

**FIRST AMENDMENT
TO THE AGREEMENT FOR THE SALE OF ELECTRICAL OUTPUT
TO VIRGINIA ELECTRIC AND POWER COMPANY**

THIS FIRST AMENDMENT (the "Amendment") is made and entered into as of the 14th day of August, 2017 (the "Effective Date"), by and between Virginia Electric and Power Company ("Company") and Sandy Solar, LLC f/k/a Trotman Road Solar, LLC ("Operator"), who may hereinafter be referred to collectively as "Parties".

WHEREAS, the Parties have entered into an Agreement for the Sale of Electrical Output to Virginia Electric and Power Company dated May 23, 2017 (the "Agreement");

WHEREAS, as of the Effective Date, Operator has changed its corporate name; and

WHEREAS, the Parties now desire to amend the Agreement to reflect this change.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing premises, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties agree as follows:


AMENDMENT

1. The Parties agree to amend the Agreement so that all references to "Trotman Road Solar, LLC" shall be changed to "Sandy Solar, LLC".
2. Unless expressly changed by this Amendment, all other terms of the Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.
3. This Amendment may be executed in multiple counterparts, including facsimile or pdf counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.
4. This Amendment contains the entire agreement between the Parties with respect to the subject matter of this Amendment and supersedes any previous understandings, commitments, or agreements, oral or written, with respect to such subject matter of this Amendment.


[signature page follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties acknowledge and agree to this Amendment effective as of the Effective Date.

VIRGINIA ELECTRIC AND POWER
COMPANY

By: 
Title: Director-Power Generation Ops
Name: Michael S. Hupp, Jr.

SANDY SOLAR, LLC
f/k/a TROTMAN ROAD SOLAR, LLC

By: 
Title: Manager
Name: Kenny Habu

**AGREEMENT FOR THE SALE
OF ELECTRICAL OUTPUT TO
VIRGINIA ELECTRIC AND POWER COMPANY**

THIS AGREEMENT, effective this 23rd day of May, 2017, (the "Effective Date") by and between VIRGINIA ELECTRIC AND POWER COMPANY, a Virginia public service corporation with its principal office in Richmond, Virginia, doing business in Virginia as Dominion Energy Virginia, and in North Carolina as Dominion Energy North Carolina, hereinafter called "Dominion Energy North Carolina" or the "Company," and Trotman Road Solar, LLC, a North Carolina limited liability company, with its principal office in Mooresville, NC, hereinafter called "Operator." Both Dominion Energy North Carolina and Operator also are herein individually referred to as "Party" and collectively referred to as "Parties":

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the North Carolina Utilities Commission ("Commission") has adopted a rate schedule described in this Agreement below as Schedule 19-FP applicable to Qualifying Facilities (or "QF" as that term is defined in 18 C.F.R. § 292) which can provide Contracted Capacity (as defined in Schedule 19-FP) (a) up to 5000 kW from a hydroelectric generating facility, (b) up to 5000 kW from a generating facility fueled by trash or methane derived from landfills, hog waste, poultry waste, solar, wind or non-animal forms of biomass, or (c) up to 3000 kW for all other QFs;

WHEREAS Operator is the owner of the Trotman Road Solar, LLC (the "Facility") described in the Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity issued by the North Carolina Utilities Commission ("Commission") in Docket No. SP-4104 Sub 1 ("CPCN"); and

WHEREAS, the Facility is located in Dominion Energy North Carolina's retail service area at 474 N. Sandy Hook Road, Shiloh, Camden County, North Carolina, and the Parties hereto wish to contract pursuant to Schedule 19-FP for the sale of electrical output from such a QF to be operated by Operator.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants and agreements herein contained, the Parties hereto contract and agree with each other as follows:

Article 1: Parties' Purchase and Sale Obligations

Dominion Energy North Carolina or its agent, assignee, or successor will purchase from Operator all of the electrical output (energy and Contracted Capacity) made available for sale from the Facility on an excess sale arrangement. The Mode of Operation that the Operator elects to operate the Facility is:

- ☐ Non-Reimbursement Mode as described in Section IV.A of Schedule 19-FP;
- ☐ Energy-Only, Non-time-differentiated Mode of Operation as described in Section IV.B of Schedule 19-FP;
- ☐ Energy-Only, Time-differentiated Mode of Operation as described in Section IV.B of Schedule FP;
- ☐ Firm Mode of Operation as described in Section IV.C and Section VII, Option A of Schedule 19-FP; or
- ☒ Firm Mode of Operation as described in Section IV.C and Section VII, Option B of Schedule 19-FP

Article 2: Term and Commercial Operations Date

This Agreement shall commence on the Effective Date and, unless earlier terminated under any other provision of this Agreement, shall continue in effect for a period of fifteen (15) years from the commercial operations date ("COD"). The COD shall be the first date that all of the following conditions have been satisfied:

- (a) The Facility has been permanently constructed, synchronized with and has delivered electrical output to the Dominion Energy North Carolina system and such action has been witnessed by an authorized Dominion Energy North Carolina employee;
- (b) After completion of item a) above, Dominion Energy North Carolina has received written notice from Operator specifying the COD and certifying that the Facility is ready to begin commercial operations as a QF;
- (c) Operator and Dominion Energy North Carolina (or the PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. or other operator of the Dominion Energy North Carolina transmission system, as applicable) have executed an interconnection service agreement for delivery of capacity and energy generated by the Facility onto the Company's electrical system ("Interconnection Agreement"), a copy of which has been provided to Company;

- (d) The Facility is a QF as evidenced by Operator providing a copy of its currently effective Form 556 self-certification or formal FERC QF certification order; and
- (e) The CPCN or RPCN, as applicable, is in full force and effect.

For contract terms of 10 years or more, this Agreement may be renewed at the option of Dominion Energy North Carolina in accordance with Section I of Schedule 19-FP.

Article 3: Contracted Capacity

The Facility, consisting of PV solar panel generator(s), has an aggregate maximum net power production capacity (calculated in accordance with FERC Form 556) of approximately 5,000 kW alternating current ("ac"). The Facility's Contracted Capacity shall be 5,000 kW ac.

Article 4: Attachments

The following documents are attached hereto and are made a part hereof:

- Exhibit A: Quarterly Status Report Contents
- Exhibit B: General Terms and Conditions
- Exhibit C: Schedule 19-FP
- Exhibit D: Map and related written description identifying the specific location of the Facility in the City or County designated in Article 1
- Exhibit E: Evidence of QF Status on the Effective Date
- Exhibit F: Copy of CPCN or RPCN, as applicable.

Article 5: Price

Payments for all energy and Contracted Capacity purchased hereunder shall be determined by the provisions for payments in Schedule 19-FP (as approved in Docket No. E-100 Sub 140 and effective for usage on and after 03-01-16) included herewith as Exhibit C and pursuant to Operator elections within such Schedule 19-FP as stated in Article 1 hereof. Payments for all energy and Contracted Capacity purchased hereunder shall be on a cents per kilowatt-hour basis.

Article 6: Operator's Pre-COD Obligations

- (a) Status Report. After execution of this Agreement and until the COD, Operator shall deliver a quarterly status report to the Company with the information set forth in Exhibit A.

This status report shall be delivered to Dominion Energy North Carolina on or before the following dates each year: January 15, April 15, July 15, and October 15.

(b) Commencement of Construction. The Facility will be considered to have commenced construction on the first day upon which all of the following have occurred: (1) the issuance by Operator to its construction contractor for the Facility of a written unconditional notice-to-proceed with unrestricted construction activities for the Facility; (2) the mobilization of major construction equipment and construction facilities on the Facility site; and (3) the commencement of major structural excavation and structural concrete work relating to a major component of the Facility such as a power island or the ground mounting systems for solar panels and inverters consistent with having commenced a continuous process of construction relating to the Facility. Dominion Energy North Carolina shall have no obligation to accept a declaration of Commercial Operations earlier than four (4) months prior to the anticipated COD date. The anticipated COD is December 31, 2017.

