Mar 18 2021

INFORMATION SHEET

PRESIDING: Commissioner Clodfelter, Commissioners Brown-Bland, Gray, Duffley, Hughes, McKissick
PLACE: Via Videoconference
DATE: March 3, 2021
TIME: 10:00 a.m. to 12:22 p.m.
DOCKET NOS.: E-2, Sub 1177 and E-7, Sub 1172
COMPANIES: Cube Yadkin Generation, LLC, Duke Energy Progress, LLC, Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC
DESCRIPTION: In the Matter of Cube Yadkin Generation, LLC, Complainant, v. Duke Energy

Progress, LLC, and Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC

VOLUME: 1

APPEARANCES (See attached.)

WITNESSES and EXHIBITS

(See attached.)

REPORTED BY: Kim Mitchell

TRANSCRIBED BY: Kim Mitchell DATE FILED: March 17, 2021 TRANSCRIPT PAGES: 116 PREFILED PAGES: 31 TOTAL PAGES: 147

1						
1	PLACE: Via Videoconference					
2	DATE: Wednesday, March 3, 2021					
3	TIME: 10:00 a.m 12:22 p.m.					
4	DOCKET NO: E-2, Sub 1177					
5	E-7, Sub 1172					
6	BEFORE: Commissioner Daniel G. Clodfelter, Presiding					
7	Commissioner ToNola D. Brown-Bland					
8	Commissioner Lyons Gray					
9	Commissioner Kimberly W. Duffley					
10	Commissioner Jeffrey A. Hughes					
11	Commissioner Floyd B. McKissick, Jr.					
12						
13	IN THE MATTER OF:					
14	Cube Yadkin Generation, LLC, Complainant					
15	V .					
16	Duke Energy Progress, LLC,					
17	and					
18	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC, Respondents					
19						
20	Volume 1					
21						
22						
23						
24						
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NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

1 APPEARANCES:						
2 FOR CUBE YADKIN GENERA	FOR CUBE YADKIN GENERATION, LLC:					
3 Joseph S. Dowdy, Esq.,	Partner					
4 Phillip A. Harris, Jr.	, Esq., Counsel					
5 Benjamin L. Snowden, E	sq., Counsel					
6 Kilpatrick Townsend &	Stockton LLP					
7 4208 Six Forks Road, S	uite 1400					
8 Raleigh, North Carolin	a 27609					
9						
10 FOR DUKE ENERGY PROGRE	SS, LLC, and					
11 DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS,	LLC:					
12 Kendrick C. Fentress,	Esq.					
13 Associate General Coun	sel					
14 Duke Energy Corporatio	n					
15 410 S. Wilmington Stre	et/NCRH 20					
16 Raleigh, North Carolin	a 27602					
17						
18 Robert W. Kaylor, Esq.						
19 Law Office of Robert W	. Kaylor, P.A.					
20 353 E. Six Forks Road,	Suite 260					
21 Raleigh, North Carolin	a 27609					
22						
23						
24						

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TABLE OF CONTENTS E X A M I N A T I O N S: JOHN R. COLLINS Direct Examination by Mr. Harris..... Prefiled Direct Testimony..... Prefiled Rebuttal Testimony..... Cross Examination by Ms. Fentress..... Redirect Examination by Mr. Harris..... Examination by Commissioner Brown-Bland..... Examination by Commissioner Duffley..... Examination by Commissioner McKissick..... Examination by Commissioner Clodfelter..... Examination by Ms. Fentress..... Examination by Mr. Harris.....

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1	EXHIBITS					
2	IDENTIFIED / ADMITTED					
3	Collins Direct Exhibits 1 - 5 21/144					
4	(Confidentiality waived)					
5	Collins Rebuttal Exhibits 1 - 6 37/144					
6	(Confidentiality waived)					
7	Collins Duke Cross Examination 66/145					
8	Exhibit 1					
9	Collins Duke Cross Examination 70/145					
10	Exhibit 2					
11	Collins Duke Cross Examination 71/145					
12	Exhibit 3					
13	Collins Duke Cross Examination 76/145					
14	Exhibit 4					
15	Collins Duke Cross Examination 79/145					
16	Exhibit 5					
17	Collins Duke Cross Examination 79/145					
18	Exhibit 6					
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	NODELL CADOLINA LETTINE COMMISSION					

NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

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15 410 S. Wilmington Stre	et/NCRH 20					
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NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

DATE:	March 3, 2021	DOCKET NO.:	E-7 Sub 1172 & E-2 Sub 1177		
			ess, Associate General Counsel		
ADDRE	SS: <u>410 S. Wi</u>	Imington St., NC20			
CITY: _	Raleigh	STATE : <u></u>	_ ZIP CODE: <u>27602</u>		
APPEARANCE ON BEHALF OF: _ Duke Energy Progress, LLC and Duke Energy					
Carolin	as, LLC				
APPLIC	ANT:	COMPLAINANT:	INTERVENOR:		
PROTE	STANT:	RESPONDENT: _X	DEFENDANT:		

Non-confidential transcripts are located on the Commission's website. To view and/or print transcripts, go to https://ncuc.net, hover over the Dockets tab and select Docket Search, enter the docket number and click search, select the highlighted docket number and select Documents for a list of all documents filed.

To receive an electronic **CONFIDENTIAL** transcript, please complete the following:

 \blacksquare Yes, I have signed the Confidentiality Agreement.

Email: kendrick.fentress@duke-energy.com

SIGNATURE: Kendnik C. Jerthess

(Required for distribution of <u>CONFIDENTIAL</u> transcript)

OFFICIAL COP

 DATE: March 3, 2021
 DOCKET NO.: E-2, Sub 1177; E-7, Sub 1172

 ATTORNEY NAME and TITLE: Robert W. Kaylor, attorney

 FIRM NAME: Law Office of Robert W. Kaylor, P.A.

 ADDRESS: 353 E. Six Forks Rd., Ste. 260

 CITY: Raleigh

 STATE: NC

 ZIP CODE: 27609

 APPEARANCE ON BEHALF OF: Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC, Duke Energy Progress, LLC

 APPLICANT: ____ COMPLAINANT: ____ INTERVENOR: ____

 PROTESTANT: ____ RESPONDENT: X____ DEFENDANT: ____

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SIGNATURE: _____

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DATE:	March 3, 2020	DOCKET NO.:		E-2, Sub 1177 and	I E-7, Sub 1172	
ATTOR	ATTORNEY NAME and TITLE: Joseph S. Dowdy, Partner					
FIRM N	AME:	Kilpatrick Townsend & Stock	kton LLP			
		08 Six Forks Road, Suite 140				
CITY:	Raleigh	STATE:	NC	ZIP CODE:	27609	
	APPEARANCE ON BEHALF OF:Cube Yadkin Generation, LLC					
APPLIC	CANT:	COMPLAINA	NT: <u>×</u>	INTERVENO	PR:	
PROTE	STANT:	RESPONDEN	F:	DEFENDAN	Г:	

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Email:	jdowdy@kilpatricktownsend.com
	URE: Joseph ADardy
	(Required for distribution of <u>CONFIDENTIAL</u> transcript)

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Mar 18 2021

NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION APPEARANCE SLIP

DATE:	March 3, 2020	DOC	KET NO.:	E-2, Sub 1177 and	d E-7, Sub 1172		
	ATTORNEY NAME and TITLE: Phillip A. Harris, Jr., Counsel						
		Kilpatrick Townsend & Stoc					
ADDRE	SS:42	208 Six Forks Road, Suite 140	00				
CITY:	Raleigh	STATE:	NC	_ ZIP CODE:	27609		
APPEARANCE ON BEHALF OF:Cube Yadkin Generation, LLC							
APPLIC	CANT:	COMPLAINA	NT: _ <u>×</u> _	INTERVENC)R:		
PROTE	STANT:	RESPONDEN ⁻	Г:	DEFENDAN	T:		

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To receive an electronic **CONFIDENTIAL** transcript, please complete the following:

X Yes, I have signed the Confidentiality Agreement.

Email:pharris@kilpatricktownsend.com
SIGNATURE: Phillip a Harris, Jr of semissin Jss
(Required for distribution of <u>CONFIDENTIAL</u> transcript)

DATE:	March 3, 2020	DOCKE	DOCKET NO.:		E-2, Sub 1177 and E-7, Sub 1172	
				Counsel		
FIRM N		Kilpatrick Townsend & Stockton				
ADDRE	SS:42	08 Six Forks Road, Suite 1400				
CITY:	Raleigh	STATE:	С	_ ZIP CODE:	27609	
APPEA	RANCE ON	BEHALF OF:	ibe Yadkin Ge	eneration, LLC		
APPLIC	ANT:	COMPLAINANT	_ <u>X</u>	INTERVENO	R:	
PROTE	STANT:	RESPONDENT:		DEFENDAN	Г:	

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To receive an electronic **CONFIDENTIAL** transcript, please complete the following:

X Yes, I have signed the Confidentiality Agreement.

Email:bsnowden@kilpatricktownsend.com
SIGNATURE: Benjanin L Snowden 4/ punsin J3D
(Required for distribution of <u>CONFIDENTIAL</u> transcript)

Collins Direct

I/A

Mar 18 2021

Exhibit 1

Docket No. E-7, Sub 1172 Docket No. E-2, Sub 1177



-35-

Duke Energy 299 First Avenue North St. Petersburg, FL 33701

Mar 29 2018

September 21, 2016

Cube Hydro Partners Two Bethesda Metro Center, Suite 1330 Bethesda, MD 20814

Attn: John R. Collins Executive Vice President and Managing Director - Business Development

Re: Inquiry concerning sale of output of Yadkin system to Duke Energy

Dear John:

This letter is a follow up to our conversation of September 16, 2016 during which I communicated to you Duke Energy Progress, LLC and Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC's (collectively/individually, "Duke") positions in response to your inquiry soliciting Duke's interest in purchasing the output of the Yadkin system. The "Yadkin System" consists of four hydro-electric units as follows: High Rock Station, approximately 33 MW; Tuckertown Station, approximately 39 MW; Falls Station, approximately 30 MW; and Narrows Station, approximately 119 MW.

The Yadkin system is currently owned and operated by Alcoa Inc., and is the subject of a potential purchase by Cube Yadkin Generation, LLC ("Cube Yadkin"). You informed me that Cube Yadkin does not currently own or operate the Yadkin system, but anticipates that it will close on the transaction to own and operate the facilities around November 1, 2016. As I communicated to you previously, Duke does not have any current needs for energy or capacity; however, if a need arises in the future, Duke would likely issue a request for proposals and Cube Yadkin can elect to submit a responsive bid. You further informed me that Cube Yadkin is considering certifying the three smaller units as qualifying facilities under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 ("PURPA"). In that regard, I informed you that to the extent Cube Yadkin approached Duke under PURPA, that under PURPA's requirements, Duke would likely have no obligation to purchase any output of energy or capacity from the Yadkin system units that may be certified as qualified facilities.

Please feel free to contact me with any questions.

Sincerely,

Michael Keen Business Development Manager Duke Energy

Collins Direct

Mar 18 2021

Exhibit 2

Docket No. E-7, Sub 1172 Docket No. E-2, Sub 1177

4 U



Michael Keen **Business Development Manager** Duke Energy 299 First Avenue North St. Petersburg, FL 33701

Dear Michael.

I am writing in response to your letter dated September 21, 2016 (the "September 21 Letter") regarding the discussions between Duke Energy Progress, LLC and Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC (individually and together, "Duke"), and Cube Hydro Partners, LLC ("Cube Hydro") with respect to the four hydroelectric projects on the Yadkin River (collectively, the "Yadkin Projects") that are currently owned by Alcoa Power Generating Inc. ("Alcoa").

As we discussed, Cube Hydro Carolinas LLC, an affiliate of Cube Hydro, has agreed to acquire the Yadkin Projects from Alcoa. The acquisition is anticipated to occur before the end of 2016. Alcoa has certified three of the four Yadkin Projects - the approximately 30 MW Falls project, the approximately 40 MW Tuckertown project, and the approximately 34 MW High Rock project - as qualifying small power production facilities ("OFs") under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 ("PURPA") and the implementing regulations of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC").

As you may know, Section 210(m) of PURPA and FERC's regulations require electric utilities, including Duke, to purchase energy and capacity made available from QFs. See 16 U.S.C. § 824a-3(a)(2) (2012); 18 C.F.R. § 292.303(a) (2016). FERC's regulations further specify that a OF shall have the option of making sales to an electric utility pursuant to a legally enforceable obligation, or on an "as available" basis. See 18 C.F.R. § 292.304(d) (2016).

Given that three of the Yadkin Projects are now OFs, we recommend that we meet to discuss your concerns at your earliest convenience. We are happy to come to your offices in late October or early November to discuss the process for making sales from these projects to Duke pursuant to PURPA. We would anticipate that such discussions would, among other things, address the statement in the September 21 Letter that, "under PURPA's requirements, Duke would likely have no obligation to purchase any output of energy or capacity from the Yadkin system units that may be certified as [OFs]." While electric utilities may petition FERC to be relieved of their mandatory purchase obligations under PURPA, it does not appear that FERC has issued an order relieving Duke of such obligations, or that there are any other applicable exceptions or exemptions.

Thank you for your attention to this matter. We'll be contacting your office to find a mutually agreeable date to meet at your offices.

Sincerely,

1

John R. Collins Executive Vice President and Managing Director - Business Development

Kristina Johnson Cc: Dhiaa M. Jamil

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Collins Direct

Mar 18 2021

Exhibit 3

Docket No. E-7, Sub 1172 Docket No. E-2, Sub 1177



Duke Energy 299 First Avenue North St. Petersburg, FL 33701

Mar 18 202

Mar 29 2018

Via Email and Priority Mail

Mr. John R. Collins Executive Vice President and Managing Director – Business Development Cube Hydro Partners, LLC Two Bethesda Metro Center, Suite 1330 Bethesda, MD 20814

Re: Response to Undated Cube Hydro Letter Received October 11, 2016

Dear John:

This letter is a follow up to your undated letter to Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC and Duke Energy Progress, LLC ("Duke") which was received on October 11, 2016 (the "Cube letter").

-40-

In the Cube letter you inform Duke, as Cube Hydro Partners LLC, on behalf of Cube Hydro Carolinas, LLC (collectively, "Cube Hydro"), that Alcoa Power Generation, Inc. ("Alcoa") has certified three out of four units of the Yadkin system as qualifying facilities under PURPA. The "Yadkin system" consists of four hydro-electric units, as follows: High Rock Station, approximately 33 MW; Tuckertown Station, approximately 39 MW; Falls Station, approximately 30 MWs; and, Narrows Station, approximately 119 MW. You further inform us that Cube Hydro seeks to purchase the Yadkin system from Alcoa, and may be the actual owner and operator of the Yadkin system by the end of 2016. At this time, Cube Hydro has no potential rights to exert under PURPA. Although your letter fails to reference our discussions, we have previously and prior to your letter informed you of the PURPA provisions under which Duke would be exempted from PURPA with regard to the Yadkin system. Accordingly, this letter serves as Duke's formal notice under 292.309/310 that if in the future Cube Hydro is a qualifying facility with respect to the Yadkin system and it seeks to sell power to Duke, it is Duke's view that it is exempted from any purchase obligation under PURPA with respect to the Yadkin system.

Representations and warranties in applications made at FERC demonstrate that Cube Hydro has sought, and Alcoa currently has market-based rate authority on the basis of the ability and history of selling the output of the Yadkin system into competitive wholesale and organized markets. However, after you have closed on the transaction with Alcoa, if you seek to approach Duke under PURPA we will be glad to discuss this matter further.

Sincerely,

61 Michael Keen

Business Developer Manager, Duke Energy

www.duke-energy.com

CONFIDENTIALITY WAIVED (Please see Transcript Vol. 1 page 10) Collins Direct I/A

JOHN COLLINS TESTIMONY -CONFIDENTIAL Exhibit 4

Docket No. E-7, Sub 1172 Docket No. E-2, Sub 1177





-CONFIDENTIAL-

April 25, 2017

Via Email and Priority Mail

Cube Hydro Partners, LLC Two Bethesda Metro Center, Suite 1330 Bethesda, MD 20814 Attn: John R. Collins Executive Vice President and Managing Director – Business Development

Re: Cube Hydro's Request for Non-PURPA Power Purchase Agreement

Dear John:

It is my understanding that Cube Yadkin Carolinas, LLC and/or its affiliate Cube Hydro Partners, LLC (collectively, "Cube Hydro") have communicated to management of Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC and/or Duke Energy Progress, LLC (collectively, "Duke") that Cube Hydro is interested in exploring a potential non-PURPA power purchase arrangement regarding the Yadkin system. The Yadkin system consists of four hydro-electric units, as follows: High Rock Station, approximately 33 MW; Tuckertown Station, approximately 39 MW; Falls Station, approximately 30 MW; and, Narrows Station, approximately 119 MW. Cube Hydro acquired the Yadkin system from Alcoa Power Generation, Inc. Cube Hydro has indicated to Duke that certain of the Yadkin system facilities are certified as qualifying facilities under PURPA.

Duke has previously notified Cube Hydro that Duke has no obligation under PURPA, *inter alia* pursuant to Section 292.309/310 of PURPA, or otherwise to purchase any output from the Yadkin facilities. Duke is open to engaging in non-binding, market-based, non-PURPA discussions with Cube Hydro concerning the output of the facilities comprising of the Yadkin system, including those indicated as not certified as qualifying facilities under PURPA, subject to Cube Hydro expressly and unequivocally agreeing and acknowledging that any and all discussions for the sale and purchase of the output of the Yadkin system shall be under and pursuant to this letter agreement and such discussions shall not be deemed as establishing any PURPA obligation on Duke, including without limitation, by expressly or implicitly establishing any legally enforceable obligation under or pursuant to PURPA. Furthermore, as a condition precedent to Duke engaging in any such discussions, Cube Hydro hereby agrees to waive any

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entitlement to raise or otherwise claim under law or regulation that any such discussions shall have established, whether implicitly or explicitly, any obligation upon Duke under PURPA, or otherwise, or that Cube Hydro was adversely affected in any manner by seeking or engaging in such discussions with Duke.

Duke or Cube Hydro may, in its sole discretion, terminate discussions under this letter agreement by providing the other party with no less than five (5) business days advance written notice, and upon the effectiveness of such written notice either Party shall be entitled to pursue any rights it may have under any law, order and/or regulation, except as limited by this letter agreement.

If these predicates, waivers, and understandings are acceptable to you, please execute this letter and return it to my attention. Upon receiving this executed letter agreement, we will provide you with our confidentiality agreement for your execution, and we can begin the process to explore any potential non-PURPA, market-based arrangement between Duke and Cube Hydro.

Sincerely,

Michael Keen Business Developer Manager, Duke Energy

Agreed and Acknowledged Cube Hydro Partners, LLC On behalf of its affiliates, including Cube Yadkin Carolinas, LLC

John R. Collins Executive Vice President and Managing Director – Business Development

En. E

CONFIDENTIALITY WAIVED (Please see Transcript Vol. 1 page 10) **Collins Direct**

I/A

JOHN COLLINS TESTIMONY -

CONFIDENTIAL Exhibit 5

Docket No. E-7, Sub 1172 Docket No. E-2, Sub 1177

Mar 18 202

Mar 29 2018

From: John Collins Sent: Tuesday, August 23, 2016 9:50 AM To: <u>regis.repko@duke-energy.com</u> Cc: Kristina Johnson <<u>kjohnson@cubehydro.com</u>> Subject: Follow-up to Our Meeting

Regis,

I hope this email finds you well and enjoying the end of summer. I am emailing to follow-up on our discussions regarding the Yadkin hydroelectric assets that Cube Hydro is purchasing from Alcoa. As we discussed in our meeting, we plan of registering 3 of the assets, High Rock, Tuckertown and Falls, as Qualifying Facilities and would like to have further discussions with Duke regarding longer-term QF contracts for these facilities. In addition, we discussed the possibility of a long-term PPA arrangement for all four facilities including the Narrows plant with Duke that could provide additional flexibility for Duke to manage its grid due to the continuing impact of solar generation on the Duke network.

As a follow-up to the meeting you were going to put us in contact with the appropriate team members at Duke to begin discussions. I wanted to let you know that Kristian and I plan to be in North Carolina next Thursday, September 1st, and have some availability to meet with your team if their schedules permit.

Let me know if that will work or who we should contact to begin further discussion related to long-term PPAs for the Yadkin hydroelectric plants.

Look forward to hearing from you.

Regards,

John

John R. Collins Executive Vice President and Managing Director – Business Development Cube Hydro Partners Two Bethesda Metro Center, Suite 1330 Bethesda, MD 20814 (240) 482-2703 (Work) jcollins@cubehydro.com

202
ę

From: Palasek, Matthew	E
To: Keen, Michael T <	/lichael.Keen@duke-energy.com>
Subject: RE: Duke Energy	holesale power contact
Sent: 2016/08/30 17:36:	2 (UTC +00:00)

Thanks, Mike

From: Keen, Michael T Sent: Tuesday, August 30, 2016 1:36 PM To: Palasek, Matthew E Subject: RE: Duke Energy wholesale power contact

Left him a vm, have internal mtg with our analysts tomorrow and working team on Thursday. We may not have an obligation to take their units under PURPA if they have access to an organized market. Just getting started on the initial review.

Michael Keen Business Development Manager Duke Energy Office 727.820.4500 Mobile 727.424.2665



From: Palasek, Matthew E Sent: Tuesday, August 30, 2016 1:05 PM To: Keen, Michael T Subject: RE: Duke Energy wholesale power contact

Have you gotten back to John and just pulled me out of the string? I'm potentially meeting with his boss on Thursday and just want to make sure I know...

From: John Collins [mailto:jcollins@cubehydro.com] Sent: Friday, August 26, 2016 8:29 AM To: Palasek, Matthew E Cc: Keen, Michael T; Kristina Johnson Subject: RE: Duke Energy wholesale power contact

*** Exercise caution. This is an EXTERNAL email. DO NOT open attachments or click links from unknown senders or unexpected email. ***

Thank you for the introduction.

Mike, nice to meet you. As background which you may be aware of, Cube Hydro recently announced that we are acquiring the four Yadkin hydroelectric plants from Alcoa. Given that the assets are located in Duke's service territory and are interconnected into both Duke Progress and Duke Carolina systems, we had a preliminary meeting with Dhia Jamal and Regis Repko to discuss Duke's potential interest in long-term PPAs from the plants. Of the 4 plants, we will be registering 3 of the plants as Qualifying Facilities given their size and locations. The fourth plant, Narrows does not meet the criteria to qualify as a qualifying facility. Given that the 4 plants are operated as a system, there may be interest by Duke in PPAs covering all 4 plants.

We are in North Carolina on a regular basis and can make ourselves available for a meeting. I know Kristina Johnson, our CEO, will be in North Carolina next week and could meet on September 1. We will also be back in North Carolina the following week and could meet with you and your team then as well.

Let me know some dates when you would be available to meet and discuss the potential PPAs for the Yadkin assets.

We look forward to meeting you in person to begin discussions.

Regards,

John

John R. Collins Executive Vice President and Managing Director – Business Development

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Cube Hydro Partners Two Bethesda Metro Center, Suite 1330 Bethesda, MD 20814 (240) 482-2703 (Work) jcollins@cubehydro.com

From: Palasek, Matthew E [mailto:Matthew.Palasek@duke-energy.com] Sent: Thursday, August 25, 2016 4:14 PM To: John Collins <jcollins@cubehydro.com> Cc: Keen, Michael T <<u>Michael.Keen@duke-energy.com</u>> Subject: Duke Energy wholesale power contact

Hi John-

Per our discussion yesterday, please consider Mike Keen (cc'd here) as your point of contact for initiating discussions on a potential PPA:

Michael Keen Business Development Manager Renewable Compliance & Origination Ph: 727-820-4500 e-mail: <u>Michael.Keen@duke-energy.com</u>

Please let me know if you have any questions, and I am happy to stay involved in the discussions insofar as my presence would be helpful.

Thanks, Matt

Matt Palasek Corporate Development work - (704) 382-0955 cell - (704) 654-0354 Matthew.Palasek@duke-energy.com

CONFIDENTIAL EXHIBITS TO

PRE-FILED REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF JOHN COLLINS

ON BEHALF OF CUBE YADKIN GENERATION, LLC

NCUC DOCKET NO. E-2, SUB 1177, E-7, SUB 1172

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIALITY WAIVED (Please see Transcript Vol. 1 page 10)

CONFIDENTIAL EXHIBIT 1

PRE-FILED REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF JOHN COLLINS

OFFICIAL COPY

NOTICE OF COMMITMENT TO SELL THE OUTPUT OF A QUALIFYING FACILITY TO Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC or Duke Energy Progress, LLC

OFFICIA

Instructions to QF: The QF shall deliver, via certified mail, courier, hand delivery or email, its executed Notice of Commitment to:

Director – Power Contracts 400 South Tryon Street Mail Code: ST 13A Charlotte, North Carolina 28202 Attn.: Wholesale Renewable Manager DERContracts@duke-energy.com

Any subsequent notice that a QF is required to provide to Company pursuant to this Notice of Commitment shall be delivered to the same address by one of the foregoing delivery methods.

1. [_____] ("Seller") hereby commits to sell to Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC or Duke Energy Progress, LLC (the "Company") all of the electrical output of the Seller's qualifying facility ("QF") described in Seller's self-certification of QF status filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission in Docket No. QF_____ (the "Facility").

2. The name, address, and contact information for Seller is:

_____ Telephone: _____ Email: _____

3. By execution and submittal of this commitment to sell the output of the Facility (the "Notice of Commitment"), Seller certifies as follows:

(Select the applicable certification below)

- i. _____Seller has received a certificate of public convenience and necessity ("CPCN") for the construction of its ______kW (net capacity ac) Facility from the North Carolina Utilities Commission ("NCUC") pursuant to North Carolina General Statute § 62-110.1 and NCUC Rule R8-64, which CPCN was granted by NCUC on [insert date] in Docket No. _____.
- Seller is exempt from the CPCN requirements pursuant to North Carolina General Statute § 62-110.1(g) and has filed a report of proposed construction for its _____ kW (net capacity ac) Facility with the NCUC pursuant to NCUC Rule R8-65 ("Report of Proposed Construction") on [insert date] in Docket No. _____.

Page 1 of 3

- olina C C C
- Seller has applied or will apply for a CPCN for the construction of its kW (net capacity ac) Facility on [insert date] in Docket No. _____. If the Seller does not know the docket number on the date of submission of this Notice of Commitment, Seller shall notify the Company of the docket number when it is assigned by the NCUC. Seller shall notify the Company upon issuance of an order by the Commission granting the CPCN.
- iv. _____Seller is exempt from the CPCN requirements pursuant to North Carolina General Statute § 62-110.1(g) and will file a Report of Proposed Construction for its _____ kW (net capacity ac) Facility with the NCUC pursuant to NCUC Rule R8-65 and shall notify the Company at the address specified in paragraph 1 of the docket number of such filing when it is assigned by the NCUC.
- This Notice of Commitment shall take effect on its "Submittal Date" as hereinafter defined. "Submittal Date" means (a) the receipted date of deposit of this Notice of Commitment with the U.S. Postal Service for certified mail delivery to the Company, (b) the receipted date of deposit of this Notice of Commitment with a third-party courier (e.g., Federal Express, United Parcel Service) for trackable delivery to the Company, (c) the receipted date of hand delivery of this Notice of Commitment to the Company at the address set forth in paragraph 1, above, or (d) the date on which an electronic copy of this Notice of Commitment is sent via email to the Company if such email is sent during regular business hours (9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.) on a business day (Monday through Friday excluding federal and state holidays). Emails sent after regular business hours or on days that are not business days shall be deemed submitted on the next business day.

By execution and submittal of this Notice of Commitment Seller acknowledges that:

- a. The legally enforceable obligation date ("LEO Date") for the Facility will be determined in accordance with subsections (c) or (d) below. For QFs of 5 MW or less, the LEO Date will be used to determine Seller's eligibility for the rates, terms and conditions of the Company's currently effective Schedule PP. If the Seller's Facility does not qualify for Schedule PP, rates for purchases from the Facility will be based on the Company's avoided costs as of the LEO Date, calculated using data current as of the LEO Date.
- b. If on the Submittal Date, Seller has a CPCN from or has filed a Report of Proposed Construction with NCUC for the Facility, the LEO Date will be the Submittal Date.
- c. If on the Submittal Date, Seller does not have a CPCN for the Facility or has not filed a Report of Proposed Construction with the NCUC for the Facility, the LEO Date will be the date on which the NCUC issues a CPCN for the Facility or the filing date of the Report of Proposed Construction for the Facility, as applicable. Page 2 of 3

4.

iii.

5.

-142-

6.

c.

This Notice of Commitment shall automatically terminate and be of no further force and effect in the following circumstances:

a. Upon execution of a PPA between Seller and Company.

- b. For a seller eligible for Schedule PP, if such Seller does not execute a PPA within thirty (30) days of the Company's delivery of an "executable" PPA. An executable PPA shall mean a PPA delivered to the QF by the Company that contains all information necessary for execution and that the Company has requested that the QF execute and return.
 - For a Seller that is not eligible for Schedule PP, if such Seller does not execute a PPA within six months (as such period may be extended by mutual agreement of Seller and Company) after the Company's submittal of the PPA to the QF, provided, however, that if no interconnection agreement for the Facility has been tendered to Seller prior to the expiration of such deadline, the deadline for execution of the PPA shall be automatically extended until the date that is five days after the date that the interconnection agreement is tendered to the Seller. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the PPA proposed by the Company becomes the subject of an arbitration or complain proceeding, the six month deadline for execution of the PPA shall be tolled upon the filing of the pleading commencing such proceeding and thereafter the deadline for execution of the PPA will be as directed by the NCUC.

The undersigned is duly authorized to execute this Notice of Commitment for the Seller:

[Name]

[Title]

[Company]

[Date]

CONFIDENTIAL EXHIBIT 2

PRE-FILED REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF JOHN COLLINS

OFFICIAL COPY

From:	Bowman, Kendal C (FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=KENDAL.BOWMAN>
То:	Hughes, Mike <mike.hughes@duke-energy.com>; Fountain, David <david.fountain@duke-energy.com>; Hawkins, Kathy G <kathy.hawkins@duke-energy.com>; Jester, Steve <steve.jester@duke-energy.com></steve.jester@duke-energy.com></kathy.hawkins@duke-energy.com></david.fountain@duke-energy.com></mike.hughes@duke-energy.com>
Subject:	RE: NEWS: Maryland company seals deal for Yadkin hydroelectric plants
Sent:	2017/02/03 20:29:54 (UTC +00:00)

Thanks for sending Mike - they have already called me asking for a meeting!!

From: Hughes, Mike Sent: Friday, February 03, 2017 3:29 PM To: Fountain, David; Hawkins, Kathy G; Bowman, Kendal C; Jester, Steve Subject: FW: NEWS: Maryland company seals deal for Yadkin hydroelectric plants

From: Shiel, Tom Sent: Friday, February 03, 2017 3:26 PM To: Duty-Corp Comm Subject: NEWS: Maryland company seals deal for Yadkin hydroelectric plants

Maryland company seals deal for Yadkin hydroelectric plants

Charlotte Business Journal, 2-3-17

By Ken Elkins

A Maryland company says it has closed the deal to buy the four hydroelectric plants on the Yadkin River from Alcoa.

Cube Hydro Partners, which now operates 19 plants in five states, says the Bethesda, Md., company will start work on local partnerships to bring increased economic, environmental and other benefits to the area on the eastern side of the Charlotte region.

"At Cube Hydro, we understand that what is good for the local and regional community is good for our business," says <u>John</u> <u>Collins</u>, executive vice president of Cube Hydro. "Our success is the community's success."

The company gave no other details of those planned partnerships. Neither Alcoa Inc. (NYSE: AA) nor Cube Hydro has disclosed the price of the deal.

Cube Hydro unveiled its plans to buy the plants last summer even before Alcoa received its new Federal Energy Regulatory Commission license for the Yadkin waterway. That process ended in September with Alcoa getting what amounts to a 38-year license.

Now Cube Hydro gets a system that produces 215 megawatts of electricity at four Yadkin River dams: High Rock, Tuckertown, Narrows and Falls.

CEO <u>Kristina Johnson</u>, a former U.S. undersecretary of energy in the Obama administration and a former dean of Duke University's engineering school, leads Cube Hydro.

"We are excited to officially take ownership of the Yadkin Project," Johnson says. "Investing in clean power in North Carolina has long been a goal of ours."

The purchase essentially closes the story that started in 2007 when Alcoa closed its aluminum-smelting plant in Stanly County, which at one time employed 1,000.

Fights among county and city governments, the state and Alcoa followed as local residents questioned why Alcoa should be in charge of the hydroelectric system when it no longer needed the electricity to run the Badin plant. Opponents to the Alcoa relicensing also questioned the company's plans to clean up environmental problems at nearby Badin Lake.

With the Yadkin deal, Cube Hydro operates systems on 10 rivers in New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia and now North Carolina. The <u>Yadkin deal would boost the company's capacity to 373 megawatts of electricity</u>, or enough to power about 140,000 homes.

BRAND MESSAGES

Before submitting your release, please reviewit to ensure it includes one or more of the company's brand messages:

- * Customer focused
- * Environmentally responsible
- * Committed to innovation

• * Committed to leadership

Tom Shiel Corporate Editor/ Media Relations 704-382-2371

Mar 18 2021

CONFIDENTIAL EXHIBIT 3

PRE-FILED REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF JOHN COLLINS

OFFICIAL COPY

Aar 18 2021

RE: BACKGROUND AND TALKING POINTS FOR CONVERSATION WITH LYNN GOOD, CEO DUKE ENERGY RELATED TO CUBE HYDRO PARTNER, A PORTFOLIO COMPANY OF I SQUARED CAPITAL

BACKGROUND:

- Cube Hydro Partners (Cube Hydro) is a portfolio company of I Squared Capital. It includes over 19 assets in the hydro power sector in the US with close to 400MW, one of the largest privately owned hydro portfolio in the US.
 - Cube Hydro acquired from Alcoa in July 2016 four individual hydro plants totaling 215 MW called the Yadkin hydroelectric plants in North Carolina situated on the Yadkin River.
 - · We understand that Duke was interested in acquiring those assets.
 - Three out of the four assets in the acquired portfolio are Qualified Facilities (QF) under PURPA which means that Cube Hydro would be entitled to enter into a long term PPA with Duke Energy with the approval by the Public Utility Commission of North Carolina.

DISCUSSIONS WITH DUKE:

- Kristina Johnson, CEO of Cube Hydro Partners called Dhiaa Jamaal on July 5, 2016 to inform him of the signing of the acquisition agreement of Yadkin Hydro by Cube Hydro and set up a meeting for August 12, 2016 to discuss entering into a long-term PPA between Duke Energy and Cube Hydro.
- Dhiaa identified Michael Keen as the Duke contact to begin discussion on a PPA. Cube Hydro sent a first letter to Keen in September 2016 following a phone call with Keen.
- Kristina Johnson and the Cube Hydro team met with Duke Energy Vice President Kendall Bowman, President Dave Fountain and Duke officials to discuss a long-term (10 years or more) PPA on November 9, 2016.
- Duke and Cube Hydro finally executed an NDA on May 8, 2017.
- Cube Hydro received a PPA offer on <u>August 10, 2017</u>, one year after initial conversation with Duke Energy. The PPA is short-term (for two years 2018-19) at market-based pricing, a highly disappointing outcome after one year of good faith discussion.

TALKING POINTS:

- Cube Hydro and Duke Energy have enjoyed a mutually beneficial business relationship since 2011.
- Prior to becoming CEO of Cube Hydro, Kristina Johnson worked on a contingency basis to successfully bring \$40MM in tax-free, cash back grant to Duke Energy for their

Aar 18 2021

hydropower upgrade and modernization work under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) that Duke was previously unaware they were eligible to receive between 2012 -2013.

- I Squared Capital acquired Duke Energy's Latin American assets for USD1.2 billion where Catherine Stempien, Senior VP Corporate Development, commended the I Squared Team for a professional, and well executed transaction.
 - The Yadkin Hydroelectric Power plants are a unique, renewable energy asset in Duke Energy territory – 215 MW of clean, dispatchable energy, with grid stabilizing characteristics.
 - The Yadkin facilities are upstream from two of Duke Energy's current hydropower plants on the Yadkin River and the Cube facilities' dispatchability would allow Duke to optimize the output from all 6 facilities potentially increasing the value of their production.
 - Cube Hydro believes working together in partnership with Duke to manage the Yadkin River system is to everyone's advantage. In addition, the dispatchability of the Yadkin Hydro facilities provides benefits to Duke's system in managing the increase in solar resources that are intermittent and not as predictable.

KEY ASK:

- 1. Cube Hydro believes there is a win-win for Duke and Cube to enter into a long-term, power purchase agreement.
- 2. Cube would be willing to consider including an option for Duke to acquire the assets at the end of the PPA as part of a comprehensive package.
- 3. If a solution cannot be worked out, Cube Hydro will have no choice but to file a complaint with the North Carolina Public Utilities Commission and assert its rights as three of the four facilities are "QF" or qualifying facilities under the federal PURPA ACT. This is a long and tedious process but, I Squared Capital as the shareholder of Cube Hydro Partners is fully prepared to go through the legal process and vigorously defend its rights.
- 4. We ask for a sit-down meeting with Lynn and her team to discuss a more strategic partnership with regard to the Yadkin Hydro asset which will be mutually beneficial.

CONFIDENTIALITY WAIVED (Please see Transcript Vol. 1 page 10)

CONFIDENTIAL EXHIBIT 4

PRE-FILED REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF JOHN COLLINS

I/A

Message	
From:	Eli Hopson [/O=EXCHANGELABS/OU=EXCHANGE ADMINISTRATIVE GROUP
	(FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=418086B5A3694219BFBAE9B3D81D471C-EHOPSON]
Sent:	8/5/2016 2:11:38 PM
To:	Kristina Johnson [/o=ExchangeLabs/ou=Exchange Administrative Group
	(FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/cn=Recipients/cn=284cfd9aeb31464ebb59a4e6bd369444-kjohnson]; John Collins
	[/o=ExchangeLabs/ou=Exchange Administrative Group
	(FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/cn=Recipients/cn=eeeaee1efc814c0090e6a4dbd5223211-jcollins]
CC:	Ginger Lew [/o=ExchangeLabs/ou=Exchange Administrative Group
	(FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/cn=Recipients/cn=3bfcdb4379d7491d9f7f542e5f0ab2f6-glew]
Subject:	FW: NCUC meetings Aug. 11?

I had a phone call with Charlotte on this. She discussed with public staff, and their suggestion is that we pick a Monday to attend the commissioners meeting, which happens weekly, and then we can meet the commissioners immediately afterwards, and schedule meetings with staff the same day. We can discuss whether we want to take this approach.

On the substantive matter, the Public Staff was of the view that we should not expect Duke to make an issue out of the CPCN, but that if they did it could be fairly easily rectified in the manner we have discussed, an order by the Commission granting an effective CPCN. They did not think we needed to pursue independently unless necessary.

REDACTED

Thanks, -Eli

Eli W.L. Hopson

Cube Hydro Partners, LLC

Work: 240.482.2714

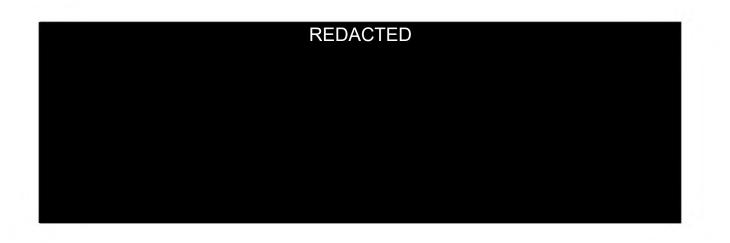
Mobile: 202.368.0828

REDACTED

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CUBE 000367



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CUBE 000368

CONFIDENTIALITY WAIVED (Please see Transcript Vol. 1 page 10)

CONFIDENTIAL EXHIBIT 5

PRE-FILED REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF JOHN COLLINS

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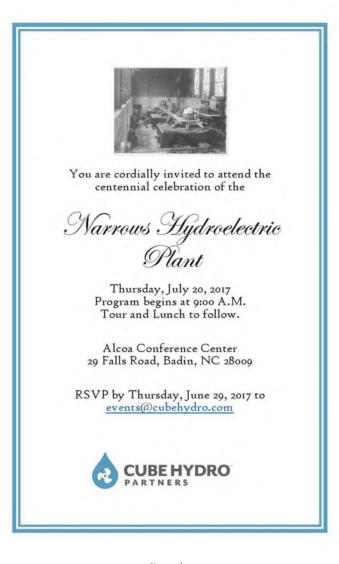
From:	Events <events@cubehydro.com></events@cubehydro.com>
То:	Bowman, Kendal C <kendal.bowman@duke-energy.com></kendal.bowman@duke-energy.com>
Subject:	Cube Hydro Partners Invitation, 7/20
Sent:	2017/06/22 19:16:29 (UTC +00:00)

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Dear Ms. Kendal Bowman,

Cube Hydro Partners, which owns and operates the Yadkin Project hydropower plants near Badin, North Carolina, would like to invite you to a special celebration to mark the Narrows Hydropower Plant's 100th year of operation. We hope you will join us on Thursday, July 20 at the Alcoa Conference Center on 29 Falls Road, Badin, NC 28009 beginning at 9:00 a.m. ET. The speaking program will be followed by a tour of the Narrows facility and a lunch.

We would be honored to have you attend this event. Kindly RSVP to this email (events@cubehydro.com) by Thursday, June 29.



Sincerely, Cube Hydro Partners 2 Bethesda Metro Center | Suite 1330 | Bethesda, MD 20814 240.482.2700

From:	Duke Energy News Center <do_not_reply@ipressroom.com></do_not_reply@ipressroom.com>	
To:	Fountain, David <david.fountain@duke-energy.com></david.fountain@duke-energy.com>	
Subject:	Duke Energy News in Review, 7-13-16	
Sent:	2016/07/13 14:05:57 (UTC +00:00)	

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News in Review

July 13, 2016

CORPORATE

Opinion: Nonprofits blocking real energy solutions - Raleigh News & Observer, 7-12-16

No one should be above the law, but NC WARN and The Climate Times argue that they should be. These two groups have fought against our work to retire a 1960s coal-fired power plant in favor of a cleaner natural gas plant.

Duke Energy to expand EV charging stations - Charlotte Observer, 7-12-16

Duke Energy said it will spend \$1.5 million to boost the number of public electric vehicle charging stations in North Carolina by 30 percent.

Natural Resources Defense Council perpetuates 'toxic coal ash' myth in ad - Watchdog.org, 7-12-16

As Gov. Pat McCrory mulls over a bill to advance coal ash cleanup in North Carolina, an ad aimed at prompting his veto is playing heavy on emotions and loose with the facts.

Duke: We'll be ready to clean arsenic-heavy water in September - Gaston Gazette, 7-12-16

Duke Energy is taking steps toward treating water that will flow into Mountain Island Lake, where high levels of arsenic are blamed on the company's recent efforts to empty coal ash ponds.

Duke Energy fields questions about electric transmission lines for megasite – Asheboro (NC) Courier-Tribune, 7-12-16

Duke Energy representatives and officials with the Greensboro-Randolph Megasite Foundation met with the public Tuesday in the preliminary steps of identifying a path for a 100k V electrical transmission line to the megasite.

Transformer issue sparked Cincinnati underground explosion, Duke Energy says_- WLWT-TV Cincinnati, 7-12-16

Authorities say an overnight explosion outside a downtown Cincinnati building was the result of a transformer problem.

INDUSTRY

Kinder Morgan chief fires back at environmentalists - Houston Chronicle, 7-12-16

Kinder Morgan CEO Steven Kean took on anti-fossil fuel campaigns Tuesday, arguing that environmentalists and the popular media are overstating the potential of wind turbines and solar panels to supply the country with energy.

Future of Natural Gas Hinges on Stanching Methane Leaks - New York Times, 7-11-16

In the energy business, natural gas is supposed to be one of the good guys — the cleaner-burning fossil fuel that can help wean the world from dirty coal during the transition to a low-carbon future.

Cube Hydro will buy Yadkin River power plants, including High Rock dam, from Alcoa – Salisbury (NC) Post, 7-11-1-6

Cube Hydro Carolinas, an affiliate of Cube Hydro Partners LLC, announced today it has reached an agreement to buy and upgrade Alcoa's four hydroelectric power plants on the Yadkin River, including the High Rock Dam.

Opinion: Nonprofits blocking real energy solutions

Every week, we'll bring you stories that capture the wonders of the human body, nature and the cosmos.

Smaller companies say they simply do not have an extra \$100,000 to spend on an infrared camera, or the personnel to do extra inspections and paperwork. They predict that operators will close thousands of wells rather than pay the extra costs. Each well that is closed means 12 fewer industry jobs, they say.

"It's going to be extremely onerous, and it's going to put a lot of people out of business," said Patrick M. Montalban, chief executive of Mountainview Energy, which operates wells in Montana and North Dakota.

Environmentalists counter that many solutions are not expensive.

Replacing a control device on a gas storage tank that vents methane can cost as little as \$3,000, for instance. And in cases where companies vent their gas wells, another big source of escaping methane, drillers can use the cheap and time-honored method of flaring — burning it off. That produces carbon dioxide, but it is less environmentally damaging than raw methane.

Meanwhile, service companies are cropping up around the country to do the inspection and repair work more cheaply than small drillers can do it themselves.

