have a schedule which shows the allocation to the customer classes
8		of the amounts to be recovered through the DSM/EE EMF Rider CE and
9		DSM/EE Programs Rider C?
10	A.	Yes. Schedule 3, Pages 1 and 2 provide the allocation to the customer classes
11		of the amount that needs to be collected for the Test Period true-up through
12		the DSM/EE EMF Rider CE. Schedule 3, Pages 3 and 4 provide the
13		allocation of the revenue requirement to the customer classes for recovery
14		during the Rate Period through DSM/EE Programs Rider C. These total
15		revenue requirements are obtained from Company Witness Alan J. Moore's
16		Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 for Rider C and Rider CE, respectively.
17	Q.	To summarize, what is the total revenue requirement for DSM/EE
18		Programs by customer class for recovery under the proposed DSM/EE
19		EMF Rider CE and DSM/EE Rider C?
20	A.	Schedule 3, Page 2, line 9 provides the amount to be recovered by each
21		customer class under the proposed DSM/EE EMF Rider CE. Schedule 3,

1		rage 4, line 2 provides the total revenue requirement by customer class under
2		the proposed DSM/EE Rider C.
3	Q.	Please outline what is included in Schedule 4 of your testimony.
4	A.	In accordance with NCUC Rule R8-69(f)(1)(ii)(b), the total cost that the
5		utility does not expect to incur during the Rate Period as a direct result of the
6		DSM/EE measures in the aggregate to the North Carolina jurisdiction are
7		shown on Pages 1 and 2 of my Schedule 4. Expenses not expected to be
8		incurred are provided by Company Witness Deanna R. Kesler. In this
9		Schedule, I provide the North Carolina jurisdictional allocation factors that
10	`	were produced in the Company's most recent SWP&A year ending December
11		31, 2018 cost of service study, as filed on March 29, 2019 and updated on
12		August 5, 2019, in Docket No. E-22, Sub 562. These are factors that would
13		be used to allocate these costs had they been incurred. As shown on Schedule
14		4, Pages 1 and 2, separate demand and energy weighted factors should be used
15		to allocate the demand-related expenses not expected to be incurred and the
16		energy-related expenses not expected to be incurred, respectively. These
17		factors are Factor 1 (demand-weighted) and Factor 3 (energy).
18		Also included in Schedule 4 are Pages 3 through 5, which are workpapers
19		filed in accordance with NCUC Rule R8-69(f)(1)(viii). These pages show the
20		development of allocation factors used to allocate system expenses not
		expected to be incurred during the Rate Period (Pages 4 and 5).
21		expected to be incurred during the ixate retion (rages 4 and 5).

- 1 Q. Does this conclude your direct testimony?
- 2 A. Yes, it does.

BACKGROUND AND QUALIFICATIONS OF ROBERT E. MILLER

Robert E. Miller received a Bachelor of Arts degree in English Literature and Philosophy from the University of Virginia in 2007. He received a post-baccalaureate undergraduate certificate in accounting in 2015. Mr. Miller is also a Certified Public Accountant in Virginia.

Mr. Miller joined the Customer Rates Department in 2015, beginning as a part-time intern and then becoming a full-time employee as a Regulatory Analyst I in 2016, working with the Company's cost of service model. In June of 2018, Mr. Miller was promoted to his current position as a Regulatory Analyst III. His job duties include calculation of distribution plant related allocation factors and preparation of cost of service studies for the Company's Virginia and North Carolina regulated customers and the Company's Non-Jurisdictional customers.

(WHEREUPON, Company Exhibit DAS-1, Schedules 1-12, is marked for identification as prefiled and received into evidence.) (WHEREUPON, the prefiled direct testimony and Appendix A of DEBRA A. STEPHENS is copied into the record as if given orally from the stand()

. (

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF DEBRA A. STEPHENS ON BEHALF OF DOMINION ENERGY NORTH CAROLINA BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

DOCKET NO. E-22, SUB 577

1	Q.	Please state your name, business address, and your position with Virginia
2		Electric and Power Company ("Dominion Energy North Carolina" or the
3		"Company").
4	A.	My name is Debra A. Stephens, and I am a Regulatory Specialist for
5		Dominion Energy North Carolina. My business address is 701 East Cary
6		Street, Richmond, Virginia 23219.
7	Q.	Please describe your area of responsibility with the Company.
8	A.	I provide support and analysis for base rate schedules and Demand Side
9		Planning Riders for the Company's retail jurisdictions. A statement of my
0		background and qualifications is attached as Appendix A.
11	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony in this case?
12	A.	My testimony supports the Company's request to recover all reasonable and
13		prudent costs incurred in adopting and implementing the Company's portfolio
[4		of North Carolina demand-side management ("DSM") and energy efficiency
15		("EE") Programs ("DSM/EE programs" or "Programs"), and utility
16		incentives, through its updated Rider C, as well as the Company's experience
17		modification factor ("EMF") rider, Rider CE ("Application"). The purpose of
18		my testimony is to present the calculation of the updated DSM/EE Rider,

I		Rider C, and the EMF rider, Rider CE. Rider C is designed to recover during
2		the February 1, 2020, through January 31, 2021 period ("Rate Period") the
3		Company's reasonable and prudent costs incurred for the adoption and
4		implementation of the Company's DSM/EE Programs during the Rate Period.
5		Rider CE will true up any over- or under-recovery for the period January 1,
6		2018, through December 31, 2018 ("Test Period"). The Company is
7		requesting the proposed riders, Rider C and Rider CE, become effective for
8		usage on and after February 1, 2020. Additionally, I provide the calculations
9		for the monthly residential and non-residential non-fuel average base rates that
10		have been used by Company Witness Alan J. Moore in determining gross lost
11		revenues.
12	Q.	Ms. Stephens, are you sponsoring any exhibits or schedules in connection
13		with your testimony?
14	A.	Yes. Company Exhibit DAS-1, consisting of Schedules 1 through 12, was
15		prepared under my supervision and is accurate and complete to the best of my
16		knowledge and belief. I also provide my supporting workpapers as required
17		by Commission Rule R8-69(f)(i)(viii).
18	Q.	Would you please discuss the calculation of Rider C?
19	A.	Yes. The Company has calculated the Rider C rates in accordance with the
20		following methodology. To develop the Rider C rate applicable to each of the
21		Company's customer classes, we must first determine forecasted kWh sales
22		for each customer class. For the North Carolina jurisdiction, the Company
23		only forecasts kWh sales and customers by "revenue class" (i.e., Residential,