Article 7: Early Termination

(a) Defaults with No Cure Period. Operator and Company agree that Operator's failure to comply with any of the following will be a material breach of this Agreement and shall result in Company's right to early termination of this Agreement upon written notice to Operator, but without being subject to a cure period, provided however, that Company shall be obligated to pay for any capacity and energy delivered by Facility prior to termination of this Agreement at the rates stated herein.

(i) failure to commence construction of the Facility, as defined in Section 6(b), within the later of fourteen (14) months from the Effective Date of this Agreement or thirty (30) days after the Company tenders an Interconnection Agreement for execution by Operator;

(ii) delivery or supply of electrical output to any entity other than Dominion Energy North Carolina or its agent, assignee or successor;

(iii) Operator increases the aggregate maximum net power production capacity (calculated in accordance with FERC Form 556) of the Facility above the Contracted Capacity without the prior written approval of Company;

(iv) failure to generate and deliver any energy and capacity from the Facility for more than 180 consecutive days at any time after COD; provided, however, if such failure is due to Force Majeure as defined in Exhibit B and Operator has complied with the requirements of Exhibit B with respect to such Force Majeure, then Company may not terminate this Agreement unless the failure lasts for three hundred sixty-five consecutive days.

(b) Defaults with Cure Period. Operator and Company agree that the following events if not cured by Operator within thirty days of notice from Company shall constitute a default giving Company the right to terminate this Agreement:

(i) failure to meet the requirements necessary to maintain QF status (formal or self-certification at the Operator's option) or revocation of its QF status (formal or self-certification, as applicable) for any reason;

(ii) failure to provide a status report in accordance with Section 6(a);

(iii) termination of the Interconnection Agreement or suspension of Operator's right to interconnect the Facility under the Interconnection Agreement unless such failure is due to a breach of the Interconnection Agreement by a party other than the Operator; or

(iv) failure to perform in any material way, any other obligations, which failure would not constitute an individual event of default under Section 7(a) or Section 7(c).

Notwithstanding any cure period, Company shall not be obligated to purchase any energy or Contracted Capacity under this Agreement while such default remains uncured.

(c) Delay in COD. Company shall have the right to terminate this Agreement if Operator fails to achieve Commercial Operations Date within thirty months from the date of a Commission Order approving the Schedule 19-FP rates filed by the Company in Docket No. E-100, Sub 140; provided, however, an Operator may be allowed additional time to begin deliveries of power to the Company if the QF facilities in question are nearly complete at the end of such thirty month period and the QF is able to demonstrate that it is making a good faith effort to complete its project in a timely manner.

Operator agrees that if this Agreement is canceled by Dominion Energy North Carolina prior to the end of the initial term of this Agreement for nonperformance by the QF, then, Dominion Energy North Carolina shall have all rights and remedies available at law or in equity.

Article 8: Representations and Warranties

Operator represents and warrants that it has the right to operate the Facility in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. Operator further represents and warrants that all permits, approvals, and/or licenses necessary for the operation of the Facility will be obtained prior to the COD and shall be maintained throughout the Term of this Agreement. Operator shall provide such documentation and evidence of such right, permits, approvals and/or licenses as Dominion Energy North Carolina may reasonably request, including without limitation air permits, leases and/or purchase agreements.

Article 9: Notices and Payments

All correspondence and payments concerning this Agreement shall be to the addresses below. Either Party may change the address by providing written notice to the other Party.

