PLACE: Vi a WebEx Vi deoconference

DATE: Wednesday, July 8, 2020

TIME: 1:01 p.m. - 3:57 p.m.

DOCKET NO.: W-218, Sub 526

BEFORE: Commissioner ToNola D. Brown-Bland, Presiding

Chair Charlotte A. Mitchell

Commissioner Lyons Gray

Commissioner Daniel G. Clodfelter

Commissioner Kimberly W. Duffley

Commissioner Jeffrey A. Hughes

Commissioner Floyd B. McKissick, Jr.

IN THE MATTER OF:

Application by Aqua North Carolina, Inc.,

202 MacKenan Court, Cary, North Carolina 27511,

for Authority to Adjust and Increase Rates

for Water and Sewer Utility Service in

All of Its Service Areas in North Carolina.

VOLUME: 3



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PROCEEDINGS

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right.

Let's come back on the record. And, Ms. Sanford, I think we're still on redirect.

MS. SANFORD: We are. And, Mr. Becker, you're in place there?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

Whereupon,

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SHANNON BECKER,

having previously been duly sworn, was examined and continued testifying as follows:

CONTINUED REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. SANFORD:

- Q. Okay. Let's start with a couple of corrections, Mr. Becker. I asked you this morning your annual revenues and rate base. And I think you checked, and I'm not sure how far off you were, but you have the accurate numbers. Would you provide them, please?
- A. Yeah. It's approximately \$58 million, but that's net of refunds for the trailing 12 months.
 - Q. Okay. That's your revenues at rate base?
- A. At rate base is -- it's \$220 million. The important thing there to see is not just the rate base but it's the incremental rate bases in between the rate

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cases. We spend about \$40 million a year in the past several years as we've discussed, and that's just a significant portion. \$40 million of our \$58 million in revenues is spent reinvesting capital on an annual basis, at least over the past couple of years.

(Reporter interruption due to microphones being muted.)

Q. I think that you determined that you misspoke about the calendar year for the order in your last rate case, which was Sub 497.

Do you have a correction to make there?

- A. Yes. When I was referring to the dates that the rates went into effect and, you know, within a year later, I was referring to the test year versus the dates that the rates went into effect was

 December of 2018. I think I incorrectly mentioned

 December 2019 accidentally.
- Q. Okay. All right. Thank you for that. All right. Now we will move on through the redirect.

 Let's talk about the conversation you had with

 Mr. Grantmyre on AMRs. These are the automatic meter -- meter reads?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Readers. And I apologize, I have forgotten

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few pages of that, correct?

I believe so.

Page 9

MS. SANFORD: So I'm going to ask the Commission to take judicial notice, please, of the entire document, in addition to just the pages that were presented.

- Q. But I want to talk to you for just a few minutes, Mr. Becker, about reminding us all of what the Company's position is about the duration -- the amount of time that it will take to fully realize the benefits of AMR, and about Aqua's progress towards that result.
- A. So the full benefits cannot be realized until all of the states are on the technology that's able to provide the usage data and upon development of that platform. As more states and we get more concentration and density of the AMR meter reading capabilities, we will be incorporating that usage data into a platform. Without knowing exactly what that is yet, but we'll be incorporating that into a platform that will allow our customers to be able to independently access that data.

But, in the meantime, it's kind of a phased approach. We've been working towards, and we've always had -- I shouldn't say always had, but we've had the ability to go in and pull the 40-day usage data on an ad hoc basis. It was just cumbersome and clunky.

Certain people had to be involved in deciphering and

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pulling the data. We had used it -- I think even in the last case we had already used some of the 40-day usage data to help correct some billing issues or even resolve some conflicts or some customer complaints that they had with the volume by pulling that 40-day usage. We've also been able to find and help customers identify leaks using that 40-day usage data.

But the next phase is teaching our CSRs -- we put it now in a back-end platform where our CSRs, which are customer service reps, those are the people that the customers speak to when they call in. If somebody has question related to their usage or challenging that usage, we are going to be training them to be able to go in and pull their usage data and share that with the customer.

The capability is there today but the training is ongoing. And we're working -- there's a couple of refinements that they're working on with I think the reporting of it. But that training is expected to happen with the CSRs in the coming months, next one or two months, I believe.

So it's going to continue to progress as we get more people -- or more states and customers on that -- around that AMR capability. It will be useful,

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not just in North Carolina, but for all states.

- Q. And so -- so even though individual customers can't access data as fully as, for example, say, they can in Cary, North Carolina, often used as an example of the deployment of this technology, that Aqua still maintains that the technology and the moves you're making towards deployment of it are valuable for other reasons; is that correct?
 - A. Absolutely. Yes.
- Q. And what can you tell us about the level of Aqua's -- both Essential and Aqua North Carolina's ongoing commitment to this project?
- A. Well, we're continuing -- right out of the bat we did a lot of investigation in and actually collaborated -- and this is in the last rate case -- we collaborated and presented to the Public Staff to show the benefits of this and the cost benefits of going one way versus another. And the driver for this is primarily the operational improvements, some of the reporting that can be pulled from this new technology.

MR. GRANTMYRE: I didn't ask about all that stuff on -- I asked about the timing of when it's going to be shared with the customer. And he's introducing evidence that was not involved in

the question.

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COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND:

Madam Court Reporter, did you get that?

THE REPORTER: I did.

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND:

Madam Court Reporter, you did?

THE REPORTER: I did, yes.

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Okay. All

right. Ms. Sanford said she'll move on, so.

MS. SANFORD: I'll keep moving, and we

won't be here much longer.

- Q. But let's talk about some of Mr. Grantmyre's questions to you about the experience that Aqua America has had with its AMR program. Do you remember that,
- 15 Mr. Becker?
- 16 A. I might need a little refresher.
- 17 Q. I think Mr. Grantmyre asked you -- indicated 18 to you that -- or asked for your agreement as to 19 whether Aqua America has been utilizing AMR for a 20 considerable number of years.
 - A. Yes, I do recall that.
- 22 Q. Yeah.
- 23 A. I do recall that, yes.
- Q. And his questions included -- well, his

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questions will speak for himself. But he indicated, and you agree, that Aqua America has had the technology for a considerable period of time.

And so my question to you is, what do you say about the experience of Aqua America with respect to their ability to deploy customer-specific information, or some of the other things Mr. Grantmyre asked you about, in this 15-year-old project?

A. Well, the other states have ruled this capability out for RF metering much before we did. We were the last to board, or last to come on board. And throughout the time, the initiative was basically to take advantage of a lot of the other benefits that the AMR metering -- RF metering has over the manual meters.

So Aqua has been committed to making sure that we have the most current technology and taking advantage of the reporting capabilities internally to provide metering services and better and accurate billing.

- Q. And so are you learning from the experience of Aqua America and the other states that were earlier adapters?
- A. Well, absolutely. We've seen that the estimate usage has gone down significant -- or the

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estimates have gone down significantly with the use of RF. When we first did our rollout and our cost benefit analysis, to do it in North Carolina, we took advantage of all the knowledge we had in the projects of implementation and change-outs that we've had from the other states and incorporated that into North Carolina.

So it benefitted actually by waiting in that respect, because now we are on a newer technology that has more capabilities. And now we're waiting for the rest of the -- the rest of the states to kind of catch up to using this and saturating their footprints with this newer technology.

Q. Okay. Thank you. I want to go back to a topic that we may have touched on before, and this, I guess, actually goes back to the proxy statement with which Mr. Grantmyre's examination began.

Looking at Essential's financial attributes that were discussed, does it benefit North Carolina customers for Essential to be a healthy corporation?

And if, so how?

A. Absolutely. Essential and our senior management are well -- they're very experienced and it's a well-run -- well, I'm a little bias, but it's a well-run organization. But the proof is in the pudding

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in there. I mean, if you look at the benefits that come down to the customers, we have centralized services, they have a top-notch compliance department, engineering support that comes out of corporate. Our customer service. There's the cost savings from centralizing a lot of these services, including even insurance risk.

And you can see it even in the positive management of our debt where we have now a 4.21 percent debt interest cost, which is -- it's extremely low.

Compared to a lot of peers, it's very low. And that savings is a direct cost savings to our customers.

- Q. Okay. Thank you. Let's move now to the discussion about WSIC and SSIC and the protracted conversation that you had about the timing of the completion of WSIC and SSIC projects. Do you remember that?
 - A. I do.
- Q. What is the energy -- I'm sorry, the -- too much pizza for lunch here, I think -- the industry practice with respect to the nexus between big capital investment and the timing of a rate case?
- A. Well, it's --
 - Q. How the decisions interrelate, if they do.

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- A. I'm sorry, the decisions interrelate between us and -- I'm sorry, could you repeat?
- Q. Well, I'm asking what's the -- let me rephrase it.

What is Aqua's practice with respect to the timing of completion of a big capital project and the institution of either a rate case or a WSIC filing?

A. Our primary focus when we're planning all of our projects that we're able to plan -- and I need to make that clear -- is most of our larger projects -- all of our large projects are planned out and engineered, so they usually take several months to even multiple years. When it comes to compliance, or safety, or an immediate need, an environmental issue, there is no strategic planning to the timing. It's done. If we need to get it done, we will do it.

Where the projects can be planned and timing arranged, we each do everything we can to minimize the lag, especially on those significant projects. Whether it's a WSIC/SSIC filing, which can be shorter term projects whether they're filters or not, we try to calendar those, the start and finish of those, so we could minimize the lag, which is a strong management practice. We're going to try to minimize that rate

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I ag.

But when it comes to even non-WSIC/SSIC projects that are larger, like a wastewater plant overhaul that could be several million dollars, we will actually plan our rate case filings around it to make sure that we can capture as much of the new rate base into our rate case as possible.

- Q. And so is it correct that when you can -when you can structure things in this way, you do try
 to time the completion -- and I'm only talking now
 about the completion of a project, of a large
 project -- you do try to time it with an opportunity to
 recover rates, whether through a rate case or a WSIC
 filing, right?
 - A. Absolutely.
- Q. Is it your understanding that that is standard industry practice in the regulatory arena?
 - A. I'm pretty sure it is.
- Q. And what's the impact of this practice of this deliberate goal on the occurrence of regulatory lag?
- A. It minimizes it. You know, it minimizes it so we can actually start recovering -- recovery is the wrong word, because we don't actually recover what's

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lost, but we start earning on the value of that rate base at a shortened period of time, so we could put it into rates sooner. And again, because we use a historic test year, everything has to be done -- we have to complete it first and then we get recovery 6 later. And the difference between that is lag. the shorter I can make that lag, the better I can do 8 and the closer I can earn my authorized ROE.

- Are you aware of there having been questions 0. or objections to this practice of trying to correlate completion of projects and rate case -- rate recovery opportuni ti es?
- I don't believe I've ever heard anybody say, or what was objected to us trying to shorten the lag of any kind of project.
- 0. Okay. And regulatory lag has been discussed as a very serious issue to this company, right?
- It is. It's a primary issue, why we are here with this during this time of heightened -- continued heightened capital investment.
- Q. Does -- do periods of increased spend, I'll call it, increased investment, does that exacerbate your concerns about regulatory lag?
 - Α. It does. Again, the more I spend since the

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last rate case or the last WSIC/SSIC filing, that goes into my equity, and it's borrowed money from my shareholders. And it just further dilutes my ability to earn the ROE until I can actually start earning on those investments.

- Q. Okay. Thank you. All right. I'm going to move to what I believe to be my last line of inquiry, though I will ask at the end of it for a couple of minutes to check my notes here. Let's turn to this issue of notice.
- Mr. Grantmyre had a number of questions and comments about the practice employed by Aqua in providing notice of the hearings that were scheduled for earlier in the year but which had to be canceled because of the virus; do you recall that conversation?
 - A. I do.
- Q. Prior to the inquiry this morning, did you have notice of any concern about the method Aqua used to give notice of those hearings?
 - A. I had not.
- Q. Do you have any knowledge of the efforts undertaken internally in your organization and with your legal counsel to try to investigate the various forms of notice -- notice both with respect to cost and

intervals between the notice and the hearing?

A. Yes. For both the initial notice that was sent out in March, the customer notice that came as a result of our application being accepted, and notice to the customer in March, I know there was extensive discussions between Robin Lambeth (phonetic spelling), my executive assistant, and our legal counsel. So I believe with the Public Staff, and I also believe with the Commission trying to understand what the timing requirements were going to be.

So I know that there was an extensive amount of work back and forth then, as well as the newer notice that's now going to be sent out announcing the new customer hearing date.

- Q. And the latest notice, do you know what class of mail service that that has been sent?
- A. Yeah. I believe actually Mr. Grantmyre even said that this last notice was sent -- was going to be sent out first class mail.
- Q. Correct. Thank you for that. With respect to the earlier notice, do you know what kind of mail service Aqua used? What US Postal Service classification of mail service you used?
 - A. Yes. So I was able to get that information.

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It's the standard presort mail that did, in fact, have ability for return mail.

- Q. And have you used that before?
- A. I believe we used it in the last case.
- Q. What -- what do you know, if you know, about the standard period of time required to mail notices that are -- or pieces of mail that are sent using that -- that classification of service?
- A. Using the standard presort mail, I understand it's three to nine days is the expected delivery time period.
- Q. Okay. And when did you send your -- when were your notices sent for the first set of hearings?
- A. The first set of hearings was sent in the first part of March. I believe March 3rd, 4th, and 5th, to the different rate entity customers.
- Q. And when was the first public hearing scheduled?
- A. April 13th was the first public hearing that was established.
- 21 Q. So the notices were sent more than a month 22 prior to the hearing, correct?
 - A. Yes, yes, yes.
 - Q. With estimated delivery intervals of three to

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nine business days from when they were sent?

- A. That's correct. In fact, we have several of our employees who are also customers, and we verified with them that they had received it, I think, on March 11th.
- Q. And did you -- do you have any employees who are Aqua customers?
- A. Yes. That's what I meant by that is we have several customers who we confirmed they had received their notice on March 11th.
 - Q. Did you receive any return notices?
- A. I understand we did receive a few.
- Q. Does that indicate to you that there is a problem with the delivery protocol?
- A. No. I think on the contrary. I mean, the fact that we verified that our own employees received the customer notice by the 11th, and then that we actually did receive some return validates that the delivery method worked. And there was at least 30 days provided between the delivery of most, if not all, of the customer notices.
- Q. And have you -- and perhaps this is how I started the examination.
 - Have you heard any complaints about this? Is

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there any -- do you have any reason to think that the notice procedure you used has not been effective or has had some flaws?

- A. I have not heard a single thing about the customer notice not being received, other than when Mr. Grantmyre indicated he wanted it sent out first class mail, which, again, I understand this last version is being sent out first class.
- Q. Is there a price differential between the standard presort and first class?
 - A. I believe so, yes.
- Q. If you believe you have the time available to use standard presort, is it an exercise in prudency to try to save money?
- A. Absolutely. That's why we did what we did. In talking -- you know, we have to make sure that these are being delivered, and there was a lot of different methodologies, but we have to make sure that we're adhering to the time. You know, we could use billing inserts, which is a lot cheaper than sending anything direct, and that goes along with our normal bill. But, unfortunately, that takes a full bill cycle. So the timing wasn't available for that.

We had the standard presort mail, which three

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- to nine days delivery, as long as you can get it in that window of time. There's the US mail. We could have the return delivery on it which should ensure that the folks are getting it who need to get it. But if we needed to get it there quicker, first class mail, I think the delivery time is one to three days from, you know, the printer sending it. So if we need to expedite it that quickly, then that's what we do. And that's what we did in this last round -- or we are doing in this last round. I think that's actually going out this week. So we try to save as much money as possible and do it within prudent means.
 - Q. And for this last round, you also examined the various options of delivery; is that correct, with respect to mode and cost?
 - A. I'm sorry, I cut you off. Repeat that.
 - Q. Well, and in this last round of notices, the one that's pending, the revised notices of the revised public hearing, you also conducted the evaluation of modes of delivery, cost and time required, right?
 - A. Yeah. My executive assistant, Robin Lambeth, went extensively working with the printer to understand what his requirements would be to be able to deliver it by a certain date. We went back and forth to make sure

Page 25 1 we could accommodate the delivery based on what the 2 Commission had requested. 3 0. And so if it's a prudent decision to send it by the way you sent it, then it is one that benefits 4 5 ratepayers; is that correct? 6 Α. Absolutely. 7 MS. SANFORD: Commissioner Brown-Bland, 8 I don't think I have any more questions. If I 9 might have a moment, I will check my notes. Can I 10 do that? 11 COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: You may. 12 MS. SANFORD: Thank you. I will be just 13 a minute. Thank you. 14 (Pause.) 15 MS. SANFORD: Thank you, 16 Commissioner Brown-Bland, I have no more questions 17 on redirect. 18 COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right. 19 Thank you. Questions by Commission? I can see Commissioner Clodfelter? 20 each of you. 21 COMMISSIONER CLODFELTER: Thank you. 22 Ms. Sanford? Ms. Sanford? 23 MS. SANFORD: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND:

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1 commissioner Clodfelter, you went back on mute.

commissioner clodfelter: Yeah. I'm going to ask Mr. Becker a couple of questions about a topic that you and Mr. Grantmyre both covered in your questioning. In the course of doing that, I may refer to the confidential information that you submitted over the weekend, and I think you may have filed it in the docket. I think I can ask the questions without disclosing any of the confidential information that's in that filing.

What I would ask you to do is to think about how to put that into the record, because I will want that information in the record. I'm the original source of that question that was posed to the Company. So, at some point, I will ask you to think about how to put that into the record. Of course, preserving the confidentiality information, but I wanted to go ahead and pose that to you before I start questioning Mr. Becker.

MS. SANFORD: Yes, sir, and thank you for that, we will give that some thought. This was extremely -- it was a difficult and a sensitive matter to pull this exhibit together. So we do appreciate your effort and care, and we will work

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to try to figure out how it can be handled. Thank you.

interrupt to say, Ms. Sanford, we had discussed having a number. Do we have that number, and do we need to have a confidential session? Because we could do that and get it on the record with the court reporter.