Commercial, Industrial, Public Authority, and Outdoor Street Lighting/Traffic
Signals), and this revenue class kWh sales forecast is shown on pages 1
through 3 of Schedule 1, as required by Rule R8-69(f)(1)(i). However, these
revenue classes are not perfectly aligned with the Company's customer
classes. Therefore, the Company must allocate the revenue classes' February
2020 through January 2021 forecasted kWh sales down to the customer class
level. This allocation was performed using 2016 through 2018 historical
monthly customer and kWh usage for each customer class to capture the
recent trends of kWh sales and the numbers of customers within each
customer class. This allocation by revenue class (and within revenue class by
rate schedule) is shown on pages 4 and 5 of my Schedule 1. The summary on
page 6 shows the allocation of the 12 months ended January 31, 2021,
forecasted kWh sales for each rate schedule, less the kWh sales for the
industrial and large commercial customers who have "opted out" under North
Carolina General Statutes § 62-133.9(f), to produce a net forecast. Pages 7
and 8 categorize the net forecasted rate schedule kWh sales into the seven
customer classes (i.e., Residential, SGS, NS, LGS, 6VP, Outdoor/Street
Lighting, and Traffic Lighting customer classes).
The rates for Rider C have been derived based upon these net forecasted kWh
sales by customer class. Pages 9 and 10 of Schedule 1 detail the developmen
of the Rider C rate.
Of the August Causes
Page 9 of Schedule 1 shows the customer class allocated revenue
requirements associated with DSM/EE program costs that were provided by

<u>1</u>0

` 15

1		Company Witness Robert E. Miller. By dividing these class revenue
2		requirements by their respective customer class forecasted kWh sales, we
3		have calculated customer class rates, which are then adjusted for the North
4		Carolina Regulatory Fee. Page 10 shows the rate schedules within their
5		associated customer class and provides their respective Rider C rate.
6	Q.	Have you provided projected North Carolina total retail monthly sales
['] 7		for the Rate Period for the commercial and industrial customers who
8		have chosen to opt out of the DSM/EE Rider, as required by Rule
9		R8-69(f)(1)(vii)?
10	A.	Since the Company generally does not forecast kWh sales for individual
11		customers, we have used actual kWh sales from January 1, 2018, to December
12		31, 2018, as a proxy for the projected opt-out kWh sales for the Rate Period
13		for customers that have opted out as of June 30, 2019. Schedule 2 of my pre-
14		filed direct testimony contains the aggregated opt-out customer sales by
15		month.
16	Q.	Have you included the Company's proposed Rider C in Schedule 3 of
17		your pre-filed direct testimony?
18	A.	Yes. Schedule 3 is comprised of the tariff sheet showing the proposed
19		Rider C as required by Rule R8-69(f)(1)(vi), which, if approved as proposed,
20		would be applicable for usage on and after February 1, 2020.

O.	Would you	nlease discuss	the calculation	of Rider	CE?
V.	TTOULU TOU	Diction misenss	the careatation	OXILLIGICI	\mathbf{v}

2	A.	Yes. The Company has calculated the Rider CE rates in accordance with the
3		same methodology as previously approved for calculating Rider C. The
4		allocated class Rider CE revenue requirements used in these calculations are
5		provided in Company Witness Miller's Schedule 3. The forecasted kWh by
6		class and rate schedule for use in developing the Rider CE rates are the same
7		as described in the calculation of the Rider C rates. The results of these
8		calculations are shown in my Schedule 4. The corresponding tariff sheet for
9		the period February 1, 2020, to January 31, 2021, providing the Rider CE
10		rates is shown on page 1 of my Schedule 5.

Q. Would you explain how the proposed Riders C and CE will impact

customers' bills?

A.

For this comparison, the Company has used the Company's currently-authorized base rates that went into effect January 1, 2018, in Docket Nos. E-22 Sub 532 and E-22, Sub 560, and the fuel rates authorized to go into effect February 1, 2019, in the Company's last fuel case, Docket No. E-22, Sub 558, to calculate the customers' "current bill." For Rate Schedule 1 (residential), based on the proposed February 1, 2020 effective date for Riders C and CE, for a customer using 1,000 kWh per month, the weighted monthly residential bill (4 summer months and 8 base months) would increase from \$131.96 to \$132.00, or by 0.03%. For Rate Schedule 5 (small general service), based on the proposed February 1, 2020 effective date for Riders C and CE, for a customer using 12,500 kWh per month and 50 kW of demand,

1		the weighted monthly bill (4 summer months and 8 base months) would
2		decrease from \$1,374.34 to \$1,368.59, or by 0.42%. For Rate Schedule 6P
3		(large general service), based on the proposed February 1, 2020 effective date
4		for Riders C and CE, for a customer using 259,200 kWh on-peak and 316,800
5		kWh off-peak per month and 1,000 kW of demand, the monthly bill would
6		decrease from \$52,078.40 to \$51,358.40, or by 1.38%.
7	Q.	For purposes of truing up lost revenues for the Test Period, would you
8		describe how the non-fuel average base rates were determined?
9	A.	Yes. We have calculated monthly non-fuel average base rates for the Test
10		Period for each DSM program. These monthly non-fuel average base rates
11		are provided to Company Witness Moore, who in turn applies these rates to
12		the measured and verified kWh reductions that occurred during the Test
13		Period, as determined and provided by Company Witness Kesler.
14		In truing up gross lost revenues for the Residential Income and Age
15		Qualifying Program we used the actual participants' non-fuel base revenues
16		and their kilowatt-hour consumption for the period of January 1, 2018, to
17		December 31, 2018, to develop monthly average non-fuel base rates. These
18		calculations are shown in my Schedule 6. To calculate the average rates for
19		the Residential Retail LED Lighting program, we used the average non-fuel
20		base rates for all customers on Rate Schedules 1, 1P, and 1T and the kilowatt-
21		hour consumption for the period of January 1, 2018, to December 31, 2018,
22		shown in Schedule 7.

1	Q.	Did you use the same methodology for the Non-Residential Programs in
2		truing up lost revenues for the Test Period?
3	A.	Yes. We used the actual participants' non-fuel base revenues and their
4		kilowatt-hour consumption for the applicable true-up period to develop
5		monthly average non-fuel base rates. This analysis used the kWh
6		consumption for those customers who participated in the Non-Residential
7		Heating & Cooling Efficiency Program, the Non-Residential Lighting
8		Systems & Controls Program, the Qualifying Small Business Improvement
9		Program, the Non-Residential Window Film Program, and the Non-
10		Residential Prescriptive Program shown in Schedules 8 through 12 during the
11		period of January 1, 2018, to December 31, 2018.
12	Q.	Does this conclude your pre-filed direct testimony?