OPERATOR:

Trotman Road Solar, LLC
C/O SunEnergy1
192 Raceway Drive
 Mooresville, NC 28117

DOMINION ENERGY NORTH CAROLINA:

Virginia Electric and Power Company
Power Contracts (3SE)
5000 Dominion Boulevard
Glen Allen, Virginia 23060-6711

Article 10: Integration of Entirety of Agreement

This Agreement is intended by the Parties as the final expression of their Agreement and is intended also as a complete and exclusive statement of the terms of their Agreement with respect to the purchase and sale of electrical output generated by the Facility. All prior written or oral understandings, offers or other communications of every kind pertaining to this Agreement are hereby abrogated and withdrawn.

[SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused their names to appear below, signed by authorized representatives as of the date first shown above.

TROTMAN ROAD SOLAR, LLC

By:



Title: Kenny Habul, Manager

Date:

5/23/17

VIRGINIA ELECTRIC AND POWER COMPANY

By:



Title:

Authorized Representative

Date:

5/24/17

EXHIBIT A

The quarterly status reports required by Article 6 shall include the following information and any additional information that may be reasonably requested by Company.

- Status of financing and expected closing date
- Notification and status of any plans to change control or ownership of the project
- Site location and acreage
- EIA Plant Code
- Description of construction status
- Timeline of construction to include:
 - Start date of construction
 - Construction completion date
 - Date for start-up and testing
- Timeline for interconnection through completion
- Current interconnection status
- Status of required permits
- Notice of any changes, modifications, or assignment of CPCN, RCPN and QF Status
- Summary of anticipated design components including transformer voltages and maximum output in AC & DC
- Estimated COD

EXHIBIT B
General Terms and Conditions

I - Assignments

Operator agrees not to assign this Agreement without the prior written consent of Dominion Energy North Carolina, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, provided, that such assignment does not require any amendment of the terms and conditions of the Agreement, other than the notice provisions, thereof. Any attempted assignment that Dominion Energy North Carolina has not approved in writing shall be null and void and ineffective for all purposes. In the event of assignment by Operator, Operator shall pay the Company within thirty (30) days of the effective date of the assignment an amount equal to the actual costs incurred by Company in connection with such assignment up to a maximum amount of \$12,000 per assignment; provided, however, assignment of this Agreement by Operator in connection with an initial financing arrangement which is finalized and for which consent of the Company is requested within nine months of the Effective Date of this Agreement shall not be subject to the payment requirement provided herein.

II - Indemnity

Operator shall indemnify and save harmless and, if requested by Dominion Energy North Carolina, defend Dominion Energy North Carolina, its officers, directors and employees from and against any and all losses and claims or demands for damages to real property or tangible personal property (including the property of Dominion Energy North Carolina) and injury or death to persons arising out of, resulting from, or in any manner caused by the presence, operation or maintenance of any part of Operator's Facility; provided, however, that nothing herein shall be construed as requiring Operator to indemnify Dominion Energy North Carolina for any injuries, deaths or damages caused by the sole negligence of Dominion Energy North Carolina. Operator agrees to provide Dominion Energy North Carolina written evidence of liability insurance coverage, which is specifically and solely for the Facility, prior to the operation of the Facility. Operator agrees to have Dominion Energy North Carolina named as an additional insured, and shall keep such coverage current throughout the term of this Agreement.

III - QF Certification

Operator represents and warrants that its Facility meets the QF requirements established as of the Effective Date of this Agreement by the FERC's rules (18 Code of Federal Regulations Part 292), and that it will continue to meet those requirements necessary to maintain QF status throughout the term of this Agreement. Operator agrees to provide copies, at the time of submittal, of all correspondence and filings with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission relating to status of the Facility as a QF. If requested by Dominion Energy North Carolina prior to May 1 of any year, Operator agrees to provide July 1 of the same year to Dominion Energy North Carolina for the preceding year sufficient for Dominion Energy North Carolina to determine the Operator's continuing compliance with its QF requirements, including but not limited to:

- (a) All information required by FERC Form 556;
- (b) Copy of the Facility's currently effective FERC Form 556 or formal FERC certification, as applicable and any subsequent revisions or amendments;
- (c) Where applicable, a copy of any contract executed with a thermal host;
- (d) Where applicable, identification of the amount of each type of fuel used per month and average heating value for each type of fuel, which will be used to determine the Total Energy Input. These values should be verifiable by auditing supporting documentation;
- (e) Where applicable, identification of each of the QF's useful thermal output(s) for each month, including temperature, pressure, amount of thermal output delivered, temperature and amount of condensate returned (if applicable) and the conversion to Btus. These values should be verifiable by auditing supporting documentation;
- (f) Identification of the QF's useful power output for each month. These values should be verifiable by auditing supporting documentation;
- (g) Where applicable, drawings, heat balance diagrams and a sufficiently detailed narrative describing the delivery of useful thermal output including the location, description, and calibration data for all metering equipment used for QF calculations; and
- (h) Dominion Energy North Carolina may request additional information, as needed, to monitor the QF requirements.

IV - Consequential Damages

In no event shall either Party be liable to the other for any special, indirect, incidental or consequential damages whatsoever, except that the foregoing shall not apply to any promises of indemnity or obligations to reimburse the Parties expressly set forth in this Agreement.

V - Amendments, Waivers, Severability and Headings

This Agreement, including the appendices thereto, can be amended only by agreement between the Parties in writing. The failure of either Party to insist in any one or more instances upon strict performance of any provisions of this Agreement, or to take advantage of any of its rights hereunder, shall not be construed as a waiver of any such provisions or the relinquishment of any such right or any other right hereunder. In the event any provision of this Agreement, or any part or portion thereof, shall be held to be invalid, void or otherwise unenforceable, the obligations of the Parties shall be deemed to be reduced only as much as may be required to remove the impediment. The headings contained in this Agreement are used solely for convenience and do not constitute a part of the Agreement between the Parties hereto, nor should they be used to aid in any manner in the construction of this Agreement.

VI - Compliance with Laws

Operator covenants that it shall comply with all applicable provisions of Executive Order 11246, as amended; § 503 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended; § 402 of the Vietnam Era Veterans Readjustment Assistance Act of 1974, as amended; and implementing regulations set forth in 41 C.F.R. §§ 60.1, 60-250, and 60-741 and the applicable provisions relating to the utilization of small minority business concerns as set forth in 15 U.S.C. § 637, as amended. Operator agrees that the equal opportunity clause set forth in 41 C.F.R. § 60-1.4 and the equal opportunity clauses set forth in 41 C.F.R. § 250.5 and 41 C.F.R. 60-§741.5 and the clauses relating to the utilization of small and minority business concerns set forth in 15 U.S.C. § 637(d) (3) and 48 C.F.R. § 52-219.9 are hereby incorporated by reference and made a part of this Agreement. If this Agreement has a value of more than \$500,000, Operator shall adopt and comply with a small business and small disadvantaged business subcontracting plan which shall conform to the requirements set forth in 15 U.S.C. § 637(d)(6). The provisions of this section shall apply to Operator only to the extent that:

- (a) Such provisions are required of Operator under existing law;
- (b) Operator is not otherwise exempt from said provisions; and
- (c) Compliance with said provisions is consistent with and not violative of 42 U.S.C. § 2000 et seq., 42 U.S.C. § 1981 et seq., or other acts of Congress.

VII - Interconnection and Operation

Operator shall be responsible for the design, installation, and operation of its Facility. Operator shall be responsible for obtaining an Interconnection Agreement.

Operator shall: (a) maintain the Facility in conformance with all applicable laws and regulations and in accordance with operating procedures; (b) obtain any governmental authorizations and permits required for the construction and operation thereof and keep all such permits and authorizations current and in effect; and (c) manage the Facility in a safe and prudent manner. If at any time Operator does not hold such authorizations and permits, Dominion Energy North Carolina may refuse to accept deliveries of power hereunder.