"If the industry doesn't take this seriously, you are going to continue to have tighter and tighter regulations," said Richard Hyde, managing director for federal and government affairs at one of the One Future members, AGL Resources.

Southwestern is participating in projects with the Environmental Defense Fund, General Electric, IBM and a Silicon Valley startup called Acutect to test continuous methane detection systems around wells and equipment using lasers, sensors and even drones.

"We need to move more rapidly," said Mr. Boling of Southwestern. "We better do everything we can to ensure that when a decision is made to close a coal-fired plant and replace it with a natural gas plant, we are actually getting the climate benefit we are saying you will get."

Southwestern's leak-hunting crews say they can attest to the company's efforts.

In February, an inspection of the Yogi 1 compressor station revealed half a dozen leaks. The more recent visit, finding only one leak that was fixed to soap-bottle standards, was a sign of progress.

"We're going down paths others haven't," said Douglas Jordan, Southwestern's corporate environmental program director, as he watched the technicians work. "We're always chasing methane molecules."

Cube Hydro will buy Yadkin River power plants, including High Rock dam, from Alcoa

Salisbury (NC) Post, 7-11-1-6 • 07-13-16 • By Mark Wineka

Cube Hydro Carolinas, an affiliate of Cube Hydro Partners LLC, announced today it has reached an agreement to buy and upgrade Alcoa's four hydroelectric power plants on the Yadkin River, including the High Rock Dam.

No dollar figure was given for the purchase. Cube Hydro is based in Bethesda, Md.

With its first purchase in North Carolina, Cube Hydro will be buying the facilities from Alcoa Power Generating Inc. (APGI), a subsidiary of Alcoa Inc.

The four facilities are known as High Rock, Tuckertown, Narrows and Falls. They represent a total of 215 megawatts and are expected to produce nearly 800,000 megawatt-hours of clean electricity per year, according to a release from Cube Hydro.

Dr. Kristina M. Johnson, chief executive officer of Cube Hydro Partners and former dean of the Pratt School of Engineering at Duke University, said, "We are excited to expand our presence into North Carolina to operate and upgrade the plants on the Yadkin River.

"We are committed to being good stewards of these well-run hydropower plants that have a long history of generating reliable, carbon-free electricity."

Ray Barham, APGI Yadkin Relicensing Manager said, "Alcoa has a long history in North Carolina and we are grateful for the strong relationships we've formed over the years.

"We will continue to promote economic development opportunities at the Badin Business Park and are confident that Cube Hydro will build on our century-long legacy of generating clean, renewable energy and protecting the natural resources of the region."

The Yadkin Project, which Alcoa has overseen for nearly 100 years, includes the four hydroelectric stations, dams and reservoirs along a 38-miles stretch of the Yadkin River. Local residents are most familiar with the reservoirs created by the dams: High Rock, Tuckertown, Badin Lake and Falls.

Alcoa's smelting operation, Badin Works, for which the plants provided power, closed in 2010. Since then Alcoa has tried to transform that property into a business park — Badin Business Park — and one of tis first tenants was Electric Recyclers International.

Alcoa has been working for years toward a federal relicensing of the hydroelectric project.

John Collins, managing director for business development of Cube Hydro Partners, added, "We look forward to partnering with local communities as well as state and federal regulators to preserve the natural beauty of North Carolina and increase the clean electricity generated from these plants."

Cube Hydro says it acquires and modernizes hydroelectric facilities to demonstrate the value of renewable hydropower and reduce the nation's reliance on carbon-based energy.

Cube Hydro Partners currently owns and operates 14 plants in New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia and West Virginia with a total capacity of 126 megawatts and 470,000 megawatt-hours annually.

When the Yadkin Project and other pending acquisitions close, Cube Hydro Partners will operate 19 plants on 10 rivers in five states with a combined capacity of more than 373 megawatts, generating 1.4 million megawatt-hours annually, or enough electricity to power approximately 140,000 homes with renewable energy.

Johnson, the Cube hydro CEO, also is former U.S. undersecretary of energy in the Obama administration. Collins spent more than 22 years with Constellation Energy Group Inc. and Baltimore Gas and Electric Company, serving as chief financial officer and senior vice president of integration.

TOP

Mar 18 2021

Duke Energy's Media Relations team works diligently to provide the company's perspective on key issues when it interacts with the news media. However, at times, news stories are unbalanced and do not appropriately reflect the company's position. In an effort to provide our readers with additional context for stories that appear in News in Review, we have begun providing a "Duke comment" section before the story that will provide additional context. This is only for news stories where the reporter or editor clearly did not include Duke Energy's perspective or ensure proper balance or accurate information. As we move forward with this approach, we welcome your feedback.

This newsletter was brought to you by the Corporate Media Relations team. To provide feedback regarding the content of this newsletter, please contact Tom Shiel. Please subscribe to this daily email.



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Duke Energy | 550 South Tryon Street | Charlotte, NC 28202

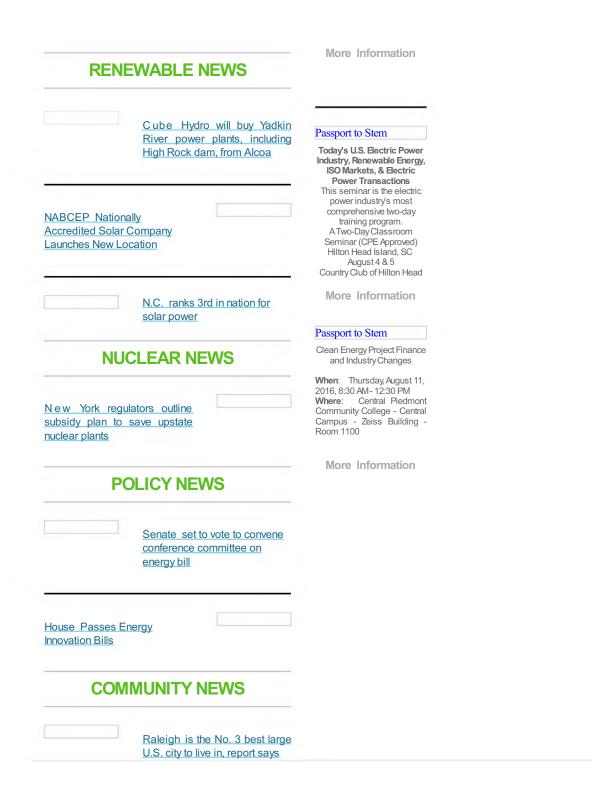
From:	E4 Carolinas, Inc. <monicablasi=e4carolinas.org@mail100.atl91.mcsv.net></monicablasi=e4carolinas.org@mail100.atl91.mcsv.net>
To:	Northrup, Jim <jim.northrup@duke-energy.com></jim.northrup@duke-energy.com>
Subject:	Energy News Weekly - July 18, 2016
Sent:	2016/07/18 16:56:05 (UTC +00:00)

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Highlighting Growth of the Carolinas Energy Economy

<u>View this email in your</u> <u>browser</u>

MEMBER NEWS	Events More events at the bottom of the ENW
Oracle, Opower leaders say acquisition is logical outcome of industry consolidation	Passport to Stem Global South Metro Exchange on July 21 unites Upstate SC, Atlanta, Charleston & Charlotte
MERRICK & COMPANY OPENS SOUTH CAROLINA OFFICE	HYATT REGENCY GREENVILLE, SC 7:30 am - 4:30 pm More Information
ABB completes HVDC system upgrade, delivering clean, reliable hydropower from Canada to US	Passport to Stem Clean Energy in the Mountains When: Thursday, July 28th, 2016 5:30 PM- 9:00 PM Where: Highland Brewing Company Asheville, North Carolina 27609
Siemens Hutchinson plant produces 141 turbines for project in New Mexico and Texas	More Information
2016 BDO Manufacturing RiskFactor Report	Passport to Stem RIoT XI - NC's IoT Leadership and Charlotte's Opportunity Tuesday, August 2, 2016
Vestinghouse_to test laser	@ 6:00 PM UNC Charlotte CityCenter 320 E 9th St, Charlotte, NC



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Cc	Our mailing University of North EP	olinas. All rights reser address is: h Carolina at Charlott IC 1237 ie, NC 28223		
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Mar 18 2021

From:	Duke Energy News Center <do_not_reply@ipressroom.com></do_not_reply@ipressroom.com>
To:	Snider, Glen Allen <glen.snider@duke-energy.com></glen.snider@duke-energy.com>
Subject:	Duke Energy News in Review, 7-13-16
Sent:	2016/07/13 14:05:24 (UTC +00:00)

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News in Review

July 13, 2016

CORPORATE

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Duke: We'll be ready to clean arsenic-heavy water in September - Gaston Gazette, 7-12-16

Duke Energy is taking steps toward treating water that will flow into Mountain Island Lake, where high levels of arsenic are blamed on the company's recent efforts to empty coal ash ponds.

Duke Energy fields questions about electric transmission lines for megasite – Asheboro (NC) Courier-Tribune, 7-12-16

Duke Energy representatives and officials with the Greensboro-Randolph Megasite Foundation met with the public Tuesday in the preliminary steps of identifying a path for a 100k V electrical transmission line to the megasite.

Transformer issue sparked Cincinnati underground explosion, Duke Energy says_- WLWT-TV Cincinnati, 7-12-16

Authorities say an overnight explosion outside a downtown Cincinnati building was the result of a transformer problem.

INDUSTRY

Kinder Morgan chief fires back at environmentalists - Houston Chronicle, 7-12-16

Kinder Morgan CEO Steven Kean took on anti-fossil fuel campaigns Tuesday, arguing that environmentalists and the popular media are overstating the potential of wind turbines and solar panels to supply the country with energy.

Future of Natural Gas Hinges on Stanching Methane Leaks - New York Times, 7-11-16

In the energy business, natural gas is supposed to be one of the good guys — the cleaner-burning fossil fuel that can help wean the world from dirty coal during the transition to a low-carbon future.

Cube Hydro will buy Yadkin River power plants, including High Rock dam, from Alcoa – Salisbury (NC) Post, 7-11-1-6

Cube Hydro Carolinas, an affiliate of Cube Hydro Partners LLC, announced today it has reached an agreement to buy and upgrade Alcoa's four hydroelectric power plants on the Yadkin River, including the High Rock Dam.

Opinion: Nonprofits blocking real energy solutions

Every week, we'll bring you stories that capture the wonders of the human body, nature and the cosmos.

Smaller companies say they simply do not have an extra \$100,000 to spend on an infrared camera, or the personnel to do extra inspections and paperwork. They predict that operators will close thousands of wells rather than pay the extra costs. Each well that is closed means 12 fewer industry jobs, they say.

"It's going to be extremely onerous, and it's going to put a lot of people out of business," said Patrick M. Montalban, chief executive of Mountainview Energy, which operates wells in Montana and North Dakota.

Environmentalists counter that many solutions are not expensive.

Replacing a control device on a gas storage tank that vents methane can cost as little as \$3,000, for instance. And in cases where companies vent their gas wells, another big source of escaping methane, drillers can use the cheap and time-honored method of flaring — burning it off. That produces carbon dioxide, but it is less environmentally damaging than raw methane.

Meanwhile, service companies are cropping up around the country to do the inspection and repair work more cheaply than small drillers can do it themselves.

"If the industry doesn't take this seriously, you are going to continue to have tighter and tighter regulations," said Richard Hyde, managing director for federal and government affairs at one of the One Future members, AGL Resources.

Southwestern is participating in projects with the Environmental Defense Fund, General Electric, IBM and a Silicon Valley startup called Acutect to test continuous methane detection systems around wells and equipment using lasers, sensors and even drones.

"We need to move more rapidly," said Mr. Boling of Southwestern. "We better do everything we can to ensure that when a decision is made to close a coal-fired plant and replace it with a natural gas plant, we are actually getting the climate benefit we are saying you will get."

Southwestern's leak-hunting crews say they can attest to the company's efforts.

In February, an inspection of the Yogi 1 compressor station revealed half a dozen leaks. The more recent visit, finding only one leak that was fixed to soap-bottle standards, was a sign of progress.

"We're going down paths others haven't," said Douglas Jordan, Southwestern's corporate environmental program director, as he watched the technicians work. "We're always chasing methane molecules."

Cube Hydro will buy Yadkin River power plants, including High Rock dam, from Alcoa

Salisbury (NC) Post, 7-11-1-6 • 07-13-16 • By Mark Wineka

Cube Hydro Carolinas, an affiliate of Cube Hydro Partners LLC, announced today it has reached an agreement to buy and upgrade Alcoa's four hydroelectric power plants on the Yadkin River, including the High Rock Dam.

No dollar figure was given for the purchase. Cube Hydro is based in Bethesda, Md.

With its first purchase in North Carolina, Cube Hydro will be buying the facilities from Alcoa Power Generating Inc. (APGI), a subsidiary of Alcoa Inc.

The four facilities are known as High Rock, Tuckertown, Narrows and Falls. They represent a total of 215 megawatts and are expected to produce nearly 800,000 megawatt-hours of clean electricity per year, according to a release from Cube Hydro.

Dr. Kristina M. Johnson, chief executive officer of Cube Hydro Partners and former dean of the Pratt School of Engineering at Duke University, said, "We are excited to expand our presence into North Carolina to operate and upgrade the plants on the Yadkin River.

"We are committed to being good stewards of these well-run hydropower plants that have a long history of generating reliable, carbon-free electricity."

Ray Barham, APGI Yadkin Relicensing Manager said, "Alcoa has a long history in North Carolina and we are grateful for the strong relationships we've formed over the years.

"We will continue to promote economic development opportunities at the Badin Business Park and are confident that Cube Hydro will build on our century-long legacy of generating clean, renewable energy and protecting the natural resources of the region."

The Yadkin Project, which Alcoa has overseen for nearly 100 years, includes the four hydroelectric stations, dams and reservoirs along a 38-miles stretch of the Yadkin River. Local residents are most familiar with the reservoirs created by the dams: High Rock, Tuckertown, Badin Lake and Falls.

Alcoa's smelting operation, Badin Works, for which the plants provided power, closed in 2010. Since then Alcoa has tried to transform that property into a business park — Badin Business Park — and one of tis first tenants was Electric Recyclers International.

Alcoa has been working for years toward a federal relicensing of the hydroelectric project.

John Collins, managing director for business development of Cube Hydro Partners, added, "We look forward to partnering with local communities as well as state and federal regulators to preserve the natural beauty of North Carolina and increase the clean electricity generated from these plants."

Cube Hydro says it acquires and modernizes hydroelectric facilities to demonstrate the value of renewable hydropower and reduce the nation's reliance on carbon-based energy.

Cube Hydro Partners currently owns and operates 14 plants in New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia and West Virginia with a total capacity of 126 megawatts and 470,000 megawatt-hours annually.

When the Yadkin Project and other pending acquisitions close, Cube Hydro Partners will operate 19 plants on 10 rivers in five states with a combined capacity of more than 373 megawatts, generating 1.4 million megawatt-hours annually, or enough electricity to power approximately 140,000 homes with renewable energy.

Johnson, the Cube hydro CEO, also is former U.S. undersecretary of energy in the Obama administration. Collins spent more than 22 years with Constellation Energy Group Inc. and Baltimore Gas and Electric Company, serving as chief financial officer and senior vice president of integration.

TOP

Mar 18 2021

Duke Energy's Media Relations team works diligently to provide the company's perspective on key issues when it interacts with the news media. However, at times, news stories are unbalanced and do not appropriately reflect the company's position. In an effort to provide our readers with additional context for stories that appear in News in Review, we have begun providing a "Duke comment" section before the story that will provide additional context. This is only for news stories where the reporter or editor clearly did not include Duke Energy's perspective or ensure proper balance or accurate information. As we move forward with this approach, we welcome your feedback.

This newsletter was brought to you by the Corporate Media Relations team. To provide feedback regarding the content of this newsletter, please contact Tom Shiel. Please subscribe to this daily email.



Subscribe | Unsubscribe | Privacy Policy | www.duke-energy.com

Duke Energy | 550 South Tryon Street | Charlotte, NC 28202

Mar 18 2021

From: Sent: To: Subject: Attachments: Kristina Johnson Monday, July 11, 2016 3:41 PM dhiaa.jamil@duke-energy.com Good afternoon Project Rainbow Press Release 7-11-16 - Cube Final Version.pdf

Dear Dhiaa – I called your office to let you know about this transaction and look forward to following up with you. It would be a pleasure to work together again- with warm regards, Kristina

Chief Executive Officer Cube Hydro, LLC Two Bethesda Metro Center Suite 1330 Bethesda, MD 20814 Tel: 240-482-2700 Fax: 240-482-2727| www.cubehydro.com





Press Release July 11, 2016

Cube Hydro Carolinas, an affiliate of Cube Hydro Partners, reaches agreement to acquire hydroelectric plants on the Yadkin River in North Carolina from Alcoa Power Generating Inc.

Bethesda, MD, July 11, 2016 – Cube Hydro Carolinas LLC, an affiliate of Cube Hydro Partners, LLC, has reached an agreement to purchase and upgrade four hydroelectric power plants located on the Yadkin River in North Carolina from Alcoa Power Generating Inc. (APGI), a subsidiary of Alcoa Inc. (NYSE:AA). The four facilities, known as High Rock, Tuckertown, Narrows and Falls, total 215 megawatts (MW) and are expected to produce nearly 800,000 megawatt-hours (MWh) of clean electricity per year.

Dr. Kristina M. Johnson, CEO of Cube Hydro Partners and former Dean of the Pratt School of Engineering at Duke University, said, "We are excited to expand our presence into North Carolina to operate and upgrade the plants on the Yadkin River. We are committed to being good stewards of these well-run hydropower plants that have a long history of generating reliable, carbon-free electricity."

Ray Barham, APGI Yadkin Relicensing Manager said, "Alcoa has a long history in North Carolina and we are grateful for the strong relationships we've formed over the years. We will continue to promote economic development opportunities at the Badin Business Park and are confident that Cube Hydro will build on our century-long legacy of generating clean, renewable energy and protecting the natural resources of the region."

"We look forward to partnering with local communities as well as state and federal regulators to preserve the natural beauty of North Carolina and increase the clean electricity generated from these plants," said John Collins, Managing Director for Business Development of Cube Hydro Partners.

Cube Hydro acquires and modernizes hydroelectric facilities to demonstrate the value of renewable hydropower and reduce our nation's reliance on carbon-based energy. Cube Hydro Partners currently owns and operates 14 plants in New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia and West Virginia with a total capacity of 126 MW and 470,000 MWh annually. When the Yadkin project and other pending acquisitions close, Cube Hydro Partners will operate 19 plants on ten rivers in five states with a combined capacity of more than 373 MW, generating 1.4 million MWh annually, or enough electricity to power approximately 140,000 homes with renewable energy.

About Cube Hydro: Cube Hydro, led by Dr. Kristina M. Johnson, former U.S. Undersecretary of Energy, is a hydropower development and operating platform targeting investments in mid-sized hydro projects in the U.S. and Canada. John Collins spent over 22 years with Constellation Energy Group, Inc. and Baltimore Gas and Electric Company, serving as Chief Financial Officer and Senior Vice President of Integration.

Contact: Hannah Harrill Office: 919-573-6329 Mobile: 336-457-7310 Email: <u>hharrill@capstrat.com</u>

CONFIDENTIALITY WAIVED (Please see Transcript Vol. 1 page 10)

CONFIDENTIAL EXHIBIT 6

PRE-FILED REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF JOHN COLLINS

OFFICIAL COPY



Advancing each generation.

Yadkin Potential Benefit for Qualified Facility (QF) Sales to Duke Energy at Avoided Cost Energy Rates

February 5, 2016

9/6/2016 12:01:49 PM

Public Utility Company Power Purchases from Qualified Facilities (QFs)

- US law defines Qualifying Facility (QF) as cogenerator or renewable energy generator (including hydro) less than 80 MW nameplate capacity at a site.
- US law requires public utility companies not in RTO markets to purchase power offered by QFs at utility companies avoided cost of energy/capacity.
- QFs in service before 1979 paid utility's avoided cost of energy.
- QFs in not service before 1979 paid utility's avoided cost of energy, capacity.
- North Carolina (NC) law defines Small Power Producer as entity the owns or operates only QFs.
- NC law requires public utility companies to purchase power offered by QFs owned by Small Power Producers at utility company's avoided cost of energy/capacity.
- NC law requires North Carolina Public Service Commission (NCUC) to establish avoided cost energy/capacity rates that utility companies pay to QFs smaller than 5 MW.
- NC law requires public utility companies to pay negotiated avoided cost energy/capacity rates to QFs larger than 5 MW, NCUC to arbitrate.

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9/6/2016 12:01:49 PM

Potential for Falls, High Rock, Tuckertown to obtain Qualified Facilities power sales contracts at Duke Energy Avoided Cost of Energy Rate

- Falls, High Rock, Tuckertown are each smaller than 80 MW, can become QFs by sending self-certification form to Federal Energy Regulatory Commission without cost. Narrows is larger than 80 MW, cannot be a QF.
- APGI is not a Small Power Producer because it owns or operates Narrows, Warrick power plant that cannot become QFs.
- Possibility APGI could establish a Small Power Producer subsidiary that owns and operates only Falls, High Rock, Tuckertown.
- The APGI Small Power Producer subsidiary would have the choice of continuing to sell Falls, High Rock, Tuckertown generation to the wholesale market or selling this generation to Duke Energy at an avoided cost of energy rate to be negotiated with Duke Energy, with NCUC arbitration on request of Alcoa, Duke Energy or both parties.
- The NCUC required Duke Energy to update avoided cost of energy levelized rates to pay QFs smaller than 5 MW for periods of 2 yrs, 5 yrs, 10 yrs, 15 yrs.
- These avoided cost of energy rates for QFs smaller than 5 MW may be indicative of avoided cost of energy rates available to Falls, High Rock, Tuckertown as QFs if negotiate with Duke Energy, with NCUC arbitration.

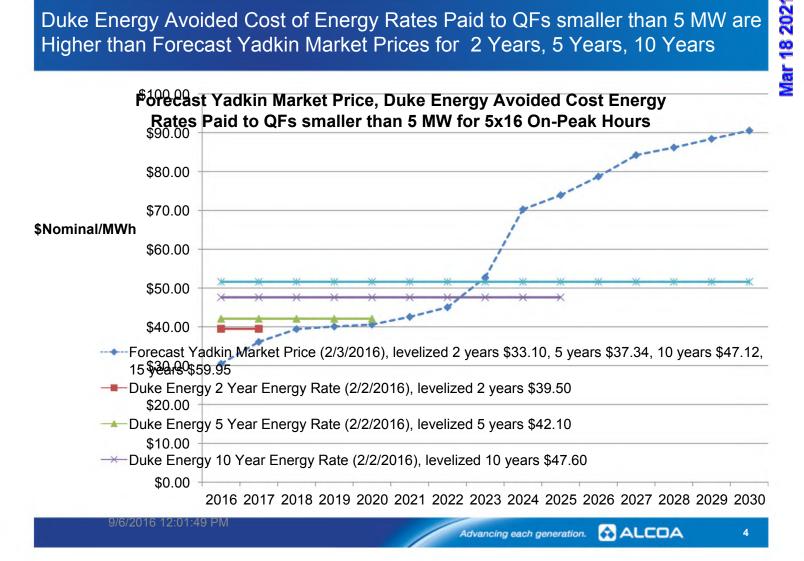
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Duke Energy Avoided Cost of Energy Rates Paid to QFs smaller than 5 MW are Higher than Forecast Yadkin Market Prices for 2 Years, 5 Years, 10 Years



REDACTED

From: King, George D. [mailto:George.King3@alcoa.com]
Sent: Monday, March 28, 2016 9:57 AM
To: Kristina Johnson <kjohnson@cubehydro.com>
Cc: Pereira, Marc A. <Marc.Pereira@alcoa.com>; Oliver, Nicklaus A. <Nicklaus.Oliver@alcoa.com>; Petruska, Diana L.
<Diana.Petruska@alcoa.com>; Waechter, Ralph W. <Ralph.Waechter@alcoa.com>
Subject: Project Rainbow - Data

Kristina,

Please find attached the following information for the Yadkin Hydro project:

- 1. A management presentation for Yadkin
- 2. The O&M plan (5 year historical and 5 year forecast)
- 3. The long term Capital Plan
- 4. The 25 year historical Gross Generation

At this point we do not have a complete data room. The plan is to give you some time to review the information that is attached and then to organize a discussion with management.

Please send any questions to Marc Pereira and Diana Petruska, who will coordinate with the management team to have them answered on the diligence call that we will schedule at our mutual convenience. Secondly, we are happy to make our outside counsel available to discuss the status of the riverbed litigation. I can coordinate our side through Ralph Waechter, our head of litigation, if you can let us know who is your counsel and their availability.

I suggest we touch base later this week to discuss timing and next steps. A copy of the executed NDA will be sent to you and Eli separately.

Best, George





Alcoa Power Generating Inc Yadkin Hydroelectric Project

Management Presentation March, 2016





Yadkin Hydroelectric Project

- Investment Highlights
- Yadkin Pee-Dee Basin
- HPP Descriptions
- Yadkin Transmission System
- FERC Dam Safety
- Project Lands and Recreation

APGI – Yadkin Division

- Yadkin Organization Chart
- Operational Highlights
- Generating Trends
- Power Sales & Marketing
- Financial Performance
- Capital Plan

<u> Mar 18 2021</u>

Opportunity for QF Status at HR, TT & FS

- PURPA defines Qualifying Facility (QF) as cogenerator/renewable (including small hydro) with nameplate capacity <80MW
- PURPA requires public utility companies not in RTO markets (Duke Energy) to purchase power offered by QFs at utility companies avoided cost energy/capacity.
 - QFs in service before 1979 paid utility's avoided cost of energy.
 - QFs in not service before 1979 paid utility's avoided cost of energy & capacity
- North Carolina law defines Small Power Producer as entity the owns or operates only QFs
- NC law requires public utility companies to purchase power offered by QFs owned by Small Power Producers at utility company's avoided cost of energy/capacity
- NC law requires North Carolina Public Service Commission (NCUC) to establish avoided cost energy/capacity rates that utility companies pay to QFs smaller than 5MW
- QFs larger than 5MW, NC law requires public utility companies to pay negotiated avoided cost energy/capacity rates, NCUC to arbitrate.
- High Rock, Tuckertown & Falls meet the QF size limitation of <80MW
 - Narrows is larger than 80 MW, cannot be QF
 - Each HPP could be set up as a separate entity with common shareholders across the HPPs and jointly managed through an O&M Services Provider.
- QF status obtained by sending self-certification form to FERC (no fee)
- ✤ APGI is not a Small Power Producer because it owns or operates more than 80MW

I/A

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC

OMB Control # 1902-0075 Expiration 06/30/2019

Form 556 Certification of Qualifying Facility (QF) Status for a Small Power Production or Cogeneration Facility

General

Questions about completing this form should be sent to <u>Form556@ferc.gov</u>. Information about the Commission's QF program, answers to frequently asked questions about QF requirements or completing this form, and contact information for QF program staff are available at the Commission's QF website, <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u>. The Commission's QF website also provides links to the Commission's QF regulations (18 C.F.R. § 131.80 and Part 292), as well as other statutes and orders pertaining to the Commission's QF program.

Who Must File

Any applicant seeking QF status or recertification of QF status for a generating facility with a net power production capacity (as determined in lines 7a through 7g below) greater than 1000 kW must file a self-certification or an application for Commission certification of QF status, which includes a properly completed Form 556. Any applicant seeking QF status for a generating facility with a net power production capacity 1000 kW or less is exempt from the certification requirement, and is therefore not required to complete or file a Form 556. *See* 18 C.F.R. § 292.203.

How to Complete the Form 556

This form is intended to be completed by responding to the items in the order they are presented, according to the instructions given. If you need to back-track, you may need to clear certain responses before you will be allowed to change other responses made previously in the form. If you experience problems, click on the nearest help button ()) for assistance, or contact Commission staff at Form556@ferc.gov.

Certain lines in this form will be automatically calculated based on responses to previous lines, with the relevant formulas shown. You must respond to all of the previous lines within a section before the results of an automatically calculated field will be displayed. If you disagree with the results of any automatic calculation on this form, contact Commission staff at Form556@ferc.gov to discuss the discrepancy before filing.

You must complete all lines in this form unless instructed otherwise. Do not alter this form or save this form in a different format. Incomplete or altered forms, or forms saved in formats other than PDF, will be rejected.

How to File a Completed Form 556

Applicants are required to file their Form 556 electronically through the Commission's eFiling website (see instructions on page 2). By filing electronically, you will reduce your filing burden, save paper resources, save postage or courier charges, help keep Commission expenses to a minimum, and receive a much faster confirmation (via an email containing the docket number assigned to your facility) that the Commission has received your filing.

If you are simultaneously filing both a waiver request and a Form 556 as part of an application for Commission certification, see the "Waiver Requests" section on page 3 for more information on how to file.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

This form is approved by the Office of Management and Budget. Compliance with the information requirements established by the FERC Form No. 556 is required to obtain or maintain status as a QF. See 18 C.F.R. § 131.80 and Part 292. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The estimated burden for completing the FERC Form No. 556, including gathering and reporting information, is as follows: 3 hours for self-certification of a small power production facility, 8 hours for self-certifications of a cogeneration facility, 6 hours for an application for Commission certification of a small power production facility, and 50 hours for an application for Commission certification for reducing this burden, to the following: Information Clearance Officer, Office of the Executive Director (ED-32), Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street N.E., Washington, DC 20426 (DataClearance@ferc.gov); and Desk Officer for FERC, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503 (oira_submission@omb.eop.gov). Include the Control No. 1902-0075 in any correspondence.

Mar 18 2021

Electronic Filing (eFiling)

To electronically file your Form 556, visit the Commission's QF website at <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u> and click the eFiling link.

If you are eFiling your first document, you will need to register with your name, email address, mailing address, and phone number. If you are registering on behalf of an employer, then you will also need to provide the employer name, alternate contact name, alternate contact phone number and and alternate contact email.

Once you are registered, log in to eFiling with your registered email address and the password that you created at registration. Follow the instructions. When prompted, select one of the following QF-related filing types, as appropriate, from the Electric or General filing category.

Filing category	Filing Type as listed in eFiling	Description
	(Fee) Application for Commission Cert. as Cogeneration QF	Use to submit an application for Commission certification or Commission recertification of a cogeneration facility as a QF.
	(Fee) Application for Commission Cert. as Small Power QF	Use to submit an application for Commission certification or Commission recertification of a small power production facility as a QF.
	Self-Certification Notice (QF, EG, FC)	Use to submit a notice of self- certification of your facility (cogeneration or small power production) as a QF.
Electric	Self-Recertification of Qualifying Facility (QF)	Use to submit a notice of self- recertification of your facility (cogeneration or small power production) as a QF.
	Supplemental Information or Request	Use to correct or supplement a Form 556 that was submitted with errors or omissions, or for which Commission staff has requested additional information. Do <i>not</i> use this filing type to report new changes to a facility or its ownership; rather, use a self- recertification or Commission recertification to report such changes.
General	(Fee) Petition for Declaratory Order (not under FPA Part 1)	Use to submit a petition for declaratory order granting a waive of Commission QF regulations pursuant to 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.204(a) (3) and/or 292.205(c). A Form 556 in not required for a petition for declaratory order unless Commission recertification is being requested as part of the petition.

You will be prompted to submit your filing fee, if applicable, during the electronic submission process. Filing fees can be paid via electronic bank account debit or credit card.

During the eFiling process, you will be prompted to select your file(s) for upload from your computer.

Mar 18 2021

Filing Fee

No filing fee is required if you are submitting a self-certification or self-recertification of your facility as a QF pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(a).

A filing fee is required if you are filing either of the following:

(1) an application for Commission certification or recertification of your facility as a QF pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(b), or (2) a petition for declaratory order granting waiver pursuant to 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.204(a)(3) and/or 292.205(c).

The current fees for applications for Commission certifications and petitions for declaratory order can be found by visiting the Commission's QF website at <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u> and clicking the Fee Schedule link.

You will be prompted to submit your filing fee, if applicable, during the electronic filing process described on page 2.

Required Notice to Utilities and State Regulatory Authorities

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(a)(ii), you must provide a copy of your self-certification or request for Commission certification to the utilities with which the facility will interconnect and/or transact, as well as to the State regulatory authorities of the states in which your facility and those utilities reside. Links to information about the regulatory authorities in various states can be found by visiting the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF and clicking the Notice Requirements link.

What to Expect From the Commission After You File

An applicant filing a Form 556 electronically will receive an email message acknowledging receipt of the filing and showing the docket number assigned to the filing. Such email is typically sent within one business day, but may be delayed pending confirmation by the Secretary of the Commission of the contents of the filing.

An applicant submitting a self-certification of QF status should expect to receive no documents from the Commission, other than the electronic acknowledgement of receipt described above. Consistent with its name, a self-certification is a certification *by the applicant itself* that the facility meets the relevant requirements for QF status, and does not involve a determination by the Commission as to the status of the facility. An acknowledgement of receipt of a self-certification, in particular, does not represent a determination by the Commission with regard to the QF status of the facility. An applicant self-certifying may, however, receive a rejection, revocation or deficiency letter if its application is found, during periodic compliance reviews, not to comply with the relevant requirements.

An applicant submitting a request for Commission certification will receive an order either granting or denying certification of QF status, or a letter requesting additional information or rejecting the application. Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(b)(3), the Commission must act on an application for Commission certification within 90 days of the later of the filing date of the application or the filing date of a supplement, amendment or other change to the application.

Waiver Requests

18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a)(3) allows an applicant to request a waiver to modify the method of calculation pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a)(2) to determine if two facilities are considered to be located at the same site, for good cause. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(c) allows an applicant to request waiver of the requirements of 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.205(a) and (b) for operating and efficiency upon a showing that the facility will produce significant energy savings. A request for waiver of these requirements must be submitted as a petition for declaratory order, with the appropriate filing fee for a petition for declaratory order. Applicants requesting Commission recertification as part of a request for waiver of one of these requirements should electronically submit their completed Form 556 along with their petition for declaratory order, rather than filing their Form 556 as a separate request for Commission recertification. Only the filing fee for the petition for declaratory order must be paid to cover both the waiver request and the request for recertification *if such requests are made simultaneously*.

18 C.F.R. § 292.203(d)(2) allows an applicant to request a waiver of the Form 556 filing requirements, for good cause. Applicants filing a petition for declaratory order requesting a waiver under 18 C.F.R. § 292.203(d)(2) do not need to complete or submit a Form 556 with their petition.

Geographic Coordinates

If a street address does not exist for your facility, then line 3c of the Form 556 requires you to report your facility's geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude). Geographic coordinates may be obtained from several different sources. You can find links to online services that show latitude and longitude coordinates on online maps by visiting the Commission's QF webpage at www.ferc.gov/QF and clicking the Geographic Coordinates link. You may also be able to obtain your geographic coordinates from a GPS device, Google Earth (available free at http://earth.google.com), a property survey, various engineering or construction drawings, a property deed, or a municipal or county map showing property lines.

Filing Privileged Data or Critical Energy Infrastructure Information in a Form 556

The Commission's regulations provide procedures for applicants to either (1) request that any information submitted with a Form 556 be given privileged treatment because the information is exempt from the mandatory public disclosure requirements of the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552, and should be withheld from public disclosure; or (2) identify any documents containing critical energy infrastructure information (CEII) as defined in 18 C.F.R. § 388.113 that should not be made public.

If you are seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for any data in your Form 556, then you must follow the procedures in 18 C.F.R. § 388.112. See <u>www.ferc.gov/help/filing-guide/file-ceii.asp</u> for more information.

Among other things (see 18 C.F.R. § 388.112 for other requirements), applicants seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for data submitted in a Form 556 must prepare and file both (1) a complete version of the Form 556 (containing the privileged and/or CEII data), and (2) a public version of the Form 556 (with the privileged and/or CEII data redacted). Applicants preparing and filing these different versions of their Form 556 must indicate below the security designation of this version of their document. If you are *not* seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for any of your Form 556 data, then you should not respond to any of the items on this page.

Non-Public: Applicant is seeking privileged treatment and/or CEII status for data contained in the Form 556 lines indicated below. This non-public version of the applicant's Form 556 contains all data, including the data that is redacted in the (separate) public version of the applicant's Form 556.

Public (redacted): Applicant is seeking privileged treatment and/or CEII status for data contained in the Form 556 lines indicated below. This public version of the applicants's Form 556 contains all data <u>except</u> for data from the lines indicated below, which has been redacted.

Privileged: Indicate below which lines of your form contain data for which you are seeking privileged treatment

Critical Energy Infrastructure Information (CEII): Indicate below which lines of your form contain data for which you are seeking CEII status

The eFiling process described on page 2 will allow you to identify which versions of the electronic documents you submit are public, privileged and/or CEII. The filenames for such documents should begin with "Public", "Priv", or "CEII", as applicable, to clearly indicate the security designation of the file. Both versions of the Form 556 should be unaltered PDF copies of the Form 556, as available for download from www.ferc.gov/QF. To redact data from the public copy of the submittal, simply omit the relevant data from the Form. For numerical fields, leave the redacted fields blank. For text fields, complete as much of the field as possible, and replace the redacted portions of the field with the word "REDACTED" in brackets. Be sure to identify above <u>all</u> fields which contain data for which you are seeking non-public status.

The Commission is not responsible for detecting or correcting filer errors, including those errors related to security designation. If your documents contain sensitive information, make sure they are filed using the proper security designation.

				OMB Control # 1902-007 Expiration 06/30/2019		
Form 5	556 Certification of Qualify Production or Cogener		Status for a	Small Power		
1a Full name of applicant (legal entity on whose behalf qualifying facility status is sought for this facility) Alcoa Power Generating Inc.						
1b Applicant street a 201 Isabella						
1c City Pittsburg		1d State/provi	nce			
1e Postal code	1f Country (if not United States)		1g Telephone	number		
15212-5858	in country (in not officer states)		412 553			
	acility ever previously been certified as a	OF? Yes 🗌 N	lo 🕅			
				_		
1i If yes, provide the	e docket number of the last known QF fili	ing pertaining to th	nis facility: C	QF		
1j Under which certi	ification process is the applicant making	this filing?				
Notice of self-certification Application for Commission certification (requires filing fee; see "Filing Fee" section on page 3)						
Note: a notice of self-certification is a notice by the applicant itself that its facility complies with the requirements for QF status. A notice of self-certification does not establish a proceeding, and the Commission does not review a notice of self-certification to verify compliance. See the "What to Expect From the Commission After You File" section on page 3 for more information.						
1k What type(s) of QF status is the applicant seeking for its facility? (check all that apply)						
Qualifying small power production facility status Qualifying cogeneration facility status						
1 What is the purpo		filing?				
· · · ·	cation; facility expected to be installed by	-	nd to begin op	eration on1/1/17		
Change(s) to a previously certified facility to be effective on (identify type(s) of change(s) below, and describe change(s) in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19)						
Name chan	Name change and/or other administrative change(s)					
Change in c	Change in ownership					
Change(s) affecting plant equipment, fuel use, power production capacity and/or cogeneration thermal output						
Supplement or o	correction to a previous filing submitted	on				
	upplement or correction in the Miscelland		ng on page 19)			
	1m If any of the following three statements is true, check the box(es) that describe your situation and complete the form to the extent possible, explaining any special circumstances in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.					
The instant fa	acility complies with the Commission's Q anted by the Commission in an order da Miscellaneous section starting on page 1	F requirements by ited	virtue of a wai	• • •		
	acility would comply with the Commissio with this application is granted	on's QF requiremen	ts if a petition	for waiver submitted		
employment	acility complies with the Commission's re of unique or innovative technologies no ration of compliance via this form difficu	ot contemplated by	the structure	of this form, that make		

RC Form 556			Page 6 - All Fa	acilities		
2a Name of contact person	b Telephone number					
Nick Oliver			(412) 553-1392			
2c Which of the following describes the contact person's relationship to the applicant? (check one)						
Applicant (self)	oyee, owner or partner of ap	plicant authorized	d to represent the applicant			
2e Street address (if same as Applica	int, check here and skip to l	ne 3a)		(
Alcoa Corporate Center, 201 Isabella Street	6D09					
2f City			2			
Pittsburgh		PA				
2h Postal code	2i Country (if not United S	tates)				
15212						
3a Facility name						
Falls						
3b Street address (if a street address does not exist for the facility, check here and skip to line 3c)						
3c Geographic coordinates: If you indicated that no street address exists for your facility by checking the box in line 3b, then you must specify the latitude and longitude coordinates of the facility in degrees (to three decimal places). Use the following formula to convert to decimal degrees from degrees, minutes and seconds: decimal degrees = degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/3600). See the "Geographic Coordinates" section on page 4 for help. If you provided a street address for your facility in line 3b, then specifying the geographic coordinates below is optional.						
Longitude	.075 degrees		33, 944 dedree	25		
3d City (if unincorporated, check her	re and enter nearest city) 🔀					
Badin		North Caro	lina			
3f County (or check here for indeper	ndent city) 3g	Country (if not Ur	nited States)	(
Stanly						
Identify the electric utilities that are contemplated to transact with the facility.						
4a Identify utility interconnecting with the facility						
Duke Energy Carolinas and Duke Energy Progress						
4b Identify utilities providing wheeling service or check here if none						
As Identify utilities purchasing the useful electric newer output or sheet, here if neme NA						
4c Identify utilities purchasing the useful electric power output or check here if none						
Duke Energy Progress						
	 2a Name of contact person Nick Oliver 2c Which of the following describes to Applicant (self) Employ Employee of a company affiliat Lawyer, consultant, or other rep 2d Company or organization name (Alcoa Inc.) 2e Street address (if same as Applicat Alcoa Corporate Center, 201 Isabella Street 2f City Pittsburgh 2h Postal code 15212 3a Facility name Falls 3b Street address (if a street address 3c Geographic coordinates: If you in then you must specify the latitud the following formula to convert degrees + (minutes/60) + (second provided a street address for you Longitude East (+) 80 West (-) 3d City (if unincorporated, check here Badin 3f County (or check here for indeper Stanly Identify utility interconnecting w Duke Energy Carolinas an 4b Identify utilities providing supple service or check here if none 	2a Name of contact person Nick Oliver 2c Which of the following describes the contact person's relation Applicant (self) Employee, owner or partner of ap Employee of a company affiliated with the applicant author Za Waver, consultant, or other representative authorized to r 2d Company or organization name (if applicant is an individual, Alcoa Inc. 2e Street address (if same as Applicant, check here and skip to lin Alcoa Corporate Center, 6D09 201 Isabella Street 2f City Pittsburgh 2h Postal code 15212 3a Facility name Falls 3b Street address (if a street address does not exist for the facilit the following formula to convert to decimal degrees from de degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/3600). See the "Geograp provided a street address for your facility in line 3b, then spe Longitude City (if unincorporated, check here and enter nearest city) Badin 3f County (or check here for independent city) Badin 3f County (or check here for independent city) Badin 3f County (or check here for independent city) Badin 3f County (or check here for independent city) Duke Energy Carolinas and Duke Energy Progr	2a Name of contact person 21 Nick Oliver 2 2c Which of the following describes the contact person's relationship to the applicant (self) Employee, owner or partner of applicant authorized to represent Employee of a company affiliated with the applicant authorized to represent the applicant (self) Employee, owner or partner of applicant authorized to represent the applicant company or organization name (if applicant is an individual, check here and skalcoa Inc. 2e Street address (if same as Applicant, check here and skip to line 3a) Alcoa Corporate Center, 6D09 201 Isabella Street 2i Country (if not United States) 15212 3a Facility name Falls 3b 3b Street address (if a street address does not exist for the facility, check here and degrees (if a street address does not exist for the facility, check here and degrees + (minutes/60) + (sconds/3c00). See the "Geographic Coordinates" provided a street address for your facility in line 3b, then specifying the geographic Coordinates of the facility in the following formula to convert to degrees. Latitude 3d City (if unincorporated, check here and enter nearest city) 3e State/prov North Caro 3f County (or check here for independent city) 3g Country (if not Ur stanly 3d Identify utilities providing wheeling service or check here if none 4e Identify utilities providing supplementary power, backup power, maintenance service or check here if none	2a Name of contact person 2b Telephone number Nick Oliver (12) 553-1392 2c Which of the following describes the contact person's relationship to the applicant? (check one) Applicant (self) Company of a company affiliated with the applicant authorized to represent the applicant on this matter Zd Company or organization name (if applicant is an individual, check here and skip to line 2e) Alcoa Inc. 2e Street address (if same as Applicant, check here and skip to line 3a) Alcoa Corporate Center , 6D09 201 Isabella Street 2f City Pittsburgh 2a Facelity name Fall 3b Street address (if a street address does not exist for the facility, check here and skip to line 3c) 3c Geographic coordinates: If you indicated that no street address exists for your facility by checking the box in line the following formula to convert to decimal degrees from degrees, minutes and seconds: decimal degrees for degrees, minutes and seconds: decimal degrees for degrees, minutes and seconds: decimal degrees for south(+) 3f County (if noit United States) State/province yprovided a street address for your facility in line 3b, then specifying the geographic coordinates below is optio Longitude Bast(+) 80.0775 degrees Latitude North (+) 35.944 degreededin(-) 3d Cou		

	percent equity interest. For each identified owner, also (1) indicate whether that owner is an electric utility, as defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or a holding company, as defined in section 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)), and (2) for owners which are electric utilities or holding companies, provide the percentage of equity interest in the facility held by that owner. If no direct owners hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, then provide the required information for the two direct owners with the largest equity interest in the facility.						
	Full legal names of direct owners	Electric utility c holding company	or If Yes % equ intere				
1)) Alcoa Power Generating Inc.	Yes 🖂 No 🗌	10				
2))	Yes No					
3)		Yes 🗌 No 🗌					
4))	Yes No					
5))	Yes No					
6))	Yes 🗌 No 🗌					
7))	Yes No					
8))	Yes No					
9))	Yes No					
10	0)	Yes 📃 No 🗌					
5b	Upstream (i.e., indirect) ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify a of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, an						
5b		nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi				
	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, an defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding co 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Als equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream of another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi intere				
	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, an defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding co 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Als equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream of Alcoa Inc.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi intere				
1)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding contact (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding contact (16 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream of another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream of Alcoa Inc.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi intere				
1) 2)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding contact (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding contact (16 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream or another.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi intere				
1) 2) 3)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding contacted to the public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream of another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream of Alcoa Inc.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi interes				
1) 2) 3) 4)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding concerned to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream over the second s	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi interes				
1) 2) 3) 4) 5)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, an defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding co 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Als equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream ov Alcoa Inc.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o diaries of o diaries of o diaries of o				
1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, an defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding co 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream ov Alcoa Inc.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of				
1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, an defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding co 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi interes				
1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding con 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream or Alcoa Inc.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi interes				
1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8) 9)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding con 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream or Alcoa Inc.	ad (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the percer owners may be subside wners	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi interes 				

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FE	RC F	orm 556					Page 8	8 - All Facilities
	6a	Describe tl	he primary energy input: (cl	neck one m	ain category and, if appli	cable, on	e subcategory)	
		Biomas	ss (specify)	R	enewable resources (spe	cify)	Geothermal	
			andfill gas		Hydro power - river		Fossil fuel (speci	fy)
			Manure digester gas		Hydro power - tidal		🗌 Coal (not v	waste)
			Aunicipal solid waste		Hydro power - wave	2	🗌 Fuel oil/di	esel
			sewage digester gas		Solar - photovoltaic		Natural ga	s (not waste)
		🗆 V	Vood		Solar - thermal		Other foss	
			Other biomass (describe on	page 19)	□ Wind		(describe	on page 19)
		U Waste	(specify type below in line 6	ib)	Other renewable res (describe on page 1		Other (describe	on page 19)
	6b	lf you spec	cified "waste" as the primary	v energy inp	out in line 6a, indicate the	type of	waste fuel used: (che	ck one)
		U Wast	e fuel listed in 18 C.F.R. § 29	2.202(b) (sp	ecify one of the followin	g)		
			Anthracite culm produced	prior to Jul	y 23, 1985			
			Anthracite refuse that has ash content of 45 percent		heat content of 6,000 Btu	u or less	per pound and has ar	n average
			Bituminous coal refuse that average ash content of 25			00 Btu p	er pound or less and	has an
nput	Top or bottom subbituminous coal produced on Federal lands or on Indian lands that has been determined to be waste by the United States Department of the Interior's Bureau of Land Manageme (BLM) or that is located on non-Federal or non-Indian lands outside of BLM's jurisdiction, provided the the applicant shows that the latter coal is an extension of that determined by BLM to be waste						anagement wided that	
Energy Input	Coal refuse produced on Federal lands or on Indian lands that has been determined to be waste BLM or that is located on non- Federal or non-Indian lands outside of BLM's jurisdiction, provided applicant shows that the latter is an extension of that determined by BLM to be waste							
ш		Lignite produced in association with the production of montan wax and lignite that becomes exposed as a result of such a mining operation						
		Gaseous fuels (except natural gas and synthetic gas from coal) (describe on page 19)						
		Waste natural gas from gas or oil wells (describe on page 19 how the gas meets the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 2.400 for waste natural gas; include with your filing any materials necessary to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 2.400)						
			Materials that a governme	nt agency h	as certified for disposal b	oy combi	ustion (describe on p	age 19)
			Heat from exothermic read	ctions (desc	ribe on page 19)	🗌 Re	esidual heat (describe	on page 19)
			Used rubber tires] Plastic m	aterials 🗌 Refin	nery off-	gas 🗌 Petro	leum coke
	Other waste energy input that has little or no commercial value and exists in the absence of facility industry (describe in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19; include a discussion lack of commercial value and existence in the absence of the qualifying facility industry)							
	6c Provide the average energy input, calculated on a calendar year basis, in terms of Btu/h for the following fossil fuel energy inputs, and provide the related percentage of the total average annual energy input to the facility (18 C.F.R. § 292.202(j)). For any oil or natural gas fuel, use lower heating value (18 C.F.R. § 292.202(m)).							
	Annual average energy Percentage of total Fuel input for specified fuel annual energy input						-	
			Natural gas		0 B	tu/h	0 %	
			Oil-based fuels		0 B	tu/h	0 %	
			Coal		∩ B :	tu/h	0 %	

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30,000 kW

1.1 kW

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Indicate the maximum gross and maximum net electric power production capacity of the facility at the point(s) of delivery by completing the worksheet below. Respond to all items. If any of the parasitic loads and/or losses identified in lines 7b through 7e are negligible, enter zero for those lines. 7a The maximum gross power production capacity at the terminals of the individual generator(s)

under the most favorable anticipated design conditions 7b Parasitic station power used at the facility to run equipment which is necessary and integral to the power production process (boiler feed pumps, fans/blowers, office or maintenance buildings directly related to the operation of the power generating facility, etc.). If this facility includes nonpower production processes (for instance, power consumed by a cogeneration facility's thermal host), do not include any power consumed by the non-power production activities in your reported parasitic station power.