A.

Yes, it does.

BACKGROUND AND QUALIFICATIONS OF DEBRA A. STEPHENS

Debra A. Stephens graduated from the Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State
University in 1978 with a B.S. in Marketing. She continued her education, completing a
Masters in Business Administration from Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State
University in 1979. In 1985, after spending five years as a Research Analyst for the
Virginia Department of Planning and Budget, Ms. Stephens joined Virginia Electric and
Power Company as a Statistical Analyst in the Insurance and Loss Prevention
Department. In that capacity, she conducted statistical analyses related to insurance and
claims, and participated in a Company-wide assessment of Corporate Risk.

In 1995, Ms. Stephens moved to the Energy Efficiency Department and became part of the Market Research Group. In that position, she worked primarily analyzing non-residential customer data to create a segmentation strategy for these customers. In January 2001, Ms. Stephens joined the Regulatory and Pricing Department as analyst supporting interval customer data. This function was moved to the Metering Department in 2002, along with the supporting staff.

Ms. Stephens returned to the State Regulation Group in 2007 as a Regulatory Analyst III. In 2015, Ms. Stephens was promoted to her current position as a Regulatory Specialist. Her responsibilities include providing support and analysis for the Company's regulatory filings in Virginia and North Carolina. Ms. Stephens has previously presented testimony before the State Corporation Commission of Virginia and the North Carolina Utilities Commission.

MS. FENNELL: The Public Staff would like to move that the testimony of Michael C. Maness of 13 pages and Appendix A and B filed on October 22nd, 2019, and the testimony of David Williamson consisting of 11 pages, and Appendix A, which was corrected on October 29th, just page 7, be entered into the record as if given orally from the stand.

commissioner brown-bland: Without objection, that motion will be allowed. And the testimony of David M. Williamson as corrected will be received into evidence and treated as if given orally from the witnesses stand. And, also, the testimony of Michael C. Maness will be received into evidence and treated as if given orally from the stand.

(WHEREUPON, the prefiled direct testimony, as corrected, and Appendix A of DAVID M. WILLIAMSON is copied into the record as if given orally from the stand.)

BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION DOCKET NO. E-22, SUB 577

In the Matter of		
Application by Virginia Electric and)	TESTIMONY OF
Power Company, d/b/a Dominion)	DAVID M. WILLIAMSON
Energy North Carolina, for Approval of)	On Behalf of the Public
Demand-Side Management and)	Staff – North Carolina
Energy Efficiency Cost Recovery Rider)	Utilities Commission
inder N.C. Gen. Stat. § 62-133.9 and)	
Cammingian Dula D9 60	١.	

October 22, 2019

1	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS, AND
2		PRESENT POSITION.
3	A.	My name is David M. Williamson. My business address is 430 North
4		Salisbury Street, Dobbs Building, Raleigh, North Carolina. I am a
5		Utilities Engineer with the Electric Division of the Public Staff, North
6		Carolina Utilities Commission.
7	Q.	BRIEFLY STATE YOUR QUALIFICATIONS AND DUTIES.
8	A.	My qualifications and duties are included in Appendix A.
9	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
10	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to offer recommendations
11		concerning: (1) the portfolio of demand side management (DSM) and
12		energy efficiency (EE) programs for which Virginia Electric and
13		Power Company (VEPCO), d/b/a Dominion Energy North Carolina
14		(DENC or the Company) is seeking cost recovery through the
15		DSM/EE rider; (2) the cost effectiveness of each DSM and EE
16		program; and (3) the evaluation, measurement, and verification
17		(EM&V) support data for the approved DSM and EE programs.
18	Q.	WHAT STATUTES, COMMISSION RULES, OR ORDERS HAVE
19		YOU REVIEWED IN YOUR INVESTIGATION OF DENC'S
20		PROPOSED DSM/EE RIDER?
21	Α	In preparing my testimony, I reviewed the application, testimony, and

exhibits for approval of cost recovery for DSM and EE measures filed

22

1		by DENC pursuant to N.C. Gen. Stat. § 62-133.9 and Commission
2		Rule R8-69 on August 21, 2018, the DSM/EE cost recovery
3		mechanism approved by the Commission on May 27, 2015 (2015
4		Mechanism), the DSM/EE cost recovery mechanism approved by
5		the Commission on May 22, 2017 (2017 Mechanism), and responses
6		to Public Staff data requests. I also reviewed the 2019 EM&V Report ¹
7		and previous Commission orders related to the Company's DSM and
8	•	EE programs and cost recovery rider proceedings. Additionally, I
9	t	assisted Public Staff witness Michael C. Maness with his review of
10	+	the rider calculations and inputs underlying the riders proposed by
11		DENC in this proceeding.

- 12 Q. PLEASE IDENTIFY THE DSM AND EE PROGRAMS FOR WHICH
- DENC IS SEEKING COST RECOVERY THROUGH THE DSM/EE
- 14 RIDER IN THIS PROCEEDING.
- 15 A. The Company is seeking recovery of costs and/or utility incentives
- incurred for the following DSM and EE programs:
- 17 <u>Residential</u>
- Residential Air Conditioner (AC) Cycling Program (Sub 465)
- Residential Lighting Program (Sub 468)
- Residential Home Energy Check Up Program (Sub 498)
- Residential Duct Testing and Sealing Program (Sub 497)

^{1 &}quot;Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification Report for Dominion Virginia Power," dated April 1, 2019, filed in Docket No. E-22, Sub 556 (EM&V Report). The report provides the participation and program savings related to the DSM/EE programs for Dominion Virginia Power (DVP) and DENC through December 31, 2018. DVP and DENC are both business operating names of VEPCO.