Dominion Energy North Carolina may enter Operator's premises: (a) to inspect Operator's protective devices at any reasonable time; (b) to read or test meters and metering equipment; and (c) to disconnect, without notice, the Facility if, in Dominion Energy North Carolina's opinion, a hazardous condition exists and such immediate action is necessary to protect persons, or Dominion Energy North Carolina facilities or other customers' facilities from damage or interference caused by Operator's Facility or lack of properly operating protective devices. Dominion Energy North Carolina will endeavor to notify Operator as quickly as practicable if disconnection occurs as provided in (c) above. Any inspection of Operator's protective devices shall not impose on Dominion Energy North Carolina any liabilities with respect to the operation, safety or maintenance of such devices.

VIII - Metering

Dominion Energy North Carolina will meter all electrical output delivered from the Facility on the high voltage side of the step up transformer(s).

Operator agrees to pay an administrative charge to Dominion Energy North Carolina to reflect all reasonable costs incurred by Dominion Energy North Carolina for meter reading and billing, also referred to as metering charges. The monthly meter reading and billing charge shall change from time to time when the NCUC approves a different charge in Schedule 19-FP.

In addition, Operator agrees to pay any fees required to provide and maintain leased telephone lines required for meter reading by Dominion Energy North Carolina.

IX - Billing and Payment

Dominion Energy North Carolina shall read the meter in accordance with its normal meter reading schedule. Within twenty-eight (28) days thereafter, Dominion Energy North Carolina shall send via mail Operator payment for energy and Contracted Capacity delivered, except if payment is made via wire transfer then payment shall be made within thirty-one (31) days thereafter. At Dominion Energy North Carolina's option, (i) Dominion Energy North Carolina may make such payments net of the monthly metering charges, Interconnection Facilities charges, and charges for sales of electricity to the Operator, or (ii) Dominion Energy North Carolina may invoice Operator for such charges separately. Payment by Dominion Energy North Carolina shall include verification showing the billing month's ending meter reading, on-peak and off-peak kWh, and the amount paid. If in any month the monthly metering and Interconnection Facilities charges are in excess of any payments due Operator, Dominion Energy North Carolina shall bill Operator for the difference and Operator shall make such payment within 28 days of the invoice date. Failure by Operator to make such payments may result in disconnection of the Facility. In no event shall such disconnection relieve Operator of its obligation to pay monthly metering charges and Interconnection Facilities charges under this Agreement.

In the event that any data required for billing purposes hereunder are unavailable when required for such billing, the unavailable data shall be estimated by Dominion Energy North Carolina, based upon historical data. Such billing shall be subject to any required adjustment in a subsequent billing month.

Operator agrees that Dominion Energy North Carolina shall be entitled to withhold sufficient amounts due pursuant to this Agreement to offset (a) any damages to Dominion Energy North Carolina resulting from any breach of this Agreement by Operator, and (b) any other amounts Operator owes Dominion Energy North Carolina, including amounts arising from sales of electricity by Dominion Energy North Carolina to Operator, metering charges and Interconnection Facilities charges.

In no event shall Dominion Energy North Carolina be liable to Operator for any Contracted Capacity payments in excess of the amounts contracted for herein, regardless of the ultimate length of this Agreement or revisions to Schedule 19-FP or successor schedules. Operator hereby agrees to accept the Contracted Capacity payments as set forth herein as its sole and complete compensation for delivery of Contracted Capacity to Dominion Energy North Carolina.