MS. SANFORD: Am I on mute? No. Well, we can provide -- I mean, yes, we have bridge numbers, Aqua does, and we can provide that. And if it is to be discussed -- I mean, I don't know what the questions will be here or if there is a workaround, but if this is to be discussed in a way that reveals basically any of those numbers that are in there, that is very sensitive, and I think we do need --

COMMISSIONER CLODFELTER:

commissioner Brown-Bland, I don't intend to get into the details of the exhibit. I may refer to the information in the exhibit in a generic way that doesn't disclose any of the details. But I need to refer to it in part because that will be the basis on which Mr. Becker will be responding.

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And I think he can clearly respond without -without disclosing any information. I think you
and Ms. Sanford can check me as I ask the question
and can raise a red flag if I'm straying. I don't
think I will.

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: That's well and good, and I was just going to add, yes,

Ms. Sanford, this is your client's information, so we'll put you on guard duty.

MS. SANFORD: All right.

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND:

commissioner Clodfelter.

COMMISSIONER CLODFELTER: Thank you.

EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER CLODFELTER:

Q. Mr. Becker, you were asked by both
Mr. Grantmyre and Ms. Sanford questions about the
difficulty the Company has had over the last 12 months
in achieving the Commission-authorized ROE in the last
rate case, 497 rate case. And I believe, in response
to one of Mr. Grantmyre's questions, you testified this
morning that your actual -- actual ROE that you
realized on an annualized 12-month basis is about
300 basis points short of what the
Commission-authorized ROE was in the last rate case.

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Do you recall that, sir?

A. I do.

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Q. Well, I've heard your explanation in your responses to Mr. Grantmyre and Ms. Sanford about what are the drivers of that difficulty you're having in achieving the authorized ROE. And so my question really is, when I look at the confidential filing that the Company made with respect to this situation with the other Essential Utilities' water and sewer affiliates in other states, and when I look at that, I could see -- and this, of course -- it would be the public part -- that this is the public part of that filing -- that the authorized ROE for Agua North Carolina is not materially different from the authorized ROEs in the states where other Essential Utilities operate. Some are a bit higher, some are a bit lower. The authorized ROE in the 497 case in North Carolina is well within the range of the total universe for the group of affiliates.

And so my question is that, when I look at the rest of the chart, it appears to me that the other Essential Utilities affiliates do not seem to be having the same degree of difficulty in achieving their authorized -- Commission-authorized ROEs as is Aqua

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North Carolina. And so my question to you -
COMMISSIONER CLODFELTER: I think -
Ms. Sanford, I think I just got through the

reference without disclosing anything confidential.

MS. SANFORD: I think so, too, and I

thank you.

- Q. Yeah. So my question to you is this, is what is so different about the other states in which affiliates are operating than the situation that is confronting you in North Carolina? What is so different in those places than the situation that you're facing that makes it difficult for you to reach your authorized ROE?
- A. Great question, Commissioner Clodfelter. I think there was a couple of things. One, the need for capital infrastructure spend -- the increase in our rate base and comparative to what's already in -- on my rate base, and \$40 million when I'm -- you know, \$58 million is what my revenues are. So the volume of capital spend needed to maintain, repair, replace, maintain compliance, is significant. It's ramped up significantly.

And because of that level of capital need, you know, I'm spending much quicker than I can recover

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with the current mechanisms. So that leads me into the next piece of this. The mechanisms that are in place, granted we have WSIC/SSIC, which has been a help. You know, we drafted it, we put it together. I think it was a collaborative process, as Mr. Grantmyre had said earlier, that they defended -- defended it at the Supreme Court with the customer protections that were included. But we've now realized, after we've been doing this, what, since I think 2014 is when it got So after several years we've refined the process. We do spend a significant amount of WSIC/SSIC monies on an annual basis, a big piece of our budget. But it's becoming less and less as we spend more. eligible projects -- I'm sorry, the projects that are eligible for WSIC/SSIC recovery, it could be expanded. The cap, although we haven't met the cap -- I think we did in this last case for a couple of the areas, the cap could be expanded.

So if the eligible items are expanded for more items to be recovered, we could reduce that lag. Some of the tools in the other states, they do it on a perspective basis, they'll have filings on a quarterly basis which helps further reduce that lag. And then again, some have like a projection. There is other

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states that have a future test year. So there's a lot of tools.

And I'll say the other thing is, you know, our consumption that is utilized in rate design is based on a three-year average history, right? And I know there's a lot of testimony between Mr. Junis and Mr. Thill on consumption increasing and decreasing, or during a decreasing climate, but overall, we know that consumption has declined pretty consistently. And when we're using a three-year historic average, you're basically -- you know, the midpoint of those three years -- you take out that seasonality, and the midpoint of that three years is a year and a half ago. And that's what's used as of -- you know, our test year gets updated through the post-test year, then we finally get rates maybe in October. So we're looking at two years ago. And if you're in any kind of decline, whether it's 1 percent a year -- I think it's averaged about one and a half -- again, I think there's some argument over how much it's been. But a small amount -- if we're coming out of the gate with a consumption that is higher to use than a rate design, we're not going to earn our capital out of the hole.

You know, so once those rates are established

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and we're using consumption that was developed two years ago, and we're in a declining consumption period, I cannot earn that. Now, there's a chance I could. And we're putting other mechanisms in place. We have the CAM that we have not been able to take advantage So hopefully that will help that issue once we can of. get it into the rate case -- our next rate case mit will be incorporated.

But there's a lot of tools to help us reduce lag, and that mixed -- in other states that we don't necessarily have here yet that we're working to try to develop and expand upon. And that, combined with our heightened level of capital spend, much above our current depreciation -- I keep bringing that depreciation number back in here -- has a significant upward pressure on our rates. And because we're spending so quickly, that's why you're seeing, you know, a year, year and a half after our last rate case that we're already, you know, three percentage points or 300 basis points below our authorized ROE.

Q. Thank you for that. You got the question. You got it, and so thank you. But there was a lot packed into your answer, so I want to sort of disassemble some of the components and ask you some

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follow-up on a couple of the individual components.

To the extent that you're facing a situation where your consumption levels are declining over time, is that not also the case for your affiliate -- affiliated to these in other states? Are they not experiencing similar declines in average consumption of water?

- A. I can only assume so. I do not know that for a fact. When I was in Virginia, I do know that that was the case in Virginia as well.
- Q. Thank you for that answer, because again, without disclosing any of the information in the confidential exhibit, Virginia does appear to be closer to North Carolina in some of the indicators than -- on that exhibit than other states are. So thank you for that. Another piece of your answer I think -- well, we just don't know the answer about consumption levels in the other states.

Another piece of your answer seemed to suggest to me, at least, as I listened to you that this may be in part a transition issue. That once we are far enough and down the road on a WSIC and SSIC, and we have the CAM mechanism up and running, and you've had more experience in that, and you've gotten your capital

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program in full gear, that maybe we'll begin to see the Company do a better job of approximating or actually -- actually realizing its authorized ROE.

Is that part of what I heard you say, that we're in a sort of transition couple of years here?

A. I think that we are in -- and you explained it as a transition. I would agree. I don't know what my future capital need is going to be. If it's something I'm staying in a \$40 million -- 36, 38, \$40 million. If I stay there, eventually my depreciation will catch up to me. Eventually the cost of that level of rate base will be included in my rates. It's a very good observation. And I think that is potentially the case, assuming I'm going to maintain a \$40 million level spend. I'm just not there yet, right?

And I should add, you know, there are other things that go into us not earning. Just one thing notably is getting recovery of our actual costs incurred. Now, there's always going to be the determination as to whether or not we're spending it prudently. But our expenses that we incur, whether we're self-insured and getting full recovery of our insurance, there's a lot of things that we don't get

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recovery necessarily for. Mr. Grantmyre talked about the sampling costs in the last rate case. What we recovered was the minimal -- well, I'll say this a little bit loosely, but the minimum requirement of sampling is what we got recovered for. We did additional sampling that wasn't recovered, right?

Well, we paid for that, but it was in the interest of our consumer. In the best interest of our consumer to protect their -- protect their -- the water quality, but to protect them. So we do this heightened level and, you know, our compliance team is fantastic. You know, the experience from, you know, Dr. Crockett down with his whole compliance team in corporate. we take this seriously, and we are looking out for the customers in every aspect and where we can. Whether it's recoverable or not -- and again, Mr. Grantmyre asked me about that specific statement under the veil of not recovering -- we still spent the money. We still spent the money on the sampling. And whatever we need to do, we're going to do because it's right. we get challenged on a lot of things based on how we And we're the experts trying to make these decisions to operate, but sometimes when it comes to the rate cases, we get challenged, and those costs or

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responses get cut.

- Q. Well, does that not occur in the other states where Essential Utilities has affiliates? I mean, I know you've had experience in Virginia, but surely you talk among your colleagues and you compare notes with your colleagues. Is that -- is that an unusual experience in North Carolina?
- A. I would say there that -- I can't say specifically, Commissioner Clodfelter, but I would say that the Public Staff and the consumer advocate here in North Carolina pays a lot more -- or focuses a lot more on our expense levels. A much more intense investigation and challenging to our cost structure.
- Q. Well, let me leave that for a moment. Let me stay with the capital spend issue.

and, again, you've had the Virginia experience, but you talk to your colleagues. Is it the case that they're experiencing a different level of capital investment system across their systems? Are they more mature? Are the systems more mature? Are they subject to different environmental regulations than in North Carolina?

Again, what I'm trying to focus on is what's

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driving the difference in those states so that I can isolate what's happening here in North Carolina.

A. Sure. There's other states that are spending a significant amount of capital as well. What the ratio is compared to what's already in the rate base, I'm not really sure. But what's different about North Carolina is I make up 50 percent of all of the water systems in all of Aqua North Carolina. I have 750-ish water systems. That's half. I'm only 10 percent of the customer base. I have 59 wastewater treatment plants. I have a third of all of the wastewater treatment systems in all of Aqua.

So the nature of us being as remote an small -- and I have it in my testimony somewhere. The average system size, I want to say, I'm trying to recall, it's 110 customers per system. But if you look at the median, you know, taking out the outliers, I think it's just north of 50 customers per system. Yet these systems all have more than two wells. You have to have more than two wells if you have more than one connection. They all still have two wells. They still have a distribution system. Most of them or many of them are very rural, which means you have less density.

A lot of our other states don't have that.

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In fact, they are very concentrated. Some of the larger systems in our northern states are surface water; we're well water. Not that we don't have well water in other states -- Virginia is another one that has well water, but we're three times the size of them.

The other thing we have is a lot of developer -- I'm not saying this to say that the other states don't have this, but we are very heavily developer oriented, where the developer builds a system and then contributes it to us. So as I mentioned before, 38 percent of our total plan is contributed. And it's contributed from a long time ago, and that stuff's now coming due. So where it had no rate base previously, we're replacing it with earning capital. So now we're using our invested money to replace that.

So there's a few distinct differences that are generic -- generically different than some of the other states that I think contribute to why we're spending so much. And the biggest of which is we're very decentralized in 51 counties, right, with the 750 systems, 59 wastewater plants. We're massively wide, yet we're individually small.

And each one of those systems requires not only the similar capital investment, but it also

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- requires probably a larger amount of contribution of corporate services, right, and support, customer service. Our compliance, each one has its own permit. So that volume, it causes us to be a little different than the other folks and probably a little bit more expense heavy as well.
- Q. So that would differentiate you from

 Pennsylvania where you may have fewer systems but much

 larger systems with a much larger customer base per

 system?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Well, I -- and I appreciate also your referring to regulatory differences, because that was actually one of the things that was behind my question, was to try to identify are their differences in the regulatory regime in the other states that make it easier for them to achieve their authorized ROE. And I think you alluded to and identified some of those, so I appreciate that.

COMMISSIONER CLODFELTER: Ms. Sanford, just a request, and I don't want any extra effort on this or a special exhibit or anything, but in your post-trial briefing, I would just be interested if you have the space, and the time, and

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1	the inclination to want to do it, to maybe point
2	out concretely two or three of those more
3	significant regulatory differences, future test
4	year, for example, and tell us in which states, for
5	example, there's a future test year or a multiyear
6	rating plan. That would just be useful information
7	for us to know.
8	And with that, Commissioner Brown-Bland,
9	that's all I have.
10	COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right.
11	Ms. Sanford, you were on mute. If you intended to
12	say anything, we didn't hear you.
13	MS. SANFORD: I just said we'll
14	certainly look into it, and thanked
15	Commissioner Clodfelter. I've got the note of what
16	he's asking for, and we will certainly do that. Be
17	glad to do it.
18	COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Okay. Thank
19	you. Other questions from the Commission?
20	Commissioner Duffley?
21	EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY:
22	Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Becker.
23	A. Good afternoon, Commissioner.

So on follow-up to Commissioner Clodfelter's

Q.

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question and your earlier testimony, you were stating you were spending about three or four times your depreciation level, and you listed out the different components, and it was maintaining, replacing, and repairing the system. And you had another bucket of AMRs, and then another bucket of environmental requirements.

Can you just generally say, like, the percentage for each of those buckets? So -- so 40 percent would be maintaining, replacing, or repairing and so on.

A. I might be able to -- I think I have that in my direct somewhere that might help with that. If I have to guess, I'm a little worried about my percentage estimates. Let me see if I can find it here really quickly.

(Witness peruses document.)

So it's not exactly your question,

Commissioner Duffley, but on page 31 of 35 of my

testimony --

- Q. We lost you, Mr. Becker.
- A. I'm sorry. What was the last thing anybody heard?
 - Q. Page 35, you said?

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A. The question on page 30 of 35, and the answer to that question is on page 31 of 35. And it's not, again, the exact answer, but it will give you the -- some approximate of what we spend. Now, this is since the last rate case, so there's a little more -- (WebEx sound failure.)

(Reporter interruption due to poor

audi o.)

COURT REPORTER: If you could repeat that, Mr. Becker.

THE WITNESS: Sure. The answer that I have on 31 of 35 is, "What's the nature of the capital projects incurred since the last rate case?" Now -- and then, Commissioner Duffley, I know you asked about the response that I had earlier. I'm trying to estimate that percentage. And that would be -- I don't feel confident my accuracy would be very strong in doing that. But on page 31 of 35 of my testimony, there's various categories between water and sewer that estimates the spend since the last rate case.

Now, that's not just one year. There's a bigger amount of time in here, but it does try to categorize I think what you're intending here to

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see, which is where are we spending our money and what kind of categories are there.

Now, I guess in this one you'll see we spent \$2.4 million in meters. That was one of my -- one of my responses earlier about AMR. Does this -- does this help you, or do you want to ask further classifying questions?

- Q. Yes. This is helpful. So with respect to the other categories on page 31 of 35, there's not the environmental piece of it. Where would I might be able to find that number?
- A. I could probably put something together for you separately, like filters and treatment equipment I would consider some. I'm not sure if all, but \$6.9 million, that would fall under environmental.

 Some of the wastewater plant structures and improvement would have been done and driven for an environmental need either because it was aged infrastructure and we're worried about spills, leakages. Needs and services, you know, if we have --

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND:

commissioner Duffley, I think you need to go back on mute. Continue.

THE WITNESS: So within these

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categories, I don't know if we necessarily track the environmental spend, but within each of these categories, a lot of them are driven to address environmental issues.

Q. Okay. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: I don't have anything further.

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right.

Other questions from the Commission?

(No response.)

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right. have a few, Mr. Becker.

EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND:

Q. And I think I'll pick up a little bit of where you were leaving off with the last two commissioners.

So even though Company and the Public Staff have resolved certain requests and withdrawn the ones for consumption adjustment mechanism and also for the deferred accounting for some of the capital spends, what's the experience on those type of tools in your other regulated states? Do you see -- in particular, the deferred accounting treatment, are you seeing that to some much greater degree in the other jurisdictions

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of Essential?

A. Yeah. I specifically don't know which states have which mechanisms and how they are very different. What I would say is, in deferred accounting, if you use a future test year, you could potentially cover that angle. I'm not aware of any other states having it as a regular policy. I'm not aware of them not having it, though.

And then I think you mentioned the consumption adjustment mechanism. I believe we were the first state to be able to get legislation that allows us to do that. But again, we're also using a historic test year where that may not be necessary in other jurisdictions.

- Q. All right. And so we being the State of North Carolina for consumption adjustment?
 - A. Yes, yes, yes.
- Q. Could you update the Commission about the Company's evaluation and pursuit of a permanent alternative source of water for Bayleaf master system, or for those points of entry in that system where you don't have a reasonable belief that the point of entry will be suitable for domestic use after reasonable corrective action?

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So most of our water quality plan that we've Α. been focusing -- or that we've been accomplishing over the past several years has been directed towards the Bayleaf, the North Raleigh systems. That seems to be a higher concentration of iron and manganese. As vou recall, we have the group 1, 2's and 3's. That's in our plan. I can further explain which each group is if you'd like. But we categorize the different sites into group 1's, 2's and 3's based on their water quality, based on customer complaints, and based on NODs. And we've been focusing a lot of our attention, monies, and efforts towards addressing the North Raleigh water And we've made significant improvements. quality.

And I think Commissioner Brown-Bland can see in witness Berger's testimony that she has a couple charts where she talks about the lab -- the lab D's, they're called -- they're work orders. They're a type of work order that are issued to -- when somebody calls in about a water quality issue. So you'll see in her testimony the lab D charge where we've made -- you can see the significant improvement, particularly in Bayleaf, since we started this project.

So the customer complaints have gone down for water quality. We've implemented the focus group,

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which is -- you didn't ask that question, but that's really helped with us trying to address some of those issues up there. So we continue to make improvements in the source sites that -- in collaboration with the Public Staff using the executive summary process. You know, we've made a lot of efforts in -- I don't know the exact number that we've installed in that area of filters, but it's been -- the majority of the filters have been installed in that area to address the water quality.

We additionally, after the 497 case, reached out to the City of Raleigh to see if we could coordinate a purchased water solution. Maybe bevel off some of those areas that had -- some well sites that had poor water quality. They are not interested. I've had several discussions, face-to-face meetings with the City of Raleigh Utility Department, the executive director there, and that is not something that the City is willing to do, which is provide water outside of city limits.

So we've not been able to make progress with looking for an alternative source of purchased water.