	T.T KAA
7c Electrical losses in interconnection transformers	
	0 kW
7d Electrical losses in AC/DC conversion equipment, if any	
	0 kW
7e Other interconnection losses in power lines or facilities (other than transformers and AC/DC	
conversion equipment) between the terminals of the generator(s) and the point of interconnection	
with the utility	112 kW
7f Total deductions from gross power production capacity = $7b + 7c + 7d + 7e$	
	113.1 kW

7g Maximum net power production capacity = 7a - 7f

29,886.9 kW

7h Description of facility and primary components: Describe the facility and its operation. Identify all boilers, heat recovery steam generators, prime movers (any mechanical equipment driving an electric generator), electrical generators, photovoltaic solar equipment, fuel cell equipment and/or other primary power generation equipment used in the facility. Descriptions of components should include (as applicable) specifications of the nominal capacities for mechanical output, electrical output, or steam generation of the identified equipment. For each piece of equipment identified, clearly indicate how many pieces of that type of equipment are included in the plant, and which components are normally operating or normally in standby mode. Provide a description of how the components operate as a system. Applicants for cogeneration facilities do not need to describe operations of systems that are clearly depicted on and easily understandable from a cogeneration facility's attached mass and heat balance diagram; however, such applicants should provide any necessary description needed to understand the sequential operation of the facility depicted in their mass and heat balance diagram. If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

Falls Dam is a concrete gravity structure. The development consists of a nonoverflow gravity section, a Stoney gate-controlled spillway section, a Tainter gate-controlled spillway section, a trash gate section, and an integral intake/ powerhouse section. The non-overflow gravity section extends from the north end of the spillway section to the river abutment.

The spillway section consists of a Stoney gate section, a Tainter gate section, and a trash gate. There are ten Stoney gates and two Tainter gates to release surplus water during storm or flooding events. The ten Stoney gates are operated by individually fixed electrically powered screw-stem hoists from the spillway deck. Four of the Stoney gates may be remotely operated from the dispatch center in Alcoa, Tennessee, and also manually at the site. The two Tainter gates are operated by a movable, electrically powered hoist from the deck. The trash gate is locally operated by a rising screw stem hoist.

The powerhouse and intake form a single structural unit integral with the dam. The powerhouse is located between the south end of the gate-controlled spillway section and the river abutment. The structure consists of an integral reinforced concrete and concrete gravity substructure and a brick superstructure. The intake structure includes trashracks and six headgates.

Information Required for Small Power Production Facility

If you indicated in line 1k that you are seeking qualifying small power production facility status for your facility, then you must respond to the items on this page. Otherwise, skip page 10.

		ursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a), the power production capacity of any small power production facility, together ith the power production capacity of any other small power production facilities that use the same energy source, are owned by the same person(s) or its affiliates, and are located at the same site, may not exceed 80 egawatts. To demonstrate compliance with this size limitation, or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt om this size limitation under the Solar, Wind, Waste, and Geothermal Power Production Incentives Act of 1990 ub. L. 101-575, 104 Stat. 2834 (1990) <i>as amended by</i> Pub. L. 102-46, 105 Stat. 249 (1991)), respond to lines 8a rough 8e below (as applicable).
Certification of Compliance with Size Limitations	(a Identify any facilities with electrical generating equipment located within 1 mile of the electrical generating quipment of the instant facility, and for which any of the entities identified in lines 5a or 5b, or their affiliates, holds least a 5 percent equity interest. beck here if no such facilities exist. Image: Common owner(s) Maximum net power production capacity Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Maximum net power production capacity Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s)
Di Co		QF - kW
l il	i	QF - kW
tior Size	í	Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 if additional space is needed
Ce	-	 re you seeking exemption from the size limitations in 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a) by virtue of the Incentives Act? Yes (continue at line 8c below) No (skip lines 8c through 8e) Was the original notice of self-certification or application for Commission certification of the facility filed on or effore December 31, 1994? Yes No Did construction of the facility commence on or before December 31, 1999? Yes No If you answered No in line 8d, indicate whether reasonable diligence was exercised toward the completion of e facility, taking into account all factors relevant to construction? Yes No If you answered Yes, provide brief narrative explanation in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 of the construction timeline (in articular, describe why construction started so long after the facility was certified) and the diligence exercised ward completion of the facility.
Certification of Compliance		ursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b), qualifying small power production facilities may use fossil fuels, in minimal nounts, for only the following purposes: ignition; start-up; testing; flame stabilization; control use; alleviation or revention of unanticipated equipment outages; and alleviation or prevention of emergencies, directly affecting e public health, safety, or welfare, which would result from electric power outages. The amount of fossil fuels sed for these purposes may not exceed 25 percent of the total energy input of the facility during the 12-month beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy or any calendar year thereafter.
n of se R		 Certification of compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b) with respect to uses of fossil fuel: Applicant certifies that the facility will use fossil fuels <i>exclusively</i> for the purposes listed above.
atio	;	• Certification of compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b) with respect to amount of fossil fuel used annually:
Certific with Fue		Applicant certifies that the amount of fossil fuel used at the facility will not, in aggregate, exceed 25 percent of the total energy input of the facility during the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy or any calendar year thereafter.

18 2021

Information Required for Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 1k that you are seeking qualifying cogeneration facility status for your facility, then you must respond to the items on pages 11 through 13. Otherwise, skip pages 11 through 13.

	energy (such as heat or s use of energy. Pursuant cycle cogeneration facili thermal application or p	92.202(c), a cogeneration facility produces electric energy and forms of useful thermal steam) used for industrial, commercial, heating, or cooling purposes, through the sequential to 18 C.F.R. § 292.202(s), "sequential use" of energy means the following: (1) for a topping-ty, the use of reject heat from a power production process in sufficient amounts in a rocess to conform to the requirements of the operating standard contained in 18 C.F.R. § ottoming-cycle cogeneration facility, the use of at least some reject heat from a thermal ar power production.
	10a What type(s) of cog	eneration technology does the facility represent? (check all that apply)
	Topping-cycle	cogeneration Bottoming-cycle cogeneration
	other requirements balance diagram de meet certain requir	te the sequential operation of the cogeneration process, and to support compliance with s such as the operating and efficiency standards, include with your filing a mass and heat epicting average annual operating conditions. This diagram must include certain items and ements, as described below. You must check next to the description of each requirement it you have complied with these requirements.
	Check to certify compliance with	
	indicated requirement	Requirement
ration ۲		Diagram must show orientation within system piping and/or ducts of all prime movers, heat recovery steam generators, boilers, electric generators, and condensers (as applicable), as well as any other primary equipment relevant to the cogeneration process.
gene		Any average annual values required to be reported in lines 10b, 12a, 13a, 13b, 13d, 13f, 14a, 15b, 15d and/or 15f must be computed over the anticipated hours of operation.
General Cogeneration Information		Diagram must specify all fuel inputs by fuel type and average annual rate in Btu/h. Fuel for supplementary firing should be specified separately and clearly labeled. All specifications of fuel inputs should use lower heating values.
ene		Diagram must specify average gross electric output in kW or MW for each generator.
9		Diagram must specify average mechanical output (that is, any mechanical energy taken off of the shaft of the prime movers for purposes not directly related to electric power generation) in horsepower, if any. Typically, a cogeneration facility has no mechanical output.
		At each point for which working fluid flow conditions are required to be specified (see below), such flow condition data must include mass flow rate (in lb/h or kg/s), temperature (in °F, R, °C or K), absolute pressure (in psia or kPa) and enthalpy (in Btu/lb or kJ/kg). Exception: For systems where the working fluid is <i>liquid only</i> (no vapor at any point in the cycle) and where the type of liquid and specific heat of that liquid are clearly indicated on the diagram or in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19, only mass flow rate and temperature (not pressure and enthalpy) need be specified. For reference, specific heat at standard conditions for pure liquid water is approximately 1.002 Btu/ (lb*R) or 4.195 kJ/(kg*K).
		Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at input to and output from each steam turbine or other expansion turbine or back-pressure turbine.
		Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at delivery to and return from each thermal application.
		Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at make-up water inputs.

EPAct 2005 Requirements for Fundamental Use

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	uch requirements. /as your facility operating as a qualifying cogeneration facility on or before August 8, 2005? Yes No
for Co	Vas the initial filing seeking certification of your facility (whether a notice of self-certification or an application mmission certification) filed on or before February 1, 2006? Yes No
	answer to either line 11a or 11b is Yes, then continue at line 11c below. Otherwise, if the answers to both lines Id 11b are No, skip to line 11e below.
Februa	/ith respect to the design and operation of the facility, have any changes been implemented on or after ary 2, 2006 that affect general plant operation, affect use of thermal output, and/or increase net power ction capacity from the plant's capacity on February 1, 2006?
	Yes (continue at line 11d below)
	No. Your facility is not subject to the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) at this time. However, it may be subject to to these requirements in the future if changes are made to the facility. At such time, the applicant would need to recertify the facility to determine eligibility. Skip lines 11d through 11j.
	oes the applicant contend that the changes identified in line 11c are not so significant as to make the facility " cogeneration facility that would be subject to the 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) cogeneration requirements?
	Yes. Provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 a description of any relevant changes made to the facility (including the purpose of the changes) and a discussion of why the facility should not be considered a "new" cogeneration facility in light of these changes. Skip lines 11e through 11j.
	No. Applicant stipulates to the fact that it is a "new" cogeneration facility (for purposes of determining the applicability of the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)) by virtue of modifications to the facility that were initiated on or after February 2, 2006. Continue below at line 11e.
11e V	/ill electric energy from the facility be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA?
	Yes. The facility is an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility. You must demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing at line 11f below.
	No. Applicant certifies that energy will <i>not</i> be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA. Applicant also certifies its understanding that it must recertify its facility in order to determine compliance with the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) <i>before</i> selling energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA in the future. Skip lines 11f through 11j.
	the net power production capacity of your cogeneration facility, as indicated in line 7g above, less than or to 5,000 kW?
	Yes, the net power production capacity is less than or equal to 5,000 kW. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(4) provides a rebuttable presumption that cogeneration facilities of 5,000 kW and smaller capacity comply with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Applicant certifies its understanding that, should the power production capacity of the facility increase above 5,000 kW, then the facility must be recertified to (among other things) demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Skip lines 11g through 11j.
_	No, the net power production capacity is greater than 5,000 kW. Demonstrate compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing on

EPAct 2005 cogeneration facilities: The Energy Policy Act of 2005 (EPAct 2005) established a new section 210(n) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (PURPA), 16 USC 824a-3(n), with additional requirements for any qualifying cogeneration facility that (1) is seeking to sell electric energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA and (2)

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Mar 18 2021

Lines 11g through 11k below guide the applicant through the process of demonstrating compliance with the requirements for "fundamental use" of the facility's energy output. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Only respond to the lines on this page if the instructions on the previous page direct you to do so. Otherwise, skip this page.

18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) requires that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility. If you were directed on the previous page to respond to the items on this page, then your facility is an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility that is subject to this "fundamental use" requirement.

The Commission's regulations provide a two-pronged approach to demonstrating compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output. First, the Commission has established in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3) a "fundamental use test" that can be used to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Under the fundamental use test, a facility is considered to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) if at least 50 percent of the facility's total annual energy output (including electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output) is used for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes.

Second, an applicant for a facility that does not pass the fundamental use test may provide a narrative explanation of and support for its contention that the facility nonetheless meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility.

Complete lines 11g through 11j below to determine compliance with the fundamental use test in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Complete lines 11g through 11j *even if you do not intend to rely upon the fundamental use test to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2).*

11g Amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output (net of internal	1		
generation plant losses and parasitic loads) expected to be used annually for industrial,			
commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to an electric utility		M	Nh
11h Total amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy expected to be			
sold to an electric utility		M١	Nh
11i Percentage of total annual energy output expected to be used for industrial,			
commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to a utility			
= 100 * 11g /(11g + 11h)		0 %	
	-		-

11j Is the response in line 11i greater than or equal to 50 percent?

Yes. Your facility complies with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by virtue of passing the fundamental use test provided in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Applicant certifies its understanding that, if it is to rely upon passing the fundamental use test as a basis for complying with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2), then the facility must comply with the fundamental use test both in the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years.

No. Your facility does not pass the fundamental use test. Instead, you must provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 a narrative explanation of and support for why your facility meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a QF to its host facility. Applicants providing a narrative explanation of why their facility should be found to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) in spite of non-compliance with the fundamental use test may want to review paragraphs 47 through 61 of Order No. 671 (accessible from the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF), which provide discussion of the facts and circumstances that may support their explanation. Applicant should also note that the percentage reported above will establish the standard that that facility must comply with, both for the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years. *See* Order No. 671 at paragraph 51. As such, the applicant should make sure that it reports appropriate values on lines 11g and 11h above to serve as the relevant annual standard, taking into account expected variations in production conditions.

Usefulness of Topping-Cycle Thermal Output

Information Required for Topping-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents topping-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 14 and 15. Otherwise, skip pages 14 and 15.

The thermal energy output of a topping-cycle cogeneration facility is the net energy made available to an industrial or commercial process or used in a heating or cooling application. Pursuant to sections 292.202(c), (d) and (h) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. §§ 292.202(c), (d) and (h)), the thermal energy output of a qualifying topping-cycle cogeneration facility must be useful. In connection with this requirement, describe the thermal output of the topping-cycle cogeneration facility by responding to lines 12a and 12b below.

12a Identify and describe each thermal host, and specify the annual average rate of thermal output made available to each host for each use. For hosts with multiple uses of thermal output, provide the data for each use *in separate rows*.
Average annual rate of

Name of entity (t taking therm		thermal output attributable to use (net of heat contained in process return or make-up water)
1)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
1)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
2)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
~)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
3)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
5)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
4)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
+)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
5)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
5)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
6)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
0)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h

Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 if additional space is needed

12b Demonstration of usefulness of thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief description of each use of the thermal output identified above. In some cases, this brief description is sufficient to demonstrate usefulness. However, if your facility's use of thermal output is not common, and/or if the usefulness of such thermal output is not reasonably clear, then you must provide additional details as necessary to demonstrate usefulness. Your application may be rejected and/or additional information may be required if an insufficient showing of usefulness is made. (Exception: If you have previously received a Commission certification approving a specific use of thermal output related to the instant facility, then you need only provide a brief description of that use and a reference by date and docket number to the order certifying your facility with the indicated use. Such exemption may not be used if any change creates a material deviation from the previously authorized use.) If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

Topping-Cycle Operating and Efficiency Value Calculation Applicants for facilities representing topping-cycle technology must demonstrate compliance with the topping-cycle operating standard and, if applicable, efficiency standard. Section 292.205(a)(1) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(1)) establishes the operating standard for topping-cycle cogeneration facilities: the useful thermal energy output must be no less than 5 percent of the total energy output. Section 292.205(a)(2) (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(2)) establishes the efficiency standard for topping-cycle cogeneration facilities for which installation commenced on or after March 13, 1980: the useful power output of the facility plus one-half the useful thermal energy output must (A) be no less than 42.5 percent of the total energy input of natural gas and oil to the facility; and (B) if the useful thermal energy output is less than 15 percent of the total energy output of the facility, be no less than 45 percent of the total energy input of natural gas and oil to the facility. To demonstrate compliance with the topping-cycle operating and/or efficiency standards, or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard based on the date that installation commenced, respond to lines 13a through 13l below.

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents *both* topping-cycle and bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then respond to lines 13a through 13l below considering only the energy inputs and outputs attributable to the topping-cycle portion of your facility. Your mass and heat balance diagram must make clear which mass and energy flow values and system components are for which portion (topping or bottoming) of the cogeneration system.

5 /		
13a Indicate the annual average rate of useful thermal energy output made available		
to the host(s), net of any heat contained in condensate return or make-up water		Btu/h
13b Indicate the annual average rate of net electrical energy output		
13c Multiply line 13b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu/h		kW
	0	Btu/h
13d Indicate the annual average rate of mechanical energy output taken directly off		
of the shaft of a prime mover for purposes not directly related to power production		
(this value is usually zero)		hp
13e Multiply line 13d by 2,544 to convert from hp to Btu/h		
	0	Btu/h
13f Indicate the annual average rate of energy input from natural gas and oil		
		Btu/h
13g Topping-cycle operating value = 100 * 13a / (13a + 13c + 13e)		
	0	%
13h Topping-cycle efficiency value = 100 * (0.5*13a + 13c + 13e) / 13f		
	0	%
13i Compliance with operating standard: Is the operating value shown in line 13g gre	ater than or equal to 5%	6?
Yes (complies with operating standard) No (does not comply wi	th operating standard)	
13j Did installation of the facility in its current form commence on or after March 13, 1	980?	
Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.20		
\square compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to line 13k or 13l, a	s applicable, below.	
No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip lines 13k and 13l		
13k Compliance with efficiency standard (for low operating value): If the operating value than 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in line 13h greater		less
Yes (complies with efficiency standard) No (does not comply wi	th efficiency standard)	
13I Compliance with efficiency standard (for high operating value): If the operating value greater than or equal to 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency value shown equal to 42.5%:		
Yes (complies with efficiency standard) No (does not comply wi	th efficiency standard)	

Information Required for Bottoming-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 16 and 17. Otherwise, skip pages 16 and 17.

The thermal energy output of a bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility is the energy related to the process(es) from which at least some of the reject heat is then used for power production. Pursuant to sections 292.202(c) and (e) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.202(c) and (e)), the thermal energy output of a gualifying bottomingcycle cogeneration facility must be useful. In connection with this requirement, describe the process(es) from which at least some of the reject heat is used for power production by responding to lines 14a and 14b below.

14a Identify and describe each thermal host and each bottoming-cycle cogeneration process engaged in by each host. For hosts with multiple bottoming-cycle cogeneration processes, provide the data for each process in separate rows. Has the energy input to

Name of entity (thermal host) performing the process from

	which at least some of the reject heat is used for power production	Thermal host's relationship to facility; Thermal host's process type	of increasing power production capacity? (if Yes, describe on p. 19)
1)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes No
"		Select thermal host's process type	
2)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes No
2)		Select thermal host's process type	
3)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes No
		Select thermal host's process type	

Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 if additional space is needed

14b Demonstration of usefulness of thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief description of each process identified above. In some cases, this brief description is sufficient to demonstrate usefulness. However, if your facility's process is not common, and/or if the usefulness of such thermal output is not reasonably clear, then you must provide additional details as necessary to demonstrate usefulness. Your application may be rejected and/or additional information may be required if an insufficient showing of usefulness is made. (Exception: If you have previously received a Commission certification approving a specific bottoming-cycle process related to the instant facility, then you need only provide a brief description of that process and a reference by date and docket number to the order certifying your facility with the indicated process. Such exemption may not be used if any material changes to the process have been made.) If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

<u> Mar 18 2021</u>

Bottoming-Cycle Operating and

Applicants for facilities representing bottoming-cycle technology and for which installation commenced on or after March 13, 1990 must demonstrate compliance with the bottoming-cycle efficiency standards. Section 292.205(b) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(b)) establishes the efficiency standard for bottoming-cycle cogeneration facilities: the useful power output of the facility must be no less than 45 percent of the energy input of natural gas and oil for supplementary firing. To demonstrate compliance with the bottoming-cycle efficiency standard (if applicable), or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from this standard based on the date that installation of the facility began, respond to lines 15a through 15h below.

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents both topping-cycle and bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then respond to lines 15a through 15h below considering only the energy inputs and outputs attributable to the bottoming-cycle portion of your facility. Your mass and heat balance diagram must make clear which mass and energy flow values and system components are for which portion of the cogeneration system (topping or bottoming).

1 5 a [Did installation of	^t the facility in its	current form comm	nence on or after March 13	s, 1980?
----------------	---------------------	----------------------------------	-------------------	----------------------------	----------

15a Did installation of the facility in its current form commence on or after March 13, 1980?	
Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirement of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(b). D with the efficiency requirement by responding to lines 15b through 15h below.	Demonstrate complianc
No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip the rest of page 17.	
15b Indicate the annual average rate of net electrical energy output	
	kW
15c Multiply line 15b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu/h	0 Btu/l
15d Indicate the annual average rate of mechanical energy output taken directly off of the shaft of a prime mover for purposes not directly related to power production	
(this value is usually zero)	hp
15e Multiply line 15d by 2,544 to convert from hp to Btu/h	0 Btu/
15f Indicate the annual average rate of supplementary energy input from natural gas	0 Dtu/i
or oil	Btu/l
15g Bottoming-cycle efficiency value = 100 * (15c + 15e) / 15f	
	0 %

Mar 18 2021

Certificate of Completeness, Accuracy and Authority

Applicant must certify compliance with and understanding of filing requirements by checking next to each item below and signing at the bottom of this section. Forms with incomplete Certificates of Completeness, Accuracy and Authority will be rejected by the Secretary of the Commission.

Signer identified below certifies the following: (check all items and applicable subitems)

He or she has read the filing, including any information contained in any attached documents, such as cogeneration mass and heat balance diagrams, and any information contained in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19, and knows its contents.

He or she has provided all of the required information for certification, and the provided information is true as stated, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief.

He or she possess full power and authority to sign the filing; as required by Rule 2005(a)(3) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2005(a)(3)), he or she is one of the following: (check one)

□ The person on whose behalf the filing is made

An officer of the corporation, trust, association, or other organized group on behalf of which the filing is made

- An officer, agent, or employe of the governmental authority, agency, or instrumentality on behalf of which the filing is made
- A representative qualified to practice before the Commission under Rule 2101 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2101) and who possesses authority to sign

He or she has reviewed all automatic calculations and agrees with their results, unless otherwise noted in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

He or she has provided a copy of this Form 556 and all attachments to the utilities with which the facility will interconnect and transact (see lines 4a through 4d), as well as to the regulatory authorities of the states in which the facility and those utilities reside. See the Required Notice to Public Utilities and State Regulatory Authorities section on page 3 for more information.

Provide your signature, address and signature date below. Rule 2005(c) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2005(c)) provides that persons filing their documents electronically may use typed characters representing his or her name to sign the filed documents. A person filing this document electronically should sign (by typing his or her name) in the space provided below.

Your Signature	Your address	Date
	2001 M Street, NW, Suite 900	
David R. Poe	Washington, DC 20036-3310	9/28/2016

Audit Notes

Commission Staff Use Only:

Miscellaneous

Use this space to provide any information for which there was not sufficient space in the previous sections of the form to provide. For each such item of information *clearly identify the line number that the information belongs to*. You may also use this space to provide any additional information you believe is relevant to the certification of your facility.

Your response below is not limited to one page. Additional page(s) will automatically be inserted into this form if the length of your response exceeds the space on this page. Use as many pages as you require.

Line 11)

01/01/1917.

Line 7h)

The Falls powerhouse contains one 10,410 kW S. Morgan Smith vertical Francis turbine unit (Unit 1) and two 11,190 kW Allis Chalmers propeller-type turbine units (Units 2 and 3), each operating under a net head of 54.0 ft, and direct-connected to generators having a total capacity of 33,750 kW (Unit 1 @ 8,750 kW, Units 2 and 3 @ 12,500 kW) for a total generating capacity of 31,130 kW as limited by the generator for Unit 1 and the turbines for Units 2 and 3. The Falls Development has a total hydraulic capacity of 8,570 cfs.

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC

OMB Control # 1902-0075 Expiration 06/30/2019

Form 556 Certification of Qualifying Facility (QF) Status for a Small Power Production or Cogeneration Facility

General

Questions about completing this form should be sent to <u>Form556@ferc.gov</u>. Information about the Commission's QF program, answers to frequently asked questions about QF requirements or completing this form, and contact information for QF program staff are available at the Commission's QF website, <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u>. The Commission's QF website also provides links to the Commission's QF regulations (18 C.F.R. § 131.80 and Part 292), as well as other statutes and orders pertaining to the Commission's QF program.

Who Must File

Any applicant seeking QF status or recertification of QF status for a generating facility with a net power production capacity (as determined in lines 7a through 7g below) greater than 1000 kW must file a self-certification or an application for Commission certification of QF status, which includes a properly completed Form 556. Any applicant seeking QF status for a generating facility with a net power production capacity 1000 kW or less is exempt from the certification requirement, and is therefore not required to complete or file a Form 556. *See* 18 C.F.R. § 292.203.

How to Complete the Form 556

This form is intended to be completed by responding to the items in the order they are presented, according to the instructions given. If you need to back-track, you may need to clear certain responses before you will be allowed to change other responses made previously in the form. If you experience problems, click on the nearest help button ()) for assistance, or contact Commission staff at Form556@ferc.gov.

Certain lines in this form will be automatically calculated based on responses to previous lines, with the relevant formulas shown. You must respond to all of the previous lines within a section before the results of an automatically calculated field will be displayed. If you disagree with the results of any automatic calculation on this form, contact Commission staff at Form556@ferc.gov to discuss the discrepancy before filing.

You must complete all lines in this form unless instructed otherwise. Do not alter this form or save this form in a different format. Incomplete or altered forms, or forms saved in formats other than PDF, will be rejected.

How to File a Completed Form 556

Applicants are required to file their Form 556 electronically through the Commission's eFiling website (see instructions on page 2). By filing electronically, you will reduce your filing burden, save paper resources, save postage or courier charges, help keep Commission expenses to a minimum, and receive a much faster confirmation (via an email containing the docket number assigned to your facility) that the Commission has received your filing.

If you are simultaneously filing both a waiver request and a Form 556 as part of an application for Commission certification, see the "Waiver Requests" section on page 3 for more information on how to file.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

This form is approved by the Office of Management and Budget. Compliance with the information requirements established by the FERC Form No. 556 is required to obtain or maintain status as a QF. See 18 C.F.R. § 131.80 and Part 292. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The estimated burden for completing the FERC Form No. 556, including gathering and reporting information, is as follows: 3 hours for self-certification of a small power production facility, 8 hours for self-certifications of a cogeneration facility, 6 hours for an application for Commission certification of a small power production facility, and 50 hours for an application for Commission certification for reducing this burden, to the following: Information Clearance Officer, Office of the Executive Director (ED-32), Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street N.E., Washington, DC 20426 (DataClearance@ferc.gov); and Desk Officer for FERC, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503 (oira_submission@omb.eop.gov). Include the Control No. 1902-0075 in any correspondence.

Electronic Filing (eFiling)

To electronically file your Form 556, visit the Commission's QF website at <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u> and click the eFiling link.

If you are eFiling your first document, you will need to register with your name, email address, mailing address, and phone number. If you are registering on behalf of an employer, then you will also need to provide the employer name, alternate contact name, alternate contact phone number and and alternate contact email.

Once you are registered, log in to eFiling with your registered email address and the password that you created at registration. Follow the instructions. When prompted, select one of the following QF-related filing types, as appropriate, from the Electric or General filing category.

Filing category	Filing Type as listed in eFiling	Description
	(Fee) Application for Commission Cert. as Cogeneration QF	Use to submit an application for Commission certification or Commission recertification of a cogeneration facility as a QF.
	(Fee) Application for Commission Cert. as Small Power QF	Use to submit an application for Commission certification or Commission recertification of a small power production facility as a QF.
	Self-Certification Notice (QF, EG, FC)	Use to submit a notice of self- certification of your facility (cogeneration or small power production) as a QF.
Electric	Self-Recertification of Qualifying Facility (QF)	Use to submit a notice of self- recertification of your facility (cogeneration or small power production) as a QF.
	Supplemental Information or Request	Use to correct or supplement a Form 556 that was submitted with errors or omissions, or for which Commission staff has requested additional information. Do <i>not</i> use this filing type to report new changes to a facility or its ownership; rather, use a self- recertification or Commission recertification to report such changes.
General	(Fee) Petition for Declaratory Order (not under FPA Part 1)	Use to submit a petition for declaratory order granting a waive of Commission QF regulations pursuant to 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.204(a) (3) and/or 292.205(c). A Form 556 in not required for a petition for declaratory order unless Commission recertification is being requested as part of the petition.

You will be prompted to submit your filing fee, if applicable, during the electronic submission process. Filing fees can be paid via electronic bank account debit or credit card.

During the eFiling process, you will be prompted to select your file(s) for upload from your computer.

Mar 18 2021

Filing Fee

No filing fee is required if you are submitting a self-certification or self-recertification of your facility as a QF pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(a).

A filing fee is required if you are filing either of the following:

(1) an application for Commission certification or recertification of your facility as a QF pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(b), or (2) a petition for declaratory order granting waiver pursuant to 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.204(a)(3) and/or 292.205(c).

The current fees for applications for Commission certifications and petitions for declaratory order can be found by visiting the Commission's QF website at <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u> and clicking the Fee Schedule link.

You will be prompted to submit your filing fee, if applicable, during the electronic filing process described on page 2.

Required Notice to Utilities and State Regulatory Authorities

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(a)(ii), you must provide a copy of your self-certification or request for Commission certification to the utilities with which the facility will interconnect and/or transact, as well as to the State regulatory authorities of the states in which your facility and those utilities reside. Links to information about the regulatory authorities in various states can be found by visiting the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF and clicking the Notice Requirements link.

What to Expect From the Commission After You File

An applicant filing a Form 556 electronically will receive an email message acknowledging receipt of the filing and showing the docket number assigned to the filing. Such email is typically sent within one business day, but may be delayed pending confirmation by the Secretary of the Commission of the contents of the filing.

An applicant submitting a self-certification of QF status should expect to receive no documents from the Commission, other than the electronic acknowledgement of receipt described above. Consistent with its name, a self-certification is a certification *by the applicant itself* that the facility meets the relevant requirements for QF status, and does not involve a determination by the Commission as to the status of the facility. An acknowledgement of receipt of a self-certification, in particular, does not represent a determination by the Commission with regard to the QF status of the facility. An applicant self-certifying may, however, receive a rejection, revocation or deficiency letter if its application is found, during periodic compliance reviews, not to comply with the relevant requirements.

An applicant submitting a request for Commission certification will receive an order either granting or denying certification of QF status, or a letter requesting additional information or rejecting the application. Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(b)(3), the Commission must act on an application for Commission certification within 90 days of the later of the filing date of the application or the filing date of a supplement, amendment or other change to the application.

Waiver Requests

18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a)(3) allows an applicant to request a waiver to modify the method of calculation pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a)(2) to determine if two facilities are considered to be located at the same site, for good cause. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(c) allows an applicant to request waiver of the requirements of 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.205(a) and (b) for operating and efficiency upon a showing that the facility will produce significant energy savings. A request for waiver of these requirements must be submitted as a petition for declaratory order, with the appropriate filing fee for a petition for declaratory order. Applicants requesting Commission recertification as part of a request for waiver of one of these requirements should electronically submit their completed Form 556 along with their petition for declaratory order, rather than filing their Form 556 as a separate request for Commission recertification. Only the filing fee for the petition for declaratory order must be paid to cover both the waiver request and the request for recertification *if such requests are made simultaneously*.

18 C.F.R. § 292.203(d)(2) allows an applicant to request a waiver of the Form 556 filing requirements, for good cause. Applicants filing a petition for declaratory order requesting a waiver under 18 C.F.R. § 292.203(d)(2) do not need to complete or submit a Form 556 with their petition.

Geographic Coordinates

If a street address does not exist for your facility, then line 3c of the Form 556 requires you to report your facility's geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude). Geographic coordinates may be obtained from several different sources. You can find links to online services that show latitude and longitude coordinates on online maps by visiting the Commission's QF webpage at www.ferc.gov/QF and clicking the Geographic Coordinates link. You may also be able to obtain your geographic coordinates from a GPS device, Google Earth (available free at http://earth.google.com), a property survey, various engineering or construction drawings, a property deed, or a municipal or county map showing property lines.

Filing Privileged Data or Critical Energy Infrastructure Information in a Form 556

The Commission's regulations provide procedures for applicants to either (1) request that any information submitted with a Form 556 be given privileged treatment because the information is exempt from the mandatory public disclosure requirements of the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552, and should be withheld from public disclosure; or (2) identify any documents containing critical energy infrastructure information (CEII) as defined in 18 C.F.R. § 388.113 that should not be made public.

If you are seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for any data in your Form 556, then you must follow the procedures in 18 C.F.R. § 388.112. See <u>www.ferc.gov/help/filing-guide/file-ceii.asp</u> for more information.

Among other things (see 18 C.F.R. § 388.112 for other requirements), applicants seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for data submitted in a Form 556 must prepare and file both (1) a complete version of the Form 556 (containing the privileged and/or CEII data), and (2) a public version of the Form 556 (with the privileged and/or CEII data redacted). Applicants preparing and filing these different versions of their Form 556 must indicate below the security designation of this version of their document. If you are *not* seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for any of your Form 556 data, then you should not respond to any of the items on this page.

Non-Public: Applicant is seeking privileged treatment and/or CEII status for data contained in the Form 556 lines indicated below. This non-public version of the applicant's Form 556 contains all data, including the data that is redacted in the (separate) public version of the applicant's Form 556.

Public (redacted): Applicant is seeking privileged treatment and/or CEII status for data contained in the Form 556 lines indicated below. This public version of the applicants's Form 556 contains all data <u>except</u> for data from the lines indicated below, which has been redacted.

Privileged: Indicate below which lines of your form contain data for which you are seeking privileged treatment

Critical Energy Infrastructure Information (CEII): Indicate below which lines of your form contain data for which you are seeking CEII status

The eFiling process described on page 2 will allow you to identify which versions of the electronic documents you submit are public, privileged and/or CEII. The filenames for such documents should begin with "Public", "Priv", or "CEII", as applicable, to clearly indicate the security designation of the file. Both versions of the Form 556 should be unaltered PDF copies of the Form 556, as available for download from www.ferc.gov/QF. To redact data from the public copy of the submittal, simply omit the relevant data from the Form. For numerical fields, leave the redacted fields blank. For text fields, complete as much of the field as possible, and replace the redacted portions of the field with the word "REDACTED" in brackets. Be sure to identify above <u>all</u> fields which contain data for which you are seeking non-public status.

The Commission is not responsible for detecting or correcting filer errors, including those errors related to security designation. If your documents contain sensitive information, make sure they are filed using the proper security designation.

	FEDERAL ENERGY REGULA WASHINGTC		IISSION	OMB Control # 1902-007 Expiration 06/30/2019		
Form 5	556 Certification of Qualifyi Production or Cogener	•) Status for a S	Small Power		
	licant (legal entity on whose behalf quali Generating Inc.	ifying facility statu	s is sought for th	nis facility)		
1b Applicant street						
1c City Pittsburg		1d State/provi	ince			
1e Postal code	1f Country (if not United States)		1g Telephone	number		
15212-5858			412 553			
	acility ever previously been certified as a	OF? Yes 🗌 N	lo 🖂			
	e docket number of the last known QF fili		nis facility: Q			
-	ification process is the applicant making	-				
Notice of self-certificationApplication for Commission certification (requires filing fee; see "Filing Fee" section on page 3)						
Note: a notice of self-certification is a notice by the applicant itself that its facility complies with the requirements for QF status. A notice of self-certification does not establish a proceeding, and the Commission does not review a notice of self-certification to verify compliance. See the "What to Expect From the Commission After You File" section on page 3 for more information.						
	k What type(s) of QF status is the applicant seeking for its facility? (check all that apply)					
Qualifying small power production facility status Qualifying cogeneration facility status						
What is the purpose and expected effective date(s) of this filing?						
X Original certific	cation; facility expected to be installed by	/ <u>1/1/27</u> a	nd to begin ope	ration on1/1/27		
Change(s) to a previously certified facility to be effective on (identify type(s) of change(s) below, and describe change(s) in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19)						
Name change and/or other administrative change(s)						
Change in c	Change in ownership					
Change(s) a	Change(s) affecting plant equipment, fuel use, power production capacity and/or cogeneration thermal output					
Supplement or correction to a previous filing submitted on						
	(describe the supplement or correction in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19)					
to the extent pos	owing three statements is true, check the ssible, explaining any special circumstanc	ces in the Miscellar	neous section st	arting on page 19.		
🖵 previously gr	acility complies with the Commission's QF anted by the Commission in an order dat Miscellaneous section starting on page 1	ted		er of certain regulations her relevant waiver		
	acility would comply with the Commissio with this application is granted	n's QF requiremen	nts if a petition fo	or waiver submitted		
employment	acility complies with the Commission's re- of unique or innovative technologies no ration of compliance via this form difficul	t contemplated by	, the structure o	f this form, that make		

FE	RC Form 556				Page 6 - All Facilities	;		
	2a Name of contact person			2b Telephone	number	1		
ation	Nick Oliver			(412) 553	3-1392			
	2c Which of the following describes the contact person's relationship to the applicant? (check one)							
	Applicant (self) Employee, owner or partner of applicant authorized to represent the applicant							
	Employee of a company affiliated with the applicant authorized to represent the applicant on this matter							
	Lawyer, consultant, or other representative authorized to represent the applicant on this matter							
E	2d Company or organization name (if applicant is an individu	al, check here and	d skip to line 2e)		1		
Contact Information	Alcoa Inc.		·					
	2e Street address (if same as Applica	nt, check here and skip to	o line 3a)			1		
tac	Alcoa Corporate Center,							
uo	201 Isabella Street							
U	2f City		2g State/prov	ince		1		
	Pittsburgh		PA					
	2h Postal code	2i Country (if not United	States)			1		
	15212		·					
	3a Facility name					1		
on	High Rock							
ati	3b Street address (if a street address does not exist for the facility, check here and skip to line 3c)							
00.				·				
ЧЦ								
tification and Location	3c Geographic coordinates: If you indicated that no street address exists for your facility by checking the box in line 3b, then you must specify the latitude and longitude coordinates of the facility in degrees (to three decimal places). Use the following formula to convert to decimal degrees from degrees, minutes and seconds: decimal degrees = degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/3600). See the "Geographic Coordinates" section on page 4 for help. If you provided a street address for your facility in line 3b, then specifying the geographic coordinates below is optional.							
Facility Ident	Longitude East (+) 80	.233 degrees	Latitude	⊠ North (+) □ South (-) —	35.601 degrees			
2	3d City (if unincorporated, check her	e and enter nearest city)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
ilit.	Salisbury		North Ca	rolina				
lac	3f County (or check here for indeper	ndent city) 3	g Country (if not	United States)		6		
_	Davidson							
	Identify the electric utilities that are contemplated to transact with the facility.							
es	4a Identify utility interconnecting with the facility							
liti	Duke Energy Carolinas and Duke Energy Progress							
Utilities	4b Identify utilities providing wheeling service or check here if none							
b		4b Identify utilities providing wheeling service or check here if none						
ctir	4c Identify utilities purchasing the us	seful electric power outpu	ut or check here i	f none 🛛				
Isa								
Transacting	4d Identify utilities providing supple service or check here if none ⊠	mentary power, backup j	oower, maintenai	nce power, and/o	or interruptible power			

	percent equity interest. For each identified owner, also (1) indicate whether that of defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or a holding of 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)), and utilities or holding companies, provide the percentage of equity interest in the face direct owners hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, then provide the two direct owners with the largest equity interest in the facility.	company, as defined d (2) for owners whic ility held by that own he required informat	in section h are election ner. If no ion for the
	Full legal names of direct owners	Electric utility c holding company	or If Yes % equ intere
1)) Alcoa Power Generating Inc.	Yes 🖂 No 🗌	10
2))	Yes No	
3)		Yes 🗌 No 🗌	
4))	Yes No	
5))	Yes No	
6))	Yes 🗌 No 🗌	
7))	Yes No	
8))	Yes No	
9))	Yes No	
10	0)	Yes 📃 No 🗌	
5b	Upstream (i.e., indirect) ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify a of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, an		
5b		nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi
	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, an defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding co 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Als equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream of another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi intere
	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, an defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding co 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Als equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream of Alcoa Inc.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi intere
1)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding contact (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding contact (16 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream of another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream of Alcoa Inc.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi intere
1) 2)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding contact (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding contact (16 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream or another.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi intere
1) 2) 3)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding contacted to the public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream of another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream of Alcoa Inc.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi interes
1) 2) 3) 4)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding concerned to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream over the second s	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi interes
1) 2) 3) 4) 5)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, an defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding co 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Als equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream ov Alcoa Inc.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o diaries of o diaries of o diaries of o
1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, an defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding co 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream ov Alcoa Inc.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of
1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, an defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding co 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi interes
1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding con 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream or Alcoa Inc.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi interes
1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8) 9)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding con 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream or Alcoa Inc.	ad (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the percei- owners may be subside wners	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi interes

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FE	RC F	orm 556					Page 8	8 - All Facilities
	6a	Describe tl	he primary energy input: (cl	neck one m	ain category and, if appli	cable, on	e subcategory)	
		Biomas	ss (specify)	R	enewable resources (spe	cify)	Geothermal	
			andfill gas		Hydro power - river		Fossil fuel (speci	fy)
			Manure digester gas		Hydro power - tidal		🗌 Coal (not v	waste)
			Aunicipal solid waste		Hydro power - wave	2	🗌 Fuel oil/di	esel
			sewage digester gas		Solar - photovoltaic		Natural ga	s (not waste)
		🗆 V	Vood		Solar - thermal		Other foss	
			Other biomass (describe on	page 19)	□ Wind		(describe	on page 19)
		U Waste	(specify type below in line 6	ib)	Other renewable res (describe on page 1		Other (describe	on page 19)
	6b	lf you spec	cified "waste" as the primary	v energy inp	out in line 6a, indicate the	type of	waste fuel used: (che	ck one)
		U Wast	e fuel listed in 18 C.F.R. § 29	2.202(b) (sp	ecify one of the followin	g)		
			Anthracite culm produced	prior to Jul	y 23, 1985			
			Anthracite refuse that has ash content of 45 percent		heat content of 6,000 Btu	u or less	per pound and has ar	n average
	Bituminous coal refuse that has an average heat content of 9,500 Btu per pound or less and has a average ash content of 25 percent or more							has an
nput	Top or bottom subbituminous coal produced on Federal lands or on Indian lands that has been determined to be waste by the United States Department of the Interior's Bureau of Land Managem (BLM) or that is located on non-Federal or non-Indian lands outside of BLM's jurisdiction, provided to the applicant shows that the latter coal is an extension of that determined by BLM to be waste						anagement wided that	
Energy Input	Coal refuse produced on Federal lands or on Indian lands that has been determined to be waste BLM or that is located on non-Federal or non-Indian lands outside of BLM's jurisdiction, provide applicant shows that the latter is an extension of that determined by BLM to be waste							
ш		Lignite produced in association with the production of montan wax and lignite that becomes exposed as a result of such a mining operation						
		Gaseous fuels (except natural gas and synthetic gas from coal) (describe on page 19)						
			Waste natural gas from ga C.F.R. § 2.400 for waste na compliance with 18 C.F.R.	tural gas; in				
			Materials that a governme	nt agency h	as certified for disposal b	oy combi	ustion (describe on p	age 19)
			Heat from exothermic read	ctions (desc	ribe on page 19)	🗌 Re	esidual heat (describe	on page 19)
			Used rubber tires] Plastic m	aterials 🗌 Refin	nery off-	gas 🗌 Petro	leum coke
		Other waste energy input that has little or no commercial value and exists in the absence of the qualifying facility industry (describe in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19; include a discussion of the fuel's lack of commercial value and existence in the absence of the qualifying facility industry)						
	6с	6c Provide the average energy input, calculated on a calendar year basis, in terms of Btu/h for the following fossil fuel energy inputs, and provide the related percentage of the total average annual energy input to the facility (18 C.F.R. § 292.202(j)). For any oil or natural gas fuel, use lower heating value (18 C.F.R. § 292.202(m)).						
			Fuel		nual average energy out for specified fuel		Percentage of total nnual energy input	
			Natural gas		0 B	tu/h	0 %	
			Oil-based fuels		0 B	tu/h	0 %	
			Coal		∩ B :	tu/h	0 %	

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34,500 kW

kW

kW

kW

kW

kW

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Indicate the maximum gross and maximum net electric power production capacity of the facility at the point(s) of delivery by completing the worksheet below. Respond to all items. If any of the parasitic loads and/or losses identified in lines 7b through 7e are negligible, enter zero for those lines.