1	 Residential Heat Pump Tune-Up Program (Sub 499)
2	 Residential Heat Pump Upgrade Program (Sub 500)
3	 Residential Income and Age Qualifying Program (Sub 523)
4	 Residential Retail LED Lighting Program (Sub 539)
5	 Residential Home Energy Assessment (Sub 567)*
6	Residential Efficient Products Marketplace (Sub 568)*
7	 Residential Appliance Recycling (Sub 569)*
8	Non-Residential:
9	Commercial Lighting Program (Sub 469)
10	 Commercial HVAC Upgrade Program (Sub 467)
11	 Non-Residential Energy Audit Program (Sub 495)
12	 Non-Residential Duct Testing and Sealing Program (Sub 496
13	 Non-Residential Heating and Cooling Efficiency Program (Sul
14	507)
15	 Non-Residential Lighting Systems and Controls Program (Sul
16	508)
17	 Non-Residential Window Film Program (Sub 509)
18	 Small Business Improvement Program (Sub 538)
19	 Non-Residential Prescriptive Program (Sub 543)
20	 Non-Residential Window Film (Sub 570)*
21	 Non-Residential Small Manufacturing (Sub 571)*
22	 Non-Residential Office (Sub 572)*
23	 Non-Residential Lighting Systems and Controls (Sub 573)*
24	 Non-Residential Heating and Cooling Efficiency (Sub 574)*
25	Above programs marked with an asterisk "*" are currently before the
26	Commission pending approval.

1	Q.	HAVE THERE BEEN ANY NEW OR DISCONTINUED PROGRAMS
2		IN THE DENC PORTFOLIO SINCE THE LAST RIDER FILING?
3	A.	No, other than the programs currently pending approval from the
4		Commission, which I discuss in more detail below.
5	Q.	HAS THE COMPANY WORKED WITH THE PUBLIC STAFF TO
6		EVALUATE THE POSSIBILITY OF OFFERING DSM AND EE
7		PROGRAMS ON A NORTH CAROLINA-ONLY BASIS WHEN IT
8		PLANS TO CANCEL THEM IN VIRGINIA?
9	A.	Yes.
10	Q.	HAS THE COMPANY PROPOSED ANY NEW DSM AND EE
11		PROGRAMS?
12	A.	Yes. On July 12, 2019, the Company filed for approval eight new
13		programs, listed above as Subs 567-574. As of the date of this filing,
14		these programs have not been approved by the Commission;
15		however, the Public Staff has reviewed these program applications
16		and recommended that the Commission approve the programs as
17		filed. The allocation of the North Carolina costs for these programs
18		have been included in the revenue requirement for the Vintage 2020
19		rider calculation (Rider C).
20	Q.	PLEASE DISCUSS THE AVOIDED COSTS USED TO DETERMINE
21		COST EFFECTIVENESS OF THE PORTFOLIO OF PROGRAMS.

ı	A.	The Company altests that that underlying avoided cost sources for
2		the eligible programs are consistent with the most currently approved
3		cost recovery and incentive mechanism dated May 22, 2017, in
4		Docket No. E-22, Sub 464 (Mechanism). Paragraph 19 of the
5		Mechanism states that:
6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8		"For purposes of program approval (new programs or modifications of existing programs submitted pursuant to Commission Rule R8-68), the per kW avoided capacity costs used to calculate cost effectiveness of programs and/or measures shall be determined at the time of DNCP's files its petition for annual cost recovery pursuant to Rule R8-69 and this Mechanism, using comparable methodologies to those used in the most recently approved biennial avoided cost proceeding. The per kWh avoided energy costs shall be those from the recommended or preferred plan reflected in or underlying the most recently filed integrated resource plan."
19		Through discovery, I was able to identify that the Company used Plan
20		E - Federal CO ₂ from its updated 2018 Integrated Resource Plan
21		(IRP) ² and 2016 biennial avoided cost proceeding. ³
22		The Public Staff also reviewed the avoided cost benefits associated
23		with the modeling DENC used to evaluate cost-effectiveness of each
24		program. DENC stated that the inputs related to these avoided
25		capacity and energy benefits of the Programs are consistent with
26		DENC's Compliance 2018 Integrated Resource Plan (IRP filed on

² Docket No. E-100 Sub 157.

³ Docket No. E-100 Sub 148.

March 7, 2019 in Docket No. E-100 Sub 157) and the Mechanism.
However, the Public Staff noted in its review of the new EE programs,
that the Company modeled those programs in a manner that the
Public Staff believes could raise some concern with the inputs used
to value the avoided capacity benefits. DENC's modeling for the
programs included avoided capacity benefits that, in certain years,
are based on the cost per kW of a generic solar unit and market
purchases as outlined in Plan E of its filed 2018 Compliance IRP.
The Public Staff notes that the Compliance IRP calls for new capacity
resources in 2021, which requires that the next resource to be
renewable capacity. The Public Staff believes that the use of a CT is
the appropriate input to the methodology used to determine the
avoided cost rate for capacity; as compared to, the use of other
generation units which overstate the avoided capacity benefits of the
programs. However, the impact was not material to the calculations
of the cost effectiveness for the new EE programs. The Public Staff
intends to discuss the issue of avoided cost modeling with the
Company further in the context of the upcoming Mechanism review
and the next rider proceeding.
PLEASE DISCUSS THE COST EFFECTIVENESS OF THE
PORTFOLIO OF PROGRAMS.

Q.

The testimony and exhibits of DENC witness Deanna Kesler present
the Company's analysis of cost effectiveness for each program.
Company Exhibit DRK-1, Schedule 2, represents the programs
eligible for inclusion in the calculation of the Portfolio Performance
Incentive (PPI) in the Vintage 2020 rider, and includes the
Company's calculations of the Utility Cost (UC) and the Total
Resource Cost (TRC) tests. These data points provide a snapshot of
program performance that is expected over the rate period. The data
also provide a good comparison of the changes in cost effectiveness
from year to year. Schedule 2 also provides the UC test benefits,
which are used in the determination of the PPI component of rider
rates.

Α.

Witness Kesler's revised Exhibit DRK-1, Schedule 4, represents the ongoing cost-effectiveness of DSM and EE programs as modeled in the 2018 IRP over the remaining life of each program. This perspective provides the basis for determining which programs should continue to be offered as DSM or EE programs eligible for cost recovery pursuant to the Company's DSM/EE Mechanism. The Company's revised Exhibit DRK-1, Schedule 4, indicates that all programs except for the Income and Age Qualified Home Improvement Program and the Air Conditioner Cycling Program are projected to be cost effective under both the TRC and UC tests.

