

# NORTH CAROLINA PUBLIC STAFF UTILITIES COMMISSION

September 29, 2021

Ms. A. Shonta Dunston, Chief Clerk North Carolina Utilities Commission 4325 Mail Service Center Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-4300

Re: **Docket No. EMP-118, Subs 0 and 1** – Application for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity to Construct a 189-MW Wind Facility in Chowan County, North Carolina <u>and</u> Application for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Convenience and Necessity to Construct Approximately 6.0 miles of a new 230kV transmission line in Chowan County, North Carolina

Dear Ms. Dunston:

In connection with the above-referenced docket, we transmit herewith for filing on behalf of the Public Staff the testimony of Jeff T. Thomas, Engineer, Energy Division.

By copy of this letter, we are forwarding a copy of the redacted version to all parties of record by electronic delivery. The confidential version will be provided to those parties that have entered into a confidentiality agreement.

Sincerely,

/s/ Reita D. Coxton Staff Attorney reita.coxton@psncuc.nc.gov

Attachment(s)

Executive Director (919) 733-2435

Accounting (919) 733-4279

Consumer Services (919) 733-9277

Economic Research (919) 733-2267

Energy (919) 733-2267 Legal (919) 733-6110

Transportation (919) 733-7766

Water/Telephone (919) 733-5610

### BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

DOCKET NO. EMP-118, SUB 0	
In the Matter of Application of Timbermill Wind, LLC, for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity to Construct a Merchant Plant Wind Energy Facility in Chowan County, North Carolina and Registration as a New Renewable Energy Facility  DOCKET NO. EMP-118, SUB 1	) ) ) ) ) ) TESTIMONY OF ) JEFF T. THOMAS ) PUBLIC STAFF – NORTH ) CAROLINA UTILITIES ) COMMISSION
In the Matter of Application of Timbermill Wind, LLC, for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Convenience and Necessity to Construct a Transmission Line in Chowan County, North Carolina	) ) ) ) ) )

### BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION DOCKET NOS. EMP-118, SUBS 0 AND 1

# Testimony of Jeff T. Thomas On Behalf of the Public Staff North Carolina Utilities Commission

#### **September 29, 2021**

1	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS FOR THE RECORD.
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- 2 A. My name is Jeff T. Thomas. My business address is 430 North Salisbury
- 3 Street, Raleigh, North Carolina.
- 4 Q. BRIEFLY STATE YOUR QUALIFICATIONS AND DUTIES.
- 5 A. My qualifications and duties are included in Appendix A.
- 6 Q. WHAT IS YOUR POSITION WITH THE PUBLIC STAFF NORTH
- 7 CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION (PUBLIC STAFF)?
- 8 A. I am an engineer in the Operations and Planning Section of the Public
- 9 Staff's Energy Division.
- 10 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS
- 11 **PROCEEDING?**
- 12 A. The purpose of my testimony is to make recommendations to the North
- 13 Carolina Utilities Commission (Commission) on the application, testimony,

- and related filings for a wind energy facility and associated transmission line
   in Chowan County, North Carolina.
- 3 Q. PLEASE PROVIDE A BRIEF HISTORY OF THE APPLICATION.
- On June 14, 2021, Timbermill Wind, LLC (Timbermill Wind or the Applicant), 4 Α. an indirect subsidiary of Apex Clean Energy Holdings, LLC, filed an 5 6 application for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity (CPCN) 7 to construct a 189-megawatt alternating current (MW) wind energy 8 generating facility (the Facility) in Docket No. EMP-118, Sub 0. 9 Contemporaneously, Timbermill Wind filed a Registration Statement for the 10 Facility. The application included the testimony of witnesses Ellen Balfrey, Jimmy Merrick, Deepesh Rana, Jeremy Spaeth, and Emmanuel Wemakoy. 11 12 The Facility will be located in Dominion Energy North Carolina (DENC) 13 territory, which is part of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. (PJM). 14 On June 21, 2021, Timbermill Wind filed an application for a Certificate of 15 Environmental Compatibility and Public Convenience and Necessity 16 (CECPCN) in Docket No. EMP-118, Sub 1, to construct a six-mile, 230-17 kilovolt (kV) transmission line to connect the Facility to DENC's transmission 18 system. The application included the testimony of witnesses Brie Anderson, 19 Jimmy Merrick, Jeremy Spaeth, and Emmanuel Wemakoy. 20 On June 22, 2021, the Commission issued its Order Scheduling Public