7a The maximum gross power production capacity at the terminals of the individual generator(s) under the most favorable anticipated design conditions
 7b Parasitic station power used at the facility to run equipment which is necessary and integral to the power production process (boiler feed pumps, fans/blowers, office or maintenance buildings directly related to the operation of the power generating facility, etc.). If this facility includes non-power production processes (for instance, power consumed by a cogeneration facility's thermal host), do not include any power consumed by the non-power production activities in your reported parasitic station power.

	3.1
7c Electrical losses in interconnection transformers	
	0
7d Electrical losses in AC/DC conversion equipment, if any	
	0
7e Other interconnection losses in power lines or facilities (other than transformers and AC/DC	
conversion equipment) between the terminals of the generator(s) and the point of interconnection	
with the utility	0
7f Total deductions from gross power production capacity = $7b + 7c + 7d + 7e$	
	37

7g Maximum net power production capacity = 7a - 7f

7h Description of facility and primary components: Describe the facility and its operation. Identify all boilers, heat recovery steam generators, prime movers (any mechanical equipment driving an electric generator), electrical generators, photovoltaic solar equipment, fuel cell equipment and/or other primary power generation equipment used in the facility. Descriptions of components should include (as applicable) specifications of the nominal capacities for mechanical output, electrical output, or steam generation of the identified equipment. For each piece of equipment identified, clearly indicate how many pieces of that type of equipment are included in the plant, and which components are normally operating or normally in standby mode. Provide a description of how the components operate as a system. Applicants for cogeneration facilities do not need to describe operations of systems that are clearly depicted on and easily understandable from a cogeneration facility's attached mass and heat balance diagram; however, such applicants should provide any necessary description needed to understand the sequential operation of the facility depicted in their mass and heat balance diagram. If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

High Rock Dam is a concrete gravity structure. The dam is comprised of two short non- overflow sections, a Stoney gate-controlled spillway section, and an integral intake/powerhouse section.

The non-overflow sections are located at the east end of the powerhouse and at the west end of the gate-controlled spillway. The gate-controlled spillway section includes ten Stoney gates that release surplus water during flood events. The spillway gates are operated locally at the site by fixed individual electrically powered hoists.

The High Rock powerhouse and intake form a single structural unit integral with the dam. It consists of a concrete substructure containing three water passages and a brick superstructure. The intake structure includes trashracks and six headgates.

The High Rock powerhouse contains three 10,970 kilowatt (kW) vertical Francis turbines, each operating under a net head of 55.0 ft, direct-connected to generators having a total capacity of 41,250 kW (Units 1, 2, and 3 @ 13,750 kW), for a total installed capacity of 32,190 kW as limited by the turbines1. The High Rock Development has a total hydraulic capacity of 10,050 cfs.

Information Required for Small Power Production Facility

If you indicated in line 1k that you are seeking qualifying small power production facility status for your facility, then you must respond to the items on this page. Otherwise, skip page 10.

		ursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a), the power production capacity of any small power production facility, together ith the power production capacity of any other small power production facilities that use the same energy source, are owned by the same person(s) or its affiliates, and are located at the same site, may not exceed 80 egawatts. To demonstrate compliance with this size limitation, or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt om this size limitation under the Solar, Wind, Waste, and Geothermal Power Production Incentives Act of 1990 ub. L. 101-575, 104 Stat. 2834 (1990) <i>as amended by</i> Pub. L. 102-46, 105 Stat. 249 (1991)), respond to lines 8a rough 8e below (as applicable).
Certification of Compliance with Size Limitations	(a Identify any facilities with electrical generating equipment located within 1 mile of the electrical generating quipment of the instant facility, and for which any of the entities identified in lines 5a or 5b, or their affiliates, holds least a 5 percent equity interest. beck here if no such facilities exist. Image: Common owner(s) Maximum net power production capacity Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Maximum net power production capacity Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s)
Di Co		QF - kW
l il	i	QF - kW
tior Size	í	Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 if additional space is needed
Ce	8 	 re you seeking exemption from the size limitations in 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a) by virtue of the Incentives Act? Yes (continue at line 8c below) No (skip lines 8c through 8e) Was the original notice of self-certification or application for Commission certification of the facility filed on or effore December 31, 1994? Yes No Did construction of the facility commence on or before December 31, 1999? Yes No If you answered No in line 8d, indicate whether reasonable diligence was exercised toward the completion of e facility, taking into account all factors relevant to construction? Yes No If you answered Yes, provide brief narrative explanation in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 of the construction timeline (in articular, describe why construction started so long after the facility was certified) and the diligence exercised ward completion of the facility.
Certification of Compliance		ursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b), qualifying small power production facilities may use fossil fuels, in minimal nounts, for only the following purposes: ignition; start-up; testing; flame stabilization; control use; alleviation or revention of unanticipated equipment outages; and alleviation or prevention of emergencies, directly affecting e public health, safety, or welfare, which would result from electric power outages. The amount of fossil fuels sed for these purposes may not exceed 25 percent of the total energy input of the facility during the 12-month beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy or any calendar year thereafter.
n of se R		 Certification of compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b) with respect to uses of fossil fuel: Applicant certifies that the facility will use fossil fuels <i>exclusively</i> for the purposes listed above.
atio	;	• Certification of compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b) with respect to amount of fossil fuel used annually:
Certific with Fue		Applicant certifies that the amount of fossil fuel used at the facility will not, in aggregate, exceed 25 percent of the total energy input of the facility during the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy or any calendar year thereafter.

18 2021

Information Required for Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 1k that you are seeking qualifying cogeneration facility status for your facility, then you must respond to the items on pages 11 through 13. Otherwise, skip pages 11 through 13.

	energy (such as heat or s use of energy. Pursuant cycle cogeneration facili thermal application or p	92.202(c), a cogeneration facility produces electric energy and forms of useful thermal steam) used for industrial, commercial, heating, or cooling purposes, through the sequential to 18 C.F.R. § 292.202(s), "sequential use" of energy means the following: (1) for a topping-ty, the use of reject heat from a power production process in sufficient amounts in a rocess to conform to the requirements of the operating standard contained in 18 C.F.R. § ottoming-cycle cogeneration facility, the use of at least some reject heat from a thermal ar power production.
	10a What type(s) of cog	eneration technology does the facility represent? (check all that apply)
	Topping-cycle	cogeneration Bottoming-cycle cogeneration
	other requirements balance diagram de meet certain requir	te the sequential operation of the cogeneration process, and to support compliance with s such as the operating and efficiency standards, include with your filing a mass and heat epicting average annual operating conditions. This diagram must include certain items and ements, as described below. You must check next to the description of each requirement it you have complied with these requirements.
	Check to certify compliance with	
	indicated requirement	Requirement
ration ۲		Diagram must show orientation within system piping and/or ducts of all prime movers, heat recovery steam generators, boilers, electric generators, and condensers (as applicable), as well as any other primary equipment relevant to the cogeneration process.
gene		Any average annual values required to be reported in lines 10b, 12a, 13a, 13b, 13d, 13f, 14a, 15b, 15d and/or 15f must be computed over the anticipated hours of operation.
General Cogeneration Information		Diagram must specify all fuel inputs by fuel type and average annual rate in Btu/h. Fuel for supplementary firing should be specified separately and clearly labeled. All specifications of fuel inputs should use lower heating values.
ene		Diagram must specify average gross electric output in kW or MW for each generator.
9		Diagram must specify average mechanical output (that is, any mechanical energy taken off of the shaft of the prime movers for purposes not directly related to electric power generation) in horsepower, if any. Typically, a cogeneration facility has no mechanical output.
		At each point for which working fluid flow conditions are required to be specified (see below), such flow condition data must include mass flow rate (in lb/h or kg/s), temperature (in °F, R, °C or K), absolute pressure (in psia or kPa) and enthalpy (in Btu/lb or kJ/kg). Exception: For systems where the working fluid is <i>liquid only</i> (no vapor at any point in the cycle) and where the type of liquid and specific heat of that liquid are clearly indicated on the diagram or in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19, only mass flow rate and temperature (not pressure and enthalpy) need be specified. For reference, specific heat at standard conditions for pure liquid water is approximately 1.002 Btu/ (lb*R) or 4.195 kJ/(kg*K).
		Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at input to and output from each steam turbine or other expansion turbine or back-pressure turbine.
		Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at delivery to and return from each thermal application.
		Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at make-up water inputs.

EPAct 2005 Requirements for Fundamental Use

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	uch requirements. /as your facility operating as a qualifying cogeneration facility on or before August 8, 2005? Yes No
for Co	Vas the initial filing seeking certification of your facility (whether a notice of self-certification or an application mmission certification) filed on or before February 1, 2006? Yes No
	answer to either line 11a or 11b is Yes, then continue at line 11c below. Otherwise, if the answers to both lines Id 11b are No, skip to line 11e below.
Februa	/ith respect to the design and operation of the facility, have any changes been implemented on or after ary 2, 2006 that affect general plant operation, affect use of thermal output, and/or increase net power ction capacity from the plant's capacity on February 1, 2006?
	Yes (continue at line 11d below)
	No. Your facility is not subject to the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) at this time. However, it may be subject to to these requirements in the future if changes are made to the facility. At such time, the applicant would need to recertify the facility to determine eligibility. Skip lines 11d through 11j.
	oes the applicant contend that the changes identified in line 11c are not so significant as to make the facility " cogeneration facility that would be subject to the 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) cogeneration requirements?
	Yes. Provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 a description of any relevant changes made to the facility (including the purpose of the changes) and a discussion of why the facility should not be considered a "new" cogeneration facility in light of these changes. Skip lines 11e through 11j.
	No. Applicant stipulates to the fact that it is a "new" cogeneration facility (for purposes of determining the applicability of the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)) by virtue of modifications to the facility that were initiated on or after February 2, 2006. Continue below at line 11e.
11e V	/ill electric energy from the facility be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA?
	Yes. The facility is an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility. You must demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing at line 11f below.
	No. Applicant certifies that energy will <i>not</i> be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA. Applicant also certifies its understanding that it must recertify its facility in order to determine compliance with the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) <i>before</i> selling energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA in the future. Skip lines 11f through 11j.
	the net power production capacity of your cogeneration facility, as indicated in line 7g above, less than or to 5,000 kW?
	Yes, the net power production capacity is less than or equal to 5,000 kW. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(4) provides a rebuttable presumption that cogeneration facilities of 5,000 kW and smaller capacity comply with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Applicant certifies its understanding that, should the power production capacity of the facility increase above 5,000 kW, then the facility must be recertified to (among other things) demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Skip lines 11g through 11j.
_	No, the net power production capacity is greater than 5,000 kW. Demonstrate compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing on

EPAct 2005 cogeneration facilities: The Energy Policy Act of 2005 (EPAct 2005) established a new section 210(n) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (PURPA), 16 USC 824a-3(n), with additional requirements for any qualifying cogeneration facility that (1) is seeking to sell electric energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA and (2)

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Mar 18 2021

Lines 11g through 11k below guide the applicant through the process of demonstrating compliance with the requirements for "fundamental use" of the facility's energy output. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Only respond to the lines on this page if the instructions on the previous page direct you to do so. Otherwise, skip this page.

18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) requires that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility. If you were directed on the previous page to respond to the items on this page, then your facility is an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility that is subject to this "fundamental use" requirement.

The Commission's regulations provide a two-pronged approach to demonstrating compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output. First, the Commission has established in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3) a "fundamental use test" that can be used to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Under the fundamental use test, a facility is considered to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) if at least 50 percent of the facility's total annual energy output (including electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output) is used for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes.

Second, an applicant for a facility that does not pass the fundamental use test may provide a narrative explanation of and support for its contention that the facility nonetheless meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility.

Complete lines 11g through 11j below to determine compliance with the fundamental use test in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Complete lines 11g through 11j *even if you do not intend to rely upon the fundamental use test to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2).*

11g Amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output (net of internal	1		
generation plant losses and parasitic loads) expected to be used annually for industrial,			
commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to an electric utility		M	Nh
11h Total amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy expected to be			
sold to an electric utility		M١	Nh
11i Percentage of total annual energy output expected to be used for industrial,			
commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to a utility			
= 100 * 11g /(11g + 11h)		0 %	
	-		-

11j Is the response in line 11i greater than or equal to 50 percent?

Yes. Your facility complies with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by virtue of passing the fundamental use test provided in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Applicant certifies its understanding that, if it is to rely upon passing the fundamental use test as a basis for complying with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2), then the facility must comply with the fundamental use test both in the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years.

No. Your facility does not pass the fundamental use test. Instead, you must provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 a narrative explanation of and support for why your facility meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a QF to its host facility. Applicants providing a narrative explanation of why their facility should be found to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) in spite of non-compliance with the fundamental use test may want to review paragraphs 47 through 61 of Order No. 671 (accessible from the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF), which provide discussion of the facts and circumstances that may support their explanation. Applicant should also note that the percentage reported above will establish the standard that that facility must comply with, both for the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years. *See* Order No. 671 at paragraph 51. As such, the applicant should make sure that it reports appropriate values on lines 11g and 11h above to serve as the relevant annual standard, taking into account expected variations in production conditions.

Usefulness of Topping-Cycle Thermal Output

Information Required for Topping-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents topping-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 14 and 15. Otherwise, skip pages 14 and 15.

The thermal energy output of a topping-cycle cogeneration facility is the net energy made available to an industrial or commercial process or used in a heating or cooling application. Pursuant to sections 292.202(c), (d) and (h) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. §§ 292.202(c), (d) and (h)), the thermal energy output of a qualifying topping-cycle cogeneration facility must be useful. In connection with this requirement, describe the thermal output of the topping-cycle cogeneration facility by responding to lines 12a and 12b below.

12a Identify and describe each thermal host, and specify the annual average rate of thermal output made available to each host for each use. For hosts with multiple uses of thermal output, provide the data for each use *in separate rows*.
Average annual rate of

Name of entity (t taking therm		thermal output attributable to use (net of heat contained in process return or make-up water)
1)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
1)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
2)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
~)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
3)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
5)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
4)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
+)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
5)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
5)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
6)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
0)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h

Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 if additional space is needed

12b Demonstration of usefulness of thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief description of each use of the thermal output identified above. In some cases, this brief description is sufficient to demonstrate usefulness. However, if your facility's use of thermal output is not common, and/or if the usefulness of such thermal output is not reasonably clear, then you must provide additional details as necessary to demonstrate usefulness. Your application may be rejected and/or additional information may be required if an insufficient showing of usefulness is made. (Exception: If you have previously received a Commission certification approving a specific use of thermal output related to the instant facility, then you need only provide a brief description of that use and a reference by date and docket number to the order certifying your facility with the indicated use. Such exemption may not be used if any change creates a material deviation from the previously authorized use.) If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

Topping-Cycle Operating and Efficiency Value Calculation Applicants for facilities representing topping-cycle technology must demonstrate compliance with the topping-cycle operating standard and, if applicable, efficiency standard. Section 292.205(a)(1) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(1)) establishes the operating standard for topping-cycle cogeneration facilities: the useful thermal energy output must be no less than 5 percent of the total energy output. Section 292.205(a)(2) (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(2)) establishes the efficiency standard for topping-cycle cogeneration facilities for which installation commenced on or after March 13, 1980: the useful power output of the facility plus one-half the useful thermal energy output must (A) be no less than 42.5 percent of the total energy input of natural gas and oil to the facility; and (B) if the useful thermal energy output is less than 15 percent of the total energy output of the facility, be no less than 45 percent of the total energy input of natural gas and oil to the facility. To demonstrate compliance with the topping-cycle operating and/or efficiency standards, or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard based on the date that installation commenced, respond to lines 13a through 13l below.

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents *both* topping-cycle and bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then respond to lines 13a through 13l below considering only the energy inputs and outputs attributable to the topping-cycle portion of your facility. Your mass and heat balance diagram must make clear which mass and energy flow values and system components are for which portion (topping or bottoming) of the cogeneration system.

5 /		
13a Indicate the annual average rate of useful thermal energy output made available		
to the host(s), net of any heat contained in condensate return or make-up water		Btu/h
13b Indicate the annual average rate of net electrical energy output		
13c Multiply line 13b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu/h		kW
	0	Btu/h
13d Indicate the annual average rate of mechanical energy output taken directly off		
of the shaft of a prime mover for purposes not directly related to power production		
(this value is usually zero)		hp
13e Multiply line 13d by 2,544 to convert from hp to Btu/h		
	0	Btu/h
13f Indicate the annual average rate of energy input from natural gas and oil		
		Btu/h
13g Topping-cycle operating value = 100 * 13a / (13a + 13c + 13e)		
	0 (%
I3h Topping-cycle efficiency value = 100 * (0.5*13a + 13c + 13e) / 13f		
	0 (
13i Compliance with operating standard: Is the operating value shown in line 13g gre	eater than or equal to 5%	b?
Yes (complies with operating standard) No (does not comply wi	th operating standard)	
13j Did installation of the facility in its current form commence on or after March 13, 1	980?	
Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.20	5(a)(2) Demonstrate	
compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to line 13k or 13l, a		
No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip lines 13k and 13l		
13k Compliance with efficiency standard (for low operating value): If the operating value than 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in line 13h greater		less
Yes (complies with efficiency standard) No (does not comply wi	th efficiency standard)	
13I Compliance with efficiency standard (for high operating value): If the operating value speater than or equal to 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency value shown equal to 42.5%:		
Yes (complies with efficiency standard) No (does not comply wi	th efficiency standard)	
	•	I

Information Required for Bottoming-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 16 and 17. Otherwise, skip pages 16 and 17.

The thermal energy output of a bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility is the energy related to the process(es) from which at least some of the reject heat is then used for power production. Pursuant to sections 292.202(c) and (e) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.202(c) and (e)), the thermal energy output of a gualifying bottomingcycle cogeneration facility must be useful. In connection with this requirement, describe the process(es) from which at least some of the reject heat is used for power production by responding to lines 14a and 14b below.

14a Identify and describe each thermal host and each bottoming-cycle cogeneration process engaged in by each host. For hosts with multiple bottoming-cycle cogeneration processes, provide the data for each process in separate rows. Has the energy input to

Name of entity (thermal host) performing the process from

	which at least some of the reject heat is used for power production	Thermal host's relationship to facility; Thermal host's process type	of increasing power production capacity? (if Yes, describe on p. 19)
1)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes No
		Select thermal host's process type	
2)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes No
		Select thermal host's process type	
3)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes No
		Select thermal host's process type	

Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 if additional space is needed

14b Demonstration of usefulness of thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief description of each process identified above. In some cases, this brief description is sufficient to demonstrate usefulness. However, if your facility's process is not common, and/or if the usefulness of such thermal output is not reasonably clear, then you must provide additional details as necessary to demonstrate usefulness. Your application may be rejected and/or additional information may be required if an insufficient showing of usefulness is made. (Exception: If you have previously received a Commission certification approving a specific bottoming-cycle process related to the instant facility, then you need only provide a brief description of that process and a reference by date and docket number to the order certifying your facility with the indicated process. Such exemption may not be used if any material changes to the process have been made.) If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

<u> Mar 18 2021</u>

Bottoming-Cycle Operating and

Applicants for facilities representing bottoming-cycle technology and for which installation commenced on or after March 13, 1990 must demonstrate compliance with the bottoming-cycle efficiency standards. Section 292.205(b) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(b)) establishes the efficiency standard for bottoming-cycle cogeneration facilities: the useful power output of the facility must be no less than 45 percent of the energy input of natural gas and oil for supplementary firing. To demonstrate compliance with the bottoming-cycle efficiency standard (if applicable), or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from this standard based on the date that installation of the facility began, respond to lines 15a through 15h below.

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents both topping-cycle and bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then respond to lines 15a through 15h below considering only the energy inputs and outputs attributable to the bottoming-cycle portion of your facility. Your mass and heat balance diagram must make clear which mass and energy flow values and system components are for which portion of the cogeneration system (topping or bottoming).

1 5 a [Did installation of	the facility in its curre	nt form commence o	on or after March 13, 1980?
----------------	---------------------	---------------------------	--------------------	-----------------------------

Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirement of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(b). with the efficiency requirement by responding to lines 15b through 15h below.	Demonstrate and the second
	Demonstrate complianc
No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip the rest of page 17.	
15b Indicate the annual average rate of net electrical energy output	
	kW
15c Multiply line 15b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu/h	0 Btu/l
15d Indicate the annual average rate of mechanical energy output taken directly off of the shaft of a prime mover for purposes not directly related to power production	
(this value is usually zero)	hp
15e Multiply line 15d by 2,544 to convert from hp to Btu/h	o Dtu
156 Indicate the energy leverage rate of complementary energy insult from noticed and	0 Btu/l
15f Indicate the annual average rate of supplementary energy input from natural gas or oil	Btu/l
15g Bottoming-cycle efficiency value = 100 * (15c + 15e) / 15f	
	0 %

Mar 18 2021

Certificate of Completeness, Accuracy and Authority

Applicant must certify compliance with and understanding of filing requirements by checking next to each item below and signing at the bottom of this section. Forms with incomplete Certificates of Completeness, Accuracy and Authority will be rejected by the Secretary of the Commission.

Signer identified below certifies the following: (check all items and applicable subitems)

He or she has read the filing, including any information contained in any attached documents, such as cogeneration mass and heat balance diagrams, and any information contained in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19, and knows its contents.

He or she has provided all of the required information for certification, and the provided information is true as stated, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief.

He or she possess full power and authority to sign the filing; as required by Rule 2005(a)(3) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2005(a)(3)), he or she is one of the following: (check one)

□ The person on whose behalf the filing is made

An officer of the corporation, trust, association, or other organized group on behalf of which the filing is made

- An officer, agent, or employe of the governmental authority, agency, or instrumentality on behalf of which the filing is made
- A representative qualified to practice before the Commission under Rule 2101 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2101) and who possesses authority to sign

He or she has reviewed all automatic calculations and agrees with their results, unless otherwise noted in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

He or she has provided a copy of this Form 556 and all attachments to the utilities with which the facility will interconnect and transact (see lines 4a through 4d), as well as to the regulatory authorities of the states in which the facility and those utilities reside. See the Required Notice to Public Utilities and State Regulatory Authorities section on page 3 for more information.

Provide your signature, address and signature date below. Rule 2005(c) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2005(c)) provides that persons filing their documents electronically may use typed characters representing his or her name to sign the filed documents. A person filing this document electronically should sign (by typing his or her name) in the space provided below.

Your Signature	Your address	Date	
	2001 M Street, NW, Suite 900		
David R. Poe	Washington, DC 20036-3310	9/28/2016	

Audit Notes

Commission Staff Use Only:

Miscellaneous

Use this space to provide any information for which there was not sufficient space in the previous sections of the form to provide. For each such item of information *clearly identify the line number that the information belongs to*. You may also use this space to provide any additional information you believe is relevant to the certification of your facility.

Your response below is not limited to one page. Additional page(s) will automatically be inserted into this form if the length of your response exceeds the space on this page. Use as many pages as you require.

Line 11)

01/01/1927

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC

OMB Control # 1902-0075 Expiration 06/30/2019

Form 556 Certification of Qualifying Facility (QF) Status for a Small Power Production or Cogeneration Facility

General

Questions about completing this form should be sent to <u>Form556@ferc.gov</u>. Information about the Commission's QF program, answers to frequently asked questions about QF requirements or completing this form, and contact information for QF program staff are available at the Commission's QF website, <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u>. The Commission's QF website also provides links to the Commission's QF regulations (18 C.F.R. § 131.80 and Part 292), as well as other statutes and orders pertaining to the Commission's QF program.

Who Must File

Any applicant seeking QF status or recertification of QF status for a generating facility with a net power production capacity (as determined in lines 7a through 7g below) greater than 1000 kW must file a self-certification or an application for Commission certification of QF status, which includes a properly completed Form 556. Any applicant seeking QF status for a generating facility with a net power production capacity 1000 kW or less is exempt from the certification requirement, and is therefore not required to complete or file a Form 556. *See* 18 C.F.R. § 292.203.

How to Complete the Form 556

This form is intended to be completed by responding to the items in the order they are presented, according to the instructions given. If you need to back-track, you may need to clear certain responses before you will be allowed to change other responses made previously in the form. If you experience problems, click on the nearest help button ()) for assistance, or contact Commission staff at Form556@ferc.gov.

Certain lines in this form will be automatically calculated based on responses to previous lines, with the relevant formulas shown. You must respond to all of the previous lines within a section before the results of an automatically calculated field will be displayed. If you disagree with the results of any automatic calculation on this form, contact Commission staff at Form556@ferc.gov to discuss the discrepancy before filing.

You must complete all lines in this form unless instructed otherwise. Do not alter this form or save this form in a different format. Incomplete or altered forms, or forms saved in formats other than PDF, will be rejected.

How to File a Completed Form 556

Applicants are required to file their Form 556 electronically through the Commission's eFiling website (see instructions on page 2). By filing electronically, you will reduce your filing burden, save paper resources, save postage or courier charges, help keep Commission expenses to a minimum, and receive a much faster confirmation (via an email containing the docket number assigned to your facility) that the Commission has received your filing.

If you are simultaneously filing both a waiver request and a Form 556 as part of an application for Commission certification, see the "Waiver Requests" section on page 3 for more information on how to file.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

This form is approved by the Office of Management and Budget. Compliance with the information requirements established by the FERC Form No. 556 is required to obtain or maintain status as a QF. See 18 C.F.R. § 131.80 and Part 292. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The estimated burden for completing the FERC Form No. 556, including gathering and reporting information, is as follows: 3 hours for self-certification of a small power production facility, 8 hours for self-certifications of a cogeneration facility, 6 hours for an application for Commission certification of a small power production facility, and 50 hours for an application for Commission certification for reducing this burden, to the following: Information Clearance Officer, Office of the Executive Director (ED-32), Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street N.E., Washington, DC 20426 (DataClearance@ferc.gov); and Desk Officer for FERC, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503 (oira_submission@omb.eop.gov). Include the Control No. 1902-0075 in any correspondence.

Electronic Filing (eFiling)

To electronically file your Form 556, visit the Commission's QF website at <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u> and click the eFiling link.

If you are eFiling your first document, you will need to register with your name, email address, mailing address, and phone number. If you are registering on behalf of an employer, then you will also need to provide the employer name, alternate contact name, alternate contact phone number and and alternate contact email.

Once you are registered, log in to eFiling with your registered email address and the password that you created at registration. Follow the instructions. When prompted, select one of the following QF-related filing types, as appropriate, from the Electric or General filing category.

Filing category	Filing Type as listed in eFiling	Description
	(Fee) Application for Commission Cert. as Cogeneration QF	Use to submit an application for Commission certification or Commission recertification of a cogeneration facility as a QF.
	(Fee) Application for Commission Cert. as Small Power QF	Use to submit an application for Commission certification or Commission recertification of a small power production facility as a QF.
	Self-Certification Notice (QF, EG, FC)	Use to submit a notice of self- certification of your facility (cogeneration or small power production) as a QF.
Electric	Self-Recertification of Qualifying Facility (QF)	Use to submit a notice of self- recertification of your facility (cogeneration or small power production) as a QF.
	Supplemental Information or Request	Use to correct or supplement a Form 556 that was submitted with errors or omissions, or for which Commission staff has requested additional information. Do <i>not</i> use this filing type to report new changes to a facility or its ownership; rather, use a self- recertification or Commission recertification to report such changes.
General	(Fee) Petition for Declaratory Order (not under FPA Part 1)	Use to submit a petition for declaratory order granting a waive of Commission QF regulations pursuant to 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.204(a) (3) and/or 292.205(c). A Form 556 in not required for a petition for declaratory order unless Commission recertification is being requested as part of the petition.

You will be prompted to submit your filing fee, if applicable, during the electronic submission process. Filing fees can be paid via electronic bank account debit or credit card.

During the eFiling process, you will be prompted to select your file(s) for upload from your computer.

Mar 18 2021

Filing Fee

No filing fee is required if you are submitting a self-certification or self-recertification of your facility as a QF pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(a).

A filing fee is required if you are filing either of the following:

(1) an application for Commission certification or recertification of your facility as a QF pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(b), or (2) a petition for declaratory order granting waiver pursuant to 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.204(a)(3) and/or 292.205(c).

The current fees for applications for Commission certifications and petitions for declaratory order can be found by visiting the Commission's QF website at <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u> and clicking the Fee Schedule link.

You will be prompted to submit your filing fee, if applicable, during the electronic filing process described on page 2.

Required Notice to Utilities and State Regulatory Authorities

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(a)(ii), you must provide a copy of your self-certification or request for Commission certification to the utilities with which the facility will interconnect and/or transact, as well as to the State regulatory authorities of the states in which your facility and those utilities reside. Links to information about the regulatory authorities in various states can be found by visiting the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF and clicking the Notice Requirements link.

What to Expect From the Commission After You File

An applicant filing a Form 556 electronically will receive an email message acknowledging receipt of the filing and showing the docket number assigned to the filing. Such email is typically sent within one business day, but may be delayed pending confirmation by the Secretary of the Commission of the contents of the filing.

An applicant submitting a self-certification of QF status should expect to receive no documents from the Commission, other than the electronic acknowledgement of receipt described above. Consistent with its name, a self-certification is a certification *by the applicant itself* that the facility meets the relevant requirements for QF status, and does not involve a determination by the Commission as to the status of the facility. An acknowledgement of receipt of a self-certification, in particular, does not represent a determination by the Commission with regard to the QF status of the facility. An applicant self-certifying may, however, receive a rejection, revocation or deficiency letter if its application is found, during periodic compliance reviews, not to comply with the relevant requirements.

An applicant submitting a request for Commission certification will receive an order either granting or denying certification of QF status, or a letter requesting additional information or rejecting the application. Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(b)(3), the Commission must act on an application for Commission certification within 90 days of the later of the filing date of the application or the filing date of a supplement, amendment or other change to the application.

Waiver Requests

18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a)(3) allows an applicant to request a waiver to modify the method of calculation pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a)(2) to determine if two facilities are considered to be located at the same site, for good cause. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(c) allows an applicant to request waiver of the requirements of 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.205(a) and (b) for operating and efficiency upon a showing that the facility will produce significant energy savings. A request for waiver of these requirements must be submitted as a petition for declaratory order, with the appropriate filing fee for a petition for declaratory order. Applicants requesting Commission recertification as part of a request for waiver of one of these requirements should electronically submit their completed Form 556 along with their petition for declaratory order, rather than filing their Form 556 as a separate request for Commission recertification. Only the filing fee for the petition for declaratory order must be paid to cover both the waiver request and the request for recertification *if such requests are made simultaneously*.

18 C.F.R. § 292.203(d)(2) allows an applicant to request a waiver of the Form 556 filing requirements, for good cause. Applicants filing a petition for declaratory order requesting a waiver under 18 C.F.R. § 292.203(d)(2) do not need to complete or submit a Form 556 with their petition.

Geographic Coordinates

If a street address does not exist for your facility, then line 3c of the Form 556 requires you to report your facility's geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude). Geographic coordinates may be obtained from several different sources. You can find links to online services that show latitude and longitude coordinates on online maps by visiting the Commission's QF webpage at www.ferc.gov/QF and clicking the Geographic Coordinates link. You may also be able to obtain your geographic coordinates from a GPS device, Google Earth (available free at http://earth.google.com), a property survey, various engineering or construction drawings, a property deed, or a municipal or county map showing property lines.

Filing Privileged Data or Critical Energy Infrastructure Information in a Form 556

The Commission's regulations provide procedures for applicants to either (1) request that any information submitted with a Form 556 be given privileged treatment because the information is exempt from the mandatory public disclosure requirements of the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552, and should be withheld from public disclosure; or (2) identify any documents containing critical energy infrastructure information (CEII) as defined in 18 C.F.R. § 388.113 that should not be made public.

If you are seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for any data in your Form 556, then you must follow the procedures in 18 C.F.R. § 388.112. See <u>www.ferc.gov/help/filing-guide/file-ceii.asp</u> for more information.

Among other things (see 18 C.F.R. § 388.112 for other requirements), applicants seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for data submitted in a Form 556 must prepare and file both (1) a complete version of the Form 556 (containing the privileged and/or CEII data), and (2) a public version of the Form 556 (with the privileged and/or CEII data redacted). Applicants preparing and filing these different versions of their Form 556 must indicate below the security designation of this version of their document. If you are *not* seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for any of your Form 556 data, then you should not respond to any of the items on this page.

Non-Public: Applicant is seeking privileged treatment and/or CEII status for data contained in the Form 556 lines indicated below. This non-public version of the applicant's Form 556 contains all data, including the data that is redacted in the (separate) public version of the applicant's Form 556.

Public (redacted): Applicant is seeking privileged treatment and/or CEII status for data contained in the Form 556 lines indicated below. This public version of the applicants's Form 556 contains all data <u>except</u> for data from the lines indicated below, which has been redacted.

Privileged: Indicate below which lines of your form contain data for which you are seeking privileged treatment

Critical Energy Infrastructure Information (CEII): Indicate below which lines of your form contain data for which you are seeking CEII status

The eFiling process described on page 2 will allow you to identify which versions of the electronic documents you submit are public, privileged and/or CEII. The filenames for such documents should begin with "Public", "Priv", or "CEII", as applicable, to clearly indicate the security designation of the file. Both versions of the Form 556 should be unaltered PDF copies of the Form 556, as available for download from www.ferc.gov/QF. To redact data from the public copy of the submittal, simply omit the relevant data from the Form. For numerical fields, leave the redacted fields blank. For text fields, complete as much of the field as possible, and replace the redacted portions of the field with the word "REDACTED" in brackets. Be sure to identify above <u>all</u> fields which contain data for which you are seeking non-public status.

The Commission is not responsible for detecting or correcting filer errors, including those errors related to security designation. If your documents contain sensitive information, make sure they are filed using the proper security designation.

	FEDERAL ENERGY REGULA WASHINGTO		ISSION	OMB Control # 1902-007 Expiration 06/30/2019		
orm 5	556 Certification of Qualifyi Production or Cogener	•	Status for a	Small Power		
	licant (legal entity on whose behalf qualit Generating Inc.	fying facility statu:	s is sought for t	this facility)		
1b Applicant street						
1c City Pittsburg		1d State/provi	nce			
1e Postal code	1f Country (if not United States)		1g Telephone	number		
15212-5858			412 553			
1h Has the instant fa	acility ever previously been certified as a (OF? Yes 🗌 N	l lo 🕅			
	e docket number of the last known QF filin		his facility:	QF		
-	ification process is the applicant making t	-				
Notice of self-c (see note below	ertification v)	Application for Co fee; see "Filing Fee	mmission cert e" section on pa	ification (requires filing age 3)		
QF status. A not notice of self-cer	elf-certification is a notice by the applicar ice of self-certification does not establish rtification to verify compliance. See the " 3 for more information.	n a proceeding, and	d the Commiss	ion does not review a		
	QF status is the applicant seeking for its fa	cility? (check all th	nat apply)			
		Qualifying cogene		status		
1 What is the purpo	 ose and expected effective date(s) of this	filing?				
X Original certific	cation; facility expected to be installed by	1/1/62 a	nd to begin op	eration on1/1/62		
Change(s) to a previously certified facility to be effective on (identify type(s) of change(s) below, and describe change(s) in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19)						
Name chan	ge and/or other administrative change(s))				
Change in c	ownership					
Change(s) a	Change(s) affecting plant equipment, fuel use, power production capacity and/or cogeneration thermal output					
Supplement or correction to a previous filing submitted on						
(describe the supplement or correction in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19)						
Im If any of the following three statements is true, check the box(es) that describe your situation and complete the form to the extent possible, explaining any special circumstances in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.						
🖵 previously gr	acility complies with the Commission's QF anted by the Commission in an order dat Miscellaneous section starting on page 1	ted		ver of certain regulations other relevant waiver		
	acility would comply with the Commission with this application is granted	n's QF requiremen	its if a petition	for waiver submitted		
employment	acility complies with the Commission's re- of unique or innovative technologies no ration of compliance via this form difficul	t contemplated by	the structure	of this form, that make		

FE	RC Form 556				Page 6 - All Facilities	;
	2a Name of contact person			2b Telephone	number]
	Nick Oliver (412) 553				3-1392	
Contact Information	2c Which of the following describes the contact person's relationship to the applicant? (check one)					
	Applicant (self) Employee, owner or partner of applicant authorized to represent the applicant					
	Employee of a company affiliated with the applicant authorized to represent the applicant on this matter					
lati	🔀 Lawyer, consultant, or other representative authorized to represent the applicant on this matter					
nn	2d Company or organization name (2d Company or organization name (if applicant is an individual, check here and skip to line 2e)				
JLO	Alcoa Inc.					
t Ir	2e Street address (if same as Applica	nt, check here and skip t	o line 3a)			1
tac	Alcoa Corporate Center,					
on	201 Isabella Street					
0	2f City		2g State/prov	ince		1
	Pittsburgh		PA			
	2h Postal code	2i Country (if not United	d States)			1
	15212					
	3a Facility name					1
on	Tuckertown					
ati	3b Street address (if a street address	does not exist for the fa	cility, check here a	and skip to line 3	c) 🗙	1
00						
dL						
tification and Location	3c Geographic coordinates: If you indicated that no street address exists for your facility by checking the box in line 3b, then you must specify the latitude and longitude coordinates of the facility in degrees (to three decimal places). Use the following formula to convert to decimal degrees from degrees, minutes and seconds: decimal degrees = degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/3600). See the "Geographic Coordinates" section on page 4 for help. If you provided a street address for your facility in line 3b, then specifying the geographic coordinates below is optional.					
Facility Ident	Longitude East (+) 80	.176 degrees	Latitude	─ North (+) ─ South (-) ─	35.486 degrees	
2	3d City (if unincorporated, check her	e and enter nearest city	3e State/p	rovince		
iii:	New London		North Ca	rolina		
Fac	3f County (or check here for indepen	ndent city)	g Country (if not	t United States)		(
	Stanly					
	Identify the electric utilities that are contemplated to transact with the facility.					
es	4a Identify utility interconnecting with the facility					
iliti	Duke Energy Carolinas and Duke Energy Progress					
Utilities	4b Identify utilities providing wheeling service or check here if none					
gr						
sactii	4c Identify utilities purchasing the useful electric power output or check here if none				(
Transacting	4d Identify utilities providing supple service or check here if none ⊠	mentary power, backup	power, maintena	nce power, and/	or interruptible power	(

	percent equity interest. For each identified owner, also (1) indicate whether that of defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or a holding of 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)), and utilities or holding companies, provide the percentage of equity interest in the face direct owners hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, then provide the two direct owners with the largest equity interest in the facility.	company, as defined d (2) for owners whic ility held by that own he required informat	in section h are election ner. If no ion for the
	Full legal names of direct owners	Electric utility c holding company	or If Yes % equ intere
1)) Alcoa Power Generating Inc.	Yes 🖂 No 🗌	10
2))	Yes No	
3)		Yes 🗌 No 🗌	
4))	Yes No	
5))	Yes No	
6))	Yes 🗌 No 🗌	
7))	Yes No	
8))	Yes No	
9))	Yes No	
10	0)	Yes 📃 No 🗌	
5b	Upstream (i.e., indirect) ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify a of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, an		
5b		nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi
	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, an defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding co 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Als equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream of another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi intere
	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, an defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding co 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Als equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream or Alcoa Inc.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi intere
1)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding contact (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding contact (16 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream of another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream of Alcoa Inc.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi intere
1) 2)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding contacted to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream of another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream of Alcoa Inc.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi interes
1) 2) 3)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding contacted to the public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream of another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream of Alcoa Inc.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi interes
1) 2) 3) 4)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding concerned to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream over the second s	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi interes
1) 2) 3) 4) 5)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, an defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding co 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Als equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream ov Alcoa Inc.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o diaries of o diaries of o diaries of o
1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, an defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding co 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream ov Alcoa Inc.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of
1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, an defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding co 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi interes
1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding con 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream or Alcoa Inc.	nd (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the perce owners may be subsid	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi interes
1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8) 9)	of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding con 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Alse equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream or another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream or Alcoa Inc.	ad (2) are electric utili mpanies, as defined so provide the percei- owners may be subside wners	ities, as in section ntage of diaries of o % equi interes

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FE	RC F	orm 556					Page 8	8 - All Facilities
	6a	Describe tl	he primary energy input: (cl	neck one m	ain category and, if appli	cable, on	e subcategory)	
		Biomas	ss (specify)	R	enewable resources (spe	cify)	Geothermal	
			andfill gas		Hydro power - river		Fossil fuel (speci	fy)
			Manure digester gas		Hydro power - tidal		🗌 Coal (not v	waste)
			Aunicipal solid waste		Hydro power - wave	2	🗌 Fuel oil/di	esel
			sewage digester gas		Solar - photovoltaic		Natural ga	s (not waste)
		🗆 V	Vood		Solar - thermal		Other foss	
			Other biomass (describe on	page 19)	□ Wind		- (describe	on page 19)
		U Waste	(specify type below in line 6	ib)	Other renewable res (describe on page 1		Other (describe	on page 19)
	6b	lf you spec	cified "waste" as the primary	v energy inp	out in line 6a, indicate the	type of	waste fuel used: (che	ck one)
		U Wast	e fuel listed in 18 C.F.R. § 29	2.202(b) (sp	ecify one of the followin	g)		
			Anthracite culm produced	prior to Jul	y 23, 1985			
			Anthracite refuse that has ash content of 45 percent		heat content of 6,000 Btu	u or less	per pound and has ar	n average
			Bituminous coal refuse that average ash content of 25			00 Btu p	er pound or less and	has an
nput	Top or bottom subbituminous coal produced on Federal lands or on Indian lands that has determined to be waste by the United States Department of the Interior's Bureau of Land (BLM) or that is located on non-Federal or non-Indian lands outside of BLM's jurisdiction, p the applicant shows that the latter coal is an extension of that determined by BLM to be w Coal refuse produced on Federal lands or on Indian lands that has been determined to be BLM or that is located on non-Federal or non-Indian lands outside of BLM's jurisdiction, p applicant shows that the latter is an extension of that determined by BLM to be waste						or's Bureau of Land Ma BLM's jurisdiction, pro	anagement wided that
Energy Input							LM's jurisdiction, prov	
ш		Lignite produced in association with the production of montan wax and lignite that becomes expos as a result of such a mining operation						
		Gaseous fuels (except natural gas and synthetic gas from coal) (describe on page 19)						
			Waste natural gas from ga C.F.R. § 2.400 for waste na compliance with 18 C.F.R.	tural gas; in				
			Materials that a governme	nt agency h	as certified for disposal b	oy combi	ustion (describe on p	age 19)
			Heat from exothermic read	ctions (desc	ribe on page 19)	🗌 Re	esidual heat (describe	on page 19)
			Used rubber tires] Plastic m	aterials 🗌 Refin	nery off-	gas 🗌 Petro	leum coke
		Other waste energy input that has little or no commercial value and exists in the absence of the qualifying facility industry (describe in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19; include a discussion of the fuel's lack of commercial value and existence in the absence of the qualifying facility industry)						
	6с	6c Provide the average energy input, calculated on a calendar year basis, in terms of Btu/h for the following fossil fuel energy inputs, and provide the related percentage of the total average annual energy input to the facility (18 C.F.R. § 292.202(j)). For any oil or natural gas fuel, use lower heating value (18 C.F.R. § 292.202(m)).						
			Fuel		nual average energy out for specified fuel		Percentage of total nnual energy input	
			Natural gas		0 B	tu/h	0 %	
			Oil-based fuels		0 B	tu/h	0 %	
			Coal		∩ B :	tu/h	0 %	

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40,500 kW

2.9 kW

0 kW

0 kW

168.5 kW

171.4 kW

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Indicate the maximum gross and maximum net electric power production capacity of the facility at the point(s) of delivery by completing the worksheet below. Respond to all items. If any of the parasitic loads and/or losses identified in lines 7b through 7e are negligible, enter zero for those lines. 7a The maximum gross power production capacity at the terminals of the individual generator(s)

under the most favorable anticipated design conditions **7b** Parasitic station power used at the facility to run equipment which is necessary and integral to the power production process (boiler feed pumps, fans/blowers, office or maintenance buildings directly related to the operation of the power generating facility, etc.). If this facility includes nonpower production processes (for instance, power consumed by a cogeneration facility's thermal host), do not include any power consumed by the non-power production activities in your reported parasitic station power.