1		My review of witness Kesler's calculations of cost-effectiveness
2		indicate that the calculations for Company's revised Exhibit DRK-1,
3		Schedules 2 and 4, have been performed in accordance with the
4		Mechanism.
5	Q.	WHY IS THE AIR CONDITIONING CYCLING PROGRAM NOT
6		COST-EFFECTIVE?
7	A.	Witness Kesler's revised calculations for cost-effectiveness show
8		that the Air Conditioning cycling program is cost-effective under the
9		TRC test, but not under the UC test. The benefits related to the Air
10		Conditioning Cycling program are primarily capacity-related benefits.
11		These benefits have been significantly impacted by the decreases in
12		the value (dollar per kW) of avoided capacity costs experienced by
13		the Company and other investor-owned utilities in North Carolina.
14	Q.	HAVE YOU REVIEWED THE 2019 EM&V REPORT FILED BY
15		DENC?
16	A.	Yes. The Public Staff contracted the services of GDS Associates,
17		Inc. (GDS), to assist it with review of EM&V. With GDS's assistance,
18		I have reviewed the 2019 EM&V Report. This report evaluated the
19		participation and savings for each DSM and EE program approved
20		in both Virginia and North Carolina through December 31, 2018.
21		I also reviewed previous Commission orders to determine if DENC
22		complied with provisions regarding EM&V contained in those orders.

1	Q.	DID DENC AND ITS EM&V CONSULTANT ADOPT OF
2		INCORPORATE THE PUBLIC STAFF'S PREVIOUS EM&V
3		RECOMMENDATIONS?
4	A.	Yes. In the Sub 556 proceeding, the Public Staff made severa
5		EM&V-related recommendations that the Company should take to
6		make appropriate changes and corrections to the Vintage 2016
7		savings for several programs. Those actions were related to the input
8		data used by the Company's EM&V evaluator to calculate savings.
9		Once the correct savings are calculated, the Company typically adds
10		those corrected savings to the next Vintage, which in this case is
11		Vintage 2017. While the Sub 556 order did not specifically indicate
12		Commission acceptance of these recommendations, my review of
13		the savings for Vintage 2017 in this proceeding confirm that the
14		changes and corrections identified by the Public Staff in the Sub 556
15		proceeding have been incorporated into the Vintage 2017 savings as
16		identified in the 2018 EM&V Report.
17	Q.	DO YOU HAVE ANY RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING THE
18		COMPANY'S 2019 EM&V REPORT?
19	A.	No. Based on our review of the 2019 EM&V Report, I do not propose
20		any adjustments to the Company's EM&V Report.

1	Q.	HAVE YOU CONFIRMED THAT THE COMPANY'S
2		CALCULATIONS INCORPORATE THE VERIFIED SAVINGS OF
3		THE 2019 EM&V REPORT?
4	A.	Yes. As in previous cost recovery proceedings, the 2019 EM&V
5		Report provided gross and net savings from the portfolio of programs
6		for the Virginia and North Carolina jurisdictions separately. However,
7		the methodologies and assumptions used in the evaluations of the
8		programs were consistently applied to both jurisdictions. I was able
9		through sampling, to confirm that the information in the 2019 EM&V
10		Report flows into the PPI calculations of both Riders C and CE, and
11		the net lost revenue calculations included in Rider CE. Based on this
12		information and my observations I believe DENC is appropriately
13		incorporating the results of its EM&V efforts into the DSM/EE ride
14		calculations.
15		For purposes of this and previous DSM/EE cost recovery
16		proceedings for DENC, the 2019 EM&V Report data used to true up
17		program savings and participation for Vintage Year 2018 and earlie
18		Vintages are sufficient to consider those Vintage years to be
19		complete for all programs operating in those years.
10		complete for all programs operating in these years.
20	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
21	A.	Yes.

APPENDIX A

QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE

DAVID M. WILLIAMSON

I am a 2014 graduate of North Carolina State University with a Bachelor of Science Degree in Electrical Engineering. I began my employment with the Public Staff's Electric Division in March of 2015. My current responsibilities within the Electric Division include reviewing applications and making recommendations for certificates of public convenience and necessity of small power producers, master meters, and resale of electric service; reviewing applications and making recommendations on transmission proposals for certificates of environmental compatibility and public convenience and necessity; and interpreting and applying utility service rules and regulations.

My primary responsibility within the Public Staff is reviewing and making recommendations on DSM/EE filings for initial program approval, program modifications, EM&V evaluations, and on-going program performance of the portfolio of programs of Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC (DEC), Duke Energy Progress, LLC (DEP), and Dominion Energy North Carolina (DENC). I have filed affidavits and testimony in various DEC, DEP, and DENC's DSM/EE rider proceedings.

(WHEREUPON, the prefiled direct testimony and Appendix A of MICHAEL C. MANESS is copied into the record as if given orally from the stand.)

BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

DOCKET NO. E-22, SUB 577

In the Matter of
Application by Virginia Electric and)
Power Company, d/b/a Dominion)
Energy North Carolina, for Approval of)
Demand-Side Management and Energy)
Efficiency Cost Recovery Rider under)
N.C.G.S. § 62-133.9 and Commission
Rule R8-69

TESTIMONY OF
MICHAEL C. MANESS PUBLIC STAFF - NORTH
CAROLINA UTILITIES
COMMISSION

October 22, 2019

1	Q.	PLEASE :	STATE	YOUR	NAME,	BUSINESS	ADDRESS,	AND
2		PRESENT	POSITI	ON.				

- A. My name is Michael C. Maness. My business address is 430 North

 Salisbury Street, Dobbs Building, Raleigh, North Carolina. I am the

 Director of the Accounting Division of the Public Staff North

 Carolina Utilities Commission (Public Staff).
- 7 Q. BRIEFLY STATE YOUR QUALIFICATIONS AND DUTIES.
- 8 A. A summary of my qualifications and duties is set forth in Appendix B of this testimony.
- 10 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
- The purpose of my testimony is to present my recommendations 11 Α. 12 regarding (1) the prospective Demand-Side Management / Energy Efficiency rider (DSM/EE rider or Rider C) and (2) the DSM/EE 13 14 Experience Modification Factor rider (DSM/EE EMF rider or Rider 15 CE) proposed by Virginia Electric and Power Company d/b/a Dominion Energy North Carolina (DENC or the Company) in its 16 Application filed in this docket on August 13, 2019.1 The DSM/EE 17 18 and DSM/EE EMF Riders are authorized by N.C. Gen. Stat. § 62-133.9 and implemented pursuant to Commission Rule R8-69. In 19

¹ Riders C and CE are each comprised of various class-based billing rates.

1	addition to my filing of this testimony, Public Staff witness David M
2·	Williamson has also filed testimony in this proceeding.

3 Q. HOW IS YOUR TESTIMONY ORGANIZED?

11

12

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

A. My testimony begins with a review of the regulatory framework for DSM/EE cost recovery by electric utilities and the historical background of DENC's Application in this docket. I then discuss the Company's proposed billing rates and other aspects of its filing. Following a summary of my investigation, I present my conclusions and recommendations regarding approval of the proposed billing rates making up Riders C and CE.