What we have done also is, our hydrogeologist up in corporate has come down -- he's in North Carolina

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regularly, just because of all the water -- the well sites that we have -- to try to identify different areas that could be productive for new water sources. So we've identified several. Some of them we have not been able to move forward on for various reasons, but that's another effort that we have been making.

And any opportunity that we have, we actually recently looked at buying a parcel of land from the County to see if we could put a well on that site to help contribute to the source. And that -- it turns out that we're not able to build on that location. So we continue to look for new sources.

With the conservation effort that was in -was it W-159, that is also the source of more testimony
with Mr. Junis and Mr. Thill later on. We're hopeful
that that conservation -- our conservation rate design
will help minimize the demand, and particularly during
irrigation time periods of August and September or
July, August, and September. That high demand, you
know, drops our well production -- doesn't drop the
well, but uses all the available capacity that we have.
And when it gets that low, it produces water quality
issues.

So hopefully with that rate design, that

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conservation rate design, that will also help us from an operational perspective be able to manage our water flow and avoid heightened capital that we might need to do to try to find alternative sources.

- Q. All right. Thank you. And since you mentioned the focus groups, I did have a question on that. With regard to the focus group and your program that you call Close the Loop that I recall you were very proud of, and had shown positive results when we had our last rate case, how are those problems -- how are those programs going? And have you created more focus groups?
- A. So the program is going very well. I -we've met, I think, four times in 2019. We met again
 here in the first part of 2020, and then we had an
 informal kind of an update call more recently with the
 focus group. It's been very well received from my
 perspective on the feedback that I get. It's a small
 group, 10 to 12. Now, remember, Bayleaf is made up of,
 I think, 90-plus communities, so there's not one HOA.
 So that's typical of a lot of our systems. Not all of
 them have even an organized HOA.

So this has allowed us to kind of put our finger on the pulse, which was the intent of this.

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It's to be able to hear, understand our customers and what they want and what they don't like, right? And there's been some improvements. Our flushing notices was overhauled. The actual notice, itself, was overhauled. We redrafted it. We ran it by the focus They told us what they wanted and what they group. didn't like, why it was hard or easy. We modified that and rolled that out. In fact, if you choose to sign up as a text -- to get a text alert, it was very brief, right, you could only fit so much characters -- so many characters in the text. Well, we added a Bitly, which allows us now, you know, during that text they can click on the link that's in the text, and it takes you to the bigger informative page of what's -- what information is available about that leak or whatever that notice happened to be.

One of the other things we did is we changed the back end -- actually, we've done training with your operators to make sure that we're providing updates.

So now customers can go in, and instead of just calling customer service and saying, well, you're -- they say, "We're out of water," and we say, "Yeah, we know."

"When's it going to be ready?" The old answer was, well, all they knew is we had a main break or something

there's an issue in their area.

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like that. They couldn't really provide real good information. Well, now we give estimated times and we report that estimated time on our website. That information is available to our customer service rep, and then the customer can actually go on and see if

So there's been several improvements with the focus group, and I believe the group, itself, or at least one member of it, has issued commentary in this case that I think is positive.

And the Close the Loop, as you mentioned, that was a follow-up program that we installed. Every customer who calls in with the lab -- with a water quality issue that's determine to be secondary water quality, there's lab D issue, that lab D, first it goes to a new -- we formulated a new position to review all lab Ds. When they come in, that person calls the customer right away to find out what the problem is, see if we can help maybe troubleshoot it before we truck roll. And talk to the person, help them understand what the problem is.

Then we issue the work order if we have to send somebody out. The following week, which is the Close the Loop Program, we have somebody else follow up

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with each of those calls to find out if their issue was resolved. You know, did the -- did you receive a call from the technician after they resolved the issue, which is one of the requirements we put in place.

So the programs that we've installed have looked -- have worked, I think, very well, and you can see that with the decline in the lab D work orders that's in witness Berger's testimony.

And the last thing you asked is have we done any other focus groups. We haven't established any formal focus groups. We used this as a starting point to see how well it was received. Obviously, we need to -- with 750 systems, it's a little bit challenging to be able to find the time to be able to individually communicate. You know, we do these in the evening. It's usually about two or three -- they're about two-hour-long meetings. And we'd like to target areas where, you know, maybe there is that need. It's something that we're open to, we just have not initiated it with any other communities as of yet.

Q. So just to follow up on that, have you thought about it? Or at least some graphical representation across your territories, a way of making all the customers feel they're getting that same level

of response, I guess, and access?

A. I don't have any plans right now to establish any, but what I -- what I think would be beneficial, as it was shown here, now, granted we have 6,000 customers in North Raleigh, so it's a little easier to coordinate that. I think maybe there could be some opportunities in other areas, maybe even like Fayetteville.

Possibly -- there's some other areas, and I think that would be something I'd be open to talking to with the Commission and the Public Staff. Do we want to establish some kind of opportunity or group regionally? I'd like to have other input to determine where that should be and who should be included in that.

Q. Seems like a good leadership piece there, you know, you took -- you had a substantial amount of complaints coming from that one area, and it seems like you had positive results. And that goes to my next question.

So what's the nature of the complaints? You know, we're a little bit of a disadvantage. We have not heard from our customers first, as we usually do. And we'll be doing that really soon, and we might come back and have follow-up for you. But what's the nature of the complaints you've been receiving or have

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received since the last rate case? And have they been increasing or decreasing? And have the nature of the complaints changed in any way? Any new items coming on the horizon?

A. As far as the actual -- the volume has gone down. So I -- quite honestly for me, the amount of complaints that have been escalated and brought to my attention have been much reduced. I just don't get the level of water quality complaints that I did. And I remember -- you know, in the last rate case, and I was saying I can't wait for five to seven years. After we get all this water quality program implemented, I'm going to sit up here and the only complaint's going to be about bills, right?

I just don't know what the volume of those complaints are. The amount that has been escalated have been very few. I think new topics that have come up have been about things that we're hearing locally. Not necessarily with just Aqua. You know, you've got Gen-X, but we want our quality with PFAS and PFOA have been kind of a hot topic. Lead and copper is always on people's mind, although I don't hear a lot of complaints. I think we have a very good program in place to address that. And, you know, just the new

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issues of PFOA and PFAS have probably been -- if I were to say there's anything new, that would be it. But again, no specific complaints about our water quality, more maybe just general rumblings that I hear from the people in the field, and possibly more of our workers.

- Q. Have you had any issues or difficulties around dealing with -- with our natural advanced storms, hurricanes, any special complaints like following flood events or special concerns the Company's had to deal with?
- A. No. Not in particular. I think we've done a very good job of -- we have emergency management planning. We use a NIMS process that our director of operations, Joe Pearce, has installed. We've sent training out to all of our area managers and supervisors to make sure that we're handling that correctly, and basically making sure we're prepared for those storms. We've reacted extremely quick. We've even helped out other communities where they've needed assistance with generators and things like that.

Again, because our footprint being so large, we've been able to mobilize equipment that's stored in our western operation to help with our coastal as well as not just equipment, but people. So we've been able

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to respond very quickly to storms. Have not, from what I can tell, created a big run. But now, there are some people who are out of water for -- it might be one or two days, and a lot of times, you know, we're trying to get a generator in there. We may not have access to a certain system because it's remote and the power is out, right? And once that power goes out, it might have a tank, but once the tank's drained, you know, we can't refill it without the power.

So we'll get some issues around that. But again, with 1,200 well sites and 750 systems, we don't have back-up generators at all those sites. You know, some of these wells are very. Or some of the systems are even very small, so it's -- we just don't have that coverage.

- Q. Do you have good realtime working relationships with the -- with related power companies?
- A. Yeah. We have a dedicated -- the resource that's been identified for us from Duke. We work with him very regularly when we have storm outages to let them know we're a utility, we need some help here, we need to get some access. Sometimes they just can't get their personnel out there. I'm just kind of recalling from various issues that we've had over the past few

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storms over the past couple of years.

But we have a dedicated resource -- not dedicated. A resource who has been identified for us to contact when we have emergencies. And we use also NC WARN. So we're members of NC WARN, so we work closely with Raleigh and Johnston County. Anybody a member -- a municipal's membership of NC WARN, we're part to that. So we can receive benefits from them and we also assist them as well.

The network that's available to us locally is very strong. And then we've actually borrowed from Aqua Virginia. We had -- I don't remember which storm it was, Michael maybe. I want to say we had seven or eight people from Aqua Virginia come down to North Carolina and help us for two days. Stayed overnight, stayed out at the coast. And it's really good to be able to have the footprint that we have not, just in one single area, that we can draw from to help when we have these needs. And not just help our customers, but we're helping other municipals, small municipals that just don't have the resources.

Q. And this next question is just a little add-on to what we've generally been discussing. But with regard to customer complaints, do you have any --

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or has anything changed about those that are specifically about sort of operations or --

A. Yeah. And I probably -Commissioner Brown-Bland, I probably should have
mentioned this when you asked me about the complaints
on the earlier question. The one complaint that would
stand out more about operations is irrigation. It's
irrigation related. It's -- there's certain systems
that just draw down -- you know, they're heavy
irrigators, and they draw down their well capacity and
tank capacity, and it creates outages and it creates
discolored water.

I would say that that has been still and continues to be an issue in certain systems where they're typically heavy irrigators in that July, August, time frame. Or if we get into drought periods where we're not replenishing well water in the water table, that has become a challenge. Or it's a continued challenge, but we are hearing from some customers about that.

But about operations, I'll tell you, I receive a lot of emails that come from our customer service group where customers are just calling back.

And I love to see this. They're calling back and just

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saying, "Hey, just wanted to do a shout-out for this guy who came out. Not only did he just fix the issue, he walked me through it, and explained why this has happened. He told me how to find the leak," or whatever it might have been. We pride ourselves on being able to be part of the community, not just doing our service. And I've been seeing a lot of positive feedback from customers coming from our customer service department about some of those positive impacts our employees have had.

There are some driving issues that come up once in a while. We have a 1-800, or I'm not sure what the number is, but "how's my driving" thing. And every once in a while we'll get somebody who may have merged into the wrong lane at the wrong time. But those are expected and very few.

- Q. All right. Have there been -- have there been changes in the flushing protocols, and have customer complaints been related to that in any way as a result of new protocols, if you had them? And by that, I mean since our last rate case.
- A. Yeah. Actually, since last rate case, most of our complaints on the flushing were, you know, in that Bayleaf area where maybe we didn't notice the

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customers as they wanted to be or enough time to be able to react, or they didn't know when we were going to be where. Since we've initialed the focus group, we have, as I mentioned, changed our flushing notification processes. So we now have a schedule that's up on our website that we tell everybody who they can go to to find out when their estimated time is going to be flushed. Flushing Bayleaf in particular takes, like, three to four months, just because of all the streets and the -- it's a pretty large area.

So in doing that, we identify the streets that are going to be flushed during a certain week and send out an advanced notice through our SwiftReach or our Aqua alert notification system. And we put signs out at the front and the back -- or the entrances of the community, so people know when they're coming in, we're going to be flushing this week. I would actually say we've been receiving positive feedback. We also -we've been using Nextdoor where possible. That's a really tough platform to use where we can't pinpoint real well. But with the Bayleaf focus group, we've been coordinating some of our messaging with several members who are part of that group, and they've been taking our notifications and posting them for various

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So the communications have significantly improved across the board. And then we had the flushing plan. That was part of the 497 order that was initiated. We developed it, Joe Pearce developed it, our director of ops worked with the engineering team over in Public Staff to come up with an approved flushing plan. So that was also filed last year.

- Q. So in going back over the previous questions you answered about the focus group, these good things that have come out of the Bayleaf focus group, are they being extended, the actual results? Or what you may learn from the focus group that works, doesn't work, are those things being extended to the other customers?
- A. Yes. The -- some of the changes that we've worked with the focus group, so they're -- yes, they're members of that Bayleaf area, but they're still customers. And their customers are likely to have similar challenges, maybe concerns or problems or issues whether they're in Bayleaf or whether they're in, you know, Denver or out in Hamstead.

So what we've been able to derive from them and learn from them is the communication messaging, some of the clarity, some of the availability. So when

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we've taken and made some of the changes, like the one I mentioned with adding the Bitly to the text, I mean, how easy is that? But somebody in that focus group mentioned it. So that's being applied and used across the state.

Our flushing requirements using -- you know, posting at the sites, that's something that we do everywhere, not just in Bayleaf, although Bayleaf is more complicated and it's a larger process. Most systems we can do in a couple of days, Bayleaf is massive.

The update of the communications of, like, main breaks or when we get water outages, the information that comes from the field to provide us update that we post on the website, that came out of that focus group, and that's being used everywhere across the state. So it's not just that they're in Bayleaf, they're actually representing the bigger customer group, and we've had some very positive things come out of that that we've been able to apply to the whole state.

Q. All right. Mr. Becker, have you -- I know that the issues in the case that have been about consumption are about something much larger. So I'm

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not -- this next question, I'm not suggesting that this in any way really makes up that difference. But by the same token, are you -- are you seeing any connection between the consumption levels and the more the water becomes aesthetically pleasing and better? In other words, if people were refraining from using the water because of the manganese and iron qualities, do you see a relationship there to where there may be increased or actually is already some increased consumption?

- A. I have not, Commissioner, actually looked at the consumption patterns for where we put filters in.

 That's a good -- that's something I could look at and I will look at now that you mention it. I haven't found a connection that I've tried to make before, so I don't have that information to actually answer the question.
- Q. All right. Thank you. Now, with regard to the State's current state of emergency and the COVID-19, what is the situation that you've been able to observe about your customers' ability to pay?
- A. So we do the filing, the executive order, was it 124, and then it was extended through 142. So the required is now a monthly filing. And I have a copy of it somewhere. But it's all filed with the Commission, so I know you have it as well. But overall, the

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amounts that are uncollectible have obviously increased. We've had to advertise that. It's a -- we've advertised it several times, in fact, that we are not shutting customers off during this period of time as all regulated and nonregulated consumers are -- or utilities are not doing.

And then we have the payment arrangement plan that once this thing ends, you know, they'll have the six-months payment arrangement. But the collections and the disconnects -- the potential for disconnects grows, right? There's more customers who are not paying, so they would normally be disconnected after a certain period of time after certain notice. That group is growing.

The collection activity of the past due amounts have grown comparatively probably about 50 percent year over year. So the amount past due this year is about 50 percent higher than it was last year at this time. But what I found very interesting, I was just looking at this because the metrics, I think, were just posted yesterday, possibly two days ago. The number of customers who are delinquent is only up 4 percent. So I found that very interesting. The dollars are up 50 percent. And I want to say it went

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from \$600,000 on collectible last year to about \$900,000 this year. Again, I'm trying to recall. It may not be exactly accurate there. But the number of customers only went up, I think, 4 and a half percent.

So last year if it was 4,000 customers, or let's say last year was just 1,000 customers, it's almost the same customers who haven't paid. It's just there's more amount that's not being paid. So it's almost the same level of customers who weren't paying last year are not paying this year with a small increase of about 4 percent of the customers. Which doesn't match the 12 percent unemployment. But you're saying that my customers in general -- I don't know what we can really read into that or what kind of analysis can be gleaned from that. I just noticed it. I thought it was very interesting that only 4 percent more of my customers are unable to pay.

- Q. And you mentioned a moment ago about the six months and the plan to catch up. Have you received any feedback that tells you your customers do understand that?
- A. I have not received any feedback whatsoever regarding the payment arrangements. They don't kick in until after -- well, the Commission order, I think,

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extends through the state of emergency. The Governor's executive order ends, I think, July 29th. And I just heard recently he's not going to extend it. He may not extend it. I don't want to put words in his mouth.

The payment arrangement would not kick in until after the order expires. So there's no collections right now whatsoever. So nobody's really been concerned about it is my guess, so I haven't really heard anything about it from customers.

- Q. And what can you tell us in regards to an update on the tank cleaning? Has it been completed?
- A. Yes. As part of the water quality plan, all of our group 1 tanks, in addition to going through the assessments to determine which ones needed filters, were going to be cleaned. I believe we are 100 -- we've completed that effort 100 percent. So all the group 1 tanks have been cleaned. They are done on a rotational basis.
- Q. And what's the anticipated cleaning plan; is it every five years? Every ten years?
- A. I don't think it's a standard. I think there might be a couple tiers. It depends on the water quality within that site. I don't know the exact answer to that, Commissioner Brown-Bland. I do know

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that, as tanks need to be cleaned, that we've cleaned. We've tried to identify what the frequency would need to be to make sure we stay on top of it. I don't know if there is a standardized three, five, or ten years, though.

- Q. So you would anticipate some tanks might need to be cleaned and may actually be cleaned more often than others?
- A. Absolutely. And part of the installation of a new improved manganese dioxide filter where we have a secondary water quality issue, or any new filtered installation, we do tank cleaning as part of that project. We don't want to have a new filter in there back-feeding or washing dirty water that's coming from sediment in the tank as we start it up.
- Q. And are you able to determine if you've seen improvements as a result of the tank? Can you attribute improvement to the tank cleaning? The changes in the tank cleaning?
- A. You know, it's hard to say exactly which things have led to the improvements. You know, the water quality plan, the primary focus has always been, okay, we need to put filters on there because the concentrate -- the mineral concentrations are not

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things we can just continue to flush through, right?

So it's an operational and capital plan. We're putting filters in in the highest priority sites.

We have operational changes. We have the flushing program, the tank cleaning program that we've initiated. The sequestration -- the use of sequestration, we installed -- it's a simple test, jar testing to make sure that we're maximizing -- maximizing is the wrong word. Making the correct dosage of sequestration to maximize the benefit of sequestering iron and manganese from the water.

So there's been a lot of operational changes as well as the capital. It's kind of a package deal that I think has led to an improvement overall.

There's still some systems, right? We've been focusing on the worst first, and now we're moving down into that level, and we're now getting into other areas that we have to focus on, and that's where our efforts are going to be going next.

Q. All right. And earlier, the amount of reporting that you've been doing and that the Commission has ordered has been the subject of conversation. And your counsel asked you shouldn't that situation be a dynamic one. And we review and see

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what's needed and see what's going to be useful. In fact, the Commission order at least contemplated some of that, did it not, in the sense that it provided that if things were better, you could come back and seek to have modifications?