7c Electrical losses in interconnection transformers	
7d Electrical losses in AC/DC conversion equipment, if any	
7e Other interconnection losses in power lines or facilities (other than transformers and AC/DC conversion equipment) between the terminals of the generator(s) and the point of interconnection with the utility	
7f Total deductions from gross power production capacity = $7b + 7c + 7d + 7e$	

7g Maximum net power production capacity = 7a - 7f

40,328.6 kW

7h Description of facility and primary components: Describe the facility and its operation. Identify all boilers, heat recovery steam generators, prime movers (any mechanical equipment driving an electric generator), electrical generators, photovoltaic solar equipment, fuel cell equipment and/or other primary power generation equipment used in the facility. Descriptions of components should include (as applicable) specifications of the nominal capacities for mechanical output, electrical output, or steam generation of the identified equipment. For each piece of equipment identified, clearly indicate how many pieces of that type of equipment are included in the plant, and which components are normally operating or normally in standby mode. Provide a description of how the components operate as a system. Applicants for cogeneration facilities do not need to describe operations of systems that are clearly depicted on and easily understandable from a cogeneration facility's attached mass and heat balance diagram; however, such applicants should provide any necessary description needed to understand the sequential operation of the facility depicted in their mass and heat balance diagram. If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

Tuckertown Dam is a concrete gravity and embankment structure and consists of a rockfill embankment section, an earthfill embankment section, three non-overflow gravity sections, a Tainter gate spillway section, and an integral intake/ powerhouse.

The rockfill embankment is located between the east non-overflow section and the east abutment. It was constructed of dumped rockfill with a sloping impervious core. The earthfill embankment is a homogeneous earthfill section at the west abutment. This section wraps around the adjacent right non-overflow gravity section.

The east non-overflow gravity section is located at the east end of the powerhouse. The west non-overflow gravity section is located at the west end of the gated spillway section. The middle non-overflow section is located between the east end of the gated spillway and the west end of the powerhouse. The gatecontrolled spillway section includes eleven Tainter gates that release surplus water during flood events.

The Tuckertown powerhouse and intake form a single structural unit integral with the dam. The powerhouse is located immediately downstream of the intake structure between the east non- overflow and middle non-overflow gravity sections.

Information Required for Small Power Production Facility

If you indicated in line 1k that you are seeking qualifying small power production facility status for your facility, then you must respond to the items on this page. Otherwise, skip page 10.

Certification of Compliance with Size Limitations		ursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a), the power production capacity of any small power production facility, together ith the power production capacity of any other small power production facilities that use the same energy source, are owned by the same person(s) or its affiliates, and are located at the same site, may not exceed 80 egawatts. To demonstrate compliance with this size limitation, or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt om this size limitation under the Solar, Wind, Waste, and Geothermal Power Production Incentives Act of 1990 ub. L. 101-575, 104 Stat. 2834 (1990) <i>as amended by</i> Pub. L. 102-46, 105 Stat. 249 (1991)), respond to lines 8a rough 8e below (as applicable).
	(a Identify any facilities with electrical generating equipment located within 1 mile of the electrical generating quipment of the instant facility, and for which any of the entities identified in lines 5a or 5b, or their affiliates, holds least a 5 percent equity interest. beck here if no such facilities exist. Image: Common owner(s) Maximum net power production capacity Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Maximum net power production capacity Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s) Image: Common owner(s)
Di Co		QF - kW
l il	i	QF - kW
tior Size	í	Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 if additional space is needed
Ce	-	 re you seeking exemption from the size limitations in 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a) by virtue of the Incentives Act? Yes (continue at line 8c below) No (skip lines 8c through 8e) Was the original notice of self-certification or application for Commission certification of the facility filed on or effore December 31, 1994? Yes No Did construction of the facility commence on or before December 31, 1999? Yes No If you answered No in line 8d, indicate whether reasonable diligence was exercised toward the completion of e facility, taking into account all factors relevant to construction? Yes No If you answered Yes, provide brief narrative explanation in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 of the construction timeline (in articular, describe why construction started so long after the facility was certified) and the diligence exercised ward completion of the facility.
Certification of Compliance with Fuel Use Requirements		ursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b), qualifying small power production facilities may use fossil fuels, in minimal nounts, for only the following purposes: ignition; start-up; testing; flame stabilization; control use; alleviation or revention of unanticipated equipment outages; and alleviation or prevention of emergencies, directly affecting e public health, safety, or welfare, which would result from electric power outages. The amount of fossil fuels sed for these purposes may not exceed 25 percent of the total energy input of the facility during the 12-month beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy or any calendar year thereafter.
		 Certification of compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b) with respect to uses of fossil fuel: Applicant certifies that the facility will use fossil fuels <i>exclusively</i> for the purposes listed above.
atio	;	• Certification of compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b) with respect to amount of fossil fuel used annually:
Certific with Fue		Applicant certifies that the amount of fossil fuel used at the facility will not, in aggregate, exceed 25 percent of the total energy input of the facility during the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy or any calendar year thereafter.

18 2021

Information Required for Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 1k that you are seeking qualifying cogeneration facility status for your facility, then you must respond to the items on pages 11 through 13. Otherwise, skip pages 11 through 13.

	energy (such as heat or s use of energy. Pursuant cycle cogeneration facili thermal application or p	92.202(c), a cogeneration facility produces electric energy and forms of useful thermal steam) used for industrial, commercial, heating, or cooling purposes, through the sequential to 18 C.F.R. § 292.202(s), "sequential use" of energy means the following: (1) for a topping-ty, the use of reject heat from a power production process in sufficient amounts in a rocess to conform to the requirements of the operating standard contained in 18 C.F.R. § ottoming-cycle cogeneration facility, the use of at least some reject heat from a thermal ar power production.
	10a What type(s) of cog	eneration technology does the facility represent? (check all that apply)
	Topping-cycle	cogeneration Bottoming-cycle cogeneration
	other requirements balance diagram de meet certain requir	te the sequential operation of the cogeneration process, and to support compliance with s such as the operating and efficiency standards, include with your filing a mass and heat epicting average annual operating conditions. This diagram must include certain items and ements, as described below. You must check next to the description of each requirement it you have complied with these requirements.
	Check to certify compliance with	
	indicated requirement	Requirement
ration ۲		Diagram must show orientation within system piping and/or ducts of all prime movers, heat recovery steam generators, boilers, electric generators, and condensers (as applicable), as well as any other primary equipment relevant to the cogeneration process.
gene		Any average annual values required to be reported in lines 10b, 12a, 13a, 13b, 13d, 13f, 14a, 15b, 15d and/or 15f must be computed over the anticipated hours of operation.
General Cogeneration Information		Diagram must specify all fuel inputs by fuel type and average annual rate in Btu/h. Fuel for supplementary firing should be specified separately and clearly labeled. All specifications of fuel inputs should use lower heating values.
ene		Diagram must specify average gross electric output in kW or MW for each generator.
9		Diagram must specify average mechanical output (that is, any mechanical energy taken off of the shaft of the prime movers for purposes not directly related to electric power generation) in horsepower, if any. Typically, a cogeneration facility has no mechanical output.
		At each point for which working fluid flow conditions are required to be specified (see below), such flow condition data must include mass flow rate (in lb/h or kg/s), temperature (in °F, R, °C or K), absolute pressure (in psia or kPa) and enthalpy (in Btu/lb or kJ/kg). Exception: For systems where the working fluid is <i>liquid only</i> (no vapor at any point in the cycle) and where the type of liquid and specific heat of that liquid are clearly indicated on the diagram or in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19, only mass flow rate and temperature (not pressure and enthalpy) need be specified. For reference, specific heat at standard conditions for pure liquid water is approximately 1.002 Btu/ (lb*R) or 4.195 kJ/(kg*K).
		Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at input to and output from each steam turbine or other expansion turbine or back-pressure turbine.
		Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at delivery to and return from each thermal application.
		Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at make-up water inputs.

EPAct 2005 Requirements for Fundamental Use

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	uch requirements. /as your facility operating as a qualifying cogeneration facility on or before August 8, 2005? Yes No
for Co	Vas the initial filing seeking certification of your facility (whether a notice of self-certification or an application mmission certification) filed on or before February 1, 2006? Yes No
	answer to either line 11a or 11b is Yes, then continue at line 11c below. Otherwise, if the answers to both lines Id 11b are No, skip to line 11e below.
Februa	/ith respect to the design and operation of the facility, have any changes been implemented on or after ary 2, 2006 that affect general plant operation, affect use of thermal output, and/or increase net power ction capacity from the plant's capacity on February 1, 2006?
	Yes (continue at line 11d below)
	No. Your facility is not subject to the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) at this time. However, it may be subject to to these requirements in the future if changes are made to the facility. At such time, the applicant would need to recertify the facility to determine eligibility. Skip lines 11d through 11j.
	oes the applicant contend that the changes identified in line 11c are not so significant as to make the facility " cogeneration facility that would be subject to the 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) cogeneration requirements?
	Yes. Provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 a description of any relevant changes made to the facility (including the purpose of the changes) and a discussion of why the facility should not be considered a "new" cogeneration facility in light of these changes. Skip lines 11e through 11j.
	No. Applicant stipulates to the fact that it is a "new" cogeneration facility (for purposes of determining the applicability of the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)) by virtue of modifications to the facility that were initiated on or after February 2, 2006. Continue below at line 11e.
11e V	/ill electric energy from the facility be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA?
	Yes. The facility is an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility. You must demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing at line 11f below.
	No. Applicant certifies that energy will <i>not</i> be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA. Applicant also certifies its understanding that it must recertify its facility in order to determine compliance with the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) <i>before</i> selling energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA in the future. Skip lines 11f through 11j.
	the net power production capacity of your cogeneration facility, as indicated in line 7g above, less than or to 5,000 kW?
	Yes, the net power production capacity is less than or equal to 5,000 kW. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(4) provides a rebuttable presumption that cogeneration facilities of 5,000 kW and smaller capacity comply with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Applicant certifies its understanding that, should the power production capacity of the facility increase above 5,000 kW, then the facility must be recertified to (among other things) demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Skip lines 11g through 11j.
_	No, the net power production capacity is greater than 5,000 kW. Demonstrate compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing on

EPAct 2005 cogeneration facilities: The Energy Policy Act of 2005 (EPAct 2005) established a new section 210(n) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (PURPA), 16 USC 824a-3(n), with additional requirements for any qualifying cogeneration facility that (1) is seeking to sell electric energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA and (2)

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Mar 18 2021

Lines 11g through 11k below guide the applicant through the process of demonstrating compliance with the requirements for "fundamental use" of the facility's energy output. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Only respond to the lines on this page if the instructions on the previous page direct you to do so. Otherwise, skip this page.

18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) requires that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility. If you were directed on the previous page to respond to the items on this page, then your facility is an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility that is subject to this "fundamental use" requirement.

The Commission's regulations provide a two-pronged approach to demonstrating compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output. First, the Commission has established in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3) a "fundamental use test" that can be used to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Under the fundamental use test, a facility is considered to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) if at least 50 percent of the facility's total annual energy output (including electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output) is used for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes.

Second, an applicant for a facility that does not pass the fundamental use test may provide a narrative explanation of and support for its contention that the facility nonetheless meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility.

Complete lines 11g through 11j below to determine compliance with the fundamental use test in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Complete lines 11g through 11j *even if you do not intend to rely upon the fundamental use test to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2).*

11g Amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output (net of internal	1		
generation plant losses and parasitic loads) expected to be used annually for industrial,			
commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to an electric utility		M	Nh
11h Total amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy expected to be			
sold to an electric utility		M١	Nh
11i Percentage of total annual energy output expected to be used for industrial,			
commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to a utility			
= 100 * 11g /(11g + 11h)		0 %	
	-		-

11j Is the response in line 11i greater than or equal to 50 percent?

Yes. Your facility complies with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by virtue of passing the fundamental use test provided in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Applicant certifies its understanding that, if it is to rely upon passing the fundamental use test as a basis for complying with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2), then the facility must comply with the fundamental use test both in the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years.

No. Your facility does not pass the fundamental use test. Instead, you must provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 a narrative explanation of and support for why your facility meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a QF to its host facility. Applicants providing a narrative explanation of why their facility should be found to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) in spite of non-compliance with the fundamental use test may want to review paragraphs 47 through 61 of Order No. 671 (accessible from the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF), which provide discussion of the facts and circumstances that may support their explanation. Applicant should also note that the percentage reported above will establish the standard that that facility must comply with, both for the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years. *See* Order No. 671 at paragraph 51. As such, the applicant should make sure that it reports appropriate values on lines 11g and 11h above to serve as the relevant annual standard, taking into account expected variations in production conditions.

Usefulness of Topping-Cycle Thermal Output

Information Required for Topping-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents topping-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 14 and 15. Otherwise, skip pages 14 and 15.

The thermal energy output of a topping-cycle cogeneration facility is the net energy made available to an industrial or commercial process or used in a heating or cooling application. Pursuant to sections 292.202(c), (d) and (h) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. §§ 292.202(c), (d) and (h)), the thermal energy output of a qualifying topping-cycle cogeneration facility must be useful. In connection with this requirement, describe the thermal output of the topping-cycle cogeneration facility by responding to lines 12a and 12b below.

12a Identify and describe each thermal host, and specify the annual average rate of thermal output made available to each host for each use. For hosts with multiple uses of thermal output, provide the data for each use *in separate rows*.
Average annual rate of

Name of entity (t taking therm		thermal output attributable to use (net of heat contained in process return or make-up water)
1)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
1)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
2)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
~)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
3)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
5)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
4)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
+)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
5)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
5)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
6)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
0)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h

Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 if additional space is needed

12b Demonstration of usefulness of thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief description of each use of the thermal output identified above. In some cases, this brief description is sufficient to demonstrate usefulness. However, if your facility's use of thermal output is not common, and/or if the usefulness of such thermal output is not reasonably clear, then you must provide additional details as necessary to demonstrate usefulness. Your application may be rejected and/or additional information may be required if an insufficient showing of usefulness is made. (Exception: If you have previously received a Commission certification approving a specific use of thermal output related to the instant facility, then you need only provide a brief description of that use and a reference by date and docket number to the order certifying your facility with the indicated use. Such exemption may not be used if any change creates a material deviation from the previously authorized use.) If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

Topping-Cycle Operating and Efficiency Value Calculation Applicants for facilities representing topping-cycle technology must demonstrate compliance with the topping-cycle operating standard and, if applicable, efficiency standard. Section 292.205(a)(1) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(1)) establishes the operating standard for topping-cycle cogeneration facilities: the useful thermal energy output must be no less than 5 percent of the total energy output. Section 292.205(a)(2) (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(2)) establishes the efficiency standard for topping-cycle cogeneration facilities for which installation commenced on or after March 13, 1980: the useful power output of the facility plus one-half the useful thermal energy output must (A) be no less than 42.5 percent of the total energy input of natural gas and oil to the facility; and (B) if the useful thermal energy output is less than 15 percent of the total energy output of the facility, be no less than 45 percent of the total energy input of natural gas and oil to the facility. To demonstrate compliance with the topping-cycle operating and/or efficiency standards, or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard based on the date that installation commenced, respond to lines 13a through 13l below.

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents *both* topping-cycle and bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then respond to lines 13a through 13l below considering only the energy inputs and outputs attributable to the topping-cycle portion of your facility. Your mass and heat balance diagram must make clear which mass and energy flow values and system components are for which portion (topping or bottoming) of the cogeneration system.

5 /		
13a Indicate the annual average rate of useful thermal energy output made available		
to the host(s), net of any heat contained in condensate return or make-up water		Btu/h
13b Indicate the annual average rate of net electrical energy output		
13c Multiply line 13b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu/h		kW
	0	Btu/h
13d Indicate the annual average rate of mechanical energy output taken directly off		
of the shaft of a prime mover for purposes not directly related to power production		
(this value is usually zero)		hp
13e Multiply line 13d by 2,544 to convert from hp to Btu/h		
	0	Btu/h
13f Indicate the annual average rate of energy input from natural gas and oil		
		Btu/h
13g Topping-cycle operating value = 100 * 13a / (13a + 13c + 13e)		
	0	%
13h Topping-cycle efficiency value = 100 * (0.5*13a + 13c + 13e) / 13f		
	0	%
13i Compliance with operating standard: Is the operating value shown in line 13g gre	ater than or equal to 5%	6?
Yes (complies with operating standard) No (does not comply wi	th operating standard)	
13j Did installation of the facility in its current form commence on or after March 13, 1	980?	
Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.20		
\square compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to line 13k or 13l, a	s applicable, below.	
No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip lines 13k and 13l		
13k Compliance with efficiency standard (for low operating value): If the operating value than 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in line 13h greater		less
Yes (complies with efficiency standard) No (does not comply wi	th efficiency standard)	
13I Compliance with efficiency standard (for high operating value): If the operating value greater than or equal to 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency value shown equal to 42.5%:		
Yes (complies with efficiency standard) No (does not comply wi	th efficiency standard)	

Information Required for Bottoming-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 16 and 17. Otherwise, skip pages 16 and 17.

The thermal energy output of a bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility is the energy related to the process(es) from which at least some of the reject heat is then used for power production. Pursuant to sections 292.202(c) and (e) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.202(c) and (e)), the thermal energy output of a gualifying bottomingcycle cogeneration facility must be useful. In connection with this requirement, describe the process(es) from which at least some of the reject heat is used for power production by responding to lines 14a and 14b below.

14a Identify and describe each thermal host and each bottoming-cycle cogeneration process engaged in by each host. For hosts with multiple bottoming-cycle cogeneration processes, provide the data for each process in separate rows. Has the energy input to

Name of entity (thermal host) performing the process from

	which at least some of the reject heat is used for power production	Thermal host's relationship to facility; Thermal host's process type	of increasing power production capacity? (if Yes, describe on p. 19)
1)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes No
"		Select thermal host's process type	
2)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes No
2)		Select thermal host's process type	
3)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes No
5)		Select thermal host's process type	

Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 if additional space is needed

14b Demonstration of usefulness of thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief description of each process identified above. In some cases, this brief description is sufficient to demonstrate usefulness. However, if your facility's process is not common, and/or if the usefulness of such thermal output is not reasonably clear, then you must provide additional details as necessary to demonstrate usefulness. Your application may be rejected and/or additional information may be required if an insufficient showing of usefulness is made. (Exception: If you have previously received a Commission certification approving a specific bottoming-cycle process related to the instant facility, then you need only provide a brief description of that process and a reference by date and docket number to the order certifying your facility with the indicated process. Such exemption may not be used if any material changes to the process have been made.) If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

<u> Mar 18 2021</u>

Bottoming-Cycle Operating and

Applicants for facilities representing bottoming-cycle technology and for which installation commenced on or after March 13, 1990 must demonstrate compliance with the bottoming-cycle efficiency standards. Section 292.205(b) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(b)) establishes the efficiency standard for bottoming-cycle cogeneration facilities: the useful power output of the facility must be no less than 45 percent of the energy input of natural gas and oil for supplementary firing. To demonstrate compliance with the bottoming-cycle efficiency standard (if applicable), or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from this standard based on the date that installation of the facility began, respond to lines 15a through 15h below.

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents both topping-cycle and bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then respond to lines 15a through 15h below considering only the energy inputs and outputs attributable to the bottoming-cycle portion of your facility. Your mass and heat balance diagram must make clear which mass and energy flow values and system components are for which portion of the cogeneration system (topping or bottoming).

1 5 a [Did installation of	^t the facility in its	current form comm	nence on or after March 13	s, 1980?
----------------	---------------------	----------------------------------	-------------------	----------------------------	----------

15a Did installation of the facility in its current form commence on or after March 13, 1980	?
Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirement of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(b). with the efficiency requirement by responding to lines 15b through 15h below.	Demonstrate complianc
No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip the rest of page 17.	
15b Indicate the annual average rate of net electrical energy output	
	kW
15c Multiply line 15b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu/h	0 Btu/l
15d Indicate the annual average rate of mechanical energy output taken directly off of the shaft of a prime mover for purposes not directly related to power production	
(this value is usually zero)	hp
15e Multiply line 15d by 2,544 to convert from hp to Btu/h	0 Btu/
15f Indicate the annual average rate of supplementary energy input from natural gas	0 Dtu/1
or oil	Btu/I
15g Bottoming-cycle efficiency value = 100 * (15c + 15e) / 15f	
	0 %

Mar 18 2021

Certificate of Completeness, Accuracy and Authority

Applicant must certify compliance with and understanding of filing requirements by checking next to each item below and signing at the bottom of this section. Forms with incomplete Certificates of Completeness, Accuracy and Authority will be rejected by the Secretary of the Commission.

Signer identified below certifies the following: (check all items and applicable subitems)

He or she has read the filing, including any information contained in any attached documents, such as cogeneration mass and heat balance diagrams, and any information contained in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19, and knows its contents.

He or she has provided all of the required information for certification, and the provided information is true as stated, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief.

He or she possess full power and authority to sign the filing; as required by Rule 2005(a)(3) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2005(a)(3)), he or she is one of the following: (check one)

□ The person on whose behalf the filing is made

An officer of the corporation, trust, association, or other organized group on behalf of which the filing is made

- An officer, agent, or employe of the governmental authority, agency, or instrumentality on behalf of which the filing is made
- A representative qualified to practice before the Commission under Rule 2101 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2101) and who possesses authority to sign

He or she has reviewed all automatic calculations and agrees with their results, unless otherwise noted in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

He or she has provided a copy of this Form 556 and all attachments to the utilities with which the facility will interconnect and transact (see lines 4a through 4d), as well as to the regulatory authorities of the states in which the facility and those utilities reside. See the Required Notice to Public Utilities and State Regulatory Authorities section on page 3 for more information.

Provide your signature, address and signature date below. Rule 2005(c) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2005(c)) provides that persons filing their documents electronically may use typed characters representing his or her name to sign the filed documents. A person filing this document electronically should sign (by typing his or her name) in the space provided below.

Your Signature	Your address	Date	
	2001 M Street, NW, Suite 900		
David R. Poe	Washington, DC 20036-3310	9/28/2016	

Audit Notes

Commission Staff Use Only:

Miscellaneous

Use this space to provide any information for which there was not sufficient space in the previous sections of the form to provide. For each such item of information *clearly identify the line number that the information belongs to*. You may also use this space to provide any additional information you believe is relevant to the certification of your facility.

Your response below is not limited to one page. Additional page(s) will automatically be inserted into this form if the length of your response exceeds the space on this page. Use as many pages as you require.

Line 7h)

The structure consists of a concrete substructure containing three water passages and a conventional steel truss and frame structure. The intake structure includes trashracks and six motor operated fixed wheel headgates.

The Tuckertown powerhouse contains three 12,680 kW Kaplan turbines, each operating under a net head of 53.5 ft, direct-connected to generators having a total capacity of 46,665 kW (Units 1, 2, and 3 @ 15,555 kW maximum capacity), for a total installed capacity of 38,040 kW as limited by the turbines. The Tuckertown Development has a total hydraulic capacity of 11,475 cfs. OFFICIAL COPY

20161213-3044 FERC PDF (Unofficial) 12/13/2016

157 FERC ¶ 62,188 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION

Alcoa Power Generating Inc. Cube Yadkin Generation LLC Project No. 2197-109

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War 16 2917

ORDER APPROVING TRANSFER OF LICENSE

(Issued December 13, 2016)

1. By application filed July 25, 2016, Alcoa Power Generating Inc. (Alcoa Power or transferor) and Cube Yadkin Generation LLC (Cube Yadkin or transferee) seek Commission approval to transfer the license and substitute the relicense applicant for the Yadkin Hydroelectric Project No. 2197, located on the Yadkin River in Stanly, Montgomery, Davidson, and Rowan counties, North Carolina. The project does not occupy federal lands.

Background

2. A 50-year license for the project was issued to Carolina Aluminum Company on May 19, 1958.¹ The Commission approved a transfer of license to Alcoa Power Generating Inc. on July 17, 2000.² On April 25, 2006, Alcoa Power filed a new license application. That license expired on April 30, 2008. Since that time the project has been operating under annual licenses³ until September 22, 2016, when the Commission issued a new license to Alcoa Power.⁴

3. The Commission issued a public notice of the current application for transfer on August 1, 2016, establishing August 31, 2016 as the deadline for filing comments,

¹ 19 FPC 704 (1958).

² 92 FERC ¶ 62,029 (2000).

³ Section 15(a)(1) of the FPA, 16 U.S.C. § 808 (a)(i) requires the Commission, at the expiration of a license term, to issue from year-to-year an annual license to the then licensee under the terms and conditions of the prior license until a new license is issued.

⁴ 156 FERC ¶ 62,210 (2016). The license term is for a period of 38 years, 7 months. The applicants' requested substitution of the transferee for the transferor as the applicant in the then pending application for a new license for the Yadkin Project is moot due to the issuance of the new license.

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- 2 -

motions to intervene,⁵ and protests. Timely motions to intervene were filed on August 29, 2016, by Trading Ford Historic District Preservation Association (Trading Ford Historic District), and the North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission (North Carolina Wildlife). On August 30, 2016, timely motions to intervene were filed by American Rivers, New Energy Capital Partners, LLC (New Energy),⁶ and Yadkin Riverkeeper, Inc. (Riverkeeper), and on August 31, 2015, timely motions or notices to intervene were filed by Central Park NC (Central Park), North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality (North Carolina Environmental Quality), Stanly County, and the North Carolina Department of Justice (North Carolina Justice).⁷ Comments were filed on August 30 and August 31, 2016 by the City of Salisbury (Salisbury) and Riverkeeper, respectively.

Commission's Standard for Transfers

4. Section 8 of the Federal Power Act (FPA),⁸ which governs license transfers, does not articulate a standard for approving a transfer application.⁹ The Commission has held that a transfer may be approved on a showing that the transferee is qualified to hold the license and operate the project, and that a transfer is in the public interest.¹⁰ Specifically, a license transfer proceeding is a limited inquiry of the ability of the transferee to carry

⁶ Alcoa Power and Cube Yadkin filed oppositions to New Energy's motion to intervene, and, on December 7, 2016, the Commission denied the motion. While New Energy is thus not a party to this proceeding, we have fully considered its comments.

⁷ Alcoa Power and Cube Yadkin also filed oppositions to North Carolina Justice's motion; the Commission granted the motion on December 7, 2016.

⁸ 16 U.S.C. § 801 (2012); see also 18 C.F.R. §§ 9.1 – 9.3 (2016).

⁹ See Potosi Generating Station, Inc. and Willow Creek Hydro, LLC, 100 FERC ¶ 61,115 (2002).

¹⁰ See Wisconsin v. FERC, 104 F.3d 462 (D.C. Cir. 1997). See also, e.g., Gallia Hydro Partners and Rathgar Development Associates, LLC, 110 FERC ¶ 61,237 (2005); 18 C.F.R. pt. 9.3 (2015); Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes, 153 FERC ¶ 61,217 (2015).

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⁵ If no answer in opposition to a timely motion to intervene is filed within 15 days after the motion to intervene is filed, the movant becomes a party at the end of the 15 day period. If an answer in opposition to a timely motion to intervene is filed not later than 15 days after the motion to intervene is filed, the movant becomes a party only when the motion is expressly granted, 18 C.F.R. § 385.214(c)(1) and (2) (2016).

out its responsibilities under the license. In evaluating a license transfer application, we consider the fitness of the transferee to carry out its responsibilities under the license, including the transferee's control over the project's facilities and payment of the project's annual charges under the FPA, and whether the transfer is in that sense in the public interest. Section 8 of the FPA does not, however, require us to revisit all issues that must be considered under FPA section 10(a)(1) before determining whether to license the project itself.¹¹

Discussion

A. Cube Yadkin Qualifications

5. Several parties and commenters oppose the transfer based on a general assertion that the transfer is contrary to the public interest. However, none of the commenters or intervenors raises specific issues about the fitness of the transferee to be a licensee. For example, North Carolina Justice asserts that Alcoa's and Cube Yadkin's transfer application does not provide sufficient information about Cube Yadkin's qualifications to be the licensee for the project.

6. We find that Cube Yadkin's transfer application demonstrated that it is qualified to be the licensee for the Yadkin Project. As explained in Cube Hydro's application, Cube Yadkin was formed for the purpose of owning and operating the project. It is authorized to engage in the business of developing, transmitting and distributing power. Cube Yadkin is affiliated with numerous companies (Cube Hydro) involved in the operation and maintenance of hydroelectric projects and will have ready access to their expertise. Numerous Alcoa Power employees that have experience with the Yadkin Project will become employees of Cube Yadkin, or an affiliate of Cube Yadkin, as part of the proposed transaction.¹² Based on the foregoing, there is no basis here to question Cube Hydro's fitness to be a licensee, and we find that the transfer is consistent with the public interest.¹³

 11 See New England Power Co. and US Gen New England, Inc, 83 FERC \P 61,272 (1998).

¹² Application for Approval of Transfer of License filed July 25, 2016.

¹³ In addition, it is the Commission's policy is to scrutinize transfer requests that as is the case here – are filed during the last five years of a license term to determine if the purpose of the transfer is to elude Commission review of a transferor's poor compliance record. See Eugene Water & Electric Board, 155 FERC ¶ 62,242, at P 19 (2016); Menominee Company, 74 FERC ¶ 61,023 (1996); and AER NY-Gen, LLC, 133 FERC ¶ 62,143 (2010). There is no basis in this record to conclude that the transfer application for the Yadkin Project was filed to avoid consideration of a poor compliance (continued ...)

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B. Project Impacts and Mitigation Measures

7. The motions to intervene and comments of New Energy, North Carolina Justice, and Riverkeeper raise numerous issues related to the relicensing proceeding, the license itself, and project impacts. Specifically, New Energy argues that the transfer should be denied to allow Cube Yadkin and others the ability to compete for the new license. North Carolina Justice argues that: (1) there is an open question, subject to pending litigation, regarding whether Alcoa Power holds lawful title to all the property rights (specifically, rights to the project waters) as required by the license and (2) the facts and circumstances bearing directly on the 2006 relicense application have changed significantly. Riverkeeper asserts that the license cannot be transferred due to uncertainty surrounding the status and responsibilities of Cube Yadkin under the May 7, 2007 Yadkin Relicensing Settlement Agreement signed by 23 parties to the relicensing proceeding.¹⁴ We find that these arguments, which relate to either the now completed relicensing proceeding or the license itself and the operation of the project, are not relevant to this transfer proceeding. When a license is transferred, the new licensee steps into the shoes of the old licensee, and is subject to any and all requirements to which the old licensee was subject under the license and the Commission's orders thereunder. Moreover, the mere transfer of a license does not alter a project's environmental impacts, or the determination of what mitigation measures are warranted. Consequently a project's environmental impacts and appropriate mitigation measures are not germane in a transfer proceeding. Such arguments are collateral attacks on license orders granting a new license and may not be raised in limited proceeding such as this one.¹⁵

record or otherwise give the transferee an advantage in relicensing. Moreover, this concern is moot as the Commission already evaluated the transferor's compliance history, found it satisfactory, and issued a new license. *Alcoa Power Generating Inc.*, 156 FERC ¶ 62,210 at PP 160, 162.

¹⁴ See Alcoa Power Generating Inc., 156 FERC ¶ 62,210 at PP 7, 13 (order issuing new license describing and incorporating in part the Settlement Agreement).

¹⁵ See Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes, 152 FERC ¶ 62,140(2015).

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Project No. 2197-109

C. Reopening the License

8. New Energy, North Carolina Justice, Riverkeeper and Central Park NC also request that the Commission reopen a new license application proceeding for the Yadkin Hydroelectric Project due to the application for transfer. In an earlier proceeding, New Energy filed a request for rehearing of the notice rejecting its motion to reopen the record. In the order denying rehearing,¹⁶ the Commission held that it must only reopen license proceedings where changes in an applicant's plan of development are material, that is, involve significant changes to a project's physical features such that it should be considered an entirely new project.¹⁷ No such changes have occurred in this proceeding.¹⁸

9. A transferee is subject to any and all requirements to which the old licensee was subject under the license and the Commission's orders thereunder. Moreover, a license transfer, a ministerial action, does not involve any significant changes in the license and does not provide an opportunity to reopen the licensing proceeding. We find no basis for reopening the relicensing proceeding.

10. Given that section $15(c)(1)^{19}$ of the FPA requires that all applications for a new license be filed no later than two years from the date of expiration of an existing license (in this case, by April 30, 2006), by the time that the transfer application was filed, it was . almost 10 years too late for a competing application to be filed. In consequence, even if we had been required to reopen the relicensing proceeding, it would have been a meaningless exercise.

¹⁶ Alcoa Power Generating Inc., 152 FERC ¶ 61,040 (2015).

¹⁷ See Erie Boulevard Hydropower, L.P., 131 FERC ¶ 61,036 at PP 17, 37; reh'g denied, 134 FERC ¶ 61,205 at PP 31, 32; reh'g denied, 136 FERC ¶ 61,044 (2011); summarily aff'd, Green Island Power Authority v. FERC, 497 Fed. Appx. 127 (2d Cir. 2012).

¹⁸ As explained in *Alcoa Power Generating Inc.*, 144 FERC ¶ 61,218, at PP 24-25, the two matters raised by New Energy – the settlement agreement and two water withdrawal agreements – did not constitute material amendments to Alcoa's license application.

¹⁹ 18 U.S.C. § 808(c)(1) (2012).

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- 6 -

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D. Authority to Transfer an Annual License

11. New Energy asserts that the Commission does not have the authority under section 15(a)(1) of the FPA to transfer an annual license. In fact, the Commission has held that annual licenses may be transferred.²⁰ In any event, because the new license has been issued to Alcoa Power, this is not a transfer of an annual license, but rather a transfer of a new license.

E. Terms and Conditions of the Transfer

12. The transferee agrees to accept all of the terms and conditions of the license and to be bound by the license as if it were the original licensee. The transferor agrees to pay annual charges that have accrued to the date of the transfer.

13. The transferee will be required to comply with the requirements of the license as though it were the original licensee. Based on the foregoing, transfer of the license for this project is consistent with the Commission's regulations and is in the public interest.

The Director orders:

(A) The transfer of the license for the Yadkin Hydroelectric Project No. 2197 from Alcoa Power Generating Inc. to Cube Yadkin Generation LLC is approved.

(B) Alcoa Power Generating Inc. shall pay all annual charges that accrue up to the effective date of the transfer.

(C) Approval of the transfer is contingent upon: (1) transfer of title of the properties under license, transfer of all project files including all dam safety related documents, and delivery of all license instruments to Cube Yadkin Generation LLC which shall be subject to the terms and conditions of the license as though it were the original licensee; and (2) Cube Yadkin Generation LLC acknowledging acceptance of this order and its terms and conditions by signing and returning the attached acceptance sheet. Within 60 days from the date of this order, Cube Yadkin Generation LLC shall file certified copies of all instruments of conveyance and the signed acceptance sheet.

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²⁰ See Niagara Mohawk Corporation, 88 FERC ¶ 62,082 at p. 64, 153 (1999).

[&]quot;.....Section 15(a)(1) requires the yearly issuance of an annual license to the "then licensee" doesn't mean that annual licenses can't be transferred, as the City of Oswego argues. Section 15(a)(1) does not mention transfers of annual licenses, much less bar them." See e.g. Edwards Manufacturing Company, Inc., 84 FERC ¶ 61,227 (1998).

(D) Approval of the transfer is also contingent upon filing of a comprehensive insurance policy that will include business interruption coverage and major loss coverage up to the replacement cost, or any other provisions made by the transferee, that will be available to cover the cost of unexpected maintenance and repairs (e.g., major turbine or generator malfunctions, dam safety repairs) for the project within 60 days from the date of this order.

(E) This order constitutes final agency action. Any party may file a request for rehearing of this order within 30 days from the date of its issuance, as provided in § 313(a) of the FPA, 16 U.S.C. § 825*l* (2012), and the Commission's regulations at 18 C.F.R. § 385.713 (2016). The filing of a request for rehearing does not operate as a stay of the effective date of this order, or of any other date specified in this order. The licensee's failure to file a request for rehearing shall constitute acceptance of this order.

Jennifer Hill Director Division of Hydropower Administration and Compliance

-7-

VanNess Feldman ...

1050 Thomas Jefferson Street, NW Seventh Floor Washington, DC 20007 (202) 298-1800 Phone (202) 338-2416 Fax

Julia S. Wood (202) 298-1938 jsw@vnf.com

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Clerk's Office N.C. Utilities Commission

March 9, 2018

Chief Clerk's Office North Carolina Utilities Commission 4325 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-4300

RE: <u>Cube Yadkin Generation LLC</u> NCUC Docket No. SP-9172-Sub 2 NCUC Docket No. SP-8760-Sub 0 FERC Docket No. QF16-1309

Dear Chief Clerk:

Pursuant to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's ("FERC") regulations, 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(c)(1), please find enclosed the Form 556 of Cube Yadkin Generation LLC filed with FERC today in FERC Docket No.QF16-1309. The attached Form 556 was filed with FERC to reflect a change in ownership of the certified facility. We respectfully request the North Carolina Utilities Commission ("NCUC") please accept for filing the attached Form 556 under NCUC Docket Nos. SP-9172-Sub 2; and SP-8760-Sub 0.

If you have any questions or need further information, please contact the undersigned at the information above.

Respectfully submitted,

Varia S. Want

Julia S. Wood

Counsel for Cube Yadkin Generation LLC

Mar 18 2021

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC

OMB Control # 1902-0075 Expiration 06/30/2019

Form 556 Certification of Qualifying Facility (QF) Status for a Small Power Production or Cogeneration Facility

General

Questions about completing this form should be sent to <u>Form556@ferc.gov</u>. Information about the Commission's QF program, answers to frequently asked questions about QF requirements or completing this form, and contact information for QF program staff are available at the Commission's QF website, <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u>. The Commission's QF website also provides links to the Commission's QF regulations (18 C.F.R. § 131.80 and Part 292), as well as other statutes and orders pertaining to the Commission's QF program.

Who Must File

Any applicant seeking QF status or recertification of QF status for a generating facility with a net power production capacity (as determined in lines 7a through 7g below) greater than 1000 kW must file a self-certification or an application for Commission certification of QF status, which includes a properly completed Form 556. Any applicant seeking QF status for a generating facility with a net power production capacity 1000 kW or less is exempt from the certification requirement, and is therefore not required to complete or file a Form 556. *See* 18 C.F.R. § 292.203.

How to Complete the Form 556

This form is intended to be completed by responding to the items in the order they are presented, according to the instructions given. If you need to back-track, you may need to clear certain responses before you will be allowed to change other responses made previously in the form. If you experience problems, click on the nearest help button ()) for assistance, or contact Commission staff at Form556@ferc.gov.

Certain lines in this form will be automatically calculated based on responses to previous lines, with the relevant formulas shown. You must respond to all of the previous lines within a section before the results of an automatically calculated field will be displayed. If you disagree with the results of any automatic calculation on this form, contact Commission staff at Form556@ferc.gov to discuss the discrepancy before filing.

You must complete all lines in this form unless instructed otherwise. Do not alter this form or save this form in a different format. Incomplete or altered forms, or forms saved in formats other than PDF, will be rejected.

How to File a Completed Form 556

Applicants are required to file their Form 556 electronically through the Commission's eFiling website (see instructions on page 2). By filing electronically, you will reduce your filing burden, save paper resources, save postage or courier charges, help keep Commission expenses to a minimum, and receive a much faster confirmation (via an email containing the docket number assigned to your facility) that the Commission has received your filing.

If you are simultaneously filing both a waiver request and a Form 556 as part of an application for Commission certification, see the "Waiver Requests" section on page 3 for more information on how to file.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

This form is approved by the Office of Management and Budget. Compliance with the information requirements established by the FERC Form No. 556 is required to obtain or maintain status as a QF. See 18 C.F.R. § 131.80 and Part 292. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The estimated burden for completing the FERC Form No. 556, including gathering and reporting information, is as follows: 3 hours for self-certification of a small power production facility, 8 hours for self-certifications of a cogeneration facility, 6 hours for an application for Commission certification of a small power production facility, and 50 hours for an application for Commission certification of a cogeneration facility. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the following: Information Clearance Officer, Office of the Executive Director (ED-32), Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street N.E., Washington, DC 20426 (<u>DataClearance@ferc.gov</u>); and Desk Officer for FERC, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503 (<u>oira_submission@omb.eop.gov</u>). Include the Control No. 1902-0075 in any correspondence.

Page 2 - Instructions

Electronic Filing (eFiling)

To electronically file your Form 556, visit the Commission's QF website at <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u> and click the eFiling link.

If you are eFiling your first document, you will need to register with your name, email address, mailing address, and phone number. If you are registering on behalf of an employer, then you will also need to provide the employer name, alternate contact name, alternate contact phone number and and alternate contact email.

Once you are registered, log in to eFiling with your registered email address and the password that you created at registration. Follow the instructions. When prompted, select one of the following QF-related filing types, as appropriate, from the Electric or General filing category.

Filing category	Filing Type as listed in eFiling	Description
	(Fee) Application for Commission Cert. as Cogeneration QF	Use to submit an application for Commission certification or Commission recertification of a cogeneration facility as a QF.
	(Fee) Application for Commission Cert. as Small Power QF	Use to submit an application for Commission certification or Commission recertification of a small power production facility as a QF.
	Self-Certification Notice (QF, EG, FC)	Use to submit a notice of self- certification of your facility (cogeneration or small power production) as a QF.
Electric	Self-Recertification of Qualifying Facility (QF)	Use to submit a notice of self- recertification of your facility (cogeneration or small power production) as a QF.
	Supplemental Information or Request	Use to correct or supplement a Form 556 that was submitted with errors or omissions, or for which Commission staff has requested additional information. Do <i>not</i> use this filing type to report new changes to a facility or its ownership; rather, use a self- recertification or Commission recertification to report such changes.
General	(Fee) Petition for Declaratory Order (not under FPA Part 1)	Use to submit a petition for declaratory order granting a waiver of Commission QF regulations pursuant to 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.204(a) (3) and/or 292.205(c). A Form 556 is not required for a petition for declaratory order unless Commission recertification is being requested as part of the petition.

You will be prompted to submit your filing fee, if applicable, during the electronic submission process. Filing fees can be paid via electronic bank account debit or credit card.

During the eFiling process, you will be prompted to select your file(s) for upload from your computer.

Mar 18 2021

Filing Fee

No filing fee is required if you are submitting a self-certification or self-recertification of your facility as a QF pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(a).

A filing fee is required if you are filing either of the following:

(1) an application for Commission certification or recertification of your facility as a QF pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(b), or (2) a petition for declaratory order granting waiver pursuant to 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.204(a)(3) and/or 292.205(c).

The current fees for applications for Commission certifications and petitions for declaratory order can be found by visiting the Commission's QF website at <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u> and clicking the Fee Schedule link.

You will be prompted to submit your filing fee, if applicable, during the electronic filing process described on page 2.