THE PROCESS FOR SETTING DENC'S DSM/EE REVENUE REQUIREMENTS

13 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE BASIS FOR THE COMPANY'S FILING.

N.C. Gen. Stat. § 62-133.9(d) allows a utility to petition the Commission for approval of an annual rider to recover (1) the reasonable and prudent costs of new DSM and EE measures and (2) other incentives to the utility (utility incentives) for adopting and implementing new DSM and EE measures. However, N.C. Gen. Stat. § 62-133.9(f) allows industrial and certain large commercial customers to opt out of participating in the power supplier's DSM/EE programs or paying the DSM/EE rider, if an eligible customer notifies its electric power supplier that it has implemented or will implement, at its own expense, alternative DSM and EE measures. Commission

1	Rule	R8-69	sets	forth	the	general	parameters	and	procedures
2	gover	ning ap	prova	ıl of th	e an	nual ridei			

3 In this proceeding, DENC has, for the most part, calculated its 4 proposed Riders C and CE using the Cost Recovery and Incentive 5 Mechanism for Demand-Side Management and Energy Efficiency 6 Programs approved by the Commission in its Order Approving 7 Revised Cost Recovery and Incentive Mechanism, issued in Docket 8 No. E-22, Sub 464, on May 22, 2017 (2017 Mechanism). The 2017 9 Mechanism became effective as of May 22, 2017, for projected costs 10 and utility incentives beginning January 1, 2018, and for true-ups of costs and utility incentives beginning January 1, 2017.² The 2017 11 12 Mechanism changed the calculation of the bonus incentive approved for inclusion in its DSM/EE and DSM/EE EMF riders from a Program 13 Performance Incentive to a Portfolio Performance Incentive (PPI), as 14 15 further explained below.

16 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE 2017 MECHANISM AND ITS MAJOR 17 COMPONENTS.

18 A. The overall purpose of the 2017 Mechanism is to (1) allow DENC to 19 recover all reasonable and prudent costs incurred for adopting and

² For the levelization run-out of the trued-up bonus utility incentives for measures installed or implemented prior to 2017, the Company carried forward those incentives as calculated pursuant to mechanisms approved by the Commission in 2015 and 2011. The program cost, common costs, and net lost revenue utility incentive revenue requirements are calculated in the same manner under the 2017 Mechanism as they were under the 2015 and 2011 mechanisms.

implementing new DSM and new EE measures; (2) establish the					
terms, conditions, and methodology for the recovery of certain utility					
incentives - Net Lost Revenues (NLR) and the PPI - to reward DENC					
for adopting and implementing DSM and EE measures and					
programs; (3) provide for an additional incentive to further encourage					
kilowatt-hour (kWh) savings achievements; and (4) establish certain					
requirements and guidelines for requests by DENC for approval,					
monitoring, and management of DSM and EE programs. The 2017					
Mechanism includes many provisions that indirectly influence the					
ratemaking process for DSM and EE costs and utility incentives,					
including provisions that address program approval and tests of					
continuing cost-effectiveness, various procedural matters, reporting					
requirements, and future review of the 2017 Mechanism itself.					
Additionally, the 2017 Mechanism includes provisions that directly					
address the determination of the annual DSM/EE and DSM/EE EMF					
riders. A summary of those provisions is set forth in Appendix A of					
this testimony.					

THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED BILLING RATES

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE BILLING FACTORS, VINTAGE YEARS,
 RATE PERIOD, AND TEST PERIOD BEING CONSIDERED IN
 THIS PROCEEDING.

7	A.	The rate period proposed by DEIVC for this proceeding is the twelve-
2		month period from February 1, 2020, through January 31, 2021
3		This is the proposed period over which the DSM/EE and DSM/EE
4		EMF riders set herein will be charged, and follows the practice
5		approved by the Commission in last year's proceeding. However,
6		as explained in various Company witnesses' testimonies, for
7		purposes of this proceeding the Company has used estimated
8		calendar year 2020 DSM/EE costs and benefits as a proxy for
9		estimated rate period costs and benefits, because of the manner in
10		which the Company normally models annual projected amounts.
11		The test period applicable to this proceeding (the presumptive period
12		for which the under- or overrecoveries of DSM/EE costs and NLR
13		are measured) is the twelve-month period ended December 31,
14		2018. ³
15		Vintage Years, used for tracking PPI and NLR related to DSM/EE
16		measures installed in those years, correspond to calendar years.
17		Thus, in this proceeding, prospective rates are being set based or
18		Vintage Year 2020, while Vintage Year 2018 is being trued up.

³ DENC has not requested in this proceeding to incorporate in its DSM/EE EMF rider calculations the under- or overrecovery of DSM/EE costs experienced up to 30 days prior to the hearing, as would be permitted by Commission Rule R8-69(b)(2).

1	In its Application, DENC requested approval of class-specific
2	forward-looking DSM/EE billing rates (Rider C) based on a North
3	Carolina retail revenue requirement of \$3,470,280 (excluding any
4	revenue adder for the North Carolina Regulatory Fee (NCRF)).
5	Likewise, the Company requested approval of class-specific
6	decrement DSM/EE EMF billing rates (Rider CE) based on a North
7	Carolina retail true-up revenue requirement increment of \$464,010,
8	excluding the NCRF. These revenue requirements are made up of
9	the following components, as set forth in the testimony of the DENC
10	witnesses and their accompanying exhibits:
11 12 13 14	RIDER CProgram costs (including common costs)\$3,104,949PPI365,331Total Rider C revenue requirement\$3,470,280
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	RIDER CE Program costs (including common costs) \$3,015,234 NLR 646,489 PPI 324,148 Test period Rider C revenues (3,495,984) Net rev. req. before carrying costs and int. 489,887 Carrying costs (25,877) Interest on EMF refund 0 Total Rider CE revenue requirement \$464,010
24	As in the 2014-2018 proceedings, DENC did not request NLR as part
25	of Rider C. Also, consistent with the 2017 Mechanism, the Company
26	calculated the PPI amount included in Rider C using a simplified
27	approach. As explained in the testimony of Company witness Bates
28	and set forth in his exhibits, the Company calculated the estimated