- A. It did, yeah. I think it said after one year we could -- I don't remember what the wording was, but we could actually come back and ask or request relief from some of those reports or reporting.
- Q. All right. And is -- after the 12 months had passed, is this the first time that you've come back to ask in this case?
- A. Well, here we're generally talking about the volume of reports and the types and maybe reworking some of them so they're a little bit maybe more informative and we can focus on the information that's beneficial to you-all and the Public Staff. We have asked, I think -- on the bimonthlies, we've requested relief from several of the reporting of many of the systems that have just shown improvements where we haven't had water quality complaints.

And we've been -- we've reduced -- I don't know what the exact number was, but we reduced it from the teens, mid-teens maybe, the number of systems we

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were reporting on to, you know, maybe a handful, less than five. I'm not positive of the exact number, but we have been asking to have certain systems removed, and we have been able to remove those systems from that reporting.

- Q. You haven't or you have?
- A. Have.

Q. All right. Thank you. And this is a question that pertains somewhat to witness Thill's testimony on the in-service date of plant and the unitization process. In his rebuttal testimony on page 35, he mentions that communication between field staff and their accounting staff is a key to timing when the CWIP projects are closed. And he also notes coordination is needed between the Company's internal departments and external vendors. That's with respect to payment of invoices.

Does the Company have or offer any proposed changes or improvements to the communications processes internally that would help speed things up and promote more consistency in the unitization process going forward?

A. Well, I think the process -- given the volume of the projects and the number of systems that we have

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throughout the state and what's unitized or capitalized by our accounting group, you know, this is a -- it's just not a cut-and-dry process. There's a lot of management to it, which is why we have to have understanding from operations and we have to be able to coordinate the timing of invoice payments from all of our vendors.

So can communications improve? I think we -yes, they could. We've put several processes in place to be able to get information from the field on a timely basis. Does every person identify every member that -- oh, this one should close here, maybe -- so we miss a month? That's possible. The processes exist, we just get into the fact that this is a very complicated process with a lot of volume.

Our accounting team, I think, does it extremely well, given that volume, and the size, and be able to manage that. Many of these projects are auto-unitized using some of the tools and functionality in Power Plant. Power Plant is -- that's what we use to track our assets and capitalize them, and it's used by other utilities. So it's just another customized system, but there's a cost benefit to being able to record all of these assets at certain levels and at

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certain volumes. And I think we do a very, very good job of that.

enforced it a little bit more, or maybe created a meeting, I think that maybe that might help. I don't think there's any significant change that I see that is necessary.

- Q. Okay. And then I have a question about the settlement agreement. The agreement between Aqua and the Public Staff is the -- the question is, is the \$3.233 million increase shown on the settlement Exhibit 1, line 71, column F, is that the final agreed-upon increase in revenue requirements except for the final adjustment for the rate case expense?
- A. I believe so. I know witness Henry and witness Gearhart may be able to answer that. I don't think anything else changes, other than the rate case expense. But I couldn't 100 percent confirm that. I'm pretty sure that that's the number outside of rate case expense.
- Q. And I ask, in part, because a few moments ago when you were having a discussion with Ms. Sanford, it sounded like you may have indicated the parties were still working through a couple of financial issues that

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are in the settlement agreement, or is that not -- did we understand that incorrectly?

- A. I don't recall what I said there, but I do believe all of the financial items, other than rate case expense, are settled.
 - Q. All right. Thank you.

 COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND:

Commissioner Duffley?

EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY:

- Q. Mr. Becker, I just have one more question for you, and you may not be able to answer it. I just, kind of, wanted a general idea. In an answer to Commissioner Clodfelter's question, you were talking about if you kept a \$40 million capital spend over a period of time, eventually depreciation would catch up. And I was just wondering, what is that length of time, generally?
- A. I think you were right when you said I'm not sure I'm going to be able to answer that. I would have to actually look at that and analyze it. I do not know if it's 5 years, or 2 years, or 10 years. I'm sorry, I don't know that answer.
- Q. Okay. Thank you. Would another witness know the answer to that?

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- A. I think another witness would probably have to calculate it, what it would take to ramp up to that. I think there might be an easier answer, I just want to make sure that it's fully vetted before I just say that.
 - Q. Okay. Thank you.
- A. Sure.

COMMISSIONER DUFFLEY: No further questions.

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right. I see you, Commissioner McKissick, but before that, Commissioner Clodfelter, did you have -- at one time we saw your hand up. You're good? All right. Commissioner McKissick.

EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER MCKISSICK:

Q. Thank you, Mr. Becker. And, of course, this touches upon an issue that Commissioner Brown-Bland discussed just a few moments earlier, and that's about these water quality reports.

Could you provide a greater level of specificity, in terms of what it is that you feel is unneeded or unnecessary at this time, either in terms of the content of the report, the frequency of the report, or what modifications substantively might be

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made that would address concerns which Aqua has at this time?

A. So yes, thank you, Commissioner. The -first, witness Berger, this is part of her testimony
where she'll talk in detail about the different
reporting and maybe some of her ideas -- actually, I
know there's a -- maybe there's a proposal in there to
reduce it to include -- incorporate certain things. So
one of the things is just the timing. You know, we do
the bimonthly, we do the -- and then the semiannual.

The bimonthly, we report on all systems where a customer has testified in the past. Many of those systems -- as Commissioner Brown-Bland asked, many of those systems now have -- we requested be removed, so we no longer report on them. So those are the ones. But we have very reduced water quality complaints from those systems, and we wait for a very long -- I say a very long, but a lengthy period of time where there aren't any complaints before we ask for release from that.

I don't know the -- some of the information is provided, the follow-up information might be repetitive. I think we're not sure what the Commission wants to see in there, if they want to see all of those

things. So a revisiting of the content of some of these -- and I know I'm not giving you very specifics of what to take out. It's more the timing and refinement of what's in there. And maybe we could consolidate it. The semiannual is done -- we report on all systems that have had water quality complaints that are the lesser of either 25 or 10 percent. Well, the 10 percent on a 15-customer system is basically one

9 customer, right? 1.5 customers. So if two customers
10 report, we're doing a full report on them. So that
11 10 percent on small systems doesn't exactly work real

12 | well.

You know, a lot of times what we find is there are main breaks. Or something that's not really a water quality issue, it's something else that was reported. We get some discolored water because we had a main break or a pressure issue. It could be recorded as a water quality issue, when we get out there, it's we had to fix a leak or something like that.

So the low level of the table that's set for that being 10 percent of the small system is challenging. And that would help to have that maybe elevated a little bit. And then going from semiannual, maybe we could do an annual. But again, I think

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witness Berger would be able to answer some of your questions more direct. Some of that question more direct.

Q. Thank you. And then a follow-up, and that's simply this. I know there's been some discussion about the unitization, and I hear you talk about using Power Plant, but I see a lot of testimony here about how classifications are referring to construction work in progress, and in-service date, unitization date. I mean, how is it that this can be? And When I go back and read the testimony, this has been a concern where we have been going for a period of time. This is not something that's really new.

So, I mean, what can be substantively done to improve the coordination and the timing of it so things are actually put into service, classified under the unitization, and appropriately depreciated in a way that's consistent so there doesn't appear to be what -- appear to be a consistent pattern of doing it in a way that would perhaps not be advantageous to ratepayers?

A. So, Commissioner McKissick, the -- you mentioned that this has been a problem for quite some time. I was a controller here in North Carolina in 2009 through 2011. This has not been a problem. It

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- 1 has not -- it has never been identified to us as a
- 2 problem. It was in earlier orders where, you know, we
- 3 were advised to look at our processes and then report
- I think that's part of the testimony here. 4 on them.
- 5 But since then, we've worked with --
- 6 I hate to interrupt you, but didn't that go Q. 7 back to 2008 when that was discussed.
- 8 Α. I believe so.
- 9 0. That's why I say it's more than a Yeah. 10 decade.
- 11 Α. Right. So since then -- I'm sorry, I didn't 12 mean to cut you off.
- 13 Q. Yeah.

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14 Α. So since that time --

not tracking this correctly.

- 15 Q. Go right ahead, sir.
- Since that time, you know, we have installed Α. 17 processes, you know, use that 30 to 60-day general 18 window to be able to capture the cost and understand 19 from operations if the project has been complete. 20 Until recently, and since those reports have been done, 21 we have not had any -- we have not had any complaints

from the Public Staff or anybody else that said we're

You know, this is an accounting process.

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It's a detailed accounting mechanism using, you know, a software that's set up for a very large organization to handle very large volume. And, you know, what we've been seeing in testimony earlier today from Mr. Grantmyre, you heard me kept saying, of those projects in that list, yes. Well, when you look at --we were talking talk about WSIC/SSIC only. You know, there's blanket projects, \$10 million a year that don't show up in that detail. Those are unitized the monthly invoice is received automated. It's hundreds if not thousands of invoices that come in. They're unitized in the month that they come in.

If we started breaking them down and looking at categories and classifications like WSIC/SSIC, well, yes, I do plan all of my projects to minimize lag, as I said before. So is it odd that those are being unitized in the last one or two months before the filing? No. You know, when you saw the dates in September, well, there's no -- there's no advantage or disadvantage to unitizing an asset in April, May, June, and July, but we still -- you'll notice the timing is still in August or September, mostly in that September. So it's consistent that we're trying to reduce our lag.

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projects. I think we manage about 150 to 200 specific engineering projects annually, right? Those are larger, longer time periods. We could run into construction delays. There might be rework on a filter that was installed. I know at Coachmans, in fact, that's been a topic for several rate cases. You know, that's a very large filter that was installed out there. It was the first of that size to be done here. Well, there's improvement period, and some of those things that happen after the fact that need to refine the process, we may be using a wastewater plant or a treatment basin, but we're still tweaking the technology around it. And as we're tweaking it, that costs money. So one of the things that we've been operating under -- and I know that this came from me when I was a controller in 2009 talking with Cathy Fernald, it was hammered into me when I first started that we are not to close an asset twice. We are not to close a project twice.

So we would wait for all the costs. We have to know the costs to unitize it. We could estimate those costs, but then you're going to have a -- you know, you got a gap, you got a true-up, and it's -- we got to talk about efficiency. And we operate and run

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our accounting system and capitalize our assets according to the universal system of accounts. You know, the recommendations there. And we adhere to it. And I think we do a very, very good job with the volume that we have to record it in a correct time period.

One of the other things that we do here in North Carolina that I don't -- I think it's in witness Thill's testimony, we have to record to the system I evel. Which is maybe not a big deal, you might want that information, but we're on consolidated rates. The system I evel -- I'm not sure what the benefit is unless we sold that system, but if you're recorded at the system I evel, that's -- remember, I have half of all the systems in all of Aqua.

It's 750 systems. So I'm recording each of those assets, and I have to have work orders, and there's a whole back-end process that has to be set up to be able to do that. Each system, for example, has 30 what we call blanket work orders, and they're normal, common things that we would expect could happen throughout the year. You know, a main break, service repair. There's 30 of these or 35, I don't know the exact number, of these standard types of work orders. In order to facilitate processing those in a timely

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basis, and those are the ones that are closed in the same month that the invoice comes in at, we have to have 30 set up for 750 systems.

What is that, 25,000 work orders? Those 25,000 work orders, now when our guys are out in the field and they're doing that work, they have to call their time. They have to find out -- of the 25,000 work orders, where am I recording network time today? It's a very, very massive deal. And we've taken a lot of information from the past and guidance from the past, developed this process. And quite honestly, until recently, this has not come up as an issue.

- 0. 0kay.
- A. Other than, you know, we were given the guidance back in 2008, I think you said. We overhauled it. We had somebody come in and study the processes. We made the amendments. We were working Cathy Fernald at the time who was the -- that was Williams' predecessor. And we never had any challenges or issues with this process.
- Q. And let me ask this. Do you see any opportunity, in terms of room for improvement, enhancements that might be made systematically that would address the concerns which I see have been raised

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by the Public Staff? I mean, I'm just trying to see --I appreciate you giving that overview of the
complexities that are involved with this, but I think
with your skill sets as a, you know, prior controller
perhaps particularly, you perhaps might have greater
insight into what could be done to make systematic
improvements to address concerns that have been
articulated. So is there anything that comes to your
mind, or do you feel things are working relatively
seamlessly with few exceptions?

A. Yes. I do think there's always improvements, and that's what I love about my job. There's always something I can do better, right? So -- and that's an area where I think we do it very well. Can we improve if we dig in there and find out maybe we could do this a little better? Absolutely, there's some opportunities, possibly. I don't know what they exactly are right now. I will tell you, when I first came in here in 2016, one of my frustrations was our supervisors were bogged down with all of the 25,000 work orders. And I'm using that number loosely. Because their employees, our field operators, would call them to find out what work order to charge because they were in this system to do this type of work.

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So they spent a lot of time of their day just giving that information, which is extremely inefficient. I discovered a way to try to -- just because of my background, I was trying to work with two different systems, a Lawson system and our Power Plant system to try to be able to still capture the data by system, which is required I think in a prior order by the North Carolina Utilities Commission. And we went through exhaustive efforts to try to make it work, and the fields that we thought we could link up to to create this efficiency don't work. And I hit a dead end on that one.

I will say that, you know, coming forward, we are looking at a more of a unifying application in the coming years with possibly going toward SAP or something like that. And we might be able to revisit this and really refine our processes. That might address everybody's problems.

Q. Okay. And last question, and it's here completely. But there was discussion earlier about the ARM meters. And I'm trying to understand when you anticipate Aqua North Carolina is going to have them fully operational to optimize their capacity to function as well as they can, in terms of two-way

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communication, so that is in fact -- so that consumers do, in fact, have access to the data that might be helpful to them in monitoring use. Perhaps detecting, you know, leaks or -- you know, all of the capacity that it has to offer.

A. Sure.

- Q. It wasn't clear to me when that is envisioned, so if you could help me with that.
- A. Give me one moment. I want to get one piece of information back here that I could provide. So as of this year -- by the end of this year we will have 56 percent saturation rate based on our aged meter change-out program. So one of the things that we're doing is we don't want to just go change all of our manual meters. Some of those manual meters may be two, three, four, five, years old or. You know, they haven't reached their end life.

So what we're doing is, part of our aged meter program, we look at the average aged life -- age of a meter it in each system. And when that age reaches, I think it's 17 years, then we'll go in and replace those meters. So today, or again in '20, we have 56 percent saturation of AMR versus manual. It looks like, in 2025, we will be at 95 percent

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saturation. So it's like we go up about 5 percent every year. This is our current capital plan, subject to change. But by 2025 we should be at full saturation.

You asked another question about okay, when are we going to be using all these functions. Many of the functions are being utilized where we have already rolled out the meters in those systems. When we do an RF exchange, we do the whole system, so we could take advantage of going in and reading the meters in that system, all RF. And that basically involves a guy or a gal going down the road, you know, with their guns -- not real guns, they're meter-reading guns -- and they pick up all the RF signals, right? It accumulates all that information. In fact, I think the Public Staff went out on a run when we were looking at this a couple years ago in our Fayetteville office.

So all of those meter reads come in. And as well as those meter reads, you get leak codes, or other codes, tampering codes. So what we're doing is we developed a door tag. This is a brand new door tag that we just had developed in the last six months.

It's a -- it tells people, "Today the following was detected. Possible leak in property between meter and

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house. "

So our meters that are being read RF

100 percent in those systems, we're taking those
reports, we're going in after the fact, identifying
where a leak code came up, and there's some -- I don't
know how they determine that, but it's something about
a continuous run time over, you know, a certain period
of time. We get the report of who has leaks, and then
we go back, throw out one of these door tags, and leave
it on the customer's home.

Tamper codes, we identify where we think somebody might have tampered with it, or if there's theft, we can go back and look at those things and provide that information. Again, we're only able to provide that information for the customers that have AMR today.

As also mentioned previously, the 40-day -these AMR meters, we collect 40 days of usage. So
that's all collected, we get the 40-day history, and
then we load it into our system. That, although not
available for a customer to go in and get
independently, if they call us and there's a problem
or, you know, a dispute, we can go and pull that
information. And as you heard me say earlier, we're

actually right in the midst of training our CSRs to be able to provide that. We could call in much more easily. So you don't have to wait to pull a report and have it manipulated to understand exactly what is it saying. It will be more readily available.

To answer your question when is this -- when are all the functions going to be available. So by 2025, most of my customers will have AMR. So those things I just talked about are available and will be available for those folks. The platform that has to be developed to either include like a billing track usage, like sometimes you get the 12 months of usage by month, and those are great charts, right? We've been talking about that as an option, or maybe even having people go into their account and having it available so they can go in and look it up.

I don't know what the timing of that is.

When I referred to the project that was being -- the IT project that was being discussed this year, that's what they're going to be talking about is what do we want to see, and how do we want to see it, and when can we complete it. So I don't know the answers to when they can complete it. This will be a platform available for all the other states. I don't know the timing of when

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all the other states are going to be ready to go, or when the IT platform will be established, I just don't know that answer.

- Q. Thank you, sir. I don't have any other questions.
 - A. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right.

Does that cover all the Commission's questions?

All right. We're going to take a break. Come back on the record at 3:05. Please mute and turn your cameras off. When we come back, it's Commission -- questions on Commission's questions.

(At this time, a recess was taken from 2:51 p.m. to 3:05 p.m.)

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right.

Let's come back on the record.

And are there questions on Commission's questions? Mr. Grantmyre?

MR. GRANTMYRE: The Public Staff has questions.

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right.

MS. FORCE: Mr. Grantmyre, this is

Margaret Force. If you'd like me to go first, I

have a quick question. I'll go after you if you'd

	Page 91		
1	rather.		
2	MR. GRANTMYRE: Normally the AG goes		
3	before the Public Staff.		
4	COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: That's the		
5	normal situation. And, Ms. Force		
6	MS. FORCE: Can you see me okay? I'm		
7	confused by these boxes. Yeah, you can see me.		
8	RECROSS EXAMINATION BY MS. FORCE:		
9	Q. Mr. Becker, I just have a question about the		
10	first exhibit that you were talking about. I'm having		
11	trouble seeing you. And I'm sorry, I'm not looking at		
12	the camera, I'm looking at you. So if I go back and		
13	forth, that's how come.		
14	The exhibit that you talked to Commissioner		
15	Clodfelter about at the beginning, I'm not going to ask		
16	any specifics about it. I don't have it in front of me		
17	ei ther		
18	COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Ms. Force?		
19	MS. FORCE: Yes.		
20	COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: It actually		
21	does better when you look the other way from where		
22	you' re I ooki ng.		
23	MS. FORCE: Okay.		