Required Notice to Utilities and State Regulatory Authorities

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(a)(ii), you must provide a copy of your self-certification or request for Commission certification to the utilities with which the facility will interconnect and/or transact, as well as to the State regulatory authorities of the states in which your facility and those utilities reside. Links to information about the regulatory authorities in various states can be found by visiting the Commission's QF website at <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u> and clicking the Notice Requirements link.

What to Expect From the Commission After You File

An applicant filing a Form 556 electronically will receive an email message acknowledging receipt of the filing and showing the docket number assigned to the filing. Such email is typically sent within one business day, but may be delayed pending confirmation by the Secretary of the Commission of the contents of the filing.

An applicant submitting a self-certification of QF status should expect to receive no documents from the Commission, other than the electronic acknowledgement of receipt described above. Consistent with its name, a self-certification is a certification *by the applicant itself* that the facility meets the relevant requirements for QF status, and does not involve a determination by the Commission as to the status of the facility. An acknowledgement of receipt of a self-certification, in particular, does not represent a determination by the Commission with regard to the QF status of the facility. An applicant self-certifying may, however, receive a rejection, revocation or deficiency letter if its application is found, during periodic compliance reviews, not to comply with the relevant requirements.

An applicant submitting a request for Commission certification will receive an order either granting or denying certification of QF status, or a letter requesting additional information or rejecting the application. Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(b)(3), the Commission must act on an application for Commission certification within 90 days of the later of the filing date of the application or the filing date of a supplement, amendment or other change to the application.

Waiver Requests

18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a)(3) allows an applicant to request a waiver to modify the method of calculation pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a)(2) to determine if two facilities are considered to be located at the same site, for good cause. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(c) allows an applicant to request waiver of the requirements of 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.205(a) and (b) for operating and efficiency upon a showing that the facility will produce significant energy savings. A request for waiver of these requirements must be submitted as a petition for declaratory order, with the appropriate filing fee for a petition for declaratory order. Applicants requesting Commission recertification as part of a request for waiver of one of these requirements should electronically submit their completed Form 556 along with their petition for declaratory order, rather than filing their Form 556 as a separate request for Commission recertification. Only the filing fee for the petition for declaratory order must be paid to cover both the waiver request and the request for recertification *if such requests are made simultaneously*.

18 C.F.R. § 292.203(d)(2) allows an applicant to request a waiver of the Form 556 filing requirements, for good cause. Applicants filing a petition for declaratory order requesting a waiver under 18 C.F.R. § 292.203(d)(2) do not need to complete or submit a Form 556 with their petition.

Geographic Coordinates

If a street address does not exist for your facility, then line 3c of the Form 556 requires you to report your facility's geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude). Geographic coordinates may be obtained from several different sources. You can find links to online services that show latitude and longitude coordinates on online maps by visiting the Commission's QF webpage at <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u> and clicking the Geographic Coordinates link. You may also be able to obtain your geographic coordinates from a GPS device, Google Earth (available free at <u>http://earth.google.com</u>), a property survey, various engineering or construction drawings, a property deed, or a municipal or county map showing property lines.

Filing Privileged Data or Critical Energy Infrastructure Information in a Form 556

The Commission's regulations provide procedures for applicants to either (1) request that any information submitted with a Form 556 be given privileged treatment because the information is exempt from the mandatory public disclosure requirements of the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552, and should be withheld from public disclosure; or (2) identify any documents containing critical energy infrastructure information (CEII) as defined in 18 C.F.R. § 388.113 that should not be made public.

If you are seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for any data in your Form 556, then you must follow the procedures in 18 C.F.R. § 388.112. See www.ferc.gov/help/filing-guide/file-ceii.asp for more information.

Among other things (see 18 C.F.R. § 388.112 for other requirements), applicants seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for data submitted in a Form 556 must prepare and file both (1) a complete version of the Form 556 (containing the privileged and/or CEII data), and (2) a public version of the Form 556 (with the privileged and/or CEII data redacted). Applicants preparing and filing these different versions of their Form 556 must indicate below the security designation of this version of their document. If you are *not* seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for any of your Form 556 data, then you should not respond to any of the items on this page.

Non-Public: Applicant is seeking privileged treatment and/or CEII status for data contained in the Form 556 lines] indicated below. This non-public version of the applicant's Form 556 contains all data, including the data that is redacted in the (separate) public version of the applicant's Form 556.

Public (redacted): Applicant is seeking privileged treatment and/or CEII status for data contained in the Form 556 lines indicated below. This public version of the applicants's Form 556 contains all data <u>except</u> for data from the lines indicated below, which has been redacted.

Privileged: Indicate below which lines of your form contain data for which you are seeking privileged treatment

Critical Energy Infrastructure Information (CEII): Indicate below which lines of your form contain data for which you are seeking CEII status

The eFiling process described on page 2 will allow you to identify which versions of the electronic documents you submit are public, privileged and/or CEII. The filenames for such documents should begin with "Public", "Priv", or "CEII", as applicable, to clearly indicate the security designation of the file. Both versions of the Form 556 should be unaltered PDF copies of the Form 556, as available for download from <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u>. To redact data from the public copy of the submittal, simply omit the relevant data from the Form. For numerical fields, leave the redacted fields blank. For text fields, complete as much of the field as possible, and replace the redacted portions of the field with the word "REDACTED" in brackets. Be sure to identify above <u>all</u> fields which contain data for which you are seeking non-public status.

The Commission is not responsible for detecting or correcting filer errors, including those errors related to security designation. If your documents contain sensitive information, make sure they are filed using the proper security designation.

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FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC

OMB Control # 1902-0075 Expiration 06/30/2019

Form 556 Certification of Qualifying Facility (QF) Status for a Small Power Production or Cogeneration Facility

<pre>1b Applicant street address c/o Cube Hydro Partners, LLC 2 Bethesda Metro Center Suite 1330</pre>					
1c City Bethesda		1d State/province MD			
1e Postal code 20814	1f Country (if not United States)		1g Telephone number 240-482-2714		
1h Has the instant facility ever previously been certified as a QF? Yes 🛛 No 🗌					
1i If yes, provide the	1 If yes, provide the docket number of the last known QF filing pertaining to this facility: QF16 - 1309 - 000				
1j Under which certi	fication process is the applicant making	this filing?			
	Notice of self-certification (requires filing fee; see "Filing Fee" section on page 3)				
Note: a notice of self-certification is a notice by the applicant itself that its facility complies with the requirements for QF status. A notice of self-certification does not establish a proceeding, and the Commission does not review a notice of self-certification to verify compliance. See the "What to Expect From the Commission After You File" section on page 3 for more information.					
1k What type(s) of QF status is the applicant seeking for its facility? (check all that apply)					
Qualifying small power production facility status					
What is the purpose and expected effective date(s) of this filing?					
Original certification; facility expected to be installed by and to begin operation on					
\bigtriangleup Change(s) to a previously certified facility to be effective on $2/1/17$					
(identify type(s) of change(s) below, and describe change(s) in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19)					
☑ Name change and/or other administrative change(s)					
🔀 Change in ownership					
Change(s) affecting plant equipment, fuel use, power production capacity and/or cogeneration thermal output					
Supplement or correction to a previous filing submitted on					
(describe the supplement or correction in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19)					
Im If any of the following three statements is true, check the box(es) that describe your situation and complete the form to the extent possible, explaining any special circumstances in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.					
The instant facility complies with the Commission's QF requirements by virtue of a waiver of certain regulation previously granted by the Commission in an order dated					
	The instant facility would comply with the Commission's QF requirements if a petition for waiver submitted concurrently with this application is granted				
		rs or requirement			

			Page 6 - All Facilit	es			
	2a Name of contact person		2b Telephone number				
	Eli Hopson		240-482-2714				
_	 Which of the following describes the contact person's relationship to the applicant? (check one) Applicant (self) Employee, owner or partner of applicant authorized to represent the applicant 						
0	Employee of a company affiliated with the applicant authorized to represent the applicant on this matter						
Idl	Lawyer, consultant, or other representative authorized to represent the applicant on this matter						
CONTACT INFORMATION	2d Company or organization name (if applicant is an individual, check here and skip to line 2e)						
	2e Street address (if same as Applicant	, check here and skip t	o líne 3a) 🔀	6			
Ira							
5				_			
	2f City		2g State/province				
	2h Postal code 2i	i Country (if not United	States)				
_	3a Facility name			-			
5	Falls						
5	3b Street address (if a street address do	pes not exist for the fac	ility, check here and skip to line 3c) 🔀	6			
5							
5							
	3c Geographic coordinates: If you indi			_			
	then you must specify the latitude a the following formula to convert to degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/ provided a street address for your fa	and longitude coordina decimal degrees from 3600). See the "Geog	dress exists for your facility by checking the box in line 3b thes of the facility in degrees (to three decimal places). Us degrees, minutes and seconds: decimal degrees = raphic Coordinates" section on page 4 for help. If you pecifying the geographic coordinates below is optional. Latitude $\boxed{$ North (+)35.944 degrees }				
	then you must specify the latitude a the following formula to convert to degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/ provided a street address for your fa Longitude East (+) 80.0 West (-) 80.0	and longitude coordina decimal degrees from 3600). See the "Geog acility in line 3b, then s	Attes of the facility in degrees (to three decimal places). Us degrees, minutes and seconds: decimal degrees = raphic Coordinates" section on page 4 for help. If you pecifying the geographic coordinates below is optional. Latitude North (+) 35.944 degrees South (-) 35.944 degrees				
	then you must specify the latitude a the following formula to convert to degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/ provided a street address for your fa Longitude East (+) 80.0 West (-) 3d City (if unincorporated, check here a Badin	and longitude coordina decimal degrees from 3600). See the "Geog acility in line 3b, then s 75 degrees and enter nearest city)	Attes of the facility in degrees (to three decimal places). Us degrees, minutes and seconds: decimal degrees = raphic Coordinates" section on page 4 for help. If you pecifying the geographic coordinates below is optional. Latitude North (+) 35.944 degrees South (-) 35.944 degrees South (-) North Carolina				
	then you must specify the latitude a the following formula to convert to degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/ provided a street address for your fa Longitude East (+) 80.0 West (-) 80.0	and longitude coordina decimal degrees from 3600). See the "Geog acility in line 3b, then s 75 degrees and enter nearest city)	Attes of the facility in degrees (to three decimal places). Us degrees, minutes and seconds: decimal degrees = raphic Coordinates" section on page 4 for help. If you pecifying the geographic coordinates below is optional. Latitude North (+) 35.944 degrees South (-) 35.944 degrees				
	then you must specify the latitude a the following formula to convert to degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/ provided a street address for your fa Longitude East (+) 80.0 West (-) 80.0 3d City (if unincorporated, check here a Badin 3f County (or check here for independe	and longitude coordina decimal degrees from 3600). See the "Geog acility in line 3b, then s 75 degrees and enter nearest city) ent city) 3	Attes of the facility in degrees (to three decimal places). Us degrees, minutes and seconds: decimal degrees = raphic Coordinates" section on page 4 for help. If you pecifying the geographic coordinates below is optional. Latitude North (+) 35.944 degrees South (-) 35.944 degrees South (-) 35.944 degrees North Carolina g Country (if not United States)				
	then you must specify the latitude a the following formula to convert to degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/ provided a street address for your fa Longitude East (+) 80.0 West (-) 3d City (if unincorporated, check here a Badin 3f County (or check here for independent Stanly	and longitude coordina decimal degrees from 3600). See the "Geog acility in line 3b, then s 75 degrees and enter nearest city) ent city) 3 templated to transact to the facility	Attes of the facility in degrees (to three decimal places). Us degrees, minutes and seconds: decimal degrees = raphic Coordinates" section on page 4 for help. If you pecifying the geographic coordinates below is optional. Latitude North (+) 35.944 degrees South (-) 35.944 degrees South (-) 35.944 degrees North Carolina G Country (if not United States) with the facility.				
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	then you must specify the latitude a the following formula to convert to degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/provided a street address for your fall of the street address fo	and longitude coordina decimal degrees from 3600). See the "Geog acility in line 3b, then s 75 degrees and enter nearest city) ent city) 3 templated to transact to the facility Duke Energy Pro- service or check here and electric power output	Attes of the facility in degrees (to three decimal places). Us degrees, minutes and seconds: decimal degrees = raphic Coordinates" section on page 4 for help. If you pecifying the geographic coordinates below is optional. Latitude North (+) 35.944 degrees South (-) 35.944 degrees South (-) 35.944 degrees South Carolina g Country (if not United States) with the facility. gress f none S				

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	Direct ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify all direct owners of percent equity interest. For each identified owner, also (1) indicate whether that ow defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or a holding control 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)), and utilities or holding companies, provide the percentage of equity interest in the facil direct owners hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, then provide the two direct owners with the largest equity interest in the facility.	wner is an el ompany, as d (2) for owne lity held by t	ectric utili lefined in rs which a hat owner	ty, as section tre electric t. If no
	Full legal names of direct owners		utility or ling pany	lf Yes, % equity interest
1)	Cube Yadkin Generation LLC	Yes 🖂	No 🗍	100
2)		Yes 🗌		
3)		Yes 🗌	No 🗌	
4)		Yes 🗌	No 🗌	
5)		Yes 🗌	No 🗌	
6)		Yes 🗌	No 🗌	
7)		Yes 🗌	No 🗌	
8)		Yes 🗌	No 🗌	
9)		Yes 🗌	No 🗌	
10) <u> </u>	Yes 🗌	No 🗌	5
	Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 if ad Upstream (i.e., indirect) ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify al of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding com 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Also	ll upstream (l (2) are elect panies, as d	i.e., indired ric utilities efined in s	ct) owners s, as section
	Upstream (i.e., indirect) ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify al of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding com	ll upstream (l (2) are elect panies, as d provide the	i.e., indired ric utilitie: efined in s percenta	ct) owners s, as section ge of
	Upstream (i.e., indirect) ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify all of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding com 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Also equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream ow another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.)	ll upstream (l (2) are elect panies, as d p provide the vners may be	i.e., indired ric utilitie: efined in s percenta	ct) owners s, as section ge of
	Upstream (i.e., indirect) ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify all of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding com 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Also equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream ow another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist.	ll upstream (l (2) are elect panies, as d p provide the vners may be	i.e., indired ric utilitie: efined in s percenta	ct) owners s, as section ge of ries of one % equity interest
1)	Upstream (i.e., indirect) ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify all of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding com 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Also equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream ow another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream own	ll upstream (l (2) are elect panies, as d p provide the vners may be	i.e., indired ric utilitie: efined in s percenta	ct) owners s, as section ge of ries of one % equity
1) 2)	Upstream (i.e., indirect) ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify all of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding com 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Also equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream ow another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream owners. Cube Hydro Carolinas LLC	ll upstream (l (2) are elect panies, as d p provide the vners may be	i.e., indired ric utilitie: efined in s percenta	ct) owners s, as section ge of ries of one % equity interest 100
1) 2)	Upstream (i.e., indirect) ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify all of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding com 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Also equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream ow another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream own Cube Hydro Carolinas LLC Helix Partners LLC	ll upstream (l (2) are elect panies, as d p provide the vners may be	i.e., indired ric utilitie: efined in s percenta	ct) owners s, as section ge of ries of one % equity interest 100 100
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1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7)	Upstream (i.e., indirect) ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify all of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding com 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Also equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream ow another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream own Cube Hydro Carolinas LLC Helix Partners LLC	ll upstream (l (2) are elect panies, as d p provide the vners may be	i.e., indired ric utilitie: efined in s percenta	s, as section ge of ries of one % equity interest 100 % 98.5 %
1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8)	Upstream (i.e., indirect) ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify al of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding com 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Also equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream ow another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream own Cube Hydro Carolinas LLC Helix Partners LLC Helix Holdco LLC	ll upstream (l (2) are elect panies, as d p provide the vners may be	i.e., indired ric utilitie: efined in s percenta	ct) owners s, as section ge of ries of one % equity interest 100 98.5 98.5 5

RC Form 55		a main sata annual if annitachta	Page 8 - All Faciliti				
	ribe the primary energy input: (check on						
		Renewable resources (specify)	Geothermal				
	Landfill gas	Hydro power - river	Fossil fuel (specify)				
	Manure digester gas	Hydro power - tidal	Coal (not waste)				
	Municipal solid waste	Hydro power - wave	Fuel oil/diesel				
	Sewage digester gas	Solar - photovoltaic	Natural gas (not wasted)				
	U Wood	Solar - thermal	Other fossil fuel (describe on page 19)				
	Other biomass (describe on page 19)		(describe on page 19)				
□ w	aste (specify type below in line 6b)	Other renewable resource (describe on page 19)	Other (describe on page 19)				
6b If you	If you specified "waste" as the primary energy input in line 6a, indicate the type of waste fuel used: (check one)						
	Waste fuel listed in 18 C.F.R. § 292.202(b) (specify one of the following)					
	Anthracite culm produced prior to	July 23, 1985					
	Anthracite refuse that has an avera ash content of 45 percent or more	age heat content of 6,000 Btu or les	s per pound and has an average				
	Bituminous coal refuse that has an average heat content of 9,500 Btu per pound or less and has an average ash content of 25 percent or more						
	Top or bottom subbituminous coal produced on Federal lands or on Indian lands that has been determined to be waste by the United States Department of the Interior's Bureau of Land Management (BLM) or that is located on non-Federal or non-Indian lands outside of BLM's jurisdiction, provided that the applicant shows that the latter coal is an extension of that determined by BLM to be waste						
	Coal refuse produced on Federal lands or on Indian lands that has been determined to be waste by the BLM or that is located on non-Federal or non-Indian lands outside of BLM's jurisdiction, provided that applicant shows that the latter is an extension of that determined by BLM to be waste						
	Lignite produced in association with the production of montan wax and lignite that becomes exposed as a result of such a mining operation						
	Gaseous fuels (except natural gas and synthetic gas from coal) (describe on page 19)						
	Waste natural gas from gas or oil wells (describe on page 19 how the gas meets the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 2.400 for waste natural gas; include with your filing any materials necessary to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 2.400)						
	Materials that a government agency has certified for disposal by combustion (describe on page 19)						
	Heat from exothermic reactions (d	escribe on page 19)	Residual heat (describe on page 19				
	🗋 Used rubber tires 🛛 🗋 Plasti	c materials 🛛 🗌 Refinery off	-gas 🔲 Petroleum coke				
🗌 f	Other waste energy input that has little or no commercial value and exists in the absence of the qualifying facility industry (describe in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19; include a discussion of the fuel's lack of commercial value and existence in the absence of the qualifying facility industry)						
energ	le the average energy input, calculated on y inputs, and provide the related percer 02(j)). For any oil or natural gas fuel, use	tage of the total average annual er	ergy input to the facility (18 C.F.R.				
	5		Percentage of total				
	Fuel Natural gas		annual energy input				
	Oil-based fuels	0 Btu/h	0 %				
	Coal	0 Btu/h	0 %				
		0 Btu/h	0 %				

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FERC Form 556 Indicate the maximum gross and maximum net electric power production capacity of the facility at the point(s) of delivery by completing the worksheet below. Respond to all items. If any of the parasitic loads and/or losses identified in lines 7b through 7e are negligible, enter zero for those lines. 7a The maximum gross power production capacity at the terminals of the individual generator(s) under the most favorable anticipated design conditions 30,000 kW 7b Parasitic station power used at the facility to run equipment which is necessary and integral to the power production process (boiler feed pumps, fans/blowers, office or maintenance buildings directly related to the operation of the power generating facility, etc.). If this facility includes nonpower production processes (for instance, power consumed by a cogeneration facility's thermal host), do not include any power consumed by the non-power production activities in your reported parasitic station power. 1.1 kW 7c Electrical losses in interconnection transformers 0 kW 7d Electrical losses in AC/DC conversion equipment, if any o kW 7e Other interconnection losses in power lines or facilities (other than transformers and AC/DC conversion equipment) between the terminals of the generator(s) and the point of interconnection with the utility 112 kW 7f Total deductions from gross power production capacity = 7b + 7c + 7d + 7e113.1 kW **7g** Maximum net power production capacity = 7a - 7f29,886.9 kW

7h Description of facility and primary components: Describe the facility and its operation. Identify all boilers, heat recovery steam generators, prime movers (any mechanical equipment driving an electric generator), electrical generators, photovoltaic solar equipment, fuel cell equipment and/or other primary power generation equipment used in the facility. Descriptions of components should include (as applicable) specifications of the nominal capacities for mechanical output, electrical output, or steam generation of the identified equipment. For each piece of equipment identified, clearly indicate how many pieces of that type of equipment are included in the plant, and which components are normally operating or normally in standby mode. Provide a description of how the components operate as a system. Applicants for cogeneration facilities do not need to describe operations of systems that are clearly depicted on and easily understandable from a cogeneration facility's attached mass and heat balance diagram; however, such applicants should provide any necessary description needed to understand the sequential operation of the facility depicted in their mass and heat balance diagram. If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

Falls Dam is a concrete gravity structure. The development consists of a nonoverflow gravity section, a Stoney gate-controlled spillway section, a Tainter gate-controlled spillway section, a trash gate section, and an integral intake/ powerhouse section. The non-overflow gravity section extends from the north end of the spillway section to the river abutment.

The spillway section consists of a Stoney gate section, a Tainter gate section, and a trash gate. There are ten Stoney gates and two Tainter gates to release surplus water during storm or flooding events. The ten Stoney gates are operated by individually fixed electrically powered screw-stem hoists from the spillway deck. Four of the Stoney gates may be remotely operated from the dispatch center in Alcoa, Tennessee, and also manually at the site. The two Tainter gates are operated by a movable, electrically powered hoist from the deck. The trash gate is locally operated by a rising screw stem hoist.

The powerhouse and intake form a single structural unit integral with the dam. The powerhouse is located between the south end of the gate-controlled spillway section and the river abutment. The structure consists of an integral reinforced concrete and concrete gravity substructure and a brick superstructure. The intake structure includes trashracks and six headgates.

Additional facility information is included in the miscellaneous section.

Information Required for Small Power Production Facility

If you indicated in line 1k that you are seeking qualifying small power production facility status for your facility, then you must respond to the items on this page. Otherwise, skip page 10.

	Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a), the with the power production capacity resource, are owned by the same promegawatts. To demonstrate completion this size limitation under the S (Pub. L. 101-575, 104 Stat. 2834 (1999) through 8e below (as applicable).	of any other small pow erson(s) or its affiliates, a iance with this size limit olar, Wind, Waste, and G	er production facilities that us nd are located at the same site ation, or to demonstrate that y eothermal Power Production	e the same energy e, may not exceed 80 your facility is exempt Incentives Act of 1990	21 OFI
Certification of Compliance with Size Limitations	Ba Identify any facilities with electric equipment of the instant facility, and at least a 5 percent equity interest. Check here if no such facilities exist. Facility location (city or county, state)	d for which any of the e			Mar 18 2021
om itati	1)	QF		kW	
Lin O	2)	QF	s	kW	
tification with Size	3)	_ QF		kW	
Certi w	exemption from the size limitations Are you seeking exemption from the Yes (continue at line 8c bel 8c Was the original notice of self-co before December 31, 1994? Yes 8d Did construction of the facility of 8e If you answered No in line 8d, in the facility, taking into account all fa a brief narrative explanation in the M particular, describe why construction toward completion of the facility.	e size limitations in 18 C ow) ertification or application No commence on or before idicate whether reasona ictors relevant to constru Aiscellaneous section sta	F.R. § 292.204(a) by virtue of the No (skip lines 8c through 8 for Commission certification December 31, 1999? Yes ble dillgence was exercised to fuction? Yes No I fy carting on page 19 of the constructions of the construction	he Incentives Act? Be) of the facility filed on or No ward the completion of ou answered Yes, provide ruction timeline (in	•
Compliance	Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b), q amounts, for only the following pur prevention of unanticipated equipn the public health, safety, or welfare, used for these purposes may not ex period beginning with the date the	poses: ignition; start-up nent outages; and allevia which would result fron ceed 25 percent of the t	; testing; flame stabilization; co ation or prevention of emerger n electric power outages. The otal energy input of the facility	ontrol use; alleviation or ncies, directly affecting amount of fossil fuels v during the 12-month	
n of l se Re	 9a Certification of compliance with Applicant certifies that the factors 				
Certification of Complianc with Fuel Use Requiremen	9b Certification of compliance with Applicant certifies that the a ⊠ percent of the total energy i facility first produces electric	mount of fossil fuel used nput of the facility durin	d at the facility will not, in aggr g the 12-month period beginr	egate, exceed 25	

Information Required for Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 1k that you are seeking qualifying cogeneration facility status for your facility, then you must respond to the items on pages 11 through 13. Otherwise, skip pages 11 through 13.

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.202(c), a cogeneration facility produces electric energy and forms of useful thermal energy (such as heat or steam) used for industrial, commercial, heating, or cooling purposes, through the sequential use of energy. Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.202(s), "sequential use" of energy means the following: (1) for a topping-cycle cogeneration facility, the use of reject heat from a power production process in sufficient amounts in a thermal application or process to conform to the requirements of the operating standard contained in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a); or (2) for a bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility, the use of at least some reject heat from a thermal application or process for power production.

10a What type(s) of cogeneration technology does the facility represent? (check all that apply)

Topping-cycle cogene	ration
----------------------	--------

Bottoming-cycle cogeneration

10b	To help demonstrate the sequential operation of the cogeneration process, and to support compliance with
	other requirements such as the operating and efficiency standards, include with your filing a mass and heat
	balance diagram depicting average annual operating conditions. This diagram must include certain items and meet certain requirements, as described below. You must check next to the description of each requirement
	below to certify that you have complied with these requirements.

Check to certify compliance with

General Cogeneration Information

indicated requirement	Requirement		
	Diagram must show orientation within system piping and/or ducts of all prime movers, heat recovery steam generators, boilers, electric generators, and condensers (as applicable), as well as any other primary equipment relevant to the cogeneration process.		
	Any average annual values required to be reported in lines 10b, 12a, 13a, 13b, 13d, 13f, 14a, 15b, 15d and/or 15f must be computed over the anticipated hours of operation.		
	Diagram must specify all fuel inputs by fuel type and average annual rate in Btu/h. Fuel for supplementary firing should be specified separately and clearly labeled. All specifications of fuel inputs should use lower heating values.		
	Diagram must specify average gross electric output in kW or MW for each generator.		
	Diagram must specify average mechanical output (that is, any mechanical energy taken off of the shaft of the prime movers for purposes not directly related to electric power generation) in horsepower, if any. Typically, a cogeneration facility has no mechanical output.		
	At each point for which working fluid flow conditions are required to be specified (see below), such flow condition data must include mass flow rate (in lb/h or kg/s), temperature (in °F, R, °C or K), absolute pressure (in psia or kPa) and enthalpy (in Btu/lb or kJ/kg). Exception: For systems where the working fluid is <i>liquid only</i> (no vapor at any point in the cycle) and where the type of liquid and specific heat of that liquid are clearly indicated on the diagram or in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19, only mass flow rate and temperature (not pressure and enthalpy) need be specified. For reference, specific heat at standard conditions for pure liquid water is approximately 1.002 Btu/ (lb*R) or 4.195 kJ/(kg*K).		
	Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at input to and output from each steam turbine or other expansion turbine or back-pressure turbine.		
	Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at delivery to and return from each thermal application.		
	Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at make-up water inputs.		

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	EPAct 2005 cogeneration facilities: The Energy Policy Act of 2005 (EPAct 2005) established a new section 210(n) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (PURPA), 16 USC 824a-3(n), with additional requirements for any qualifying cogeneration facility that (1) is seeking to sell electric energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA and (2) was either not a cogeneration facility on August 8, 2005, or had not filed a self-certification or application for Commission certification of QF status on or before February 1, 2006. These requirements were implemented by the Commission in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d). Complete the lines below, carefully following the instructions, to demonstrate whether these additional requirements apply to your cogeneration facility and, if so, whether your facility complies with such requirements.	
		Ð
		Ð
e s	If the answer to either line 11a or 11b is Yes, then continue at line 11c below. Otherwise, if the answers to both lines 11a and 11b are No, skip to line 11e below.	
ntal Us acilitie	11c With respect to the design and operation of the facility, have any changes been implemented on or after February 2, 2006 that affect general plant operation, affect use of thermal output, and/or increase net power production capacity from the plant's capacity on February 1, 2006?	Ð
n Fa	Yes (continue at line 11d below)	
Act 2005 Requirements for Fundamental Use Energy Output from Cogeneration Facilities	No. Your facility is not subject to the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) at this time. However, it may be subject to to these requirements in the future if changes are made to the facility. At such time, the applicant would need to recertify the facility to determine eligibility. Skip lines 11d through 11j.	
s for oger	11d Does the applicant contend that the changes identified in line 11c are not so significant as to make the facility a "new" cogeneration facility that would be subject to the 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) cogeneration requirements?	Ð
ement from C	Yes. Provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 a description of any relevant changes made to the facility (including the purpose of the changes) and a discussion of why the facility should not be considered a "new" cogeneration facility in light of these changes. Skip lines 11e through 11j.	
Requir	No. Applicant stipulates to the fact that it is a "new" cogeneration facility (for purposes of determining the applicability of the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)) by virtue of modifications to the facility that were initiated on or after February 2, 2006. Continue below at line 11e.	
05 I V C	11e Will electric energy from the facility be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA?	9
t 20 nerg	Yes. The facility is an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility. You must demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing at line 11f below.	
EPAG of Ei	No. Applicant certifies that energy will <i>not</i> be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA. Applicant also certifies its understanding that it must recertify its facility in order to determine compliance with the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) <i>before</i> selling energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA in the future. Skip lines 11f through 11j.	
	11f Is the net power production capacity of your cogeneration facility, as indicated in line 7g above, less than or equal to 5,000 kW?	Ð
	Yes, the net power production capacity is less than or equal to 5,000 kW. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(4) provides a rebuttable presumption that cogeneration facilities of 5,000 kW and smaller capacity comply with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Applicant certifies its understanding that, should the power production capacity of the facility increase above 5,000 kW, then the facility must be recertified to (among other things) demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Skip lines 11g through 11j.	
	No, the net power production capacity is greater than 5,000 kW. Demonstrate compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing on the next page at line 11g.	

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Mar 18 2021

Lines 11g through 11k below guide the applicant through the process of demonstrating compliance with the requirements for "fundamental use" of the facility's energy output, 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Only respond to the lines on this page if the instructions on the previous page direct you to do so. Otherwise, skip this page. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) requires that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility. If you were directed on the previous page to respond to the items on this page, then your facility is an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility that is subject to this "fundamental use" requirement. The Commission's regulations provide a two-pronged approach to demonstrating compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output. First, the Commission has established in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3) a "fundamental use test" that can be used to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Under the fundamental use test, a facility is considered to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) if at least 50 percent of the facility's total annual energy output (including electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output) is

used for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes. Second, an applicant for a facility that does not pass the fundamental use test may provide a narrative explanation of and support for its contention that the facility nonetheless meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility.

Complete lines 11g through 11j below to determine compliance with the fundamental use test in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Complete lines 11g through 11j even if you do not intend to rely upon the fundamental use test to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2).

11g Amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output (net of internal generation plant losses and parasitic loads) expected to be used annually for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to an electric utility	MWh
11h Total amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy expected to be sold to an electric utility	MWh
 11i Percentage of total annual energy output expected to be used for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to a utility = 100 * 11g /(11g + 11h) 	0 %

11j Is the response in line 11i greater than or equal to 50 percent?

Yes. Your facility complies with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by virtue of passing the fundamental use test provided in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Applicant certifies its understanding that, if it is to rely upon passing the fundamental use test as a basis for complying with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2), then the facility must comply with the fundamental use test both in the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years.

No. Your facility does not pass the fundamental use test. Instead, you must provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 a narrative explanation of and support for why your facility meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a QF to its host facility. Applicants providing a narrative explanation of why their facility should be found to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) in spite of non-compliance with the fundamental use test may want to review paragraphs 47 through 61 of Order No. 671 (accessible from the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF), which provide discussion of the facts and circumstances that may support their explanation. Applicant should also note that the percentage reported above will establish the standard that that facility must comply with, both for the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years. See Order No. 671 at paragraph 51. As such, the applicant should make sure that it reports appropriate values on lines 11g and 11h above to serve as the relevant annual standard, taking into account expected variations in production conditions.

Mar 18 2021

Usefulness of Topping-Cycle Thermal Output

Information Required for Topping-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents topping-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 14 and 15. Otherwise, skip pages 14 and 15.

The thermal energy output of a topping-cycle cogeneration facility is the net energy made available to an industrial or commercial process or used in a heating or cooling application. Pursuant to sections 292.202(c), (d) and (h) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. §§ 292.202(c), (d) and (h)), the thermal energy output of a qualifying topping-cycle cogeneration facility must be useful. In connection with this requirement, describe the thermal output of the topping-cycle cogeneration facility by responding to lines 12a and 12b below.

12a Identify and describe each thermal host, and specify the annual average rate of thermal output made available to each host for each use. For hosts with multiple uses of thermal output, provide the data for each use in separate rows.
Average annual rate of

	Name of entity (thermal host) taking thermal output	Thermal host's relationship to facility; Thermal host's use of thermal output	thermal output attributable to use (net of heat contained in process return or make-up water)
1)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
"		Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
2)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
-/		Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
3)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
3,		Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
4)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
		Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
5)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
5,		Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
6)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
6)		Select thermal host's use of thermal output	·Btu/h

12b Demonstration of usefulness of thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief description of each use of the thermal output identified above. In some cases, this brief description is sufficient to demonstrate usefulness. However, if your facility's use of thermal output is not common, and/or if the usefulness of such thermal output is not reasonably clear, then you must provide additional details as necessary to demonstrate usefulness. Your application may be rejected and/or additional information may be required if an insufficient showing of usefulness is made. (Exception: If you have previously received a Commission certification approving a specific use of thermal output related to the instant facility, then you need only provide a brief description of that use and a reference by date and docket number to the order certifying your facility with the indicated use. Such exemption may not be used if any change creates a material deviation from the previously authorized use.) If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

OFFICIAL COPY Ø installation commenced on or after March 13, 1980: the useful power output of the facility plus one-half the useful

Mar 18 2021

Topping-Cycle Operating and Efficiency Value Calculation

facility; and (B) if the useful thermal energy output is less be no less than 45 percent of the total energy input of na compliance with the topping-cycle operating and/or effi exempt from the efficiency standard based on the date to 131 below.	atural gas and oil to the facility. To de iciency standards, or to demonstrate t	monstrate hat your facility is
If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents by technology, then respond to lines 13a through 13I below attributable to the topping-cycle portion of your facility. which mass and energy flow values and system compon cogeneration system.	v considering only the energy inputs a Your mass and heat balance diagram ents are for which portion (topping o	and outputs o must make clear
13a Indicate the annual average rate of useful thermal e to the host(s), net of any heat contained in condensate re		Dauth
13b Indicate the annual average rate of net electrical en		Btu/h kW
13c Multiply line 13b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu		o Btu/h
13d Indicate the annual average rate of mechanical ene of the shaft of a prime mover for purposes not directly re (this value is usually zero)		hp
13e Multiply line 13d by 2,544 to convert from hp to Bto	u/h	o Btu/h
13f Indicate the annual average rate of energy input from	m natural gas and oil	Btu/h
13g Topping-cycle operating value = 100 * 13a / (13a +	13c + 13e)	0 %
13h Topping-cycle efficiency value = 100 * (0.5*13a + 1)	3c + 13e) / 13f	0 %
13i Compliance with operating standard: Is the operatinYes (complies with operating standard)	ng value shown in line 13g greater tha	
 13j Did installation of the facility in its current form com Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirement by recompliance with the efficiency requirement by re No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency statement of the efficiency statement form form the efficiency statement form form form the efficiency statement form form the efficiency statement form form form form form form form form	irements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(2). esponding to line 13k or 13l, as applic	
13k Compliance with efficiency standard (for low operation than 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency values of the standard s		
Yes (complies with efficiency standard)	No (does not comply with effici	ency standard)
13 Compliance with efficiency standard (for high opera greater than or equal to 15%, then indicate below wheth		
equal to 42.5%:		

Applicants for facilities representing topping-cycle technology must demonstrate compliance with the topping-

thermal energy output must (A) be no less than 42.5 percent of the total energy input of natural gas and oil to the

cycle operating standard and, if applicable, efficiency standard. Section 292.205(a)(1) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(1)) establishes the operating standard for topping-cycle cogeneration facilities: the useful thermal energy output must be no less than 5 percent of the total energy output. Section 292.205(a)(2) (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(2)) establishes the efficiency standard for topping-cycle cogeneration facilities for which

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Yes

No T

Information Required for Bottoming-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 16 and 17. Otherwise, skip pages 16 and 17.

The thermal energy output of a bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility is the energy related to the process(es) from which at least some of the reject heat is then used for power production. Pursuant to sections 292.202(c) and (e) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.202(c) and (e)), the thermal energy output of a qualifying bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility must be useful. In connection with this requirement, describe the process(es) from which at least some of the reject heat is used for power production by responding to lines 14a and 14b below.

14a Identify and describe each thermal host and each bottoming-cycle cogeneration process engaged in by each host. For hosts with multiple bottoming-cycle cogeneration processes, provide the data for each process *in separate rows*.

	Name of entity (thermal host) performing the process from which at least some of the reject heat is used for power production	Thermal host's relationship to facility; Thermal host's process type	Has the energy input to the thermal host been augmented for purposes of increasing power production capacity? (if Yes, describe on p. 19)
1)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes No
"		Select thermal host's process type	
2)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes No No
21		Select thermal host's process type	

Usefulness of Bottoming-Cycle Thermal Output

3)

Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 if additional space is needed

Select thermal host's process type

Select thermal host's relationship to facility

14b Demonstration of usefulness of thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief description of each process identified above. In some cases, this brief description is sufficient to demonstrate usefulness. However, if your facility's process is not common, and/or if the usefulness of such thermal output is not reasonably clear, then you must provide additional details as necessary to demonstrate usefulness. Your application may be rejected and/or additional information may be required if an insufficient showing of usefulness is made. (Exception: If you have previously received a Commission certification approving a specific bottoming-cycle process related to the instant facility, then you need only provide a brief description of that process and a reference by date and docket number to the order certifying your facility with the indicated process. Such exemption may not be used if any material changes to the process have been made.) If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

Bottoming-Cycle Operating and

Efficiency Value Calculation

Applicants for facilities representing bottoming-cycle technology and for which installation commenced on or after March 13, 1990 must demonstrate compliance with the bottoming-cycle efficiency standards. Section 292.205(b) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(b)) establishes the efficiency standard for bottoming-cycle cogeneration facilities: the useful power output of the facility must be no less than 45 percent of the energy input of natural gas and oil for supplementary firing. To demonstrate compliance with the bottoming-cycle efficiency standard (if applicable), or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from this standard based on the date that installation of the facility began, respond to lines 15a through 15h below.

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents *both* topping-cycle and bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then respond to lines 15a through 15h below considering only the energy inputs and outputs attributable to the bottoming-cycle portion of your facility. Your mass and heat balance diagram must make clear which mass and energy flow values and system components are for which portion of the cogeneration system (topping or bottoming).

15a Did installation of the facility in its current form commence on or after March 13, 1980?

Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirement of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(b). Demonstrate compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to lines 15b through 15h below.

No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip the rest of page 17.

15b Indicate the annual average rate of net electrical energy output	kW
15c Multiply line 15b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu/h	0 Btu/h
15d Indicate the annual average rate of mechanical energy output taken directly off of the shaft of a prime mover for purposes not directly related to power production (this value is usually zero)	hp
15e Multiply line 15d by 2,544 to convert from hp to Btu/h	0 Btu/h
15f Indicate the annual average rate of supplementary energy input from natural gas or oil	Btu/h
15g Bottoming-cycle efficiency value = 100 * (15c + 15e) / 15f	0 %
15h Compliance with efficiency standard: Indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in than or equal to 45%:	line 15g is greater
Yes (complies with efficiency standard) No (does not comply with efficience	y standard)

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Certificate of Completeness, Accuracy and Authority

Applicant must certify compliance with and understanding of filing requirements by checking next to each item below and signing at the bottom of this section. Forms with incomplete Certificates of Completeness, Accuracy and Authority will be rejected by the Secretary of the Commission.

Signer identified below certifies the following: (check all items and applicable subitems)

He or she has read the filing, including any information contained in any attached documents, such as cogeneration mass and heat balance diagrams, and any information contained in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19, and knows its contents.

He or she has provided all of the required information for certification, and the provided information is true as stated, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief.

He or she possess full power and authority to sign the filing; as required by Rule 2005(a)(3) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2005(a)(3)), he or she is one of the following: (check one)

The person on whose behalf the filing is made

An officer of the corporation, trust, association, or other organized group on behalf of which the filing is made

- An officer, agent, or employe of the governmental authority, agency, or instrumentality on behalf of which the filing is made
- A representative qualified to practice before the Commission under Rule 2101 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2101) and who possesses authority to sign

He or she has reviewed all automatic calculations and agrees with their results, unless otherwise noted in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

He or she has provided a copy of this Form 556 and all attachments to the utilities with which the facility will interconnect and transact (see lines 4a through 4d), as well as to the regulatory authorities of the states in which the

facility and those utilities reside. See the Required Notice to Public Utilities and State Regulatory Authorities section on page 3 for more information.

Provide your signature, address and signature date below. Rule 2005(c) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2005(c)) provides that persons filing their documents electronically may use typed characters representing his or her name to sign the filed documents. A person filing this document electronically should sign (by typing his or her name) in the space provided below.

Your Signature	Your address	Date
Eli Hopson Cube Hydro Partners, LLC	2 Bethesda Metro Center, Suite 1330, Bethesda, MD 20814	3/9/2018

Audit Notes			
Commission Staff Use On	ly:		

Mar 18 2021

Page 19 - All Facilities

FERC Form 556

Miscellaneous

Use this space to provide any information for which there was not sufficient space in the previous sections of the form to provide. For each such item of information *clearly identify the line number that the information belongs to*. You may also use this space to provide any additional information you believe is relevant to the certification of your facility.

Your response below is not limited to one page. Additional page(s) will automatically be inserted into this form if the length of your response exceeds the space on this page. Use as many pages as you require.

Section 11 (continued):

Cube Yadkin Generation LLC (Applicant) submits this self-recertifiation to (i) notify the Commission of a change in the ownership of the Falls facility, and (ii) provide contact information for Applicant. Pursuant to a transaction authorized by the Commission in Docket No. EC16-157 (Transaction), on February 1, 2017, Applicant acquired 100% of the ownership interests in the Falls facility from Alcoa Power Generating, Inc. (APGI). See Alcoa Power Generating Inc., et al., 156 FERC \P 62,237 (2016). As a result of the Transaction, the Falls facility is now directly owned by Applicant, which is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Helix Partners LLC. APGI no longer owns any interests in the facility.

Section 5b (continued):

Cube Hydro Carolinas LLC is a wholly-owned direct subsidiary of Helix Partners LLC, which is indirectly controlled by I Squared Capital, a private equity investment manager having a series of limited partnership investment and co-investment funds operated by a general partner that is wholly controlled by I Squared Capital.

Section 7h (continued):

The Falls powerhouse contains one 10,410 kW S. Morgan Smith vertical Francis turbine unit (Unit 1) and two 11,190 kW Allis Chalmers propeller-type turbine units (Units 2 and 3), each operating under a net head of 54.0 ft, and direct-connected to generators having a total capacity of 33,750 kW (Unit 1 @ 8,750 kW, Units 2 and 3 @ 12,500 kW) for a total generating capacity of 31,130 kW as limited by the generator for Unit 1 and the turbines for Units 2 and 3. The Falls Development has a total hydraulic capacity of 8,570 cfs.

The Falls facility also includes the limited and discrete interconnection equipment necessary to connect the facility to the transmission grid.

Collins DukeCross-Examination Exhibit No. <u>6</u> I/A

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VanNess Feldman ...

1050 Thomas Jefferson Street, NW Seventh Floor Washington, DC 20007 (202) 298-1800 Phone (202) 338-2416 Fax

Julia S. Wood (202) 298-1938 jsw@vnf.com

FILED

MAR 1 6 2018

Clerk's Office N.C. Utilities Commission

March 9, 2018

Chief Clerk's Office North Carolina Utilities Commission 4325 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-4300

RE: <u>Cube Yadkin Generation LLC</u> NCUC Docket No. SP-9172-Sub 0 NCUC Docket No. SP-8758-Sub 0 FERC Docket No. QF16-1310

Dear Chief Clerk:

Pursuant to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's ("FERC") regulations, 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(c)(1), please find enclosed the Form 556 of Cube Yadkin Generation LLC filed with FERC today in FERC Docket No.QF16-1310. The attached Form 556 was filed with FERC to reflect a change in ownership of the certified facility. We respectfully request the North Carolina Utilities Commission ("NCUC") please accept for filing the attached Form 556 under NCUC Docket Nos. SP-9172-Sub 0; and SP-8758-Sub 0.

If you have any questions or need further information, please contact the undersigned at the information above.

Respectfully submitted,

Vini S. Want

Julia S. Wood

Counsel for Cube Yadkin Generation LLC

<u>Mar 18 2021</u>

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC

OMB Control # 1902-0075 Expiration 06/30/2019

Form 556 Certification of Qualifying Facility (QF) Status for a Small Power Production or Cogeneration Facility

General

Questions about completing this form should be sent to Form556@ferc.gov. Information about the Commission's QF program, answers to frequently asked questions about QF requirements or completing this form, and contact information for QF program staff are available at the Commission's QF website, <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u>. The Commission's QF website also provides links to the Commission's QF regulations (18 C.F.R. § 131.80 and Part 292), as well as other statutes and orders pertaining to the Commission's QF program.