PPI for Vintage Year 2020 by adding (a) the verified levelized
amounts related to Vintage Years 2018 and prior that are due to be
collected in 2020 to (b) a conservative estimate of the levelized PPI
amounts related to Vintage Years 2019 and 2020 (2019 is included
because the evaluation, measurement, and verification (EM&V)
process for that year has not yet been completed). The 2019
estimate is based on the amount calculated by the Company in the
2018 proceeding for the 2019 rate year. The 2020 estimate is based
on 1.00% (the ratio used in the 2018 proceeding) of the Company's
estimates of 2020 DSM/EE operating expenses, with certain
programs excluded altogether.
The components of the Company's proposed N.C. retail Rider C and
Rider CE revenue requirements were largely calculated by DENC
witnesses Bates and Moore, using jurisdictional allocation factors
provided by DENC witness Miller in accordance with the 2017
Mechanism. Witness Miller indicated in his testimony that he then
took the jurisdictional revenue requirements and assigned or
allocated them to the various North Carolina retail rate classes
consistent with the 2017 Mechanism.
In her testimony, DENC witness Stephens indicated that she took the
class-specific Rider C and Rider CE revenue requirements
developed by witness Miller and converted them into per-kWh billing

Page 8

rates, using projected rate period kWh sales for each customer class
excluding estimated kWh sales related to opted-out customers. The
specific billing rates proposed by the Company in its Application are
set forth in witness Stephens' exhibits.

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

Α.

INVESTIGATION AND CONCLUSIONS

6 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR INVESTIGATION OF DENC'S FILING.

My investigation of DENC's filing in this proceeding focused on determining whether the proposed DSM/EE and DSM/EE EMF billing rates were (a) calculated in accordance with the 2017 Mechanism, and (b) otherwise adhered to sound ratemaking concepts and principles. The procedures I and other members of the Public Staff's Accounting Division acting under my supervision utilized included a review of the Company's filing, relevant prior Commission proceedings and orders, and workpapers and source documentation used by the Company to develop the proposed billing rates. Performing the investigation required the review of responses to data requests, as well as discussions with Company personnel. The investigation also included a review of the actual DSM/EE program costs incurred by DENC during the twelve-month period ended December 31, 2018. To accomplish this, the Accounting Division selected and reviewed samples of source documentation for test year costs included by the Company for recovery through the

DSM/EE Rider. Review of these samples, which is still underway as
of the date of pre-filing of this testimony, is intended to test whether
the actual costs included by the Company in the DSM and EE billing
rates are either valid costs of approved DSM and EE programs or
administrative (common) costs supporting those programs.

A.

The investigation, including the sampling of source documentation, concentrated primarily on costs and NLR related to the test period, and verified PPIs related to the 2011-2018 period, all of which are to be included in the true-up DSM/EE EMF billing rates approved in this proceeding. The Public Staff also performed a more general review of the prospective billing rates proposed to be charged for the rate period, which are subject to true-up in future proceedings.

Q. WHAT ARE YOUR FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS?

Based on my investigation, I am of the opinion that the Company has generally calculated its proposed DSM/EE billing rates (included in Rider C) and DSM/EE EMF billing rates (included in Rider CE) in a manner consistent with N.C. Gen. Stat. § 62-133.9, Commission Rule R8-69, and the 2017 Mechanism. However, this conclusion is subject to the caveat that the Public Staff is still in the process of reviewing certain data responses received from the Company in the last few days, including documentation of costs selected for review in the Public Staff's sample; once this review is complete, the Public

2		utility DSM/EE rider proceedings.
3	Q.	WHAT IS THE IMPACT OF RECOMMENDATIONS MADE BY
4		PUBLIC STAFF WITNESS WILLIAMSON IN HIS TESTIMONY ON
5		YOUR CONCLUSIONS REGARDING THE DSM/EE REVENUE
6		REQUIREMENTS IN THIS PROCEEDING?
7	A.	Public Staff witness Williamson has filed testimony in this proceeding
8		regarding DENC's DSM/EE portfolio (including certain new programs
9		currently filed with the Commission for approval), the cost-
10		effectiveness of each program, and the 2019 Evaluation,
11		Measurement, and Verification (EM&V) Report, which reported on
12		the results of DENC's programs through December 31, 2018. None
13		of the topics and issues he discusses necessitates an adjustment in
14		this particular proceeding to the Company's billing factor
15		calculations.
16		Notwithstanding the above, Mr. Williamson does note in his
17		testimony that the Public Staff believes that a combustion turbine
18		(CT) is the appropriate input to use in the determination of avoided
19		capacity cost benefits, rather than the mixture of generation resource
20		types used by the Company. He states that the Public Staff intends
21		to further discuss this matter with the Company. In accordance with
22		this intent, I recommend that the final determination of Vintage 2020

Staff will file the results with the Commission, as it has in certain past

1

1	per kW avoided capacity cost benefits for PPI purposes be delayed
2	until next year's DSM/EE rider proceeding, even though the
3	Mechanism provides that it would normally be determined in the
4	current proceeding.

Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR CONCLUSIONS REGARDING DENC'S BILLING RATES.

A. In summary, subject to completion of the review of sampled cost items and other recently received data, the Public Staff has found no errors or other issues necessitating an adjustment to DENC's proposed billing rates in this proceeding.

RECOMMENDATION

12 · Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION IN THIS PROCEEDING?

A. Based on the results of the Public Staff's investigation, and subject to the caveat above, I recommend approval of the Rider C and CE rates as proposed by DENC in its August 13, 2019 Application. The recommended billing rates should be approved subject to any true-ups in future cost recovery proceedings consistent with the 2017 Mechanism, N.C. Gen. Stat. § 62-133.9, Commission Rule R8-69, and future Commission orders. The Public Staff notes that reviewing the calculation of the DSM/EE and DSM/EE EMF riders is a process that involves reviewing numerous assumptions, inputs, and calculations, and its recommendation with regard to this proposed

1		rider is not intended to indicate that the Public Staff will not raise
2		questions in future proceedings regarding the same or similar
3		assumptions, inputs, and calculations.
4		I also recommend, as set forth above, that the final determination of
5		Vintage 2020 per kW avoided capacity cost benefits for PPI purposes
6		be delayed until next year's DSM/EE rider proceeding.
7	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
8	A.	Yes, it does.