Q. I'll just read my question, then. As I

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recall -- I don't have the exhibit in front of me, but as I recall, there were some numbers on the exhibits that were put together by Aqua. And I just wanted to clarify.

Were those numbers that had been audited -for instance, when I look at some of the exhibits in
the case, I was looking at Public Staff witness Henry's
exhibit, and he had done an investigation of the
numbers that Aqua submitted in its original
application.

I just want to clarify. When this exhibit was put together, was there any auditing or investigation done by the Public Staff about the actual amount of revenues that the Company has had and the return compared to the authorized return? Was that audited or was that all representations of Aqua? Do you follow me?

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Mr. Becker, you're on mute.

THE WITNESS: Good afternoon, Ms. Force.

Sorry about that, Commissioner. I have a clarifying question. You mentioned the exhibit.

I'm not exactly sure which exhibit. Is it the ROE exhibit with the graph; is that the one you're

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- Q. I could be wrong, but I recall that there was an exhibit that was a late-filed exhibit, that was confidential, and that included information about returns in other states.
- A. Okay. So you're talking about the confidential exhibit. And your question is, is anybody audited -- or your question was --

(WebEx sound failure.)

- Q. Right. And just to clarify --(Reporter interruption due to WebEx sound failure.)
- COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Right. I think between Mr. Becker and Ms. Force, that each one of you need to mute as soon as you finish speaking.
- Q. Would you like me to clarify, Mr. Becker, or are you good?
- A. If you could clarify. I think you asked did the Public Staff audit that or review that before it was filed; is that your question?
- Q. That's right. I realized that you had put together information that you believed to be correct just as you did in your application. But I'm

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- wondering, were the numbers investigated by the Public Staff?
- A. They were not investigated by the Public Staff. That schedule was pulled together by our corporate accounting group.
- Q. And am I right that that was pulled together quite quickly, perhaps over the 4th of July weekend, or sometime since then?
- A. I believe we got the request mid-last week maybe, and -- or early last week, and it was pulled together over the weekend and, I think, filed yesterday, two days ago.
- Q. And just to point out, you would agree with me, wouldn't you, that Public Staff's view of the present rates for the Company is quite different -- the present net operating revenues for Aqua presented in Mr. Henry's analysis is the summary exhibit that he prepared. And I refer to Henry Exhibit 1, Schedule 3A, page -- well, 3A. But that summary shows that the Public Staff's analysis of the present revenues are quite different than what was originally submitted in the application for Aqua?
- A. I'm sorry. If I could ask you to repeat the question. I'm not sure if I'm understanding you.

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Q. Sure.

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Mr. Becker, go on mute, please.

- Q. Just to clarify. The -- when the Public Staff investigated -- I'm sorry. When the Public Staff investigated the numbers that appeared -- that were submitted by the Company about what its present operating revenues and expenses are, their analysis was somewhat different than what Aqua's was; is that right?
- A. This number here that's loaded is our actual trailing 12-month as of the date of this filing. The application revenues and our incremental request are -- those have been disputed. Our initial request was like 6.7 million. I'm not sure if that's what you're referring to. That's the incremental amount. But there's going to be different numbers in the application versus where we ended up settling, where this is our actual trailing 12 months as recorded on the books in each of our subsidiaries' books.
- Q. Well, I would agree with you. But as I understand it also, when the test-year information is put in before the adjustments are made for one increase might be appropriate, just looking at present rates, the numbers still don't line up when the Public Staff

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looks at them, and that's when the Company would submit; would you agree with me?

- A. I'm not -- I apologize, I'm just confused.

 I'm not sure -- are you referring to the schedule that

 Mr. Grantmyre was reviewing earlier where he needed

 a -- he added two and a half months of revenue to his

 numbers to get to a different ROE? I'm sorry, I'm

 trying to clarify to understand the question.
- Q. No. I'll I tell you what. I'll refer you -and you don't need to look it up, but as I understand
 the exhibit that the Public Staff submitted as an
 accounting summary, before they made adjustments as to
 reflect the adjustments the Company was requesting,
 they showed where present rates are in the test year,
 and their numbers didn't line up with the numbers that
 the Company had, as is often the case. Am I mistaken
 in that?
- A. I guess I'm trying to find the connection -I think I understand what you're saying is that's the
 billing design schedules that were resubmitted
 yesterday by witness Henry and Junis. But I'm trying
 to understand the connection to this -- the
 confidential filed information which comes from our
 actual books for each of our subsidiaries. So --

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- Q. Well, let me go back to my original question, then, and I'll ask about them. The confidential exhibit that was filed was filed by a company that has not been investigated or audited; am I correct?
- A. That is correct. Those come from the actual books and from corporate, and it was not reviewed by the Public Staff in advance.
 - Q. Thank you. I don't have any other questions.

 COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Thank you.

 Mr. Grantmyre?

MR. GRANTMYRE: Yes.

RECROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. GRANTMYRE:

Q. This is asking in response to questions asked by Commissioner McKissick and Commissioner Brown-Bland regarding unitization and in-service dates.

You stated that Public Staff has only brought this to your attention recently. Isn't it true that it was approximately two years ago during the -- sorry -- two years ago during the WSIC/SSIC review that the Public Staff found this practice of reporting the in-service date months after the actual in-service, and they alerted the Company of it?

A. First, I would like to respond and say it's not a practice. But I do believe the first time this

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was brought up was for the March 2019 WSIC/SSIC filing where there were several assets in there that were identified to be unitized or capitalized later. And we agreed and made the adjustments in that filing. I think that's what you're referring to was when it was brought up. And that was the first time that there had been any issue that I was aware of. But yes, that would have been, I think, the March 2019 filing.

- Q. But you're aware that Public Staff's testimony is that you did not correct it on your books, and in this filing you still have the wrong date?
- A. Well, on our books, we cannot -- it's not easy to go back -- and I say easy. I don't know how you would do it. You can't go back and just open up financials from a prior year and make that correction. So that is true, we did not make that correction. If I recall -- we did not make that correction.
- Q. You then would agree that your books are wrong on those items that the Public Staff found as to the March 2019 WSLC?
- A. I would agree that our books are incorrect with that component, yes.
- Q. And the fact that they are incorrect are to the Company's benefit because you have less accumulated

depreciation?

- A. I don't know if that's to the Company's benefit.
- Q. Having less depreciation -- accumulated depreciation is to the Company's benefit; it increases your rate base, doesn't it?
 - A. It does increase our rate base.
- Q. Now, again, if, in fact, a project goes in service in October but is not unitized on the Company's books until the following March, you would agree that that lowers the accumulated depreciation?
- A. I would agree that that lowers the accumulated depreciation, yes.
- Q. And this was a question of Commissioner Brown-Bland where we talk about communications improving the process. And we were talking about communications with the field, and you made a statement, "Well, it's not cut and dry."

Isn't it cut and dry when an asset goes in service if you fill a tank with water, a new tank, and all of a sudden it's in service and serving customers on a date certain that water comes in the tank, stays in the tank, and then goes out to the customer? That's a certain absolute date, isn't it?

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- A. Not necessarily. You have to have it approved, reviewed. There might be some additional work that's done on that tank afterwards as part of that asset that you have to wait for the cost to come in. The invoices, doing it for the work of that gentleman, or the lady, or the vendor who's working on that asset, they have to go back and bill us for the system. So that's -- it's not cut and dry. There's operational improvements and changes that might need to be made, and we have to wait for all the cost information to be available, including payroll information. Most of that is typically available within 30 to 60 days.
 - Q. Well, aren't you talking about accounting functions afterwards, but the tank date is in service serving customers is a date certain? Water comes out of a tank and goes and serves customers, that's a date certain?
 - A. The day it's serving the customers is the day it's serving the customers. That is a date certain, yes.
 - Q. And you said that, in around 2009, you worked this out with Cathy Fernald, some type of system. You realize Public Staff asked in a data request -- and

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Mr. Thill will deal with it tomorrow -- as to exactly who in the Public Staff supposedly told you this, and we got no answer as to who it was. As of today, it's Cathy Fernald?

A. So I don't think I said in 2009 is when we got our answer, but since I was here in 2009, I know I was working closely with Cathy Fernald in our rate cases that we were issuing. And the understanding has been, since that point in time when I was here -- this is just my experience. I don't have a note that tells you or that was written from her. But we were always under the guise or the recommendation that we should not be unitizing an asset twice. That we need to wait for all the costs to come in.

We cannot -- and I know Tammy Bernard who has been our utility plan accountant for 20 years, she runs with that mantra, that we've always been told by Cathy that you cannot close an asset twice. So that means we were waiting for operations to tell us -- this is why it's not cut and dry. Operations would have to tell us when they're wrapped up and completed with all of their work, testing, certifications. And then we have to wait for all the costs to in, again, because we cannot capitalize an estimated cost. And sometimes vendors,

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even though you want them to send their invoices within 30 days, that doesn't always happen.

- Q. What you're testifying to is, under your system, there's no way to make a correction to plant entries once you get into your computer?
- A. I'm not testifying that we can't. But for reporting purposes, it's just not a simple process to open our prior year's files to record. And I think that -- I don't know the exact amount, but I want to say it was like \$4,000, that change that you were talking about, to record additional accumulative depreciation. Again, that might be off a little bit.

But to open up the prior year's reporting structure -- you know, we're publicly traded, so there's a big process to be able to close out a year. And my point is, it's a very technical process, it's an accounting process that's been vetted and reviewed by consultants when we actually had the order 2008 and follow-up reporting. So it's a very deep process that we need to understand what our system can and cannot do if we were to even make any changes.

- Q. But isn't this system very advantageous to you that -- to eliminate accumulated depreciation?
 - A. The system provides efficiencies to handle a

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very large volume of assets and capitalization. We were focusing on management by deterior (phonetic spelling).

- Q. You're saying there's no way to modify your system that you can go back and put the correct depreciation, correct in-service date?
- A. I'm not saying you can't. I don't know if you can. I'm not familiar with the inner workings of Power Plant to determine if you can do that or not.
- Q. You also talked about irrigation. One of the commissioners asked you about does irrigation affect water supply, the customer complaints.

And has Aqua been following the Commission's orders to notify the customers when there are drought restrictions or reduced watering restrictions based on the statewide drought map?

A. To the best of my information, yes, we do have information on our Aqua America website that indicates where the drought maps are located. The drought maps are updated on a weekly basis. So we can't proactively share that with each of the regions and customers because there are 51 counties, right, and they change depending on where you are.

But then when we do have issues with specific

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systems, we do send out Aqua alerts, or emergency alerts indicating that there are issues with the level of demand. And we ask people to restrict their usage and follow the drought map.

- Q. Now, Commissioner Clodfelter asked you several questions about the highly confidential filing that you made at the Commission's request; do you remember those?
- A. I do.

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Q. Now, isn't it true that -- I'm not going to get into any confidential information, I will be just very general here. I don't want any specifics.

But isn't it true that much of the operations in Texas is not even regulated by the Commission?

- A. If that's true, I'm not aware of it. I didn't -- I didn't think that was true.
 - Q. Because you don't have -- okay.

Now, preparing this, Aqua had no gains on sale within the 12 months ending March 20th; is that correct, selling the system?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. To a municipality or whomever?
- 23 A. No.
 - Q. Do you know for a fact whether there were any

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sales of any systems on any of these states through municipalities during this 12-month period? You don't have to get specific, but are you -- can you tell us that there were not any gains on sale included in these numbers?

- A. I do not know that answer.
- Q. And do you know whether or not which states had some contract ops -- contract operations that are not regulated by the respective utilities commission? Isn't it true some of these states had some contract ops?
- A. There may be some contract ops within some individual states or a few individual states, but Aqua, in general, shies away from contract operations in general. So if there are any, it's usually a small -- a small component.
- Q. Now, isn't it true that Aqua North Carolina has almost no contract ops, just very, very minor amount?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. And this is a very good chart that Commissioner Clodfelter requested, but don't you think it would be beneficial if you added a column to it, or the Commission requested you to add a column to it

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showing what the 2019 capital expenditures in each state -- each of these states were so we'd have an idea of capital spending?

- A. I defer to the Commission to answer that question of what they wanted out of this request. I do not know.
- Q. That would help compare, would it not, your capital spending versus these other states?
- A. Sure it would. But you also have rate base in there, I mean, which doesn't tell you the capital spend, but it tells you the value of the --
- Q. That capital spending could have been years and years ago.
 - A. I agree.
- 15 Q. Thank you. That's all I have.

16 COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Ms. Sanford.

MS. SANFORD: Thank you.

FURTHER REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. SANFORD:

Q. Mr. Becker, I have just a few questions. I know it's been a long day for you. And I want to go back to Commissioner Clodfelter's line of questioning about what's different in North Carolina, you know, with respect to this ability to earn comparison with other states.

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You listed some factors -- well, I think his questions were about what is different and also what do you think is significant, in terms of the impediments to the ability to earn in North Carolina. I am poorly rephrasing him, and his question better speaks for itself than my recast of it. But I think you mentioned a few items. And if you didn't, I want you to let me know that. I think you mentioned insurance cost, lag built into the -- I tell you what, let me ask this another way. It will be quicker and better.

If you had three -- if you picked the three top factors that you think were -- are barriers or restrictions on your ability to earn your authorized return in North Carolina, what would they be?

A. Well, number one would be capital lag, I think that's kind of first and foremost. It's seen throughout my testimony and my direct testimony. The capital lag. In coordination with the increased capital spending to replace and repair, although the CIAC replacement. So the level of capital spending, capital lag are significant.

And then I'd say, you know, in comparison to other states, the incorporation of the utilization of a WSIC/SSIC mechanism. I think there might be some more

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progressive ways to use that that would help us reduce lag that they have that maybe we don't.

- Q. Because some of these other states have what I'll call system improvement charges, right, which we know is a WSIC or a SSIC?
- A. Yeah. Most of the other states have a WSIC/SSIC, or a DSIC they call it, in some way. And then future test year, I guess, is another that would be -- you asked me for a top three. So what I actually -- let me kind of clean that slate.

Future test year, WSIC/SSIC -- you know, utilization of WSIC/SSIC, and then capital lag earning issues.

- Q. And I think you discuss the fact that there has been conversation about an expansion of the WSIC/SSIC, right? I mean, that's kind of an ongoing conversation with Aqua, right?
- A. That's correct. We were working with, in fact, Public Staff and the legislature to draft an expansion of eligible items under the WSIC/SSIC. We just haven't been able to move forward on that yet.
- Q. Let me ask you about another item, in terms of whether it is a restriction on your ability to earn that authorize as we talked about.

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Would factors such as certain rate design proposals put your revenues at risk, thereby negatively affecting your ability to achieve your allowed ROE?

A. Sure. Our current rate design is about 40/60 fixed versus variable or VFC versus volumetric. But the more volumetric, the more variable -- the larger the variable component, especially during a time of declining consumption, puts our revenues at a much greater risk, especially if we were to incorporate what the Public Staff is recommending as their proposed volumetric mix, which is 30/70. So it's another 10 percent added to the fixed component. I'm sorry, taken away from the fixed component and put into volumetric.

And then for our sewer, they're suggesting 60/60. That would add, I would think, substantial risk to us being able to earn our revenues that allows us to come near a reasonable opportunity to approach our authorized ROE.

Q. Okay. Now let's move to some of Commissioner McKissick's questions. As you were discussing unitization issues with him, and as you were having conversation about the duration of the period of time that this has been an issue,

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Commissioner McKissick asked you -- again, his words better than mine -- basically if you see a path forward, or what do you see as a solution, or something to that effect, I think. And you had a lot of conversation about the issue and the problem, and I'm not asking you to revisit that, or about Aqua's views of it.

But to his question, specifically about what do you see as a path forward for resolution of this issue about which you and the Public Staff are in dispute?

- A. So in my response to Commissioner McKissick, you know, again, I think we're doing everything that we should be doing. There's always room for improvement in the -- I believe it's in witness Junis and Henry's joint testimony. There's a recommendation in there to file a report -- for Aqua to file a report on its processes, I think within 90 days. I would agree that we could take a concerted effort to look at what our processes are and file a report on our processes as they recommend.
- Q. Do you think that would be a step forward in this inquiry and sort of examination of positions?
 - A. I do. It's beneficial, right? Again, like

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we said, there's always opportunity to improve something. Maybe we'll learn something out of it. And I think putting it into that kind of report will open up some dialogue and will address everybody's concerns. Or at least understand what the cost is going to be to incorporate some of the new processes or controls that need to be installed to address those concerns. And then we can make a decision as to whether or not those controls as additional controls are worth that investment.

- Q. And just to be clear, did Aqua have a different position with respect to its view of this report earlier in the proceeding? Or do you know?
- A. Well, we had initially thought it was something that we were going to collaborate with with the Public Staff, and we were concerned about the timing of it being so short in 90 days. But then we realized -- internally we discussed and realized that's not what the Public Staff was asking, at least as far as we understood. Now, we could do a self-assessment and report on that within 90 days, so there was a little bit of a difference of understanding what that was between then and now.
 - Q. Okay. All right. Thank you. I have one

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more question. I think Commissioner Brown-Bland asked some questions about flushing, and I just wanted to be sure we carefully reflect it on the record.

What is the current status of your flushing program?

- A. Are you referring to --
- Q. I mean with respect to the pandemic.
- A. Oh, yeah. So we had made a decision earlier on when the pandemic had started, you know, and everybody started working from home, that we normally start all of our flushing when we're not irrigating. So we kind of do it earlier in the season in spring so as not to, you know, pull away from the capacity. But unfortunately, with everybody coming home, when we flush, there are -- we're disturbing the water, or we're disturbing minerals that might be in the system, so it causes water quality issues.

We postponed a lot of our flushing -- and I apologize I didn't clarify that for you,

Commissioner Brown-Bland, earlier -- but we put a pause on a lot of our flushing of our systems because so many people were home. We did not want to disrupt the water quality -- you know, shake up the water, stir up the water during that time. And we figured as soon as

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everybody returned to work, we could start our flushing program again.