Who Must File

Any applicant seeking QF status or recertification of QF status for a generating facility with a net power production capacity (as determined in lines 7a through 7g below) greater than 1000 kW must file a self-certification or an application for Commission certification of QF status, which includes a properly completed Form 556. Any applicant seeking QF status for a generating facility with a net power production capacity 1000 kW or less is exempt from the certification requirement, and is therefore not required to complete or file a Form 556. *See* 18 C.F.R. § 292.203.

How to Complete the Form 556

This form is intended to be completed by responding to the items in the order they are presented, according to the instructions given. If you need to back-track, you may need to clear certain responses before you will be allowed to change other responses made previously in the form. If you experience problems, click on the nearest help button () for assistance, or contact Commission staff at Form556@ferc.gov.

Certain lines in this form will be automatically calculated based on responses to previous lines, with the relevant formulas shown. You must respond to all of the previous lines within a section before the results of an automatically calculated field will be displayed. If you disagree with the results of any automatic calculation on this form, contact Commission staff at <u>Form556@ferc.gov</u> to discuss the discrepancy before filing.

You must complete all lines in this form unless instructed otherwise. Do not alter this form or save this form in a different format. Incomplete or altered forms, or forms saved in formats other than PDF, will be rejected.

How to File a Completed Form 556

Applicants are required to file their Form 556 electronically through the Commission's eFiling website (see instructions on page 2). By filing electronically, you will reduce your filing burden, save paper resources, save postage or courier charges, help keep Commission expenses to a minimum, and receive a much faster confirmation (via an email containing the docket number assigned to your facility) that the Commission has received your filing.

If you are simultaneously filing both a waiver request and a Form 556 as part of an application for Commission certification, see the "Waiver Requests" section on page 3 for more information on how to file.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

This form is approved by the Office of Management and Budget. Compliance with the information requirements established by the FERC Form No. 556 is required to obtain or maintain status as a QF. See 18 C.F.R. § 131.80 and Part 292. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The estimated burden for completing the FERC Form No. 556, including gathering and reporting information, is as follows: 3 hours for self-certification of a small power production facility, 8 hours for self-certifications of a cogeneration facility, 6 hours for an application for Commission certification of a small power production facility, and 50 hours for an application for Commission certification of a cogeneration facility. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the following: Information Clearance Officer, Office of the Executive Director (ED-32), Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street N.E., Washington, DC 20426 (<u>DataClearance@ferc.gov</u>); and Desk Officer for FERC, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503 (<u>oira_submission@omb.eop.gov</u>). Include the Control No. 1902-0075 in any correspondence.

Electronic Filing (eFiling)

To electronically file your Form 556, visit the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF and click the eFiling link.

If you are eFiling your first document, you will need to register with your name, email address, mailing address, and phone number. If you are registering on behalf of an employer, then you will also need to provide the employer name, alternate contact name, alternate contact phone number and and alternate contact email.

Once you are registered, log in to eFiling with your registered email address and the password that you created at registration. Follow the instructions. When prompted, select one of the following QF-related filing types, as appropriate, from the Electric or General filing category.

Filing category	Filing Type as listed in eFiling	Description
	(Fee) Application for Commission Cert. as Cogeneration QF	Use to submit an application for Commission certification or Commission recertification of a cogeneration facility as a QF.
	(Fee) Application for Commission Cert. as Small Power QF	Use to submit an application for Commission certification or Commission recertification of a small power production facility as a QF.
	Self-Certification Notice (QF, EG, FC)	Use to submit a notice of self- certification of your facility (cogeneration or small power production) as a QF.
Electric	Self-Recertification of Qualifying Facility (QF)	Use to submit a notice of self- recertification of your facility (cogeneration or small power production) as a QF.
	Supplemental Information or Request	Use to correct or supplement a Form 556 that was submitted with errors or omissions, or for which Commission staff has requested additional information. Do not use this filing type to report new changes to a facility or its ownership; rather, use a self- recertification or Commission recertification to report such changes.
General	(Fee) Petition for Declaratory Order (not under FPA Part 1)	Use to submit a petition for declaratory order granting a waive of Commission QF regulations pursuant to 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.204(a) (3) and/or 292.205(c). A Form 556 in not required for a petition for declaratory order unless Commission recertification is being requested as part of the petition.

You will be prompted to submit your filing fee, if applicable, during the electronic submission process. Filing fees can be paid via electronic bank account debit or credit card.

During the eFiling process, you will be prompted to select your file(s) for upload from your computer.

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Page 3 - Instructions

Filing Fee

No filing fee is required if you are submitting a self-certification or self-recertification of your facility as a QF pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(a).

A filing fee is required if you are filing either of the following:

(1) an application for Commission certification or recertification of your facility as a QF pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(b), or (2) a petition for declaratory order granting waiver pursuant to 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.204(a)(3) and/or 292.205(c).

The current fees for applications for Commission certifications and petitions for declaratory order can be found by visiting the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF and clicking the Fee Schedule link.

You will be prompted to submit your filing fee, if applicable, during the electronic filing process described on page 2.

Required Notice to Utilities and State Regulatory Authorities

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(a)(ii), you must provide a copy of your self-certification or request for Commission certification to the utilities with which the facility will interconnect and/or transact, as well as to the State regulatory authorities of the states in which your facility and those utilities reside. Links to information about the regulatory authorities in various states can be found by visiting the Commission's QF website at <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u> and clicking the Notice Requirements link.

What to Expect From the Commission After You File

An applicant filing a Form 556 electronically will receive an email message acknowledging receipt of the filing and showing the docket number assigned to the filing. Such email is typically sent within one business day, but may be delayed pending confirmation by the Secretary of the Commission of the contents of the filing.

An applicant submitting a self-certification of QF status should expect to receive no documents from the Commission, other than the electronic acknowledgement of receipt described above. Consistent with its name, a self-certification is a certification by the applicant itself that the facility meets the relevant requirements for QF status, and does not involve a determination by the Commission as to the status of the facility. An acknowledgement of receipt of a self-certification, in particular, does not represent a determination by the Commission with regard to the QF status of the facility. An applicant self-certifying may, however, receive a rejection, revocation or deficiency letter if its application is found, during periodic compliance reviews, not to comply with the relevant requirements.

An applicant submitting a request for Commission certification will receive an order either granting or denying certification of QF status, or a letter requesting additional information or rejecting the application. Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(b)(3), the Commission must act on an application for Commission certification within 90 days of the later of the filing date of the application or the filing date of a supplement, amendment or other change to the application.

Waiver Requests

18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a)(3) allows an applicant to request a waiver to modify the method of calculation pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a)(2) to determine if two facilities are considered to be located at the same site, for good cause. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(c) allows an applicant to request waiver of the requirements of 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.205(a) and (b) for operating and efficiency upon a showing that the facility will produce significant energy savings. A request for waiver of these requirements must be submitted as a petition for declaratory order, with the appropriate filing fee for a petition for declaratory order. Applicants requesting Commission recertification as part of a request for waiver of one of these requirements should electronically submit their completed Form 556 along with their petition for declaratory order, rather than filing their Form 556 as a separate request for Commission recertification. Only the filing fee for the petition for declaratory order must be paid to cover both the waiver request and the request for recertification *if such requests are made simultaneously*.

18 C.F.R. § 292.203(d)(2) allows an applicant to request a waiver of the Form 556 filing requirements, for good cause. Applicants filing a petition for declaratory order requesting a waiver under 18 C.F.R. § 292.203(d)(2) do not need to complete or submit a Form 556 with their petition.

Geographic Coordinates

If a street address does not exist for your facility, then line 3c of the Form 556 requires you to report your facility's geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude). Geographic coordinates may be obtained from several different sources. You can find links to online services that show latitude and longitude coordinates on online maps by visiting the Commission's QF webpage at <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u> and clicking the Geographic Coordinates link. You may also be able to obtain your geographic coordinates from a GPS device, Google Earth (available free at <u>http://earth.google.com</u>), a property survey, various engineering or construction drawings, a property deed, or a municipal or county map showing property lines.

Filing Privileged Data or Critical Energy Infrastructure Information in a Form 556

The Commission's regulations provide procedures for applicants to either (1) request that any information submitted with a Form 556 be given privileged treatment because the information is exempt from the mandatory public disclosure requirements of the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552, and should be withheld from public disclosure; or (2) identify any documents containing critical energy infrastructure information (CEII) as defined in 18 C.F.R. § 388.113 that should not be made public.

If you are seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for any data in your Form 556, then you must follow the procedures in 18 C.F.R. § 388.112. See www.ferc.gov/help/filing-guide/file-ceii.asp for more information.

Among other things (see 18 C.F.R. § 388.112 for other requirements), applicants seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for data submitted in a Form 556 must prepare and file both (1) a complete version of the Form 556 (containing the privileged and/or CEII data), and (2) a public version of the Form 556 (with the privileged and/or CEII data redacted). Applicants preparing and filing these different versions of their Form 556 must indicate below the security designation of this version of their document. If you are *not* seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for any of your Form 556 data, then you should not respond to any of the items on this page.

Non-Public: Applicant is seeking privileged treatment and/or CEII status for data contained in the Form 556 lines indicated below. This non-public version of the applicant's Form 556 contains all data, including the data that is redacted in the (separate) public version of the applicant's Form 556.

Public (redacted): Applicant is seeking privileged treatment and/or CEII status for data contained in the Form 556 lines indicated below. This public version of the applicants's Form 556 contains all data <u>except</u> for data from the lines indicated below, which has been redacted.

Privileged: Indicate below which lines of your form contain data for which you are seeking privileged treatment

Critical Energy Infrastructure Information (CEII): Indicate below which lines of your form contain data for which you are seeking CEII status

The eFiling process described on page 2 will allow you to identify which versions of the electronic documents you submit are public, privileged and/or CEII. The filenames for such documents should begin with "Public", "Priv", or "CEII", as applicable, to clearly indicate the security designation of the file. Both versions of the Form 556 should be unaltered PDF copies of the Form 556, as available for download from www.ferc.gov/QF. To redact data from the public copy of the submittal, simply omit the relevant data from the Form. For numerical fields, leave the redacted fields blank. For text fields, complete as much of the field as possible, and replace the redacted portions of the field with the word "REDACTED" in brackets. Be sure to identify above <u>all</u> fields which contain data for which you are seeking non-public status.

The Commission is not responsible for detecting or correcting filer errors, including those errors related to security designation. If your documents contain sensitive information, make sure they are filed using the proper security designation.

Mar 18 2021

	FEDERAL ENERGY REGULAT WASHINGTON Certification of Qualifyin Production or Cogenera	N, DC ng Facility (QF) S ation Facility	Expiration 06/30/2019 tatus for a Small Power	75
la Fullname of appli Cube Yadkin Ge	cant (legal entity on whose behalf qualify eneration LLC	ying facility status is	sought for this facility)	
1b Applicant street a c/o Cube Hydro 2 Bethesda Met Suite 1330	Partners, LLC			
lc City Bethesda		1d State/provinc	ie -	
1e Postal code 20814	1f Country (if not United States)	1	g Telephone number 240-482-2714	
1h Has the instant fa	cility ever previously been certified as a Q	2F? Yes No		
1i If yes, provide the	docket number of the last known QF filin	g pertaining to this	facility: QF16 - 1310 - 000	-0
1j Under which certif	ication process is the applicant making t	his filing?		-

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISS WASHINGTON, DC

Form	556	Certification of Qualifying Facility (QF) Status for a Small Power Production or Cogeneration Facility

Suite 1330 1c City Bethesda	a a a an a	1d State/provi MD	nce
1e Postal code 20814	1f Country (if not United State	is)	1g Telephone number 240-482-2714
1h Has the instant facilit	ty ever previously been certified	as a QF? Yes 🛛 N	lo 🗌
1i If yes, provide the doo	cket number of the last known Q	F filing pertaining to th	nis facility: QF16 - 1310 - 000
Notice of self-certif (see note below) Note: a notice of self-c QF status. A notice notice of self-certific	ertification is a notice by the ap of self-certification does not esta	Application for Co fee; see "Filing Fee plicant itself that its fac ablish a proceeding, an	mmission certification (requires filing " section on page 3) lity complies with the requirements for d the Commission does not review a om the Commission After You File"
🔀 Qualifying small po	tatus is the applicant seeking for ower production facility status and expected effective date(s) of	Qualifying cogen	
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FEF	IC Form 556				Page 6 - All Facilities
	2a Name of contact person			2b Telephone	number
	Eli Hopson			240-482-2	2714
	 2c Which of the following describes Applicant (self) Employee Employee of a company affiliat Lawyer, consultant, or other re 2d Company or organization name Cube Hydro Partners, LLC 2e Street address (if same as Application applica	oyee, owner or partner of ted with the applicant au presentative authorized t (if applicant is an individu	applicant auth thorized to repr to represent the ual, check here a	orized to represen esent the applican applicant on this	t the applicant t on this matter matter
	2f City		2g State/pro	ovince	
	2h Postal code	2i Country (if not United	d States)		
	 3a Facility name High Rock 3b Street address (if a street address 	s does not exist for the fa	cility, check her	e and skip to line 3	¢⊠
	3c Geographic coordinates: If you i then you must specify the latitud the following formula to convert degrees + (minutes/60) + (secon provided a street address for you Longitude ☐ East (+) 80 ₩ West (-) —	de and longitude coordin to decimal degrees from ds/3600). Sée the "Geog	ates of the facili degrees, minu graphic Coordin	ity in degrees (to the tes and seconds: co ates" section on p	hree decimal places). Use lecimal degrees = age 4 for help. If you
	3d City (if unincorporated, check he Salisbury	ere and enter nearest city)		/provínce Carolina	dinamarka se panana se nananana di seri se
	3f County (or check here for indepe Davidson	ndent city) 🗌 🛛 🗧	ig Country (if r	not United States)	
	Identify the electric utilities that are o	contemplated to transact	with the facility	1.	
	4a Identify utility interconnecting w Duke Energy Carolinas as	•	ogress	anna par ann a na seasa a luka danna é séta anna	
•	4b Identify utilities providing whee	ling service or check here	if none 🛛		
	4c Identify utilities purchasing the u	seful electric power outc	out or check her	e if none 🕅	E FAIR Bill offen finisher of a second s

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Mar 18 2021

Page 7 - All Facilities

5a Direct ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify all dire percent equity interest. For each identified owner, also (1) indicate who defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or	ether that owner i	s an ele	ectric utili	ty, as
1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16 utilities or holding companies, provide the percentage of equity interest direct owners hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, the	451(8)), and (2) for st in the facility he	owner Id by th	rs which a nat owne	are electric r. If no
two direct owners with the largest equity interest in the facility.	F	lastric .	utility or	If Yes,
		hold		% equity
Full legal names of direct owners		com		interest
1) Cube Yadkin Generation LLC	Y	'es 🛛	No 🗌	100%
2)		'es 🗌	No 🗌	
3)	Y	′es 🗌	No 🗌	
4)	· ۱	′es 🗌	No 🗌	
5)	۱ ۱	es 🗌	No 🗌	
6)	and the second se	res 🗌	No 🗌	
7)	· ۱	res 🗌	No 🗌	
8)	\	les 🗌	No 🗌	
9)		les 🗌	No 🗌	¥
10)	1	res 🗌	No 🗌	
 Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on Upstream (i.e., indirect) ownership as of effective date or operation dat of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16) 	te: Identify all upsi e facility, and (2) a holding compani 5451(8)). Also prov	tream (re elect es, as d ride the	i.e., indire tric utilitie efined in e percent	ect) owners es, as section age of
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Mar 18 2021

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FE	RC Form 556		Page 8 - All Facilities
	6a Describe the primary energy input: (check one	main category and, if applicable, o	one subcategory)
	Biomass (specify)	Renewable resources (specify)	Geothermal
	📋 Landfill gas	Hydro power - river	Fossil fuel (specify)
	Manure digester gas	Hydro power - tidal	Coal (not waste)
	Municipal solid waste	Hydro power - wave	Fuel oil/diesel
	Sewage digester gas	Solar - photovoltaic	Natural gas (not waste)
	U Wood	Solar - thermal	Other fossil fue!
	Other biomass (describe on page 19)	Wind	└ (describe on page 19)
	Waste (specify type below in line 6b)	Other renewable resource (describe on page 19)	Other (describe on page 19)
	6b If you specified "waste" as the primary energy i	nput in line 6a, indicate the type o	of waste fuel used: (check one)
	Waste fuel listed in 18 C.F.R. § 292.202(b) (specify one of the following)	
	Anthracite culm produced prior to J	uly 23, 1985	
	Anthracite refuse that has an average ash content of 45 percent or more	je heat content of 6,000 Btu or les	s per pound and has an average
	Bituminous coal refuse that has an a average ash content of 25 percent of	average heat content of 9,500 Btu or more	per pound or less and has an
Input	Top or bottom subbituminous coal determined to be waste by the Unit (BLM) or that is located on non-Fede the applicant shows that the latter of	ed States Department of the Inter eral or non-Indian lands outside o	rior's Bureau of Land Management f BLM's jurișdiction, provided that
Energy Input	Coal refuse produced on Federal lar BLM or that is located on non-Fede applicant shows that the latter is an	ral or non-Indian lands outside of	BLM's jurisdiction, provided that
ш	Lignite produced in association with as a result of such a mining operation		and lignite that becomes exposed
	Gaseous fuels (except natural gas and an	nd synthetic gas from coal) (descr	ibe on page 19)
	Waste natural gas from gas or oil we C.F.R. § 2.400 for waste natural gas; compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 2.400)		
	Materials that a government agency	y has certified for disposal by com	bustion (describe on page 19)
	Heat from exothermic reactions (de	scribe on page 19)	Residual heat (describe on page 19)
	Used rubber tires Plastic	materials 🛛 Refinery of	ff-gas 🔲 Petroleum coke
	Other waste energy input that has little or facility industry (describe in the Miscellan lack of commercial value and existence in	eous section starting on page 19;	include a discussion of the fuel's
	6c Provide the average energy input, calculated or energy inputs, and provide the related percent 292.202(j)). For any oil or natural gas fuel, use l	age of the total average annual e	nergy input to the facility (18 C.F.R. §
		Annual average energy	Percentage of total
	Fuel Natural gas	input for specified fuel	annual energy input
	Oil-based fuels	0 Btu/h	0 %
	Coal	0 Btu/h 0 Btu/h	0 %
L		0 60/11	

FERC Form 556 Page 9 - All Facilities Indicate the maximum gross and maximum net electric power production capacity of the facility at the point(s) of delivery by completing the worksheet below. Respond to all items. If any of the parasitic loads and/or losses identified in lines 7b through 7e are negligible, enter zero for those lines. 7a The maximum gross power production capacity at the terminals of the individual generator(s) under the most favorable anticipated design conditions 34,500 kW 7b Parasitic station power used at the facility to run equipment which is necessary and integral to the power production process (boiler feed pumps, fans/blowers, office or maintenance buildings directly related to the operation of the power generating facility, etc.). If this facility includes nonpower production processes (for instance, power consumed by a cogeneration facility's thermal host), do not include any power consumed by the non-power production activities in your reported parasitic station power. 3.7 kW 7c Electrical losses in interconnection transformers o kW 7d Electrical losses in AC/DC conversion equipment, if any 0 kW 7e Other interconnection losses in power lines or facilities (other than transformers and AC/DC conversion equipment) between the terminals of the generator(s) and the point of interconnection 0 kW with the utility **7f** Total deductions from gross power production capacity = 7b + 7c + 7d + 7e3.7 KW S. 7g Maximum net power production capacity = 7a - 7f 34,496.3 kW 7h Description of facility and primary components: Describe the facility and its operation. Identify all boilers, heat recovery steam generators, prime movers (any mechanical equipment driving an electric generator), electrical generators, photovoltaic solar equipment, fuel cell equipment and/or other primary power generation equipment used in the facility. Descriptions of components should include (as applicable) specifications of the nominal capacities for mechanical output, electrical output, or steam generation of the identified equipment. For each piece of equipment identified, clearly indicate how many pieces of that type of equipment are included in the plant, and which components are normally operating or normally in standby mode. Provide a description of how the components operate as a system. Applicants for cogeneration facilities do not need to describe operations of systems that are clearly depicted on and easily understandable from a cogeneration facility's attached mass and heat balance diagram; however, such applicants should provide any necessary description needed to understand the sequential operation of the facility depicted in their mass and heat balance diagram. If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19. High Rock Dam is a concrete gravity structure. The dam is comprised of two short non- overflow sections, a Stoney gate-controlled spillway section, and an integral intake/powerhouse section. The non-overflow sections are located at the east end of the powerhouse and at the west end of the gate-controlled spillway. The gate-controlled spillway section includes ten Stoney gates that release surplus water during flood events. The spillway gates are operated locally at the site by fixed individual electrically powered hoists. The High Rock powerhouse and intake form a single structural unit integral with the dam. It consists of a concrete substructure containing three water passages and a brick superstructure. The intake structure includes trashracks and six headgates. The High Rock powerhouse contains three 10,970 kilowatt (kW) vertical Francis turbines, each operating under a net head of 55.0 ft, direct-connected to generators having a total capacity of 41,250 kW (Units 1, 2, and 3 @ 13,750 kW), for a total installed capacity of 32,190 kW as limited by the turbines1. The High Rock Development has a total hydraulic capacity of 10,050 cfs. The High Rock facility also includes the limited and discrete interconnection equipment necessary to connect the facility to the transmission grid.

Technical Facility Information

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<u>Mar 18 2021</u>

1

FERC Form 556

9

Information Required for Small Power Production Facility

If you indicated in line 1k that you are seeking qualifying small power production facility status for your facility, then you must respond to the items on this page. Otherwise, skip page 10.

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a), the power production capacity of any small power production facility, together with the power production capacity of any other small power production facilities that use the same energy resource, are owned by the same person(s) or its affiliates, and are located at the same site, may not exceed 80 megawatts. To demonstrate compliance with this size limitation, or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from this size limitation under the Solar, Wind, Waste, and Geothermal Power Production Incentives Act of 1990 (Pub. L. 101-575, 104 Stat. 2834 (1990) *as amended by* Pub. L. 102-46, 105 Stat. 249 (1991)), respond to lines 8a through 8e below (as applicable).

8a Identify any facilities with electrical generating equipment located within 1 mile of the electrical generating equipment of the instant facility, and for which any of the entities identified in lines 5a or 5b, or their affiliates, holds at least a 5 percent equity interest.

Check here if no such facilities exist.

of Complian Limitations	Facility location (city or county, state)	Root docket# (if any)	Common owner(s)	Maximum net power production capacity
tati	1)	QF	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	kW
init C	2)	QF		kW
n o e L	3)	QF		kW
atio Siz	Check here and continue in th	e Miscellaneous section	starting on page 19 if addition	al space is needed
Certification of Complian with Size Limitations	 8b The Solar, Wind, Waste, and Ge exemption from the size limitation. Are you seeking exemption from the provide the seeking exemption from the provide the second secon	s in 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(ne size limitations in 18 elow) certification or applicati	a) for certain facilities that were C.F.R. § 292:204(a) by virtue of t No (skip lines 8c through a	certified prior to 1995. he Incentives Act? 8e)
	8d Did construction of the facility		e December 31, 1999? Yes 🗌	No 🗌
	8e If you answered No in line 8d, i the facility, taking into account all a brief narrative explanation in the particular, describe why constructi toward completion of the facility.	actors relevant to cons Miscellaneous section	truction? Yes No If yest No If yest If yest I have a starting on page 19 of the const	ou answered Yes, provide ruction timeline (in
Certification of Compliance with Fuel Use Requirements	Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b), amounts, for only the following pu prevention of unanticipated equip the public health, safety, or welfare used for these purposes may not e period beginning with the date the	rposes: ignition; start-u ment outages; and allev , which would result fro xceed 25 percent of the	p; testing; flame stabilization; c viation or prevention of emerge om electric power outages. The total energy input of the facilit	ontrol use; alleviation or ncies, directly affecting amount of fossil fuels y during the 12-month
Re	9a Certification of compliance wit	h 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b)	with respect to uses of fossil fue	21:
on (Use	Applicant certifies that the	facility will use fossil fu	els exclusively for the purposes l	isted above.
cati	9b Certification of compliance wit	h 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b)	with respect to amount of fossi	I fuel used annually:
Certifi with Fi		input of the facility dur	ed at the facility will not, in agg ing the 12-month period begin ar year thereafter.	

Information Required for Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 1k that you are seeking qualifying cogeneration facility status for your facility, then you must respond to the items on pages 11 through 13. Otherwise, skip pages 11 through 13.

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.202(c), a cogeneration facility produces electric energy and forms of useful thermal 0 energy (such as heat or steam) used for industrial, commercial, heating, or cooling purposes, through the sequential use of energy. Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.202(s), "sequential use" of energy means the following: (1) for a toppingcycle cogeneration facility, the use of reject heat from a power production process in sufficient amounts in a thermal application or process to conform to the requirements of the operating standard contained in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a); or (2) for a bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility, the use of at least some reject heat from a thermal application or process for power production. 10a What type(s) of cogeneration technology does the facility represent? (check all that apply) 0 Topping-cycle cogeneration Bottoming-cycle cogeneration 10b To help demonstrate the sequential operation of the cogeneration process, and to support compliance with other requirements such as the operating and efficiency standards, include with your filing a mass and heat balance diagram depicting average annual operating conditions. This diagram must include certain items and meet certain requirements, as described below. You must check next to the description of each requirement below to certify that you have complied with these requirements. Check to certify compliance with Requirement indicated requirement Diagram must show orientation within system piping and/or ducts of all prime movers, General Cogeneration heat recovery steam generators, boilers, electric generators, and condensers (as Π applicable), as well as any other primary equipment relevant to the cogeneration process. nformation Any average annual values required to be reported in lines 10b, 12a, 13a, 13b, 13d, 13f, Π 14a, 15b, 15d and/or 15f must be computed over the anticipated hours of operation. Diagram must specify all fuel inputs by fuel type and average annual rate in Btu/h. Fuel for supplementary firing should be specified separately and clearly labeled. All specifications of fuel inputs should use lower heating values. Π Diagram must specify average gross electric output in kW or MW for each generator. Diagram must specify average mechanical output (that is, any mechanical energy taken off of the shaft of the prime movers for purposes not directly related to electric power Π generation) in horsepower, if any. Typically, a cogeneration facility has no mechanical output. At each point for which working fluid flow conditions are required to be specified (see below), such flow condition data must include mass flow rate (in lb/h or kg/s), temperature (in °F, R, °C or K), absolute pressure (in psia or kPa) and enthalpy (in Btu/lb or kJ/kg). Exception: For systems where the working fluid is *liquid only* (no vapor at any point in the cycle) and where the type of liquid and specific heat of that liquid are clearly indicated on the diagram or in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19, only mass flow rate and temperature (not pressure and enthalpy) need be specified. For reference, specific heat at standard conditions for pure liquid water is approximately 1.002 Btu/ (1b*R) or 4.195 kJ/(kg*K). Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at input to and output from each steam turbine or other expansion turbine or back-pressure turbine. Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at delivery to and return from each \Box thermal application. Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at make-up water inputs. Π

lar 18 2021

TC PO	rm 556 Page 12 - Cogeneration Facilities
	EPAct 2005 cogeneration facilities: The Energy Policy Act of 2005 (EPAct 2005) established a new section 210(n) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (PURPA), 16 USC 824a-3(n), with additional requirements for any qualifying cogeneration facility that (1) is seeking to sell electric energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA and (2) was either not a cogeneration facility on August 8, 2005, or had not filed a self-certification or application for Commission certification of QF status on or before February 1, 2006. These requirements were implemented by the Commission in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d). Complete the lines below, carefully following the instructions, to demonstrate whether these additional requirements apply to your cogeneration facility and, if so, whether your facility complies with such requirements.
	11a Was your facility operating as a qualifying cogeneration facility on or before August 8, 2005? Yes No
	11b Was the initial filing seeking certification of your facility (whether a notice of self-certification or an application for Commission certification) filed on or before February 1, 2006? Yes No
~	If the answer to either line 11a or 11b is Yes, then continue at line 11c below. Otherwise, if the answers to both lines 11a and 11b are No, skip to line 11e below.
nergy Output Itorii Cogeneration Facilities	11c With respect to the design and operation of the facility, have any changes been implemented on or after February 2, 2006 that affect general plant operation, affect use of thermal output, and/or increase net power production capacity from the plant's capacity on February 1, 2006? Yes (continue at line 11d below)
Including	No. Your facility is not subject to the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) at this time. However, it may be subject to to these requirements in the future if changes are made to the facility. At such time, the applicant would need to recertify the facility to determine eligibility. Skip lines 11d through 11j.
	 11d Does the applicant contend that the changes identified in line 11c are not so significant as to make the facility a "new" cogeneration facility that would be subject to the 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) cogeneration requirements? Yes. Provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 a description of any relevant changes made to the facility (including the purpose of the changes) and a discussion of why the facility should not be considered a "new" cogeneration facility in light of these changes. Skip lines 11e through 11j.
nrhnr 11	No. Applicant stipulates to the fact that it is a "new" cogeneration facility (for purposes of determining the applicability of the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)) by virtue of modifications to the facility that were initiated on or after February 2, 2006. Continue below at line 11e.
	11e Will electric energy from the facility be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA?
5	Yes. The facility is an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility. You must demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing at line 11f below.
5	No. Applicant certifies that energy will not be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA. Applicant also certifies its understanding that it must recertify its facility in order to determine compliance with the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) before selling energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA in the future. Skip lines 11f through 11j.
	11f Is the net power production capacity of your cogeneration facility, as indicated in line 7g above, less than or equal to 5,000 kW?
	Yes, the net power production capacity is less than or equal to 5,000 kW. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(4) provides a rebuttable presumption that cogeneration facilities of 5,000 kW and smaller capacity comply with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Applicant certifies its understanding that, should the power production capacity of the facility increase above 5,000 kW, then the facility must be recertified to (among other things) demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Skip lines 11g through 11j.
	No, the net power production capacity is greater than 5,000 kW. Demonstrate compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing on the next page at line 11g.

Mar 18 2021

FERC Form 556

Lines 11g through 11k below guide the applicant through the process of demonstrating compliance with the requirements for "fundamental use" of the facility's energy output. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Only respond to the lines on this page if the instructions on the previous page direct you to do so. Otherwise, skip this page.

18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) requires that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility. If you were directed on the previous page to respond to the items on this page, then your facility is an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility that is subject to this "fundamental use" requirement.

The Commission's regulations provide a two-pronged approach to demonstrating compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output. First, the Commission has established in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3) a "fundamental use test" that can be used to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Under the fundamental use test, a facility is considered to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) if at least 50 percent of the facility's total annual energy output (including electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output) is used for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes.

Second, an applicant for a facility that does not pass the fundamental use test may provide a narrative explanation of and support for its contention that the facility nonetheless meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility.

Complete lines 11g through 11j below to determine compliance with the fundamental use test in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Complete lines 11g through 11j even if you do not intend to rely upon the fundamental use test to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2).

11g Amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output (net of internal generation plant losses and parasitic loads) expected to be used annually for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to an electric utility	MWh	
11h Total amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy expected to be sold to an electric utility	MWh	
 11i Percentage of total annual energy output expected to be used for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to a utility = 100 * 11g /(11g + 11h) 	A 94	C.

11j Is the response in line 11i greater than or equal to 50 percent?

Yes. Your facility complies with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by virtue of passing the fundamental use test provided in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Applicant certifies its understanding that, if it is to rely upon passing the fundamental use test as a basis for complying with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2), then the facility must comply with the fundamental use test both in the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years.

No. Your facility does not pass the fundamental use test. Instead, you must provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 a narrative explanation of and support for why your facility meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a QF to its host facility. Applicants providing a narrative explanation of why their facility should be found to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) in spite of non-compliance with the fundamental use test may want to review paragraphs 47 through 61 of Order No. 671 (accessible from the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF), which provide discussion of the facts and circumstances that may support their explanation. Applicant should also note that the percentage reported above will establish the standard that that facility must comply with, both for the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years. *See* Order No. 671 at paragraph 51. As such, the applicant should make sure that it reports appropriate values on lines 11g and 11h above to serve as the relevant annual standard, taking into account expected variations in production conditions.

Nar 18 2021

Usefulness of Topping-Cycle

Information Required for Topping-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents topping-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 14 and 15. Otherwise, skip pages 14 and 15.

The thermal energy output of a topping-cycle cogeneration facility is the net energy made available to an industrial or commercial process or used in a heating or cooling application. Pursuant to sections 292.202(c), (d) and (h) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. §§ 292.202(c), (d) and (h)), the thermal energy output of a qualifying topping-cycle cogeneration facility must be useful. In connection with this requirement, describe the thermal output of the topping-cycle cogeneration facility by responding to lines 12a and 12b below.

12a Identify and describe each thermal host, and specify the annual average rate of thermal output made available to each host for each use. For hosts with multiple uses of thermal output, provide the data for each use in separate rows.
Average annual rate of

Name of entity (thermal host) taking thermal output	Thermal host's relationship to facility; Thermal host's use of thermal output	Average annual rate of thermal output attributable to use (net of heat contained in process return or make-up water)
1)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
2)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
<i>4</i>)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
3)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
, (c	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
4)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
-1/	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
5)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
5,	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
6)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
0)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h

12b Demonstration of usefulness of thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief description of each use of the thermal output identified above. In some cases, this brief description is sufficient to demonstrate usefulness. However, if your facility's use of thermal output is not common, and/or if the usefulness of such thermal output is not reasonably clear, then you must provide additional details as necessary to demonstrate usefulness. Your application may be rejected and/or additional information may be required if an insufficient showing of usefulness is made. (Exception: If you have previously received a Commission certification approving a specific use of thermal output related to the instant facility, then you need only provide a brief description of that use and a reference by date and docket number to the order certifying your facility with the indicated use. Such exemption may not be used if any change creates a material deviation from the previously authorized use.) If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19. Topping-Cycle Operating and

Applicants for facilities representing topping-cycle technology must demonstrate compliance with the toppingcycle operating standard and, if applicable, efficiency standard. Section 292.205(a)(1) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(1)) establishes the operating standard for topping-cycle cogeneration facilities: the useful thermal energy output must be no less than 5 percent of the total energy output. Section 292.205(a)(2) (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(2)) establishes the efficiency standard for topping-cycle cogeneration facilities for which installation commenced on or after March 13, 1980: the useful power output of the facility plus one-half the useful thermal energy output must (A) be no less than 42.5 percent of the total energy input of natural gas and oil to the facility; and (B) if the useful thermal energy output is less than 15 percent of the total energy output of the facility, be no less than 45 percent of the total energy input of natural gas and oil to the facility. To demonstrate compliance with the topping-cycle operating and/or efficiency standards, or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard based on the date that installation commenced, respond to lines 13a through 131 below.

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents *both* topping-cycle and bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then respond to lines 13a through 13I below considering only the energy inputs and outputs attributable to the topping-cycle portion of your facility. Your mass and heat balance diagram must make clear which mass and energy flow values and system components are for which portion (topping or bottoming) of the cogeneration system.

	ndicate the annual average rate of useful thermal energy output made available	0 . 4
	host(s), net of any heat contained in condensate return or make-up water	Btu/h
130	ndicate the annual average rate of net electrical energy output	1.147
	4 bit 1, 10 - 420 by 2 452 to	kW
13c A	Aultiply line 13b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu/h	© Btu/h
13d	Indicate the annual average rate of mechanical energy output taken directly off	
of the	shaft of a prime mover for purposes not directly related to power production	
(this v	value is usually zero)	hp
13e	Multiply line 13d by 2,544 to convert from hp to Btu/h	······································
	······) Btu/h
136 1	ndicate the annual average rate of energy input from natural gas and oil	
1.3. 1	incare the annual average rate of chergy inpartion natural gas and on	Btu/h
120	Topping-cycle operating value = 100 * 13a / (13a + 13c + 13e)	DIG/II
159	opping-cycle operating value = 100 1387 (138 + 15c + 15e)	0
	T	<u>ુ</u> 96
13n	Topping-cycle efficiency value = $100 * (0.5*13a + 13c + 13e) / 13f$	
	ompliance with operating standard: Is the operating value shown in line 13g gre	
	Yes (complies with operating standard) No (does not comply with	th operating standard)
131 0		
	Id installation of the facility in its current form commence on or after March 13, 1	980?
	Did installation of the facility in its current form commence on or after March 13, 19	
	Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205	5(a)(2). Demonstrate
(5(a)(2). Demonstrate
6	Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205 compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to line 13k or 13l, as	5(a)(2). Demonstrate s applicable, below.
(Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205	5(a)(2). Demonstrate s applicable, below.
	Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205 compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to line 13k or 13l, as No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip lines 13k and 13l.	5(a)(2). Demonstrate s applicable, below.
13k (Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205 compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to line 13k or 13l, as No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip lines 13k and 13l. Compliance with efficiency standard (for low operating value): If the operating value	5(a)(2). Demonstrate s applicable, below.
13k (Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205 compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to line 13k or 13l, as No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip lines 13k and 13l. Compliance with efficiency standard (for low operating value): If the operating value 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in line 13h greater t	5(a)(2). Demonstrate s applicable, below. lue shown in line 13g is less than or equal to 45%:
13k (Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205 compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to line 13k or 13l, as No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip lines 13k and 13l. Compliance with efficiency standard (for low operating value): If the operating value	5(a)(2). Demonstrate s applicable, below. lue shown in line 13g is less than or equal to 45%:
13k than	Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205 compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to line 13k or 13l, as No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip lines 13k and 13l. Compliance with efficiency standard (for low operating value): If the operating va 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in line 13h greater to Yes (complies with efficiency standard) No (does not comply with	5(a)(2). Demonstrate s applicable, below. Ilue shown in line 13g is less than or equal to 45%: th efficiency standard)
13k (than	Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205 compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to line 13k or 13l, as No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip lines 13k and 13l. Compliance with efficiency standard (for low operating value): If the operating va 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in line 13h greater to Yes (complies with efficiency standard) No (does not comply with Compliance with efficiency standard (for high operating value): If the operating value	5(a)(2). Demonstrate s applicable, below. Ilue shown in line 13g is less than or equal to 45%: th efficiency standard) alue shown in line 13g is
13k (than 13l (great	Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205 compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to line 13k or 13l, as No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip lines 13k and 13l. Compliance with efficiency standard (for low operating value): If the operating va 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in line 13h greater to Yes (complies with efficiency standard) No (does not comply with Compliance with efficiency standard (for high operating value): If the operating value compliance with efficiency standard (for high operating value): If the operating value compliance with efficiency standard (for high operating value): If the operating value compliance with efficiency standard (for high operating value): If the operating value compliance with efficiency standard (for high operating value): If the operating value compliance with efficiency standard (for high operating value): If the operating value compliance with efficiency standard (for high operating value): If the operating value compliance with efficiency standard (for high operating value): If the operating value compliance with efficiency standard (for high operating value): If the operating value compliance with efficiency standard (for high operating value): If the operating value shown	5(a)(2). Demonstrate s applicable, below. Ilue shown in line 13g is less than or equal to 45%: th efficiency standard) alue shown in line 13g is
13k (than 13l (great	Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205 compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to line 13k or 13l, as No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip lines 13k and 13l. Compliance with efficiency standard (for low operating value): If the operating va 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in line 13h greater to Yes (complies with efficiency standard) No (does not comply with Compliance with efficiency standard (for high operating value): If the operating value	5(a)(2). Demonstrate s applicable, below. Ilue shown in line 13g is less than or equal to 45%: th efficiency standard) alue shown in line 13g is

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Information Required for Bottoming-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 16 and 17. Otherwise, skip pages 16 and 17.

The thermal energy output of a bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility is the energy related to the process(es) from which at least some of the reject heat is then used for power production. Pursuant to sections 292.202(c) and (e) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.202(c) and (e)), the thermal energy output of a qualifying bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility must be useful. In connection with this requirement, describe the process(es) from which at least some of the reject heat is used for power production by responding to lines 14a and 14b below.

14a Identify and describe each thermal host and each bottoming-cycle cogeneration process engaged in by each host. For hosts with multiple bottoming-cycle cogeneration processes, provide the data for each process in separate rows.
Has the energy input to

easing power tion capacity? scribe on p. 19)
No

	Select thermal host's process type	
2)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes No
	Select thermal host's process type	
3)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes No
	Select thermal host's process type	

Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 if additional space is needed

14b Demonstration of usefulness of thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief description of each process identified above. In some cases, this brief description is sufficient to demonstrate usefulness. However, if your facility's process is not common, and/or if the usefulness of such thermal output is not reasonably clear, then you must provide additional details as necessary to demonstrate usefulness. Your application may be rejected and/or additional information may be required if an insufficient showing of usefulness is made. (Exception: If you have previously received a Commission certification approving a specific bottoming-cycle process related to the instant facility, then you need only provide a brief description of that process and a reference by date and docket number to the order certifying your facility with the indicated process. Such exemption may not be used if any material changes to the process have been made.) If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

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Usefulness of Bottoming-Cycle Thermal Output

		generation Facilitie
March 13, 1990 must demonstrate con the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.F cogeneration facilities: the useful pow of natural gas and oil for supplementa	ottoming-cycle technology and for which installation com npliance with the bottoming-cycle efficiency standards. S & § 292.205(b)) establishes the efficiency standard for bott ver output of the facility must be no less than 45 percent o ry firing. To demonstrate compliance with the bottoming rate that your facility is exempt from this standard based o nd to lines 15a through 15h below.	ection 292.205(b) of oming-cycle f the energy input -cycle efficiency
technology, then respond to lines 15a	cility represents <i>both</i> topping-cycle and bottoming-cycle through 15h below considering only the energy inputs an ortion of your facility. Your mass and heat balance diagram of system components are for which portion of the cogene	nd outputs n must make clear
(topping or bottoming). 15a Did installation of the facility in its Yes. Your facility is subject to with the efficiency requirement No. Your facility is exempt from 15b Indicate the annual average rate 15c Multiply line 15b by 3,412 to conv 15d Indicate the annual average rate of the shaft of a prime mover for purport	s current form commence on or after March 13, 1980? the efficiency requirement of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(b). Demo at by responding to lines 15b through 15h below. m the efficiency standard. Skip the rest of page 17.	onstrate compliance
15b Indicate the annual average rate	of net electrical energy output	er musstilliter som som at a kannanssissen
		kW
15c Multiply line 15b by 3,412 to conv	vert from kW to Btu/h	kW o Btu/h
15c Multiply line 15b by 3,412 to conv 15d Indicate the annual average rate of the shaft of a prime mover for purper (this value is usually zero)	vert from kW to Btu/h of mechanical energy output taken directly off oses not directly related to power production	0 Btu/h
15c Multiply line 15b by 3,412 to conv 15d Indicate the annual average rate of the shaft of a prime mover for purpo (this value is usually zero) 15e Multiply line 15d by 2,544 to conv	of mechanical energy output taken directly off oses not directly related to power production	0 Btu/h
15e Multiply line 15d by 2,544 to con	of mechanical energy output taken directly off oses not directly related to power production	0 Btu/h

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Certificate of Completeness, Accuracy and Authority

Applicant must certify compliance with and understanding of filing requirements by checking next to each item below and signing at the bottom of this section. Forms with incomplete Certificates of Completeness, Accuracy and Authority will be rejected by the Secretary of the Commission.

Signer identified below certifies the following: (check all items and applicable subitems)

- He or she has read the filing, including any information contained in any attached documents, such as cogeneration mass and heat balance diagrams, and any information contained in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19, and knows its contents.
- He or she has provided all of the required information for certification, and the provided information is true as stated, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief.
- He or she possess full power and authority to sign the filing; as required by Rule 2005(a)(3) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2005(a)(3)), he or she is one of the following: (check one)
 - The person on whose behalf the filing is made
 - An officer of the corporation, trust, association, or other organized group on behalf of which the filing is made
 - An officer, agent, or employe of the governmental authority, agency, or instrumentality on behalf of which the filing is made
 - A representative qualified to practice before the Commission under Rule 2101 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2101) and who possesses authority to sign
- He or she has reviewed all automatic calculations and agrees with their results, unless otherwise noted in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

He or she has provided a copy of this Form 556 and all attachments to the utilities with which the facility will interconnect and transact (see lines 4a through 4d), as well as to the regulatory authorities of the states in which the

facility and those utilities reside. See the Required Notice to Public Utilities and State Regulatory Authorities section on page 3 for more information.

Provide your signature, address and signature date below. Rule 2005(c) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2005(c)) provides that persons filing their documents electronically may use typed characters representing his or her name to sign the filed documents. A person filing this document electronically should sign (by typing his or her name) in the space provided below.

Your Signature	Your address	Date
Eli Hopson Cube Hydro Partners, LLC	2 Bethesda Metro Center, Suite 1330, Bethesda, MD 20814	3/9/2018

Audit Notes				
Commission Sta	ff Use Only:	 		

Miscellaneous

Use this space to provide any information for which there was not sufficient space in the previous sections of the form to provide. For each such item of information *clearly identify the line number that the information belongs to*. You may also use this space to provide any additional information you believe is relevant to the certification of your facility.

Your response below is not limited to one page. Additional page(s) will automatically be inserted into this form if the length of your response exceeds the space on this page. Use as many pages as you require.