Hearing, Requiring Public Notice, and Requiring Clearinghouse Review in

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1	Docket No. EMP-118, Sub 1. Also on June 22, 2021, the Commission sent
2	a letter to the State Environmental Review Clearinghouse (State
3	Clearinghouse) along with the CECPCN application for review.
4	On June 28, 2021, the Public Staff filed a Notice of Completeness for the
5	CPCN application.
6	On June 29, 2021, the Applicant filed supplemental information regarding
7	construction costs.
8	On July 22, 2021, the Commission issued its Order Consolidating Dockets,
9	Scheduling Hearings, Requiring Filing of Testimony, Establishing
10	Procedural Guidelines, and Requiring Public Notice (July Order),
11	consolidating the CPCN and CECPCN proceedings and requiring the filing
12	of additional testimony and exhibits addressing the questions listed below.
13	Also on July 22, 2021, the Commission sent a letter to the State
14	Clearinghouse along with the CPCN application for review.
15	On July 27, 2021, Patrick Flynn filed a Petition to Intervene in both dockets.
16	On August 11, 2021, Timbermill Wind filed a Motion to Deny Petition to
17	Intervene.
18	Also on August 11, 2021, the State Clearinghouse filed comments in Docket
19	No. EMP-118, Sub 1, requesting additional information for the North
20	Carolina Department of Natural and Cultural Resources (DNCR). The State
21	Clearinghouse made a similar filing in Docket No. EMP-118, Sub 0 on

1		August 26, 2021. I describe the State Clearinghouse comments more fully
2		below.
3		On August 25, 2021, the Applicant filed the Supplemental Testimony of
4		Jimmy Merrick in response to the Commission's July Order.
5		On September 21, 2021, the Applicant filed an Updated Site Plan detailing
6		changes to several access roads, turbine locations, collection lines,
7		meteorological towers, and the laydown yard and operations and
8		management structure.
9	I.	COMPLIANCE WITH THE JULY ORDER
10	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE QUESTIONS THAT THE COMMISSION
11		INCLUDED IN ITS JULY ORDER.
12	A.	In its July Order, the Commission noted the increase in merchant plant
13		facility applications and recognized its statutory duty to examine the long-
14		range needs for the generation of electricity in North Carolina. It directed
15		the Applicant to file additional testimony and exhibits addressing the
16		following questions regarding the Facility, to the extent they were not
17		answered in the application:
18 19 20 21		<ol> <li>Provide the amount of network upgrades on DENC's or any affected system's transmission system, if any, required to accommodate the operation of Timbermill Wind's proposed facility.</li> </ol>

2. 1 Provide the Levelized Cost of Transmission (LCOT) 2 information for any required transmission system 3 upgrades or modifications. 4 3. Provide any interconnection study received for the 5 Facility. If Timbermill Wind has not received a study, provide a date by when the study is expected to be 6 7 completed. 8 4. If Timbermill Wind is aware of any system other than 9 the studied system that is or will be affected by the interconnection, explain the impact and basis. 10 11 5. If Timbermill Wind proposes to sell energy and capacity from the facility to a distribution utility regulated by the 12 Commission, provide a discussion of how the Facility's 13 14 output conforms to or varies from the regulated utility's 15 most recent integrated resource plan (IRP). 16 6. If Timbermill Wind proposes to sell energy and capacity 17 from the facility to a purchaser who is subject to a 18 statutory or regulatory mandate with respect to its 19 energy sourcing (e.g., a Renewable Energy Portfolio 20 Standard (REPS) requirement or Virginia's new statutory mandate for renewables), explain how, if at 21 22 all, the Facility will assist or enable compliance with that mandate. Provide any contracts that support that 23 24 compliance. 25 7. Provide any Power Purchase Agreements (PPA), 26 Renewable Energy Certificate (REC) sale contracts, or 27 contracts for compensation for environmental 28 attributes for the output of the Facility, if available. 29 On August 25, 2021, Timbermill Wind filed the additional testimony and 30 exhibits of witness Merrick in response to these questions.