We are looking at -- since we're now into month three or four, actually, we have been looking at doing some systems, probably in the middle of the night and bringing in people to work a night shift, so we can flush when people are sleeping and they're not actually using the water to hopefully minimize any kind of water quality components.

Q. Okay. Thank you, Mr. Becker. I have no more questions.

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right.

Thank you, Mr. Becker. I will entertain motions.

MS. SANFORD: Let's see, I move

Mr. Becker's four exhibits into evidence, please.

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right.

Without objection, that motion is allowed and the exhibits -- Mr. Becker's exhibits attached to his prefiled testimony will be received into evidence at this time.

(Becker Direct Exhibits 1 through 3 and Becker Direct Revised Exhibit 3 were admitted into evidence.)

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND:

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Session Date: 7/8/2020

Commissioner Clodfelter?

COMMISSIONER CLODFELTER: Is this the appropriate point to make inquiry about getting into the record the confidential exhibit?

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Yes.

commissioner clodfelter: Ms. Sanford, of course it comes in subject to the confidentiality designation.

MS. SANFORD: Right.

COMMISSIONER CLODFELTER: My question,
Mr. Grantmyre suggested that we might want to
revise exhibit, but I don't want to call for
something that is really -- make or would be very
difficult to do. He suggested that for each of the
jurisdictions on that -- shown on that exhibit, we
also add a column showing the capital spend in the
most recent -- or in the same period as the chart
covers, the trailing 12 months.

If I understood Mr. Becker's testimony correctly, though, that would be a sort of half of the information. That the real important data point is the relative relationship between the level of capital spend and the level of depreciation of rate base taken. And I don't know

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how difficult it is to generate that information.

But again, as I understand Mr. Becker, it's not
just the absolute level of capital spend, it's how
capital spend relates to the depreciation that's
being taken.

MS. SANFORD: I think there are two questions before me here. Number one is how we get this into the record. We have, of course, filed it with the -- we filed it in the docket. And we could make this a Becker direct exhibit.

COMMISSIONER CLODFELTER: That would be fine.

with everybody. So that would satisfy the mechanics of this. As to the question -- I hear the question and the interest in the other items. Might I suggest that I think what Aqua has to do -- Mr. Becker will certainly correct me -- but because this was driven by corporate resources and it involved all the states, I think that Aqua will need to talk to corporate people to find out, to answer your question what's involved. So may we do that and report to you on the addition of the extra item?

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	raye
1	COMMISSIONER CLODFELTER: That's fair.
2	MS. SANFORD: Thank you. And then,
3	meanwhile, we will ask that that confidential
4	exhibit be marked Becker Direct Exhibit Number 4,
5	5? I can't remember. How many Shannon?
6	THE WITNESS: 4.
7	MS. SANFORD: 4. Okay. Becker Direct
8	Exhi bi t 4.
9	COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: There were
10	four exhibits submitted; was that included?
11	MS. SANFORD: No, it was not, I'm sorry.
12	Then 5, Exhibit Number 5. Thank you.
13	THE WITNESS: There was Becker Direct
14	Exhibit 1, 2, and 3, and then Direct Exhibit 3
15	Revised. That makes four.
16	COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: So that makes
17	the four. So this one is going to be identified as
18	Becker Direct Exhibit Number 4.
19	MS. SANFORD: Yes. And we would request
20	that that be moved into evidence and this docket
21	as and treated in all respects as a confidential
22	matter.
23	COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: That will be
24	allowed. With regard to the item you were

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1 discussing with Commissioner Clodfelter, you can 2 mark it as a Becker direct exhibit, but I believe 3 it should come in at this stage as a late-filed. MS. SANFORD: 4 0kay. (Becker Direct Exhibit 4 was admitted 5 into evidence.) 6 7 MS. SANFORD: All right. COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: 8 All right. 9 And does that conclude it for you, Ms. Sanford? 10 MS. SANFORD: Yes, ma'am. That's it for 11 me. COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: 12 All right. 13 Mr. Grantmyre? 14 MR. GRANTMYRE: Public Staff would move 15 that Public Staff Becker Cross -- Public Staff 16 Becker Direct Cross Examination Exhibits 1 through 17 6 be admitted into evidence. 18 COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: 19 Mr. Grantmyre, I had 1 through 5. Does the court 20 reporter have 1 through 6? We have 1 through 5, 21 Mr. Grantmyre. 22 MR. GRANTMYRE: Then 1 through 5, then. 23 COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right. 24 That motion will be allowed without objection.

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(Public Staff Becker Direct Cross Examination Exhibits 1 through 5 were admitted into evidence.)

commissioner brown-bland: Mr. Becker, in the figurative sense, I suppose you may step down. Also, I feel that, since she's not here and no longer in the employ of the Public Staff, that, one, for the benefit of the court reporter, and also just to correct -- make sure the correct pronunciation of her name gets in the record, it's Cathy or Catherine Fernald. She was pretty adamant about that during her times with us. And that's F-E-R-N-A-L-D.

All right, Ms. Sanford. Commission, if we can do it, would like to hear from witness Gearhart.

MS. SANFORD: Yes. Could you give us about -- we have to restage for parts of the building here. Could you give us about five minutes and we'll --

this. We are trying our best to be done for the day at 4:00, so I have to give you the time to be able to --

Session Date: 7/8/2020

Page 120 1 DEAN GEARHART, 2 having first been duly affirmed, was examined 3 and testified as follows: COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right. 4 5 Now, Mr. Bennink. 6 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. BENNINK: 7 0. Mr. Gearhart, could you state your name and business address for the record, please? 8 9 Α. My name is Dean Gearhart. My business address is 22 MacKenan Court in Cary, North Carolina. 10 11 (Reporter interruption due to feedback.) 12 COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Try again, 13 Mr. Bennink. 14 Q. Did you prefile direct testimony in this 15 docket consisting of 21 pages with no direct exhibits? 16 Α. I did. 17 0. And if you were asked those same questions 18 today, would your answers be the same? 19 Α. They would. 20 Do you have any changes or corrections to be 0. 21 made to that testimony? 22 Α. I do not at this time. 23 MR. BENNINK: Commissioner Brown-Bland, 24 we would ask that Mr. Gearhart's direct testimony

Session Date: 7/8/2020

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION RALEIGH

DOCKET NO. W-218, SUB 526

BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF
APPLICATION BY AQUA NORTH CAROLINA, INC.,
202 MACKENAN COURT, CARY, NORTH CAROLINA 27511
FOR AUTHORITY TO ADJUST AND INCREASE RATES FOR WATER
AND SEWER UTILITY SERVICE IN ALL SERVICE AREAS IN
NORTH CAROLINA

PREFILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF **DEAN R. GEARHART**ON BEHALF OF AQUA NORTH CAROLINA, INC.

December 31, 2019

PREFILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF DEAN R. GEARHART
Page 1 of 21

Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.

A. My name is Dean R. Gearhart. My business address is 202 Mackenan Court, Cary, NC 27511.

Q. BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?

A. I am employed by Aqua North Carolina, Inc. ("Aqua" or "Company") as the Rates and Planning Manager; as such, I provide financial supervision and quidance to the controller and president of the state organization.

Q. PLEASE BRIEFLY DESCRIBE YOUR BUSINESS EXPERIENCE.

A. I joined the Company in 2007 as the State Controller. I have served as the Rates and Planning Manager since 2010. Prior to joining Aqua, I had been employed in the mortgage industry since 1992 — working at several institutions such as a savings and loan in Maryland, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Company ("Freddie Mac"), as well as the mortgage company of a home builder ("NVR") in Virginia. In Florida, I was employed by the mortgage company of a home builder ("Mercedes Homes") as well as by Pinnacle Financial, a mortgage company. At these companies I held various accounting positions, including Accounting Manager and Assistant Controller.

Q. PLEASE DISCUSS YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND.

A. I am a graduate of the University of Maryland at College Park with a Bachelor of Science degree in Accounting and am a licensed Certified Public Accountant in North Carolina.

Q BEFORE WHAT REGULATORY AGENCIES HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY APPEARED AND PRESENTED EXPERT TESTIMONY?

A. I have assisted in the preparation of exhibits, discovery responses, and testimony, and appeared as a witness before the North Carolina Utilities Commission ("NCUC" or "Commission") in evidentiary hearings in previous cases for Aqua North Carolina since 2007.

Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

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Α. The purpose of my testimony is to summarize Aqua's adjustments to Operating and Maintenance Expenses, Other Expenses. and Miscellaneous Revenue and Expenses. Detailed calculations for each of these adjustments are found within the Exhibits to "W-1, ITEM 10, REVENUE AND EXPENSE ADJUSTMENTS" of the Company's Application.

All expenses have been adjusted to reflect the correct levels during the first year that rates will be in effect as a result of this Application for the following rate divisions: a) Aqua North Carolina Water and Sewer; b) Fairways Utilities Water and Sewer; and c) Brookwood Water.

I also summarize the Company's adjustments to rate base included in the Application for Increased Rates filed in this docket. Detailed calculations for each of these adjustments are found within the Exhibits to "W-1, ITEM 10, RATE BASE ADJUSTMENTS".

I also discuss the Company's request for approval to re-set the water and

1		sewer system improvement charge mechanisms, pursuant to G.S. 62-
2		133.12 and Commission Rules R7-39 and R10-26.
3	Q.	WHAT ROLE HAVE YOU PLAYED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS
4		FILING?
5	A.	The schedules and exhibits in the Application were coordinated
6		and prepared by me or someone working in the Company's Accounting
7		Department.
8	Q.	WHAT TEST YEAR PERIOD DOES YOUR PREFILED TESTIMONY
9		ADDRESS?

ADDRESS?

My testimony addresses amounts related to the test year in this Α. docket, which ended September 30, 2019, as well as certain adjustments that extend into the post-test year that are known and measurable and pro forma in nature.

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PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO LABOR EXPENSE -Q. SALARY AND WAGES.

For purposes of this rate filing, I utilized the Company's approved Α. staffing level as of the fourth quarter of 2019. This consists of 182 positions, one (1) of which is part time and two (2) of which are seasonal/summer positions. Each of the positions is identified with the person holding the position at the time, or as "OPEN" if the position was not filled at the time the labor file was created.

The elements of the Labor Expense Calculation are as follows:

- part-time position, which works 20 hours a week. The seasonal employees were included with a total of 680 hours (17 weeks at 40 hours per week)
- Each position is calculated using the actual salary effective January
 1, 2020, other than the open positions noted above, and an estimated 3% increase for annual merit increases that are effective
 April 1st of each year.
- The number of overtime ("OT") hours in this filing is the exact amount incurred during the test year by department. The projected April 2020 hourly overtime rate for all OT-eligible positions within each department has been applied to those actual OT hours to calculate the annual overtime cost.
- Stand-By Pay was included at actual Test Year amounts by Rate
 Division with no adjustment.
- The process, outlined above, calculates a total annual <u>cost</u> for regular labor and overtime labor. The actual test year <u>expense</u> <u>percentages</u> were then applied to calculate the proper amount of regular labor and overtime labor <u>expense</u>. Finally, these <u>expense</u> amounts were allocated to the five rate divisions based on their relative percentages during the test year.

For example, if a rate division was 20% of the test year overtime expense, that rate division was allocated 20% of the updated overtime expense amount calculated above.

Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO LABOR EXPENSE – EMPLOYEE PENSIONS AND BENEFITS.

- A. For purposes of this rate filing, the Company utilized the "benefits expense" projected for 2020 for North Carolina employees. The calculation includes person-by-person information for Medical, Dental, Life Insurance, Accidental Death & Dismemberment ("AD&D"), Long-Term Disability ("LTD"), 401K and Year End Contribution ("Profit Sharing"). The detail is provided by position. The benefits total includes the current approved staffing level of 182, less one part-time position and the two seasonal employees, for a total of 179 benefits-eligible employees. The estimates for the positions that were "newly hired" or OPEN at the time of the filing (thus not having benefits) were based on the average of actual benefits costs for the positions with benefits.
 - A calculation was done for each of these benefits categories to determine the annual amount. Since Aqua capitalizes a portion of benefits costs, the labor expense rate (from the Item 10 Labor calculation) was applied to derive the total annual expense amount.
 - The current annual amount in each category was then compared to the test year amounts to determine the proforma adjustment

amounts needed. A percent increase was calculated and then applied to the test year amounts to properly allocate the final cost by rate division.

Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO PURCHASED WATER EXPENSE.

- A. For all purchased water systems, the test year actual volumes of water purchased were used with the most recent/known vendor pricing applied to that volume.
- Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO PURCHASED WASTEWATER TREATMENT EXPENSE.
- A. For Aqua's City of Charlotte purchased wastewater systems, the test year actual volume was used, and the most recent/known vendor pricing was applied to those volumes. Charges from Carolina Water Service were adjusted for their 2019 rate increase (NCUC Docket No. W-354 Sub 360).

 A new expense item began in May 2019, for sending wastewater to be treated by Johnston County. An adjustment has been made to include a full year's impact of this Johnston County charge into the test year.
- Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO PURCHASED POWER/FUEL.
- A. No adjustments have been made to purchased power for this filing; however, any rate changes for Duke Energy Carolinas or Duke Energy Progress that may become official during this proceeding should be factored

1		into the final expense amount for this category.						
2	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO SLUDGE EXPENSE.						
3		In the Item 10, an adjustment was made to adjust the test year to the actual						
4		volume of sludge hauled during the test year. An adjustment was also made						
5		to reflect vendor price increases in the Company's Western/Denver region.						
6	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO CHEMICAL EXPENSE.						
7	A.	For Item 10, there were no adjustments made to chemical <i>volume</i> , but there						
8		was a significant adjustment for the price of caustic which has gone down						
9		since the beginning of the test year. An adjustment was also made to other						
10		chemicals to reflect the current unit price for each. These adjustments						
11		result in a reduction to the test year chemical expense.						
12	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO CORPORATE						
13		SERVICES.						
14	A.	During the test year, it was determined that Corporate Services amounts						
15		were not allocated to the Fairways Water rate division for most of the test						
16		year. These amounts appear as adjustments to expense in this filing and						
17		are summarized in Exhibit B3-k to Item 10.						
18	Q.	DID YOU MAKE ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES						
19		EXPENSE?						
20	A.	No.						
21	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO CONTRACTUAL						

SERVICES.

1 Α. **Accounting** – No adjustments have been made to contractual services-2 accounting for this filing. 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 For Contractual Services – Other 10 11 12 and Outside Services "Other". 13 14 15 include: 16 17 18 19 20

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Legal - For Item 10, the Company is submitting an adjustment to reflect the actual charges for necessary legal support during the test year.

Lab Testing – Wastewater testing has been adjusted to the projected 2020 level – with plant-by-plant schedules included in Item 10. An adjustment was also done to reflect the proper amortization of tests that are required every nine years but were being amortized over a shorter period.

Contractual Services – Other includes the following Aqua categories: Aqua Customer Operations ("ACO") Direct Expenses & Allocations, Outside Services IT, Outside Services Operations, Outside Services Maintenance

The factors for the adjustments to Contractual Services – Other expenses

- Annualization of an increase in the Microsoft licensing (IT) costs.
- An adjustment for a full year of the current cost of the Water Remediation Treatment ("WRT") units located in the Fayetteville and Cary regions from leased equipment to Contract Services-Operations.
- Adjustment for United States Postal Service ("USPS") postage increases, effective January 2019.

1		 An adjustment to get to the actual charges incurred for USIC 						
2		Locating Services, LLC during the test year.						
3		An adjustment has been made to include a full year of increased						
4		charges for Governor's Club.						
5		Finally, an adjustment has been made to remove all Temporary						
6	Labor incurred during the test year. Since the Labor Expense							
7	amounts (above) assume no open positions, the Company is							
8	removing test year temporary labor charges used to fill such							
9	positions. If the Company has labor expense reduced for vacancies,							
10	then these Temporary Labor charges would need to be added back							
11		to reflect the cost of vacancies.						
12	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO RENTAL OF						
12 13	Q.							
	Q. A.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO RENTAL OF						
13		PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO RENTAL OF BUILDINGS/LAND.						
13 14		PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO RENTAL OF BUILDINGS/LAND. The adjustments reflect the updated 2019 rental fees for one Aqua regional						
13 14 15	A.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO RENTAL OF BUILDINGS/LAND. The adjustments reflect the updated 2019 rental fees for one Aqua regional office and the lease expense for well lots in the Brookwood Water area.						
13 14 15 16	A.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO RENTAL OF BUILDINGS/LAND. The adjustments reflect the updated 2019 rental fees for one Aqua regional office and the lease expense for well lots in the Brookwood Water area. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO TRANSPORTATION						
13 14 15 16 17	A. Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO RENTAL OF BUILDINGS/LAND. The adjustments reflect the updated 2019 rental fees for one Aqua regional office and the lease expense for well lots in the Brookwood Water area. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO TRANSPORTATION EXPENSE.						
13 14 15 16 17	A. Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO RENTAL OF BUILDINGS/LAND. The adjustments reflect the updated 2019 rental fees for one Aqua regional office and the lease expense for well lots in the Brookwood Water area. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO TRANSPORTATION EXPENSE. An adjustment has been made to reflect the three-year average for fuel						
13 14 15 16 17 18	A. Q. A.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO RENTAL OF BUILDINGS/LAND. The adjustments reflect the updated 2019 rental fees for one Aqua regional office and the lease expense for well lots in the Brookwood Water area. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO TRANSPORTATION EXPENSE. An adjustment has been made to reflect the three-year average for fuel price, which was applied to the test year fuel volume.						

increase to calculate the adjusted bad debt amount. All adjustments are related to the requested increase in revenues. This adjustment is calculated in Exhibit E to the Applications to Increase Rates and Charges, discussed below.

Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO LIABILITY INSURANCE EXPENSE.

- The Company adjusted the test year amounts to include the liability insurance cost that Aqua will incur during 2020.
- For this filing, Aqua is requesting the five-year average of actual claims paid for the years 2014-2018. This matches the methodology applied by the Public Staff, and approved by the Commission, to calculate the insurance adjustment in previous rate cases.
- In conjunction with this treatment for claims, the Company requests authority to create a deferred regulatory asset / liability for insurance claims paid in excess of (asset) or less than (liability) as compared to the authorized annual claim expense as approved by the NCUC in this rate case (base level annual claims insurance recovery). If there is any excess balance (liability) or shortfall (asset) existing at the end of the next test year, that balance will be divided by 2 and applied to the base level annual claims insurance recovery amount. This method will be the recovery approach for all Aqua rate cases going forward.
 - Alternatively, the Company requests recovery for a zero deductible

insurance policy for general liability, workman's compensation and auto insurance.

Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSE.

- A. Miscellaneous expense has been adjusted by removing all test year amounts for Fines & Penalties, as these costs are not requested for recovery. In addition, a prior period invoice has been adjusted out of the test year total and an adjustment has been made to reflect the 2019 USPS increase in postage costs.
- Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO DEPRECIATION AND CONTRIBUTIONS IN AID OF CONSTRUCTION ("CIAC")

 AMORTIZATION EXPENSE.
- A. Utility Plant in Service depreciation and CIAC amortization expense adjustments have been calculated using the same methodology as was consistently applied in previous rate cases. Depreciation expense was computed on the balances in the utility plant in service accounts as of September 30, 2019, which was then adjusted for post-test year additions and allocated general plant. The depreciation expense calculated represents an annualized level of expense on all utility plant in service at September 30, 2019, as adjusted for post-test year additions expected to be in service before the conclusion of this proceeding. Amortization expense on CIAC was computed on the balances of contributions in aid of

1		construction at September 30, 2019. The amortization expense calculated
2		represents an annualized level of expense on all CIAC closed as or
3		September 30, 2019. The depreciation/CIAC rates used in the annua
4		calculation are from the depreciation study completed by Gannett Fleming
5		which was filed in 2018 and approved as part of W-218 Sub 497.
6	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENT TO GAIN ON SALE OF
7		ASSETS.
8	A.	No adjustment has been made to gain on sale.
9	Q.	DID YOU MAKE ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO NON-UTILITY REVENUE?
10	A.	Non-Utility Revenue consists of antenna revenue and no adjustment was
11		made.
12	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO RATE CASE EXPENSE.
13	A.	Rate case expense has been calculated estimating total costs for the
14		current rate filing. These costs include:
15		 Legal Services provided by Aqua's primary regulatory attorneys;
16		• Labor from Service Company employees as well as Aqua
17		Contractors ("Billing & Rates Departments");
18		Expenses including printing, customer notices, filing fees, necessary
19		travel, and other administrative costs;
20		Cost of outside consultant for work on Rate of Return and Capital
21		Structure Issues;

These costs are calculated to amortize over a two-year period, in keeping

1		with Aqua NC's anticipated rate filing interval.					
2	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO TAXES OTHER THAN					
3		INCOME.					
4	A.	First, the North Carolina Utilities Commission/Public Staff Regulatory Fee					
5		Assessment has been calculated for the test year and adjusted to					
6		correspond to the Company's "applied for" rate increases. Second, payroll					
7		taxes have been adjusted for the pro forma increase in labor expense.					
8		NOTE – these adjustments are calculated in Exhibit E to the Applications to					
9		Increase Rates and Charges, also described below.					
10	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO AMORTIZATION					
11		EXPENSE.					
12	A.	This expense has been adjusted to reflect the level of tank painting					
13		amortization as of the end of the test year.					
14	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE MISCELLANEOUS ADJUSTMENTS TO					
15		REVENUE AND EXPENSE LOCATED IN THE EXHIBITS E TO THE					
16		APPLICATIONS TO INCREASE RATES AND CHARGES OF THE					
17		CURRENT RATE FILING.					
18	•	The late payment fees percentage incurred during the test year has been					
19		applied to pro forma revenues to produce the amount of pro forma late					
20		payment fees.					
21	•	The same treatment was given to Abatements.					

• The adjustment to Bad Debt Expense/Uncollectibles (discussed above) is

calculated in Exhibit E by applying the test year percentage to the updated revenue amounts.

- For ratemaking purposes, the Company's interest expense claim has been synchronized with rate base in this proceeding, which is supported by W-1, Item 3 and Exhibit M to the Applications to Increase Rates and Charges. The per books amounts for Interest on Long-Term Debt, Short-Term Debt, Pushdown Debt, Interest Expense-Other and the Amortization of Debt Issuance costs have been adjusted to zero as part of this process. These per books adjustments are reflected in Exhibit E. NOTE Interest expense on customer deposits for the test year was left unchanged.
- Taxes (such as payroll taxes, Commission/Public Staff regulatory fees, and per books income taxes) are updated in Exhibit E.
- Miscellaneous non-utility expenses, which should not be considered for ratemaking purposes, have also been removed in Exhibit E.
- Annualization and adjustment factors are calculated and applied in Exhibit
 E and applied to certain variable expenses.
- Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENT TO STATE AND FEDERAL INCOME TAXES.
- A. State and federal income taxes are based on the statutory corporate rates of 2.5% and 21.0%, respectively, applied to the pro forma level of income. This calculation is detailed in Exhibit K to the Applications to Increase Rates and Charges.

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR ADJUSTMENT TO UTILITY PLANT IN SERVICE.

A. The historical UPIS balance was adjusted to include post-test year additions ("PTY Adds") and allocated general plant. PTY Adds represent capital expenditures that were not in service at the conclusion of the test year, but which are expected to be completed and in service ("used and useful") prior to the conclusion of this proceeding. Support for the adjustments specific to additional new spending is identified through pro forma adjustments, as referenced in Exhibit A-1 for Water and Exhibit A-2 for Sewer, within the Company's Application for Rate Increase Form W-1, Item 10.

Adjustments were also made for allocated general plant, which are assets that benefit all of the operating units of Aqua statewide and are recorded on the Company's books in an "Administrative" accounting unit for accounting purposes, thus not reflected within the historic test year balances of UPIS within each rate division. These types of assets include both "Common" and Information Technology ("IT") and are further detailed in Exhibit A-1 for Water and Exhibit A-2 for Sewer, within the Company's Application for Rate Increase, Form W-1, and Item 10.

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR ADJUSTMENT TO THE ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION RESERVE.

A. Two specific adjustments were made to the historic test year ending balances at September 30, 2019, related to the Accumulated Depreciation

all test year additions. Second, a full year's depreciation was calculated on requested post-test year additions. The depreciation rates used for the calculation of the accumulated depreciation reserve are historically approved depreciation rates. These adjustments are referenced in Exhibit A-1 for Water and Exhibit A-2 for Sewer, within the Company's Application for Rate Increase Form W-1, Item 10.

Reserve ("Accum. Depr"). First, a full year's depreciation was calculated on

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR ADJUSTMENT TO THE LEVEL OF MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES.

A. Three adjustments were made to the level of materials and supplies ("M&S") included in pro forma rate base. First, a 13-month average was calculated of outstanding inventory balances as of September 30, 2019. These adjustments are allocated based on the customer counts as shown on Appendix 3. The supporting calculation for the 13-month average inventory is as referenced in Exhibit A-1 for Water and Exhibit A-2 for Sewer within the Company's Application for Rate Increase Form W-1, Item 10.

Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR WORKING CAPITAL ALLOWANCE.

A. I calculated cash working capital (Exhibit L to the Applications to Increase Rates and Charges) as 1/8 of operating and maintenance expense, excluding purchased water and sewer, plus customer deposit interest. In addition, the Company added the average prepayments such as unamortized tank painting, rate case expense, unamortized depreciation

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study costs, and unamortized repair tax credit costs. Deducted from these amounts are the average tax accruals calculated as 1/6 of unemployment tax and regulatory assessment fee, and 1/2 of property taxes.

- In addition, adjustments were made here related to the Johnston County transmission and distribution charge from the Docket No. W-218 Sub 497 case and the Company's request for deferred accounting treatment on post-test year additions. Both of these items are discussed in detail in the direct testimony of Ed Thill.
- PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENT TO UTILITY PLANT
- Adjustments have been made to the utility plant acquisition adjustment ("UPAA") balance for post-test year ("PTY") additions.
 - These adjustments are referenced in Exhibit A-1 within the Company's Application for Rate Increase, Form W-1, Item 10, and in PTY addition updates provided to the Public Staff.
- Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION OF CONTRIBUTIONS IN AID OF CONSTRUCTION.
- Α. An adjustment was made to CIAC to allow for a full year of amortization on test year additions. The amortization rates used for the calculation of the accumulated amortization reserve are the approved amortization rates. This adjustment is further detailed as

1		referenced in Exhibit A-1 for Water and Exhibit A-2 for Sewer, within			
2		the Company's Application for Rate Increase Form W-1, Item 10.			
3	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE COMPANY'S CALCULATIONS REGARDING			
4		REVENUES.			
5	A.	The Company has provided an analysis of the test year consumption and			
6		number of bills from October of 2018 — September of 2019. The test year			
7		revenue amounts have been normalized to reflect a full year of consumption			
8		with the customer count/bill count projected through March 31, 2020.			
9		Additional detail on rate design is provided in the direct testimony of Edward			
10		Thill.			
11	Q.	HAS THE COMPANY REQUESTED APPROVAL OF A "RE-SET" OF			
12		THE WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT CHARGE AND SEWER SYSTEM			
13		IMPROVEMENT CHARGE THAT WAS APPROVED IN ITS PREVIOUS			
14		PROCEEDING?			
15	A.	Yes. Pursuant to G.S. 62-133.12 and Commission Rules R7-39 and R10-			
16		26, Aqua has requested approval to "re-set" the WSIC and SSIC to zero			
17		upon the issuance on the final rate order in this proceeding. Aqua commits			
18		to continue to operate under and comply with the NCUC-established WSIC			
19		and SSIC rules.			
20	Q.	ARE THERE ANY OTHER REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN THE			
21		NCUC'S WSIC/SSIC RULES THAT SHOULD BE ADDRESSED IN THIS			

PROCEEDING?

1	A.	Subject to further Order by the Commission, Aqua will continue to file the						
2		follov	following reports within 45 days after the end of each calendar quarter in					
3		the fo	the format prescribed by the Commission: (1) a quarterly earnings report;					
4		(2) a	(2) a quarterly report of WSIC/SSIC collections from customers; and (3) a					
5		const	truction	status report.				
6		(1)	Quar	terly Earnings Report – consisting of the following:				
7			(a)	A balance sheet and income statement for the calendar				
8				quarter and calendar year to date for Aqua;				
9			(b)	A statement of the per books net operating income for the				

- (b) A statement of the per books net operating income for the calendar quarter and calendar year to date for each rate division (Aqua Water, Aqua Wastewater, Brookwood Water, Fairways Water, and Fairways Wastewater), based on North Carolina ratemaking and in the same format as the Per Books column on Schedule B of the Company's Application;
- (c) A statement of rate base at the end of the calendar quarter for each rate division based on North Carolina ratemaking in the same format as the Per Books column on Schedule C of the Company's Application; and
- (d) The number of customers and gallons sold for each month of the calendar quarter for each rate division by rate type (meter size, flat rate, etc.).
- (2) Quarterly Report of WSIC/SSIC Collections providing the

calculation of the WSIC/SSIC amounts collected for the quarter by 1 rate division and rate type. (3) Quarterly Construction Status Report – including by rate division the

following information for each eligible system improvement project: (a) the cost incurred during the quarter, (b) the cumulative amount incurred, (c) the estimated total cost for the project, (d) the estimated completion date, and (e) the actual completion date.

DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY? Q.

Yes. A.

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MR. BENNINK: If it's okay, we'll go ahead and introduce his rebuttal testimony now, too. I think all the parties have waived cross-examination, so we'll go ahead and get that in the record.

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right.

- Q. Mr. Gearhart, did you file rebuttal testimony consisting of 11 pages and Gearhart Rebuttal Exhibits 1 and 2?
 - A. I did.
- Q. Do you have any changes or corrections to make to your testimony?
 - A. Other than I believe all the rebuttal items have been agreed upon in the settlement, no.
 - Q. Do you have any changes or corrections to make to the testimony?
 - A. Not at this time.
 - Q. If you were asked those same questions today, would your answers be the same?
 - A. I would.

MR. BENNINK: Commissioner Brown-Bland, we would ask that Mr. Gearhart's rebuttal testimony be copied into the record as if given orally from the stand.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION RALEIGH

DOCKET NO. W-218, SUB 526

BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF
APPLICATION BY AQUA NORTH CAROLINA, INC.,
202 MACKENAN COURT, CARY, NORTH CAROLINA 27511
FOR AUTHORITY TO ADJUST AND INCREASE RATES FOR WATER
AND SEWER UTILITY SERVICE IN ALL SERVICE AREAS IN
NORTH CAROLINA

PREFILED REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF **DEAN R. GEARHART**ON BEHALF OF AQUA NORTH CAROLINA, INC.

June 12, 2020

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1	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
2	A.	My name is Dean R. Gearhart. My business address is 202 Mackenan
3		Court, Cary, NC 27511.
4	Q.	BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?
5	A.	I am employed by Aqua North Carolina, Inc. ("Aqua", "Aqua North Carolina",
6		or "Company") as the Manager of Rates and Planning; as such, I provide
7		financial supervision and guidance to the president of the state organization.
8	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
9	A.	My rebuttal testimony will address certain expense related
10		adjustments made by Public Staff witnesses Henry and Feasel and
11		comments made by Public Staff witness Junis.
12	Q.	WITH WHICH OF PUBLIC STAFF'S CURRENT, UPDATED
12 13	Q.	WITH WHICH OF PUBLIC STAFF'S CURRENT, UPDATED ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU AGREE?
	Q. A.	,
13		ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU AGREE?
13 14		ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU AGREE? Aqua and the Public Staff have agreed to a number of updated adjustments,
13 14 15		ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU AGREE? Aqua and the Public Staff have agreed to a number of updated adjustments, and they will be reflected in Public Staff's revisions to the Schedules of
13 14 15 16		ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU AGREE? Aqua and the Public Staff have agreed to a number of updated adjustments, and they will be reflected in Public Staff's revisions to the Schedules of Public Staff Henry Exhibit I. These adjustments apply to the following
13 14 15 16 17		ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU AGREE? Aqua and the Public Staff have agreed to a number of updated adjustments, and they will be reflected in Public Staff's revisions to the Schedules of Public Staff Henry Exhibit I. These adjustments apply to the following enumerated line items
13 14 15 16 17 18		ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU AGREE? Aqua and the Public Staff have agreed to a number of updated adjustments, and they will be reflected in Public Staff's revisions to the Schedules of Public Staff Henry Exhibit I. These adjustments apply to the following enumerated line items 2- Difference in calculation of revenue requirement based on Company amounts
13 14 15 16 17 18 19		ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU AGREE? Aqua and the Public Staff have agreed to a number of updated adjustments, and they will be reflected in Public Staff's revisions to the Schedules of Public Staff Henry Exhibit I. These adjustments apply to the following enumerated line items 2- Difference in calculation of revenue requirement based on Company amounts 3- Adjust debt cost rate to 4.21%
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20		ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU AGREE? Aqua and the Public Staff have agreed to a number of updated adjustments, and they will be reflected in Public Staff's revisions to the Schedules of Public Staff Henry Exhibit I. These adjustments apply to the following enumerated line items 2- Difference in calculation of revenue requirement based on Company amounts 3- Adjust debt cost rate to 4.21% 6- Adjustment to allocate vehicle purchased
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21		ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU AGREE? Aqua and the Public Staff have agreed to a number of updated adjustments, and they will be reflected in Public Staff's revisions to the Schedules of Public Staff Henry Exhibit I. These adjustments apply to the following enumerated line items 2- Difference in calculation of revenue requirement based on Company amounts 3- Adjust debt cost rate to 4.21% 6- Adjustment to allocate vehicle purchased 8- Adjustment to remove A/D related to future customers

1	13- Adjustment to post test year additions PAA
2	14- Adjustment for Mid South growth related PAA to 03/31/20
3	15- Adjustment to post test year additions accumulated amortization - PAA
4	16- Adjustment to update advances for construction to 03/31/20
5	17- Adjustment to ADIT - post test year additions
6	18- Adjustment to ADIT - unamortized rate case expense
7	19- Adjustment to ADIT - unamortized repair tax credit
8	20- Adjustment to ADIT - protected EDIT
9	21- Adjustment to update customer deposits to 03/31/20
10	23- Adjustment to cash working capital
11	26- Adjustment to depreciation study
12	27- Adjustment to repair tax credit
13	29- Adjustment to remove JoCO transmission revenue deficit
14	31- Adjustment to average tax accruals
15	32- Adjustment to service revenues
16	33- Adjustment for late payment fees
17	34- Adjustment to uncollectibles and abatements
18	35- Adjustment to remove capitalize labor
19	36- Adjustment to add transportation regular payroll
20	37- Adjustment to update salaries and wages March 31, 2020
21	38- Adjustment to remove leave without pay
22	39- Adjustment to reflect actual standby and overtime salaries and wages
23	44- Adjustment to update pensions and benefits to March 31, 2020
24	46- Adjustment to remove unqualified benefits from Corporate Sundries
25	47- Adjustment to fuel for production
26	48- Adjustment to sludge removal
27	49- Adjustment to purchased power
28	50- Adjustment to materials and supplies

1		51- Adjustment to testing
2		52- Adjustment to contractual services - legal
3		54- Adjustment to contractual services - other- corporate sundries
4		55- Adjustment to contract services - other- accrued expenses
5		58- Adjustment to remove capitalize miscellaneous expense
6		61- Adjustment to remove unqualified misc exp. for Corporate Sundries
7		63- Adjustment to Contra-OH allocations
8		64- Adjustment to amortized EDIT
9		65- Adjustment to payroll taxes
10		67- Adjustment to contract services - other- Temporary labor
11		68- Rounding difference
12		The Company agrees with the items above, although the final dollar
13		amounts of some line items depend on other factors still to be settled in the
14		case and may change.
Į.		
15	Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH THE PUBLIC STAFF'S ADJUSTMENT TO
15 16	Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH THE PUBLIC STAFF'S ADJUSTMENT TO INSURANCE EXPENSE?
	Q. A.	
16		INSURANCE EXPENSE?
16 17		INSURANCE EXPENSE? No. There is one element of the Public Staff adjustment that the Company
16 17 18		INSURANCE EXPENSE? No. There is one element of the Public Staff adjustment that the Company contends is incorrectly calculated and needs to be adjusted. The corporate
16 17 18 19		INSURANCE EXPENSE? No. There is one element of the Public Staff adjustment that the Company contends is incorrectly calculated and needs to be adjusted. The corporate allocation factors used to allocate insurance expense to its states is
116 117 118 119 220		INSURANCE EXPENSE? No. There is one element of the Public Staff adjustment that the Company contends is incorrectly calculated and needs to be adjusted. The corporate allocation factors used to allocate insurance expense to its states is recalculated by the Public Staff in rate cases to validate their approved
116 117 118 119 220 221		INSURANCE EXPENSE? No. There is one element of the Public Staff adjustment that the Company contends is incorrectly calculated and needs to be adjusted. The corporate allocation factors used to allocate insurance expense to its states is recalculated by the Public Staff in rate cases to validate their approved amounts for recovery. Witness Feasel's independent check to recalculate
16 17 18 19 20 21 22		INSURANCE EXPENSE? No. There is one element of the Public Staff adjustment that the Company contends is incorrectly calculated and needs to be adjusted. The corporate allocation factors used to allocate insurance expense to its states is recalculated by the Public Staff in rate cases to validate their approved amounts for recovery. Witness Feasel's independent check to recalculate and validate the payroll allocation factors is incorrect.
116 117 118 119 220 21 22 23		INSURANCE EXPENSE? No. There is one element of the Public Staff adjustment that the Company contends is incorrectly calculated and needs to be adjusted. The corporate allocation factors used to allocate insurance expense to its states is recalculated by the Public Staff in rate cases to validate their approved amounts for recovery. Witness Feasel's independent check to recalculate and validate the payroll allocation factors is incorrect. Insurance costs are allocated to Aqua North Carolina based on <i>total</i> payroll

(\$8,467,427) and leaves out the direct capital labor portion of NC payroll (\$2,014,483); this capital labor amount can be seen in Aqua NC's rate case filing as W-1 Item 10, Exhibit B1/B2-7 (line 6 for overtime labor & line 7 for regular labor). The sum of the expense and capital components together represents total NC payroll of \$10,481,909. General liability and worker's compensation are computed based on total payroll. Feasel Exhibit I Schedule 6-1(a) fails to consider total NC payroll in her allocation factors used to calculate their proposed adjustment and, resultantly, understates the amounts allocated to Aqua North Carolina in her calculation. The allocation factors recalculated by witness Feasel for Aqua North Carolina are 7.75% for general liability (line 5) and 8.59% for workers compensation (line 6).