Section 11 (continued):

Cube Yadkin Generation LLC (Applicant) submits this self-recertifiation to (i) notify the Commission of a change in the ownership of the High Rock facility, and (ii) provide contact information for Applicant. Pursuant to a transaction authorized by the Commission in Docket No. EC16-157 (Transaction), on February 1, 2017, Applicant acquired 100% of the ownership interests in the High Rock facility from Alcoa Power Generating, Inc. (APGI). See Alcoa Power Generating Inc., et al., 156 FERC ¶ 62,237 (2016). As a result of the Transaction, the High Rock facility is now directly owned by Applicant, which is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Helix Partners LLC. APGI no longer owns any interests in the facility.

Section 5b (continued):

Cube Hydro Carolinas LLC is a wholly-owned direct subsidiary of Helix Partners LLC, which is indirectly controlled by I Squared Capital, a private equity investment manager having a series of limited partnership investment and co-investment funds operated by a general partner that is wholly controlled by I Squared Capital.

VanNess Feldman

1050 Thomas Jefferson Street, NW Seventh Floor Washington, DC 20007 (202) 298-1800 Phone (202) 338-2416 Fax

FILED

MAR 1 6 2018

Clerk's Office

N.C. Utilities Commission

Julia S. Wood (202) 298-1938 jsw@vnf.com

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March 9, 2018

Chief Clerk's Office North Carolina Utilities Commission 4325 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-4300

RE: **Cube Yadkin Generation LLC** NCUC Docket No. SP-9172-Sub 1 NCUC Docket No. SP-8759-Sub 0 FERC Docket No. QF16-1311

Dear Chief Clerk:

Pursuant to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's ("FERC") regulations, 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(c)(1), please find enclosed the Form 556 of Cube Yadkin Generation LLC filed with FERC today in FERC Docket No.OF16-1311. The attached Form 556 was filed with FERC to reflect a change in ownership of the certified facility. We respectfully request the North Carolina Utilities Commission ("NCUC") please accept for filing the attached Form 556 under NCUC Docket Nos. SP-9172-Sub 1; and SP-8759-Sub 0.

If you have any questions or need further information, please contact the undersigned at the information above.

Respectfully submitted,

Varia S. Want

Julia S. Wood

Counsel for Cube Yadkin Generation LLC

I/A

Mar 18 2020

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC

OMB Control # 1902-0075 Expiration 06/30/2019

Form 556 Certification of Qualifying Facility (QF) Status for a Small Power Production or Cogeneration Facility

General

Questions about completing this form should be sent to Form556@ferc.gov. Information about the Commission's QF program, answers to frequently asked questions about QF requirements or completing this form, and contact information for QF program staff are available at the Commission's QF website, <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u>. The Commission's QF website also provides links to the Commission's QF regulations (18 C.F.R. § 131.80 and Part 292), as well as other statutes and orders pertaining to the Commission's QF program.

Who Must File

Any applicant seeking QF status or recertification of QF status for a generating facility with a net power production capacity (as determined in lines 7a through 7g below) greater than 1000 kW must file a self-certification or an application for Commission certification of QF status, which includes a properly completed Form 556. Any applicant seeking QF status for a generating facility with a net power production capacity 1000 kW or less is exempt from the certification requirement, and is therefore not required to complete or file a Form 556. *See* 18 C.F.R. § 292.203.

How to Complete the Form 556

This form is intended to be completed by responding to the items in the order they are presented, according to the instructions given. If you need to back-track, you may need to clear certain responses before you will be allowed to change other responses made previously in the form. If you experience problems, click on the nearest help button ()) for assistance, or contact Commission staff at Form556@ferc.gov.

Certain lines in this form will be automatically calculated based on responses to previous lines, with the relevant formulas shown. You must respond to all of the previous lines within a section before the results of an automatically calculated field will be displayed. If you disagree with the results of any automatic calculation on this form, contact Commission staff at Form556@ferc.gov to discuss the discrepancy before filing.

You must complete all lines in this form unless instructed otherwise. Do not alter this form or save this form in a different format. Incomplete or altered forms, or forms saved in formats other than PDF, will be rejected.

How to File a Completed Form 556

Applicants are required to file their Form 556 electronically through the Commission's eFiling website (see instructions on page 2). By filing electronically, you will reduce your filing burden, save paper resources, save postage or courier charges, help keep Commission expenses to a minimum, and receive a much faster confirmation (via an email containing the docket number assigned to your facility) that the Commission has received your filing.

If you are simultaneously filing both a waiver request and a Form 556 as part of an application for Commission certification, see the "Waiver Requests" section on page 3 for more information on how to file.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

This form is approved by the Office of Management and Budget. Compliance with the information requirements established by the FERC Form No. 556 is required to obtain or maintain status as a QF. See 18 C.F.R. § 131.80 and Part 292. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The estimated burden for completing the FERC Form No. 556, including gathering and reporting information, is as follows: 3 hours for self-certification of a small power production facility, 8 hours for self-certifications of a cogeneration facility, 6 hours for an application for Commission certification of a small power production facility, and 50 hours for an application for Commission certification of a cogeneration facility. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the following: Information Clearance Officer, Office of the Executive Director (ED-32), Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street N.E., Washington, DC 20426 (<u>DataClearance@ferc.gov</u>); and Desk Officer for FERC, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503 (<u>oira_submission@omb.eop.gov</u>). Include the Control No. 1902-0075 in any correspondence. FERC Form 556

Electronic Filing (eFiling)

To electronically file your Form 556, visit the Commission's QF website at <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u> and click the eFiling link.

If you are eFiling your first document, you will need to register with your name, email address, mailing address, and phone number. If you are registering on behalf of an employer, then you will also need to provide the employer name, alternate contact name, alternate contact phone number and and alternate contact email.

Once you are registered, log in to eFiling with your registered email address and the password that you created at registration. Follow the instructions. When prompted, select one of the following QF-related filing types, as appropriate, from the Electric or General filing category.

Filing category	Filing Type as listed in eFiling	Description
Electric	(Fee) Application for Commission Cert. as Cogeneration QF	Use to submit an application for Commission certification or Commission recertification of a cogeneration facility as a QF.
	(Fee) Application for Commission Cert. as Small Power QF	Use to submit an application for Commission certification or Commission recertification of a small power production facility as a QF.
	Self-Certification Notice (QF, EG, FC)	Use to submit a notice of self- certification of your facility (cogeneration or small power production) as a QF.
	Self-Recertification of Qualifying Facility (QF)	Use to submit a notice of self- recertification of your facility (cogeneration or small power production) as a QF.
	Supplemental Information or Request	Use to correct or supplement a Form 556 that was submitted with errors or omissions, or for which Commission staff has requested additional information. Do <i>not</i> use this filing type to report new changes to a facility or its ownership; rather, use a self- recertification or Commission recertification to report such changes.
General	(Fee) Petition for Declaratory Order (not under FPA Part 1)	Use to submit a petition for declaratory order granting a waiver of Commission QF regulations pursuant to 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.204(a) (3) and/or 292.205(c). A Form 556 is not required for a petition for declaratory order unless Commission recertification is being requested as part of the petition.

You will be prompted to submit your filing fee, if applicable, during the electronic submission process. Filing fees can be paid via electronic bank account debit or credit card.

During the eFiling process, you will be prompted to select your file(s) for upload from your computer.

Page 3 - Instructions

Filing Fee

No filing fee is required if you are submitting a self-certification or self-recertification of your facility as a QF pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(a).

A filing fee is required if you are filing either of the following:

(1) an application for Commission certification or recertification of your facility as a QF pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(b), or (2) a petition for declaratory order granting waiver pursuant to 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.204(a)(3) and/or 292.205(c).

The current fees for applications for Commission certifications and petitions for declaratory order can be found by visiting the Commission's QF website at <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u> and clicking the Fee Schedule link.

You will be prompted to submit your filing fee, if applicable, during the electronic filing process described on page 2.

Required Notice to Utilities and State Regulatory Authorities

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(a)(ii), you must provide a copy of your self-certification or request for Commission certification to the utilities with which the facility will interconnect and/or transact, as well as to the State regulatory authorities of the states in which your facility and those utilities reside. Links to information about the regulatory authorities in various states can be found by visiting the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF and clicking the Notice Requirements link.

What to Expect From the Commission After You File

An applicant filing a Form 556 electronically will receive an email message acknowledging receipt of the filing and showing the docket number assigned to the filing. Such email is typically sent within one business day, but may be delayed pending confirmation by the Secretary of the Commission of the contents of the filing.

An applicant submitting a self-certification of QF status should expect to receive no documents from the Commission, other than the electronic acknowledgement of receipt described above. Consistent with its name, a self-certification is a certification *by the applicant itself* that the facility meets the relevant requirements for QF status, and does not involve a determination by the Commission as to the status of the facility. An acknowledgement of receipt of a self-certification, in particular, does not represent a determination by the Commission with regard to the QF status of the facility. An applicant self-certifying may, however, receive a rejection, revocation or deficiency letter if its application is found, during periodic compliance reviews, not to comply with the relevant requirements.

An applicant submitting a request for Commission certification will receive an order either granting or denying certification of QF status, or a letter requesting additional information or rejecting the application. Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(b)(3), the Commission must act on an application for Commission certification within 90 days of the later of the filing date of the application or the filing date of a supplement, amendment or other change to the application.

Waiver Requests

18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a)(3) allows an applicant to request a waiver to modify the method of calculation pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a)(2) to determine if two facilities are considered to be located at the same site, for good cause. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(c) allows an applicant to request waiver of the requirements of 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.205(a) and (b) for operating and efficiency upon a showing that the facility will produce significant energy savings. A request for waiver of these requirements must be submitted as a petition for declaratory order, with the appropriate filing fee for a petition for declaratory order. Applicants requesting Commission recertification as part of a request for waiver of one of these requirements should electronically submit their completed Form 556 along with their petition for declaratory order, rather than filing their Form 556 as a separate request for Commission recertification. Only the filing fee for the petition for declaratory order must be paid to cover both the waiver request and the request for recertification *if such requests are made simultaneously*.

18 C.F.R. § 292.203(d)(2) allows an applicant to request a waiver of the Form 556 filing requirements, for good cause. Applicants filing a petition for declaratory order requesting a waiver under 18 C.F.R. § 292.203(d)(2) do not need to complete or submit a Form 556 with their petition.

Geographic Coordinates

If a street address does not exist for your facility, then line 3c of the Form 556 requires you to report your facility's geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude). Geographic coordinates may be obtained from several different sources. You can find links to online services that show latitude and longitude coordinates on online maps by visiting the Commission's QF webpage at <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u> and clicking the Geographic Coordinates link. You may also be able to obtain your geographic coordinates from a GPS device, Google Earth (available free at <u>http://earth.google.com</u>), a property survey, various engineering or construction drawings, a property deed, or a municipal or county map showing property lines.

Filing Privileged Data or Critical Energy Infrastructure Information in a Form 556

The Commission's regulations provide procedures for applicants to either (1) request that any information submitted with a Form 556 be given privileged treatment because the information is exempt from the mandatory public disclosure requirements of the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552, and should be withheld from public disclosure; or (2) identify any documents containing critical energy infrastructure information (CEII) as defined in 18 C.F.R. § 388.113 that should not be made public.

If you are seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for any data in your Form 556, then you must follow the procedures in 18 C.F.R. § 388.112. See <u>www.ferc.gov/help/filing-guide/file-ceii.asp</u> for more information.

Among other things (see 18 C.F.R. § 388.112 for other requirements), applicants seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for data submitted in a Form 556 must prepare and file both (1) a complete version of the Form 556 (containing the privileged and/or CEII data), and (2) a public version of the Form 556 (with the privileged and/or CEII data redacted). Applicants preparing and filing these different versions of their Form 556 must indicate below the security designation of this version of their document. If you are *not* seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for any of your Form 556 data, then you should not respond to any of the items on this page.

Non-Public: Applicant is seeking privileged treatment and/or CEII status for data contained in the Form 556 lines indicated below. This non-public version of the applicant's Form 556 contains all data, including the data that is redacted in the (separate) public version of the applicant's Form 556.

Public (redacted): Applicant is seeking privileged treatment and/or CEII status for data contained in the Form 556 lines indicated below. This public version of the applicants's Form 556 contains all data <u>except</u> for data from the lines indicated below, which has been redacted.

Privileged: Indicate below which lines of your form contain data for which you are seeking privileged treatment

Critical Energy Infrastructure Information (CEII): Indicate below which lines of your form contain data for which you are seeking CEII status

The eFiling process described on page 2 will allow you to identify which versions of the electronic documents you submit are public, privileged and/or CEII. The filenames for such documents should begin with "Public", "Priv", or "CEII", as applicable, to clearly indicate the security designation of the file. Both versions of the Form 556 should be unaltered PDF copies of the Form 556, as available for download from <u>www.ferc.gov/QF</u>. To redact data from the public copy of the submittal, simply omit the relevant data from the Form. For numerical fields, leave the redacted fields blank. For text fields, complete as much of the field as possible, and replace the redacted portions of the field with the word "REDACTED" in brackets. Be sure to identify above <u>all</u> fields which contain data for which you are seeking non-public status.

The Commission is not responsible for detecting or correcting filer errors, including those errors related to security designation. If your documents contain sensitive information, make sure they are filed using the proper security designation.

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC

OMB Control # 1902-0075 Expiration 06/30/2019

Form 556 Certification of Qualifying Facility (QF) Status for a Small Power Production or Cogeneration Facility 1a Full name of applicant (legal entity on whose behalf qualifying facility status is sought for this facility) Cube Yadkin Generation LLC 1b Applicant street address c/o Cube Hydro Partners, LLC 2 Bethesda Metro Center Suite 1330 1c City 1d State/province Bethesda MD 1e Postal code 1f Country (if not United States) 1g Telephone number 20814 240-482-2714 1h Has the instant facility ever previously been certified as a QF? No Yes X 1 If yes, provide the docket number of the last known QF filing pertaining to this facility: OF16 - 1311 - 000 1j Under which certification process is the applicant making this filing? Notice of self-certification Application for Commission certification (requires filing (see note below) fee: see "Filing Fee" section on page 3) Note: a notice of self-certification is a notice by the applicant itself that its facility complies with the requirements for QF status. A notice of self-certification does not establish a proceeding, and the Commission does not review a notice of self-certification to verify compliance. See the "What to Expect From the Commission After You File" section on page 3 for more information. 1k What type(s) of QF status is the applicant seeking for its facility? (check all that apply) 🔀 Qualifying small power production facility status 🛛 🗍 Qualifying cogeneration facility status 11 What is the purpose and expected effective date(s) of this filing? and to begin operation on Original certification; facility expected to be installed by \times Change(s) to a previously certified facility to be effective on 2/1/17 (identify type(s) of change(s) below, and describe change(s) in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19) Name change and/or other administrative change(s) ☑ Change in ownership Change(s) affecting plant equipment, fuel use, power production capacity and/or cogeneration thermal output Supplement or correction to a previous filing submitted on (describe the supplement or correction in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19) 1m If any of the following three statements is true, check the box(es) that describe your situation and complete the form to the extent possible, explaining any special circumstances in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19. The instant facility complies with the Commission's QF requirements by virtue of a waiver of certain regulations previously granted by the Commission in an order dated (specify any other relevant waiver orders in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19) The instant facility would comply with the Commission's QF requirements if a petition for waiver submitted concurrently with this application is granted The instant facility complies with the Commission's regulations, but has special circumstances, such as the employment of unique or innovative technologies not contemplated by the structure of this form, that make

the demonstration of compliance via this form difficult or impossible (describe in Misc. section starting on p. 19)

Application Information

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Aar 18 2024

	2a Name of contact person				2b Telephon	e number			
	Eli Hopson 240-482-2714								
	2c Which of the following describes the contact person's relationship to the applicant? (check one)								
Applicant (self) Employee, owner or partner of applicant authorized to represent the applicant									
Employee of a company affiliated with the applicant authorized to represent the applicant on this matter									
Lawyer, consultant, or other representative authorized to represent the applicant on this matter						1			
2d Company or organization name (if applicant is an individual, check here and skip to line 2e)									
	Cube Hydro Partners, LLC						-		
	2e Street address (if same as Appli	cant, check here and	skip to lir	ie 3a) 🛛			0		
	2f City		2	g State/pro	vince		-		
	city .		2	a state/pro	and a second				
	2h Postal code	2i Country (if not L	Jnited Sta	ates)			1		
	3a Facility name								
	Tuckertown								
	3b Street address (if a street addre	ess does not exist for t	he facility	, check here	and skip to line 3	3c) 🛛	0		
			3b Street address (if a street address does not exist for the facility, check here and skip to line 3c)						
3c Geographic coordinates: If you indicated that no street address exists for your facility by checking the box in line 3b,									
	then you must specify the latit the following formula to conve	ude and longitude coo ert to decimal degrees	ordinates from deg	of the facilit grees, minut	y in degrees (to t es and seconds: o	hree decimal places). Use decimal degrees =			
	then you must specify the latit the following formula to conve degrees + (minutes/60) + (seco	ude and longitude coo ert to decimal degrees onds/3600). See the "	ordinates from deg "Geograp	of the facilit grees, minut hic Coordina	y in degrees (to t es and seconds: o ates" section on p	hree decimal places). Use decimal degrees = age 4 for help. If you			
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	Direct ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify all direct owners of the facility hold percent equity interest. For each identified owner, also (1) indicate whether that owner is an electrid defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or a holding company, as defined 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)), and (2) for owners we utilities or holding companies, provide the percentage of equity interest in the facility held by that of direct owners hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, then provide the required information two direct owners with the largest equity interest in the facility.	ic utilit ned in s hich a owner.	ty, as section re electric . If no
	Electric utilit Full legal names of direct owners company	1	If Yes, % equity interest
1)			100
2)		• □	
3)		•	5
4)		•	5
5)		•	5
6)		•	-
7)	Yes No		S
8)	Yes No		-
9)	Yes 🗌 No		
10)) Yes 🗌 No		5
5b	Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 if additional space is Upstream (i.e., indirect) ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify all upstream (i.e., i of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and (2) are electric of defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding companies, as define 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Also provide the per	indirec utilities ed in s	ct) owners s, as section
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6a Describe t	he primary energy input: (check	one main category and, if applicable,	one subcategory)				
	ss (specify)	Renewable resources (specify)	Geothermal				
_	_andfill gas	Hydro power - river	Fossil fuel (specify)				
	Manure digester gas	Hydro power - tidal	Coal (not waste)				
	Municipal solid waste	Hydro power - wave	Fuel oil/diesel				
	Sewage digester gas	Solar - photovoltaic	Natural gas (not wast				
	Wood	Solar - thermal	Other fossil fuel				
	Other biomass (describe on pag	e 19) 🔲 Wind	(describe on page 19				
🗌 Waste	(specify type below in line 6b)	Other renewable resource (describe on page 19)	Other (describe on page 19				
6b If you spee	cified "waste" as the primary ene	ergy input in line 6a, indicate the type o	of waste fuel used: (check one)				
🗌 Wast	e fuel listed in 18 C.F.R. § 292.20	2(b) (specify one of the following)					
	Anthracite culm produced price	or to July 23, 1985					
	Anthracite refuse that has an a ash content of 45 percent or m	verage heat content of 6,000 Btu or les nore	ss per pound and has an average				
	Bituminous coal refuse that has an average heat content of 9.500 Btu per pound or less and has an						
	Top or bottom subbituminous coal produced on Federal lands or on Indian lands that has been determined to be waste by the United States Department of the Interior's Bureau of Land Management (BLM) or that is located on non-Federal or non-Indian lands outside of BLM's jurisdiction, provided that the applicant shows that the latter coal is an extension of that determined by BLM to be waste						
	Coal refuse produced on Federal lands or on Indian lands that has been determined to be waste by the BLM or that is located on non-Federal or non-Indian lands outside of BLM's jurisdiction, provided that applicant shows that the latter is an extension of that determined by BLM to be waste						
	Lignite produced in association with the production of montan wax and lignite that becomes exposed as a result of such a mining operation						
	Gaseous fuels (except natural g	gas and synthetic gas from coal) (descr	ibe on page 19)				
	Waste natural gas from gas or oil wells (describe on page 19 how the gas meets the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 2.400 for waste natural gas; include with your filing any materials necessary to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 2.400)						
	Materials that a government ag	gency has certified for disposal by com	bustion (describe on page 19)				
	Heat from exothermic reaction	is (describe on page 19)	Residual heat (describe on page 19				
	Used rubber tires 🛛 🗍 Pl	astic materials 🛛 🗌 Refinery of	f-gas 🛛 Petroleum coke				
Other waste energy input that has little or no commercial value and exists in the absence of the qualifying facility industry (describe in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19; include a discussion of the fuel's lack of commercial value and existence in the absence of the qualifying facility industry)							
		ted on a calendar year basis, in terms o rcentage of the total average annual e	f Btu/h for the following fossil fuel nergy input to the facility (18 C.F.R				
6c Provide the energy inp		use lower heating value (18 C.F.R. § 29					
6c Provide the energy inp	. For any oil or natural gas fuel,	use lower heating value (18 C.F.R. § 29 Annual average energy	2.202(m)). Percentage of total				
6c Provide the energy inp		use lower heating value (18 C.F.R. § 29 Annual average energy input for specified fuel	2.202(m)). Percentage of total annual energy input				
6c Provide the energy inp). For any oil or natural gas fuel, Fuel	use lower heating value (18 C.F.R. § 29 Annual average energy	2.202(m)). Percentage of total				

Page 9 - All Facilities

Indicate the maximum gross and maximum net electric power production capacity of the facility at the point(s) of
delivery by completing the worksheet below. Respond to all items. If any of the parasitic loads and/or losses identified in
lines 7b through 7e are negligible, enter zero for those lines.**7a** The maximum gross power production capacity at the terminals of the individual generator(s)
under the most favorable anticipated design conditions40,500 kW**7b** Parasitic station power used at the facility to run equipment which is necessary and integral to
the power production process (boiler feed pumps, fans/blowers, office or maintenance buildings
directly related to the operation of the power consumed by a cogeneration facility's thermal
host), do not include any power consumed by the non-power production activities in your
reported parasitic station power.2.9 kW

7c Electrical losses in interconnection transformers

7d Electrical losses in AC/DC conversion equipment, if any

7e Other interconnection losses in power lines or facilities (other than transformers and AC/DC conversion equipment) between the terminals of the generator(s) and the point of interconnection with the utility

7f Total deductions from gross power production capacity = 7b + 7c + 7d + 7e

7g Maximum net power production capacity = 7a - 7f

7h Description of facility and primary components: Describe the facility and its operation. Identify all boilers, heat recovery steam generators, prime movers (any mechanical equipment driving an electric generator), electrical generators, photovoltaic solar equipment, fuel cell equipment and/or other primary power generation equipment used in the facility. Descriptions of components should include (as applicable) specifications of the nominal capacities for mechanical output, electrical output, or steam generation of the identified equipment. For each piece of equipment identified, clearly indicate how many pieces of that type of equipment are included in the plant, and which components are normally operating or normally in standby mode. Provide a description of how the components operate as a system. Applicants for cogeneration facilities do not need to describe operations of systems that are clearly depicted on and easily understandable from a cogeneration facility's attached mass and heat balance diagram; however, such applicants should provide any necessary description needed to understand the sequential operation of the facility depicted in their mass and heat balance diagram. If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

Tuckertown Dam is a concrete gravity and embankment structure and consists of a rockfill embankment section, an earthfill embankment section, three non-overflow gravity sections, a Tainter gate spillway section, and an integral intake/ powerhouse.

The rockfill embankment is located between the east non-overflow section and the east abutment. It was constructed of dumped rockfill with a sloping impervious core. The earthfill embankment is a homogeneous earthfill section at the west abutment. This section wraps around the adjacent right non-overflow gravity section.

The east non-overflow gravity section is located at the east end of the powerhouse. The west non-overflow gravity section is located at the west end of the gated spillway section. The middle non-overflow section is located between the east end of the gated spillway and the west end of the powerhouse. The gatecontrolled spillway section includes eleven Tainter gates that release surplus water during flood events.

The Tuckertown powerhouse and intake form a single structural unit integral with the dam. The powerhouse is located immediately downstream of the intake structure between the east non- overflow and middle non-overflow gravity sections.

Additional facility information is included in the miscellaneous section.

FERC Form 556

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o kW

0 kW

168.5 kW

171.4 kW

40,328.6 kW

Certification of Compliance

Certification of Compliance with Fuel Use Requirements

Information Required for Small Power Production Facility

If you indicated in line 1k that you are seeking qualifying small power production facility status for your facility, then you must respond to the items on this page. Otherwise, skip page 10.

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a), the power production capacity of any small power production facility, together with the power production capacity of any other small power production facilities that use the same energy resource, are owned by the same person(s) or its affiliates, and are located at the same site, may not exceed 80 megawatts. To demonstrate compliance with this size limitation, or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from this size limitation under the Solar, Wind, Waste, and Geothermal Power Production Incentives Act of 1990 (Pub. L. 101-575, 104 Stat. 2834 (1990) *as amended by* Pub. L. 102-46, 105 Stat. 249 (1991)), respond to lines 8a through 8e below (as applicable).

8a Identify any facilities with electrical generating equipment located within 1 mile of the electrical generating equipment of the instant facility, and for which any of the entities identified in lines 5a or 5b, or their affiliates, holds at least a 5 percent equity interest.

Check here if no such facilities exist. 🕅

_	Facility location (city or county, state)		t docket # (if any)	Common owner(s)	Maximum net power production capacity
1)		QF	-		kW
2)		QF	-		kW
3)		QF	-		kW
		eotherma	Power Prod	on starting on page 19 if addition uction Incentives Act of 1990 (Inc	
exem				(a) for certain facilities that were 3 C.F.R. § 292.204(a) by virtue of t	certified prior to 1995.

8c Was the original notice of self-certification or application for Commission certification of the facility filed on or before December 31, 1994? Yes No

8d Did construction of the facility commence on or before December 31, 1999? Yes No

8e If you answered No in line 8d, indicate whether reasonable diligence was exercised toward the completion of the facility, taking into account all factors relevant to construction? Yes No If you answered Yes, provide a brief narrative explanation in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 of the construction timeline (in particular, describe why construction started so long after the facility was certified) and the diligence exercised toward completion of the facility.

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b), qualifying small power production facilities may use fossil fuels, in minimal amounts, for only the following purposes: ignition; start-up; testing; flame stabilization; control use; alleviation or prevention of unanticipated equipment outages; and alleviation or prevention of emergencies, directly affecting the public health, safety, or welfare, which would result from electric power outages. The amount of fossil fuels used for these purposes may not exceed 25 percent of the total energy input of the facility during the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy or any calendar year thereafter.

9a Certification of compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b) with respect to uses of fossil fuel:

Applicant certifies that the facility will use fossil fuels *exclusively* for the purposes listed above.

9b Certification of compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b) with respect to amount of fossil fuel used annually:

Applicant certifies that the amount of fossil fuel used at the facility will not, in aggregate, exceed 25 percent of the total energy input of the facility during the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy or any calendar year thereafter. OFFICIAL COPY

Information Required for Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 1k that you are seeking qualifying cogeneration facility status for your facility, then you must respond to the items on pages 11 through 13. Otherwise, skip pages 11 through 13.

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.202(c), a cogeneration facility produces electric energy and forms of useful thermal energy (such as heat or steam) used for industrial, commercial, heating, or cooling purposes, through the sequential use of energy. Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.202(s), "sequential use" of energy means the following: (1) for a topping-cycle cogeneration facility, the use of reject heat from a power production process in sufficient amounts in a thermal application or process to conform to the requirements of the operating standard contained in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a); or (2) for a bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility, the use of at least some reject heat from a thermal application or process for power production.

10a What type(s) of cogeneration technology does the facility represent? (check all that apply)

Topping-cycle co	ogeneration
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- Bottoming-cycle cogeneration
- 10b To help demonstrate the sequential operation of the cogeneration process, and to support compliance with other requirements such as the operating and efficiency standards, include with your filing a mass and heat balance diagram depicting average annual operating conditions. This diagram must include certain items and meet certain requirements, as described below. You must check next to the description of each requirement below to certify that you have complied with these requirements.

Check to certify compliance with indicated requirement

General Cogeneration

Information

Diagram must show orientation within system piping and/or ducts of all prime movers, heat recovery steam generators, boilers, electric generators, and condensers (as applicable), as well as any other primary equipment relevant to the cogeneration process.

Requirement

Any average annual values required to be reported in lines 10b, 12a, 13a, 13b, 13d, 13f, 14a, 15b, 15d and/or 15f must be computed over the anticipated hours of operation.

Diagram must specify all fuel inputs by fuel type and average annual rate in Btu/h. Fuel for supplementary firing should be specified separately and clearly labeled. All specifications of fuel inputs should use lower heating values.

Diagram must specify average gross electric output in kW or MW for each generator.

Diagram must specify average mechanical output (that is, any mechanical energy taken off of the shaft of the prime movers for purposes not directly related to electric power generation) in horsepower, if any. Typically, a cogeneration facility has no mechanical output.

At each point for which working fluid flow conditions are required to be specified (see below), such flow condition data must include mass flow rate (in lb/h or kg/s), temperature (in °F, R, °C or K), absolute pressure (in psia or kPa) and enthalpy (in Btu/lb or kJ/kg). Exception: For systems where the working fluid is *liquid only* (no vapor at any point in the cycle) and where the type of liquid and specific heat of that liquid are clearly indicated on the diagram or in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19, only mass flow rate and temperature (not pressure and enthalpy) need be specified. For reference, specific heat at standard conditions for pure liquid water is approximately 1.002 Btu/ (lb*R) or 4.195 kJ/(kg*K).

Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at input to and output from each steam turbine or other expansion turbine or back-pressure turbine.

Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at delivery to and return from each thermal application.

Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at make-up water inputs.

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EPAct 2005 cogeneration facilities: The Energy Policy Act of 2005 (EPAct 2005) established a new section 210(n) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (PURPA), 16 USC 824a-3(n), with additional requirements for any qualifying cogeneration facility that (1) is seeking to sell electric energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA and (2) was either not a cogeneration facility on August 8, 2005, or had not filed a self-certification or application for Commission certification of QF status on or before February 1, 2006. These requirements were implemented by the Commission in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d). Complete the lines below, carefully following the instructions, to demonstrate whether these additional requirements apply to your cogeneration facility and, if so, whether your facility complies with such requirements. No 11a Was your facility operating as a qualifying cogeneration facility on or before August 8, 2005? Yes 11b Was the initial filing seeking certification of your facility (whether a notice of self-certification or an application for Commission certification) filed on or before February 1, 2006? Yes No If the answer to either line 11a or 11b is Yes, then continue at line 11c below. Otherwise, if the answers to both lines 11a and 11b are No, skip to line 11e below. 11c With respect to the design and operation of the facility, have any changes been implemented on or after February 2, 2006 that affect general plant operation, affect use of thermal output, and/or increase net power production capacity from the plant's capacity on February 1, 2006? Yes (continue at line 11d below) No. Your facility is not subject to the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) at this time. However, it may be subject to to these requirements in the future if changes are made to the facility. At such time, the applicant would need to recertify the facility to determine eligibility. Skip lines 11d through 11j. 11d Does the applicant contend that the changes identified in line 11c are not so significant as to make the facility a "new" cogeneration facility that would be subject to the 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) cogeneration requirements? Yes. Provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 a description of any relevant changes made to the facility (including the purpose of the changes) and a discussion of why the facility should not be considered a "new" cogeneration facility in light of these changes. Skip lines 11e through 11j. No. Applicant stipulates to the fact that it is a "new" cogeneration facility (for purposes of determining the applicability of the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)) by virtue of modifications to the facility that were initiated on or after February 2, 2006. Continue below at line 11e. 11e Will electric energy from the facility be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA? Θ Yes. The facility is an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility. You must demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing at line 11f below. No. Applicant certifies that energy will not be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA. Applicant also certifies its understanding that it must recertify its facility in order to determine compliance with the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) before selling energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA in the future. Skip lines 11f through 11j. 11f Is the net power production capacity of your cogeneration facility, as indicated in line 7g above, less than or equal to 5,000 kW? Yes, the net power production capacity is less than or equal to 5,000 kW. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(4) provides a rebuttable presumption that cogeneration facilities of 5,000 kW and smaller capacity comply with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Applicant certifies its understanding that, should the power production capacity of the facility increase above 5,000 kW, then the facility must be recertified to (among other things) demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Skip lines 11g through 11j.

No, the net power production capacity is greater than 5,000 kW. Demonstrate compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing on the next page at line 11g.

Lines 11g through 11k below guide the applicant through the process of demonstrating compliance with the requirements for "fundamental use" of the facility's energy output. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Only respond to the lines on this page if the instructions on the previous page direct you to do so. Otherwise, skip this page.

18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) requires that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility. If you were directed on the previous page to respond to the items on this page, then your facility is an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility that is subject to this "fundamental use" requirement.

The Commission's regulations provide a two-pronged approach to demonstrating compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output. First, the Commission has established in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3) a "fundamental use test" that can be used to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Under the fundamental use test, a facility is considered to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) if at least 50 percent of the facility's total annual energy output (including electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output) is used for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes.

Second, an applicant for a facility that does not pass the fundamental use test may provide a narrative explanation of and support for its contention that the facility nonetheless meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility.

Complete lines 11g through 11j below to determine compliance with the fundamental use test in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Complete lines 11g through 11j even if you do not intend to rely upon the fundamental use test to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2).

11g Amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output (net of internal generation plant losses and parasitic loads) expected to be used annually for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to an electric utility	MWh
11h Total amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy expected to be sold to an electric utility	MWh
 11i Percentage of total annual energy output expected to be used for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to a utility = 100 * 11g /(11g + 11h) 	0 %

11j Is the response in line 11i greater than or equal to 50 percent?

Yes. Your facility complies with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by virtue of passing the fundamental use test provided in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Applicant certifies its understanding that, if it is to rely upon passing the fundamental use test as a basis for complying with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2), then the facility must comply with the fundamental use test both in the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years.

No. Your facility does not pass the fundamental use test. Instead, you must provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 a narrative explanation of and support for why your facility meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a QF to its host facility. Applicants providing a narrative explanation of why their facility should be found to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) in spite of non-compliance with the fundamental use test may want to review paragraphs 47 through 61 of Order No. 671 (accessible from the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF), which provide discussion of the facts and circumstances that may support their explanation. Applicant should also note that the percentage reported above will establish the standard that that facility must comply with, both for the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years. *See* Order No. 671 at paragraph 51. As such, the applicant should make sure that it reports appropriate values on lines 11g and 11h above to serve as the relevant annual standard, taking into account expected variations in production conditions.

Usefulness of Topping-Cycle Thermal Output

Information Required for Topping-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents topping-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 14 and 15. Otherwise, skip pages 14 and 15.

The thermal energy output of a topping-cycle cogeneration facility is the net energy made available to an industrial or commercial process or used in a heating or cooling application. Pursuant to sections 292.202(c), (d) and (h) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. §§ 292.202(c), (d) and (h)), the thermal energy output of a qualifying topping-cycle cogeneration facility must be useful. In connection with this requirement, describe the thermal output of the topping-cycle cogeneration facility by responding to lines 12a and 12b below.

12a Identify and describe each thermal host, and specify the annual average rate of thermal output made available to each host for each use. For hosts with multiple uses of thermal output, provide the data for each use in separate rows.
Average annual rate of

Name of entity (thermal taking thermal outp		thermal output attributable to use (net of heat contained in process return or make-up water)
1)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
.,	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
2)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
c)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	· Btu/h
3)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
2)	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
4)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
"	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
5)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
<i>v</i>	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
5)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
"	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h

12b Demonstration of usefulness of thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief description of each use of the thermal output identified above. In some cases, this brief description is sufficient to demonstrate usefulness. However, if your facility's use of thermal output is not common, and/or if the usefulness of such thermal output is not reasonably clear, then you must provide additional details as necessary to demonstrate usefulness. Your application may be rejected and/or additional information may be required if an insufficient showing of usefulness is made. (Exception: If you have previously received a Commission certification approving a specific use of thermal output related to the instant facility, then you need only provide a brief description of that use and a reference by date and docket number to the order certifying your facility with the indicated use. Such exemption may not be used if any change creates a material deviation from the previously authorized use.) If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

Applicants for facilities representing topping-cycle technology must demonstrate compliance with the toppingcycle operating standard and, if applicable, efficiency standard. Section 292.205(a)(1) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(1)) establishes the operating standard for topping-cycle cogeneration facilities: the useful thermal energy output must be no less than 5 percent of the total energy output. Section 292.205(a)(2) (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(2)) establishes the efficiency standard for topping-cycle cogeneration facilities for which installation commenced on or after March 13, 1980: the useful power output of the facility plus one-half the useful thermal energy output must (A) be no less than 42.5 percent of the total energy input of natural gas and oil to the facility; and (B) if the useful thermal energy output is less than 15 percent of the total energy output of the facility, be no less than 45 percent of the total energy input of natural gas and oil to the facility. To demonstrate compliance with the topping-cycle operating and/or efficiency standards, or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard based on the date that installation commenced, respond to lines 13a through 13I below.

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents both topping-cycle and bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then respond to lines 13a through 13l below considering only the energy inputs and outputs attributable to the topping-cycle portion of your facility. Your mass and heat balance diagram must make clear which mass and energy flow values and system components are for which portion (topping or bottoming) of the cogeneration system.

to the host(s), net of any heat contained in condensate return or make-up water 13b Indicate the annual average rate of net electrical energy output 13c Multiply line 13b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu/h	Btu/h
13c Multiply line 13b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu/h	1.367
	₀ Btu/h
13d Indicate the annual average rate of mechanical energy output taken directly off of the shaft of a prime mover for purposes not directly related to power production (this value is usually zero)	hp
13e Multiply line 13d by 2,544 to convert from hp to Btu/h	0 Btu/h
13f Indicate the annual average rate of energy input from natural gas and oil	Btu/h
13g Topping-cycle operating value = 100 * 13a / (13a + 13c + 13e)	0 %
13h Topping-cycle efficiency value = 100 * (0.5*13a + 13c + 13e) / 13f	0 %
13i Compliance with operating standard: Is the operating value shown in line 13g greate	1
Yes (complies with operating standard) No (does not comply with	operating standard)
Yes (complies with operating standard) No (does not comply with No (does not comply with) No (does not comply with) Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a) compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to line 13k or 13l, as a No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip lines 13k and 13l.	0?)(2). Demonstrate

Topping-Cycle Operating and Efficiency Value Calculation

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Information Required for Bottoming-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 16 and 17. Otherwise, skip pages 16 and 17.

The thermal energy output of a bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility is the energy related to the process(es) from which at least some of the reject heat is then used for power production. Pursuant to sections 292.202(c) and (e) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.202(c) and (e)), the thermal energy output of a qualifying bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility must be useful. In connection with this requirement, describe the process(es) from which at least some of the reject heat is used for power production by responding to lines 14a and 14b below.

14a Identify and describe each thermal host and each bottoming-cycle cogeneration process engaged in by each host. For hosts with multiple bottoming-cycle cogeneration processes, provide the data for each process in separate rows.

	Name of entity (thermal host) performing the process from which at least some of the reject heat is used for power production	Thermal host's relationship to facility; Thermal host's process type	Has the energy input to the thermal host been augmented for purposes of increasing power production capacity? (if Yes, describe on p. 19)
1)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes No
Ľ		Select thermal host's process type	
2)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes No
2)		Select thermal host's process type	
3)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes 🗖 No 🗂
3)			Land Lond

Usefulness of Bottoming-Cycle Thermal Output

Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 if additional space is needed

Select thermal host's process type

14b Demonstration of usefulness of thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief description of each process identified above. In some cases, this brief description is sufficient to demonstrate usefulness. However, if your facility's process is not common, and/or if the usefulness of such thermal output is not reasonably clear, then you must provide additional details as necessary to demonstrate usefulness. Your application may be rejected and/or additional information may be required if an insufficient showing of usefulness is made. (Exception: If you have previously received a Commission certification approving a specific bottoming-cycle process related to the instant facility, then you need only provide a brief description of that process and a reference by date and docket number to the order certifying your facility with the indicated process. Such exemption may not be used if any material changes to the process have been made.) If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

Applicants for facilities representing bottoming-cycle technology and for which installation commenced on or after March 13, 1990 must demonstrate compliance with the bottoming-cycle efficiency standards. Section 292.205(b) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(b)) establishes the efficiency standard for bottoming-cycle cogeneration facilities: the useful power output of the facility must be no less than 45 percent of the energy input of natural gas and oil for supplementary firing. To demonstrate compliance with the bottoming-cycle efficiency standard (if applicable), or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from this standard based on the date that installation of the facility began, respond to lines 15a through 15h below.

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents *both* topping-cycle and bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then respond to lines 15a through 15h below considering only the energy inputs and outputs attributable to the bottoming-cycle portion of your facility. Your mass and heat balance diagram must make clear which mass and energy flow values and system components are for which portion of the cogeneration system (topping or bottoming).

15a Did installation of the facility in its current form commence on or after March 13, 1980?

Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirement of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(b). Demonstrate compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to lines 15b through 15h below.

No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip the rest of page 17.

15b Indicate the annual average rate of net electrical energy output	kW
15c Multiply line 15b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu/h	0 Btu/h
15d Indicate the annual average rate of mechanical energy output taken directly off of the shaft of a prime mover for purposes not directly related to power production (this value is usually zero)	hp
15e Multiply line 15d by 2,544 to convert from hp to Btu/h	0 Btu/h
15f Indicate the annual average rate of supplementary energy input from natural gas or oil	Btu/h
15g Bottoming-cycle efficiency value = 100 * (15c + 15e) / 15f	0 %
15h Compliance with efficiency standard: Indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in than or equal to 45%:	line 15g is greater
Yes (complies with efficiency standard) No (does not comply with efficience	cy standard)

Page 18 - All Facilities

Certificate of Completeness, Accuracy and Authority

Applicant must certify compliance with and understanding of filing requirements by checking next to each item below and signing at the bottom of this section. Forms with incomplete Certificates of Completeness, Accuracy and Authority will be rejected by the Secretary of the Commission.

Signer identified below certifies the following: (check all items and applicable subitems)

He or she has read the filing, including any information contained in any attached documents, such as cogeneration mass and heat balance diagrams, and any information contained in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19, and knows its contents.

He or she has provided all of the required information for certification, and the provided information is true as stated, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief.

He or she possess full power and authority to sign the filing; as required by Rule 2005(a)(3) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2005(a)(3)), he or she is one of the following: (check one)

The person on whose behalf the filing is made

An officer of the corporation, trust, association, or other organized group on behalf of which the filing is made

- An officer, agent, or employe of the governmental authority, agency, or instrumentality on behalf of which the filing is made
- A representative qualified to practice before the Commission under Rule 2101 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2101) and who possesses authority to sign

He or she has reviewed all automatic calculations and agrees with their results, unless otherwise noted in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

He or she has provided a copy of this Form 556 and all attachments to the utilities with which the facility will interconnect and transact (see lines 4a through 4d), as well as to the regulatory authorities of the states in which the

facility and those utilities reside. See the Required Notice to Public Utilities and State Regulatory Authorities section on page 3 for more information.

Provide your signature, address and signature date below. Rule 2005(c) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2005(c)) provides that persons filing their documents electronically may use typed characters representing his or her name to sign the filed documents. A person filing this document electronically should sign (by typing his or her name) in the space provided below.

Your Signature	Your address	Date
Eli Hopson Cube Hydro Partners, LLC	2 Bethesda Metro Center, Suite 1330, Bethesda, MD 20814	3/9/2018

Audit Notes			
Commission Staff L	Jse Only:		

Miscellaneous

Use this space to provide any information for which there was not sufficient space in the previous sections of the form to provide. For each such item of information *clearly identify the line number that the information belongs to*. You may also use this space to provide any additional information you believe is relevant to the certification of your facility.

Your response below is not limited to one page. Additional page(s) will automatically be inserted into this form if the length of your response exceeds the space on this page. Use as many pages as you require.

Section 11 (continued):

Cube Yadkin Generation LLC (Applicant) submits this self-recertifiation to (i) notify the Commission of a change in the ownership of the Tuckertown facility, and (ii) provide contact information for Applicant. Pursuant to a transaction authorized by the Commission in Docket No. EC16-157 (Transaction), on February 1, 2017, Applicant acquired 100% of the ownership interests in the Tuckertown facility from Alcoa Power Generating, Inc. (APGI). See Alcoa Power Generating Inc., et al., 156 FERC ¶ 62,237 (2016). As a result of the Transaction, the Tuckertown facility is now directly owned by Applicant, which is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Helix Partners LLC. APGI no longer owns any interests in the facility.

Section 5b (continued):

Cube Hydro Carolinas LLC is a wholly-owned direct subsidiary of Helix Partners LLC, which is indirectly controlled by I Squared Capital, a private equity investment manager having a series of limited partnership investment and co-investment funds operated by a general partner that is wholly controlled by I Squared Capital.

Section 7h (continued):

The structure consists of a concrete substructure containing three water passages and a conventional steel truss and frame structure. The intake structure includes trashracks and six motor operated fixed wheel headgates.

The Tuckertown powerhouse contains three 12,680 kW Kaplan turbines, each operating under a net head of 53.5 ft, direct-connected to generators having a total capacity of 46,665 kW (Units 1, 2, and 3 @ 15,555 kW maximum capacity), for a total installed capacity of 38,040 kW as limited by the turbines. The Tuckertown Development has a total hydraulic capacity of 11,475 cfs.

The Tuckertown facility also includes the limited and discrete interconnection equipment necessary to connect the facility to the transmission grid.

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