#### 31 II. FACILITY OVERVIEW

#### 32 Q. PLEASE PROVIDE A DESCRIPTION OF THE FACILITY.

The Facility, related transmission line, and interconnection switching station, are located on approximately 6,300 acres in central Chowan County, north of Edenton. The Applicant has established site control for the site through leases and easements with approximately 37 separate landowners and been granted a Conditional Use Permit (CUP) by Chowan County. Timbermill Wind will improve and utilize existing access roads where possible. New access roads will be constructed, if necessary, to reach each planned turbine.

Α.

The Facility will consist of up to 45 wind turbine generators, each with an anticipated nameplate capacity of 4.2 MW. Each turbine will have a maximum hub height<sup>2</sup> of 345 feet, with a total turbine height<sup>3</sup> of no more than 599 feet. Each turbine will be connected to a Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system, allowing real-time monitoring by operations and maintenance (O&M) staff and remotely. The turbines will be monitored remotely 24 hours a day, seven days a week, and on-site O&M staff will have control of each turbine at the on-site O&M office. The turbines will be electrically connected via underground 34.5 kV electrical collector lines, which will feed into a centrally located collector substation. At the collector substation, the voltage is stepped up to 230 kV and conveyed to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The CUP deadline was extended by several laws that were enacted due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Measured from the base of the tower to the center of the rotor hub on top of the tower.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Measured from the base of the tower to highest blade tip position.

- the interconnection switching station, owned and operated by DENC, via a
- 2 six-mile aboveground transmission line.

#### 3 Q. DID THE UPDATED SITE PLAN IMPACT THE PUBLIC STAFF'S

#### 4 REVIEW?

A. No. The site plan changes did not add or remove any property parcels within
the site. The O&M office and the temporary laydown yard were relocated,
but there were no changes to the collector substation, the interconnection
substation, or the transmission line route. Some access roads, underground
collector lines, and individual turbines and met towers were moved slightly,
but these minor changes do not impact the Public Staff's recommendations
at this time.

#### 12 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE TRANSMISSION LINE.

13 Α. The transmission line will connect the collector substation, owned and 14 operated by Timbermill Wind, to the interconnection switching station, 15 through the Transmission Corridor. Most of the corridor will be 16 approximately 150 feet wide with a short span that will be 75 feet wide. The 17 line will be supported primarily by H-frame structures and steel monopoles 18 will be used where necessary. Both types of structures are anticipated to be 19 75 to 120 feet tall. The environmental report required by Commission Rule 20 R8-62(c)(4) was included with the Application.

Approximately two thirds of the Transmission Corridor is located on the property containing the Facility. The remaining one third is located from the southeast corner of the Facility to the interconnection switching station. Timbermill Wind determined the route through discussions with landowners in a manner designed to maximize the owners' continued use of the remainder of their property. The Transmission Corridor is located on land belonging to willing landowners because Timbermill Wind does not have the right of eminent domain. No alternative routes were proposed in the CECPCN application.

#### Q. WHY IS THE FACILITY NEEDED?

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According to Timbermill Wind, the Facility is needed because of the North Carolina Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Portfolio Standard (REPS); the most recently filed Integrated Resource Plans (IRPs) of Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC (DEC), Duke Energy Progress, LLC (DEP), and DENC; the Virginia Clean Energy Economy Act (VCEA); and corporate and industrial demand for renewable energy. While Timbermill Wind has not entered into any firm contracts for its output as of the date of the application, it has been in discussions with multiple parties related to the sale of Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs), the Facility output, or the Facility itself. Timbermill Wind also states that its Facility has higher generation during peak-load winter hours, which will help meet capacity needs in the region.