The Company requests that the capital labor amount of \$2,014,483 be added to witness Feasel's payroll allocation factor calculation – specifically to Schedule 6-1(a) line 1, column a.

If this direct capital labor amount is included, the resulting Aqua North Carolina's payroll factors would be 9.21% for general liability and 10.21% for workers compensation (versus the 7.75% and 8.59% calculated by witness Feasel).

The impact of this requested change, as it stands now, would be an increase in expense recovery of \$28,498. This amount could change if there are any changes to the final Aqua NC payroll amounts approved in this proceeding.

Discussions between the Company and witness Feasel on this specific matter are ongoing.

- Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH PUBLIC STAFF WITNESS JUNIS' ASSERTIONS
 RELATED TO AQUA'S REQUEST FOR DEFERRED ASSET / LIABILITY
 TREATMENT FOR INSURANCE CLAIMS PAID IN EXCESS OF (ASSET)
 OR LESS THAN (LIABILITY) THE COMMISSION-APPROVED ANNUAL
 CLAIM EXPENSE IN THIS RATE CASE?
- A. No. Aqua North Carolina has experienced significant reductions to its insurance expense recovery of claims expense for workers compensation, automotive and general liability in past rate cases. The Public Staff's methodology to calculate the amount of recoverable insurance claims expense has been to utilize a five-year average of actual claims paid. The amount of insurance claims expense charged to the Company from corporate is based on a fully developed claim vs actual claims paid. Since fully developed claims estimate the total amount of claims to be paid and actual claims paid are based on history, there is a gap. Aqua's allowed recovery in past rate cases has been based on the Public Staff's methodology.

In Docket No. W-218, Sub 497, Aqua NC has incurred claims totaling \$587,076, with an expensed amount (net of the capitalized portion) of \$490,870. After adjusting to the five-year history of claims paid, the expense amount that Aqua NC received in the rate order was \$135,606 (Cooper Schedule 3-3(a) Revised lines 13-15). This was a reduction to

Aqua NC's insurance expense of \$355,264.

In this proceeding, for the first time, the Company included in its filing the adjustment to reduce its expense for claims to the Public Staff's methodology using the five-year average of paid claims. During discovery, the paid claims amounts were updated to include the amounts for the years 2015 through 2019 (5 years). As it stands now, using this five-year average methodology, Aqua will recover claims expense that will be \$322,000 less than the actual claims amounts charged to it in 2020. Aqua has agreed in this case to accept that reduction, but requests that the approved five-year average, representative of the annual amount of claims paid and allowed in rates, be trued-up to actual claims paid as a regulatory asset or liability to be recovered in future rate cases.

While the Company did agree, in this rate case filing, to include this claims adjustment as a decrease to its insurance expense request, the Company does *not* agree with the *concept* of this adjustment.

Aqua America provides insurance coverage for its states' operations at a greatly reduced cost compared to the actual costs that would be incurred if the states had to provide said coverage individually.

In the Fall of 2019, Aqua North Carolina received a quote for stand-alone coverage for Workers Compensation, Automotive and General Liability that was in excess of \$3,000,000. (See Gearhart Exhibit 1 – NC Stand-Alone Insurance).

During 2020, The Company will incur a cost of \$735K for this same insurance coverage.

This comparison demonstrates the reasonableness of the Company's current approach to insurance coverage and its full recovery. This approach does have some risk / opportunity due to actual claims being different than the developed projections done by a claim's adjuster specialist. For that reason, what Aqua is proposing in this case is the use of a simple over / under balancing account for these actual claims paid so neither the Company's ratepayers nor its shareholders "win" or "lose".

The Company will incur total claims related charges of approximately \$587K in 2020, which equates to about \$491K in expense. However, in this rate case, the Company stands to recover \$136K in expense related to these policies.

The calculations related to claims referenced in this section are attached as "Gearhart Exhibit 2-Insurance Claims Adjustments"

Witness Junis, at page 45 of his prefiled testimony, suggests the following could happen if the Company were allowed to recover the costs that it actually incurs:

...Aqua's guaranteed recovery of all workers' compensation claims would disincentive Aqua's employee safety education and practices, including the provision of safe work places and personal protective equipment such as hard hats, safety glasses, and steel-toed boots. Again, the guarantee would be a disincentive [to] Aqua to minimize workers' compensation claims.

These suggestions are speculative, unfounded, and should be given zero

weight to the discussion at hand. Aqua America and Aqua North Carolina place an exceptional amount of attention to the safety culture of the utility. Every Aqua state is responsible for safety initiatives and metrics and none of them, aside from Aqua North Carolina, are challenged on their insurance expense recovery in their respective rate cases.

- Q. WITNESS FEASEL PROPOSES THAT 17.5% OF BONUSES PAID
 TO NORTH CAROLINA EMPLOYEES AS WELL AS 50% OF
 STOCK OPTIONS, RESTRICTED STOCK AND PERFORMANCE
 SHARES GRANTED TO NORTH CAROLINA EMPLOYEES
 SHOULD BE ALLOCATED TO SHAREHOLDERS. DO YOU
 AGREE WITH THIS ASSESSMENT?
- A. No. The short-term incentive ("STI") bonuses, stock options, restricted stock and performance shares are part of the total compensation package, paid to attract and retain qualified employees at Aqua North Carolina. The financial metrics that witness Feasel cites as arguments for this adjustment, actually reinforce to Aqua employees that it is their responsibility to serve the Company's customers in a prudent and efficient manner. The Company's ability to provide reliable service to its customers is directly related to its financial viability and linking a portion of those employees' compensation to a financial target encourages employees to achieve customer-based objectives in a cost-efficient manner.

Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN WHAT NC EMPLOYEE BONUS ADJUSTMENTS
WERE PROPOSED BY THE PUBLIC STAFF IN THE COMPANY'S
2018 RATE CASE AND HOW IT DIFFERS FROM THIS CASE.

In the Company's 2018 Sub 497 rate case, the Public Staff proposed to allocate 30% of (STI) bonuses paid to Aqua NC supervisory employees. In this proceeding, the requested adjustment has been expanded to also include stock options, restricted stock, and performance share grants. This adjustment has also been expanded to cover these items for all Aqua North Carolina employees; not just supervisors. Aqua North Carolina non-supervisory employees are eligible for bonuses referred to as "Chairman Awards" and during the test year, these awards were paid to over one hundred Aqua North Carolina employees.

Q. PLEASE **EXPLAIN** HOW THE COMMISSION TREATED ADJUSTMENTS TO NC **EMPLOYEE BONUSES** IN THE COMPANY'S 2018 RATE CASE IN DOCKET NO. W-218, SUB 497. In the December 2018 SUB 497 Rate Case Order, the Commission found that adjustments to supervisory employee bonuses was "unreasonable and inappropriate," concluding that approving the Public Staff's position on this issue "would send the wrong message" to Aqua NC and its North Carolina supervisory personnel." The Company believes the Commission should deny the Public Staff's request in this proceeding for the same reasons set forth in the Rate

Case Order in the Sub 497 proceeding, *especially* now that the proposed adjustment would impact all levels of Aqua North Carolina employees.

Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH THE PUBLIC STAFF'S ADJUSTMENT TO REGULATORY COMMISSION EXPENSE?

- A. No, as this number is not final as of the date of this rebuttal testimony. Aqua will soon be providing an update of actual and projected rate case expense through the close of the hearing in this case and requests that the Commission approve the requested amount for inclusion in rates in this proceeding. The Company has requested a two-year amortization of the final rate case expense. This amortization period reflects the fact that the test year in Aqua NC's current Sub 526 rate case is two years later than the test year in its previous case (9/30/2019 vs 9/30/2017).
- Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
- A. Yes.

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1	MR. BENNINK: And his rebuttal exhibits
2	be identified as marked.
3	COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: That motion
4	is also allowed.
5	(Gearhart Rebuttal Exhibits 1 and 2 were
6	marked for identification.)
7	MR. BENNINK: All right. With that,
8	Mr. Gearhart is available for Commission questions.
9	COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right.
10	Mr. Gearhart, I have no idea why, but there's
11	really bad feedback, and so you will need to in
12	between questions, you'll need to go on and off
13	mute. And I ask the host to be aware and help as
14	well. All right.
15	Do any other commissioners have
16	questions for witness Gearhart?
17	(No response.)
18	COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Okay. No one
19	is speaking up, so it's on me. All right.
20	EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND:
21	Q. Mr. Gearhart, we just have a few. And the
22	first concerns the EDLT riders.
23	Will the federal unprotected EDIT rider and

the state EDLT rider that were approved by the

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Commission in the Company's last rate case continue to be flowed back to customers as riders as was ordered in Sub 497?

- A. It will. Those refunds have been going on since the beginning of 2019. As of June, we're actually, I guess, halfway through the three-year refund period. So yes, the plan is -- the original plan was that they would be refunded from calendar years 2019, '20, and '21, and that plan will continue. So short answer is yes.
- Q. Did Aqua's customers receive the full amount of the provisional revenues through the one-year bill credit that the Commission approved in the Sub 497?
- A. Yes. Basically, we had -- we -- a refund target of \$1.641 million to be refunded during the calendar year 2019. We actually refunded slightly higher than that amount. I carried over slightly into 2020, but we actually refunded about \$6,000 more than the original target. The short answer, again, is yes, those refunds were done and have been completed as of this date.
- Q. Now, a few questions about the insurance expense. On page 13, paragraph ZZ, this is of the stipulation. The stipulating parties did not identify

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when the 50 percent true-up related to the agreed upon establishment of a regulatory asset or liability would take place in the next -- for example, in the next general rate case or by three years from the date of the Commission order, whichever is earlier.

What is the agreed upon time period to address the adjustment to customers for the amounts -- for the amounts that Aqua records to the regulatory asset or liability account on its books?

- A. Well, to be honest with you, I'm not

 100 percent sure if we completely ironed that out yet.

 I believe that might still be a question, subject to
 check. I apologize if it has been resolved and I
 wasn't aware of it. I think we agreed on the concept,
 but I don't think the exact time frame has been
 defined. But again, that's subject to check. I don't
 believe we 100 percent figured that out.
- Q. Was there an outer date established in case Aqua doesn't file a general rate case in the next two to three years?
- A. If there was, I'm not aware of it. And again, I apologize if I missed something I should know, but I don't believe that was, no.
 - Q. All right. Could you please explain how Aqua

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would calculate the amount recorded to the asset or liability account to reflect a potential future 50 percent true-up to the actual claims? Would it be -- would it be --

(Reporter interruption due to microphone going mute.)

- Q. What would be timing of the calculation?
 Would it be -- is it monthly? Quarterly? Or annual basis?
- A. I would assume that it's going to be an annual basis. You know, for example, let's say we decide it's the calendar year 2020. You know, there's -- an amount has been established, the amount of claims that we're going to be recovering in this case. It's 201,000 from Feasel Exhibit 6-1-B. So that's what we're earning on for this particular year. And then my understanding is, you know, once we establish the time frame, let's say it's the calendar year 2020, we'll look at those numbers for the calendar year and true them up versus what's being earned in the -- in rates.

Now, again, I'm using that as an example. I don't know exactly what that would be. It probably would be the 12 months beginning with the rate order.

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But again, I think there's still some details such as that to be ironed out. But whatever 12-month period would be established, we look at the actual claims paid, compare that to the five-year average that we're earning on, and that's what the basis for the 50 percent true-up will be.

We're earning on 201 if the number comes in 150, so we would basically have a \$25,000 true-up.

Again, the exact time frame I think still needs to be ironed out. At least that's my understanding. But whatever period we determine, we'll look at the totals, the actual claims we're earning on, and that would be the basis for the adjustment.

- Q. All right. Will the entire difference between the actual claims and the five-year average be recorded to the deferred account, or only 50 percent of the difference you expect to receive rate recovery in the future?
- A. I would assume just the half. Just the portion that we expect to either recover or pay on, because it could go either way.
 - Q. All right. So only the 50 percent?
- A. That's my understanding. Again, conceptually, you know, we've agreed on the concept.

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There's still some details to iron out, and obviously the Company will do whatever is deemed to be -- you know, whatever needs to be done. That's just my understanding of how it will probably begin.

Q. All right. Thank you. And then on page 11 of your prefiled testimony, you propose the following true-up methodology. You say if there -- you propose that if there's an excess balance, which would be a liability, or shortfall, which would be the asset, existing at the end of the next test year, that balance will be divided by two and applied to the base level annual claims insurance recovery amount. This method will be the recovery approach for all Aqua rate cases going forward.

Is this the true-up method agreed to by the stipulating parties in the settlement, or will the true-up method be determined in a future proceeding before the Commission?

- A. I believe, fundamentally, that is what we agreed upon.
- Q. So, in that paragraph ZZ that I mentioned earlier, on page 13, it doesn't expressly state the true-up method. Is there a reason for that or anything else that you can add about that?

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1	A. Again, other than the fact that we still have
2	some theoretically minor details to iron out. Again,
3	once we establish the process, it will be easy enough
4	to administer. I just think there's still I just
5	think there's still a few details to iron out on that.
6	But, conceptually, what I described is what will
7	happen, just a matter of exactly what time frame. And
8	what time frame we're going to be looking at and
9	what time frame when we do that.
10	Q. Okay. Thank you.
11	COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: Are there any
12	other questions from the commissioners?
13	(No response.)
14	COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right.
15	Questions on the Commission's questions?
16	MR. BENNINK: No questions.
17	MR. GRANTMYRE: Public Staff, no
18	questi ons.
19	COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: And AG?
20	MS. TOWNSEND: AG, no questions. Thank
21	you.
22	(Reporter interruption due to feedback.)
23	MR. BENNINK: I could offer perhaps one
24	statement that would clarify, and that is that this

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was a part of the settlement that was reached very late in the process, and so there has been no real discussion. I don't think that -- I think the Public Staff would agree with that, as to the methodology to be followed.

MR. GRANTMYRE: Public Staff would agree to that.

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right.

Thank you, gentlemen. There being no further questions for witness Gearhart, I believe his testimony is all in now, so.

MR. BENNINK: I would move his exhibits into evidence, unless that's already been allowed. It may have.

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: I think we do need to move them in. So without objection, the prefiled exhibits of witness Gearhart will be received into evidence at this time, and they will remain identified as they were marked when prefiled.

(Gearhart Rebuttal Exhibits 1 and 2 were admitted into evidence.)

COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right.

We have come right to the end of our day, perfect

Page 164 1 timing. We will -- Mr. Gearhart, you may, sort of, 2 in the figurative sense also step down. You're 3 excused, actually. THE WITNESS: 4 Thank you, 5 Commissioner Brown-Bland. 6 COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: You' re 7 welcome. And we will come back -- I'm trying to 8 remember if I had a cleanup item, but I don't 9 recall right now, so I'll think of it in the 10 So we will come back and be on the record 11 at 9:00 tomorrow when we will begin with -- I 12 believe, witness Thill is who the Company plans to 13 call next: am I correct? 14 MS. SANFORD: That's correct. 15 COMMISSIONER BROWN-BLAND: All right. 16 Well, thank you all for your time, attention, and 17 patience, and we will stand in recess. 18 (The hearing was adjourned at 3:57 p.m. 19 and set to reconvene at 9:00 a.m. on 20 Thursday, July 9, 2020.) 21 22 23

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CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA)

4 | COUNTY OF WAKE

whom the foregoing hearing was taken, do hereby certify that the witnesses whose testimony appear in the foregoing hearing were duly affirmed; that the testimony of said witnesses were taken by me to the best of my ability and thereafter reduced to typewriting under my direction; that I am neither counsel for, related to, nor employed by any of the parties to the action in which this hearing was taken, and further that I am not a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel employed by the parties thereto, nor financially or otherwise interested in the outcome of the action.

This the 12th day of July, 2020.

Joann Ounge

JOANN BUNZE, RPR

Notary Public #200707300112