APPENDIX A PAGE 1 OF 2

SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PORTIONS OF DENC'S DSM/EE MECHANISM

- Special jurisdictional allocation procedures will be evaluated for programs that operate in only either the Virginia or North Carolina retail jurisdictions, or that are limited in their operation in either jurisdiction.
- 2. In general, DENC shall be allowed to recover, through the DSM/EE and the DSM/EE EMF riders, all reasonable and prudent costs of Commission-approved DSM/EE programs. However, any of the Stipulating Parties may propose a procedure for the deferral and amortization of all or a portion of DENC's non-capital program costs to the extent those costs are intended to produce future benefits. For program costs not deferred for amortization in future DSM/EE riders, the accrual of a return on any under-recoveries or over-recoveries of cost will follow the requirements of Commission Rule R8-69(b), subparagraphs (3) and (6), unless the Commission determines otherwise.
- 3. DENC shall be allowed to recover NLR as a utility incentive (with the exception of those amounts related to research and development or the promotion of general awareness and education of EE and DSM activities), but shall be limited for each measurement unit installed in a given vintage year to those dollar amounts resulting from kWh sales reductions experienced during the first 36 months after the installation of the measurement unit. NLR related to pilot programs are subject to additional qualifying criteria. Recoverable NLR shall ultimately be based on kWh sales reductions and kilowatt (kW) savings verified through the EM&V process and approved by the Commission.
- 4. The eligibility of kWh sales reductions to generate recoverable NLR during the applicable 36-month period will cease upon the implementation of a Commission-approved alternative recovery mechanism that accounts for the otherwise eligible NLR, or new rates approved by the Commission in a general rate case or comparable proceeding that account for the NLR.
- 5. NLR will be reduced by net found revenues, as defined in the 2017 Mechanism, that occur in the same 36-month period. Net found revenues will be determined according to the "Decision Tree" process included in the 2017 Mechanism.
- 6. Subject to certain exceptions, DENC shall be allowed to collect a portfoliobased bonus utility incentive, the PPI, for each DSM or EE program approved and in effect during a given vintage year. The PPI is based on the net savings of each program or measure as calculated using the Utility

APPENDIX A PAGE 2 OF 2

Cost Test, or UCT, and is equal to 9.08% of the present value of net savings for DSM programs and measures and 14.76% of the present value of net savings for EE programs and measures. The 9.08% and 14.76% factors shall be subject to review in each annual rider proceeding to ensure the continued reasonableness of the PPI. The PPI shall be converted into a stream of no more than 10 levelized annual payments. In determining the initial estimate of the PPI to be included in the DSM/EE rider, DENC may utilize a reasonable and appropriate estimation accomplished by a simpler and conservative method.

- The per kW avoided capacity benefits used to calculate net savings for each 7. Program and Vintage Year shall be determined annually by DENC using comparable methodologies to those used in the most recently approved biennial avoided cost proceeding. The per kWh avoided energy benefits used shall be those reflected in or underlying the most recently filed DENC's assumptions used in these integrated resource plan (IRP). methodologies, as well as the methodologies, are subject to the Public Staff's review and acceptance at the time DENC files its petition for annual cost recovery pursuant to Rule R8-69 and this Mechanism. Unless DENC and the Public Staff agree otherwise, DENC shall not be allowed to update its avoided capacity costs and avoided energy costs after filing its petition for its annual cost recovery proceeding pursuant to Rule R8-69 and this Mechanism and prior to the Commission's order establishing the rider for that rate period for purposes of calculating the PPI.
- 8. The per kW avoided transmission and avoided distribution (avoided T&D) costs used to calculate net savings for a Vintage Year shall be based on a study updated at least every five years, or as appropriate and agreed to by the Company and the Public Staff.

APPENDIX B PAGE 1 OF 2

QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE

MICHAEL C. MANESS

I am a graduate of the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill with a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration with Accounting. I am a Certified Public Accountant and a member of both the North Carolina Association of Certified Public Accountants and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

As Director of the Accounting Division of the Public Staff, I am responsible for the performance, supervision, and management of the following activities: (1) the examination and analysis of testimony, exhibits, books and records, and other data presented by utilities and other parties under the jurisdiction of the Commission or involved in Commission proceedings; and (2) the preparation and presentation to the Commission of testimony, exhibits, and other documents in those proceedings. I have been employed by the Public Staff since July 12, 1982.

Since joining the Public Staff, I have filed testimony or affidavits in a number of general, fuel, and demand-side management/energy efficiency rate cases of the utilities currently organized as Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC, Duke Energy Progress, LLC., and Virginia Electric and Power Company (Dominion Energy North Carolina), as well as in several water and sewer general rate cases. I have also filed testimony or affidavits in other proceedings, including

APPENDIX B PAGE 2 OF 2

applications for certificates of public convenience and necessity for the construction of generating facilities, approval of self-generation deferral rates, approval of cost and incentive recovery mechanisms for electric utility demandside management and energy efficiency (DSM/EE) efforts, and approval of cost and incentive recovery pursuant to those mechanisms.

I have also been involved in several other matters that have come before this Commission, including the investigation undertaken by the Public Staff into the operations of the Brunswick Nuclear Plant as part of the 1993 Carolina Power & Light Company fuel rate case (Docket No. E-2, Sub 644), the Public Staff's investigation of Duke Power's relationship with its affiliates (Docket No. E-7, Sub 557), and several applications for business combinations involving electric utilities regulated by this Commission. Additionally, I was responsible for performing an examination of Carolina Power & Light Company's accounting for the cost of Harris Unit 1 in conjunction with the prudence audit performed by the Public Staff and its consultants in 1986 and 1987.

I have had supervisory or management responsibility over the Electric Section of the Accounting Division since 1986, and also was assigned management duties over the Water Section of the Accounting Division during the 2009-2012 time frame. I was promoted to Director of the Accounting Division in late December 2016.

1	COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Is there anything
2	else or does that conclude our case?
3	MR. BREITSCHWERDT: Nothing.
4	MS. FENNELL: (Shakes head no).
5	COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right. Then
6	the record will be closed. And with regard to the
7	proposed orders, is 30 days from today acceptable?
8	MR. BREITSCHWERDT: Yes, ma'am.
9	MS. FENNELL: Uh-huh (yes).
10	COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right. So
11	ordered.
12	There being nothing further for this case,
13	this case will be adjourned.
14	(The proceedings were adjourned)
15	,
16	
17	1
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	

CERTIFICATE I, KIM T. MITCHELL, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the Proceedings in the above-captioned matter were taken before me, that I did report in stenographic shorthand the Proceedings set forth herein, and the foregoing pages are a true and correct transcription to the best of my ability. Kim T. Mitchell Court Reporter W. Ath

FILED NOV 2 7 2019

Clerk's Office N.C. Utilities Commission