The Public Staff notes that the VCEA establishes a renewable energy portfolio standard (RPS) that can be met with out-of-state resources connected to the PJM system.<sup>4</sup> In addition, DEC and DEP anticipate requiring 150 MW and 600 MW, respectively, of onshore wind resources by 2035 in their 2020 IRP. Portfolio B.

#### 6 Q. WHAT IS THE ESTIMATED COST OF THE FACILITY?

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7 A. Timbermill Wind estimates the total cost of the facility to be **[BEGIN**8 **CONFIDENTIAL] [END CONFIDENTIAL]**, which includes \$3.5
9 million for the transmission line and \$7 million for associated network
10 upgrades.

# 11 Q. DOES THE PUBLIC STAFF HAVE ANY CONCERNS ABOUT FACILITY 12 DECOMMISSIONING?

A. Although the decommissioning of electric merchant facilities is outside the purview of the Commission, the Public Staff reviewed the Chowan County CUP and can confirm that Chowan County considered the eventual decommissioning of the Facility in its permitting process. Timbermill Wind is required to post a bond to cover all decommissioning costs. The sufficiency of the bond will be reviewed every two years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> While the VCEA requires Dominion Energy to construct or procure at least 16,100 MW of new solar or onshore wind resources by December 31, 2035 (Va Code Ann. § 56-585.5(D)(2) (2021)), this requirement must be met by in-state resources only. The relevant RPS portion which allows out-of-state resources is described in Va Code Ann. § 56-585.5(C) (2021).

#### 1 III. <u>NETWORK UPGRADES AND AFFECTED SYSTEM UPGRADES</u>

- 2 Q. PLEASE PROVIDE A BRIEF HISTORY OF THE INTERCONNECTION
- 3 PROCESS FOR THE FACILITY.

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4 Α. Timbermill Wind filed an interconnection request with PJM in July 2013, and 5 was assigned queue number Z1-036. At the time, the proposed project was 6 300 MW; the project size was reduced to 189 MW, which is permitted by 7 PJM's interconnection procedures without affecting queue position or 8 triggering a new study. PJM finalized the Facilities Study Report in 9 September 2015. Timbermill Wind entered into an Interconnection Service 10 Agreement and an Interconnection Construction Services Agreement with 11 DENC in December 2015. In May 2020, Timbermill Wind requested that the 12 Facility be put into suspension while permitting work continued. The project 13 may remain in suspension for up to three years without losing its queue 14 position.

Once the project exits suspension, PJM and DENC will review the Facility and, if DENC's technical interconnections standards have materially changed since the original study, PJM may restudy the Facility. Costs for the scope of work will also be re-evaluated and updated to accommodate inflation and elapsed time. As a result of the prior PJM studies, the Facility's queue position and suspension, the Facility and its associated network upgrades are included in the baseline for all PJM studies in later queue

- 1 positions. As a result, once the Facility exits suspension, it is highly unlikely
- that PJM or DENC will identify any additional, significant upgrade costs.

#### 3 Q. WILL THE FACILITY REQUIRE ANY NETWORK UPGRADES?

- 4 A. Yes. Pages 2 and 3 of witness Rana's direct testimony provide an itemized
- 5 list of required network upgrades totaling \$7,093,084. PJM will allocate the
- 6 cost responsibility for these upgrades to Timbermill Wind.

#### 7 Q. WILL NORTH CAROLINA RATEPAYERS BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY

#### 8 OF THE IDENTIFIED NETWORK UPGRADES?

- 9 A. No. Timbermill Wind is solely responsible for paying 100% of the network
- 10 upgrade costs.

#### 11 Q. WILL THE FACILITY REQUIRE ANY AFFECTED SYSTEM UPGRADES?

- 12 A. No. As recently as February 26, 2021, PJM representatives have confirmed
- that the Timbermill Wind project does not rely on any affected system
- 14 upgrades.

#### 15 Q. WHAT IS THE LCOT FOR THE NETWORK UPGRADES?

- 16 A. Witness Rana provides an LCOT estimate based upon the 2019 Lawrence
- 17 Berkeley National Laboratory Study (LBNL Study)<sup>5</sup> referenced by the Public

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Gorman, W., Mills, A., & Wiser, R. (2019). Improving estimates of transmission capital costs for utility scale wind and solar projects to inform renewable energy policy. Energy Policy, 135. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.enpol.2019.110994. Preprint version accessed at http://etapublications.lbl.gov/sites/default/files/td costs formatted final.pdf.

Staff in Docket No. EMP-105, Sub 0. According to witness Rana, the estimated LCOT is \$0.90 assuming a transmission life of 60 years, and \$1.07 assuming a transmission life of 30 years. The Public Staff estimates the LCOT to be approximately \$0.73, based on a 60-year transmission asset life and a 4.4% discount rate.<sup>6</sup> The below table compares the Timbermill Wind LCOT (as calculated by the Public Staff) to the LCOT of wind projects in the Midcontinent Independent System Operator (MISO) region, PJM, and other wind projects with data reported to the Energy Information Administration (EIA). Timbermill Wind's LCOT is in line with other wind projects in the region. In any case, as Timbermill Wind will be responsible for paying the upgrade costs, North Carolina ratepayers will not bear any portion of the cost.

Projects A	nalyzed	LCOT
Timbermill Wind (Public Staff calculation)		\$ 0.73
MISO	Overall	\$ 2.48
	Constructed	\$ 0.85
	Proposed	\$ 4.05
	Overall	\$ 0.30
PJM	Constructed	\$ 0.25
	Proposed	\$ 0.69
EIA	Overall	\$ 0.97

# 13 Q. IS THE PUBLIC STAFF CONCERNED ABOUT THE FACILITY'S 14 NETWORK UPGRADE COSTS OR LCOT?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The LBNL Study uses a 4.4% discount rate in calculating its LCOT for MISO, PJM, and EIA projects. To compare Timbermill Wind to other wind projects from the LBNL Study, the Public Staff used the same discount rate across the board.

1	A.	No. The Public Staff has provided the foregoing information about the
2		Facility's LCOT to provide the Commission with context, but the Facility's
3		LCOT is not a concern nor a determining factor in the Public Staff's
4		recommendation for this specific CPCN and CECPCN application because
5		none of these network upgrade costs will be borne by North Carolina
6		ratenavers

#### 7 IV. <u>COMMENTS BY THE STATE CLEARINGHOUSE</u>

- Q. PLEASE PROVIDE THE STATUS OF THE CLEARINGHOUSE REVIEW
   OF THE CPCN.
- 10 A. On August 26, 2021, the State Clearinghouse file a letter in Docket No.

  EMP-118, Sub 0, indicating that the DNCR has requested that the Applicant

  provide an archeological survey report for further review and comment. In

  its letter, the DNCR recommends that the required survey be provided as a

  condition for, and prior to, the issuance of a Certificate of Environmental

  Compatibility. At this time, the Applicant has not resolved this issue.
- 16 Q. PLEASE PROVIDE THE STATUS OF THE CLEARINGHOUSE REVIEW
   17 OF THE CECPCN.
- A. On August 11, 2021, the State Clearinghouse filed a letter indicating that
  the DNCR has requested that the Applicant provide an archeological survey
  report for further review and comment. In its letter, the DNCR recommends
  that the required survey be provided as "a condition for, and prior to the

- 1 issuance of a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility."<sup>7</sup> At this time, the
- 2 Applicant has not resolved this issue.

#### 3 V. OTHER ISSUES

#### 4 Q. ARE THERE ANY OTHER ISSUES TO BRING TO THE COMMISSION'S

#### 5 **ATTENTION?**

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- A. Yes, but these issues are minor and do not affect the Public Staff's
   recommendations in this docket.
  - First, Timbermill Wind's CUP to Chowan County stated that the turbines used would be 3.6 MW, but, according to this application, it plans to use 4.2 MW turbines. Timbermill Wind states that at the time of the CUP application, the turbine had not been selected and a representative turbine was used. For the sound and shadow flicker studies, a "hybrid, fictional turbine using maximum impacts" was utilized. Timbermill Wind states that the turbine capacity is immaterial to the CUP and CUP Amendment because the turbine height has not changed and the decommissioning costs are not materially impacted.
  - Second, due to the number of site control agreements and the timeline of the project, several of the site control agreements have expired or will expire soon. Timbermill Wind has assured the Public Staff that it will remove

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> State Clearinghouse Comments, page 2, filed on August 11, 2021 in Docket No. EMP-118, Sub 1 and State Clearinghouse Comments, page 22, filed on August 26, 2021 in Docket No. EMP-118, Sub 0.

1	turbines from any parcels for which it is unable to secure a renewed site
2	control agreement and re-route internal site access roads and collection
3	lines to avoid those parcels.

Finally, the State Clearinghouse raised one issue in its comments in Docket

No. E-100, Sub 101 filed on July 30, 2021. The State Clearinghouse noted

that "numerous bat species are in the area but were not listed" and that this

issue would be addressed during the Wind Energy Permit process.8

#### 8 VI. PUBLIC COMMENT

#### 9 Q. HAVE ANY CONSUMER STATEMENTS OF POSITION BEEN FILED?

10 A. Yes, as of the filing of my testimony, twenty-eight statements have been 11 filed. Most statements support the project and cite project benefits, such as 12 increased Chowan County tax revenues and locally generated low-carbon 13 generation. Two consumers filed statements in opposition to the project and 14 citied concerns about cost, safety, and harm to the local ecosystem.

### 15 VII. <u>RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

### 16 Q. WHAT ARE THE PUBLIC STAFF'S RECOMMENDATIONS ON

#### 17 TIMBERMILL WIND'S APPLICATION?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality is responsible for reviewing and approving wind energy permit applications. See N.C.G.S. §§ 143-215.115 through 143-215.122.

- 1 Α. The Public Staff has reviewed the applications, the testimony of Timbermill 2 Wind witnesses, statements of position, and the other evidence in this docket. Based on this information, the Public Staff recommends that the 3 Commission issue the CPCN for the generating facility and the CECPCN 4 5 for the associated transmission line after the Applicant files a letter with the 6 Commission stating that it has resolved DNCR's concerns, with supporting 7 documentation. The Public Staff also recommends that the Commission issue the certificates, subject to the following conditions: 8
  - i. The Applicant shall notify the Commission of any significant change (greater than 10%) in the cost estimates for the interconnection facilities, network upgrades, or affected system costs within 30 days of becoming aware of such change;
  - ii. The Facility shall be constructed and operated in strict accordance with applicable laws and regulations, including any environmental permitting requirements; and
  - iii. The CPCN shall be subject to Commission Rule R8-63(e) and all orders, rules and regulations as are now or may hereafter be lawfully made by the Commission.

The Public Staff also recommends that the Registration Statement be considered complete and that the facility be considered a new renewable energy facility.

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- 1 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 2 A. Yes, it does.

#### **QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE**

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JEFF T. THOMAS, PE

I graduated from the University of Illinois Champaign-Urbana in 2009, earning a Bachelor of Science in General Engineering. From 2009 to 2015, I worked in various operations management roles for General Electric, United Technologies Corporation, and Danaher Corporation. I left manufacturing in 2015 to attend North Carolina State University (NCSU), earning a Master of Science degree in Environmental Engineering. I performed cost-benefit analysis evaluating smart grid components, such as solid-state transformers and grid edge devices, at the Future Renewable Energy Electricity Delivery and Management Systems Engineering Research Center during my studies at NCSU. My master's thesis focused on electric power system modeling, capacity expansion planning, linear optimization, and the effect of various state and national energy policies on North Carolina's generation portfolio and electricity costs. After obtaining my degree, I joined the Public Staff in November 2017. In my current role, I have filed testimony in avoided cost proceedings, general rate cases, and CPCN applications, and have been involved in the implementation of HB 589 programs, utility cost recovery. renewable energy program management, customer complaints, and other aspects of utility regulation. I received my Professional Engineering license in April 2020 after passing the Principles and Practice of Engineering exam in Electrical and Computer Engineering: Power.