X - Force Majeure

Neither Party shall be considered in default under this Agreement or responsible to the other Party in tort, strict liability, contract or other legal theory for damages of any description for any interruption or failure of service or deficiency in the quality or quantity of service or any other failure to perform any of its obligations hereunder to the extent such failure occurs without fault or negligence on the part of that Party and is caused by factors beyond that Party's reasonable control, which by the exercise of reasonable diligence that Party is unable to prevent, avoid, mitigate or overcome, including without limitation storm, flood, lightning, earthquake, explosion, equipment failure, civil disturbance, labor dispute, act of God or public enemy, action or inaction of a court or public authority, fire, sabotage, war, explosion, curtailments, unscheduled withdrawal of facilities from operation for maintenance or repair or any other cause of similar nature beyond the reasonable control of that Party (any such event, "Force Majeure"). Solely economic hardship of either Party shall not constitute Force Majeure under this Agreement. Nor shall anything contained in this paragraph or elsewhere in this Agreement excuse Operator or Dominion Energy North Carolina from strict compliance with the obligation of the Parties to comply with the terms of Article IX of this Exhibit B relating to timely payments.

Each Party shall have the obligation to operate in accordance with Good Utility Practice (as defined below) at all times and to use due diligence to overcome and remove any cause of failure to perform.

If a Party relies on the occurrence of an event of Force Majeure described above as a basis for being excused from performance of its obligations under this Agreement, then the Party relying on the Force Majeure event shall:

- a) Provide within forty-eight (48) hours written notice of such Force Majeure event or potential Force Majeure to the other Party, giving an estimate of its expected duration and the probable impact on the performance of its obligations hereunder;
- b) Exercise all reasonable efforts to continue to perform its obligations under this Agreement;
- c) Expeditiously take action to correct or cure the Force Majeure event excusing performance; provided, however, that settlement of strikes or other labor disputes will be completely within the sole discretion of the Party affected by such strike or labor dispute;
- d) Exercise all reasonable efforts to mitigate or limit damages to the other Party; and

e) Provide prompt notice to the other Party of the cessation of the Force Majeure event giving rise to its excuse from performance. All performance obligations hereunder shall be extended by a period equal to the term of the resultant delay.

If a Party responding to a Force Majeure event has the ability to obtain, for additional expenditures, expedited material deliveries or labor production which would allow a response to the event in a manner that is above and beyond Good Utility Practice, and such a response could shorten the duration of the Force Majeure event, the Party responding to the event may, at its discretion, present the other Party with the option of funding the expenditures for expediting material deliveries or labor production in an effort to reduce the duration of the event and economic hardship. Each such opportunity will be negotiated on a case-by-case basis by the Parties.

For purposes of this Agreement, "Good Utility Practice" shall mean any of the applicable practices, methods, standards, guides or acts: required by any governmental authority, regional or national reliability council, or national trade organization, including NERC, SERC, or the successor of any of them, as they may be amended from time to time whether or not the Party whose conduct is at issue is a member thereof; otherwise engaged in or approved by a significant portion of the electric utility industry during the relevant time period which in the exercise of reasonable judgment in light of the facts known or that should have been known at the time a decision was made, could have been expected to accomplish the desired result in a manner consistent with law, regulation, good business practices, generation, transmission and distribution reliability, safety, environmental protection, economy and expediency. Good Utility Practice is intended to be acceptable practices, methods, or acts generally accepted in the region, or any other acts or practices as are reasonably necessary to maintain the reliability of the Transmission System (as defined in the Interconnection Agreement), or of the Facility, and is not intended to be limited to the optimum practices, methods, or acts to the exclusion of all others.

EXHIBIT C

Exhibit C is a copy of Schedule 19-FP.

Schedule 19 - FP
POWER PURCHASES FROM
COGENERATION AND SMALL POWER PRODUCTION
QUALIFYING FACILITIES

I. APPLICABILITY AND AVAILABILITY

Subject to the limitations of this Section I, this schedule is applicable to any qualifying Cogenerator or Small Power Producer (Qualifying Facility) which desires to deliver all of its net electrical output to the Company, has either (1) generating facilities designated as new capacity as defined by 18 C.F.R. § 292.304(b)(1), or (2) hydroelectric generating facilities that meet the criteria of being owned or operated by a small power producer as defined in G.S. 62-3(27a), and enters into an agreement for the sale of net electrical output to the Company (Agreement).

Unless otherwise provided by a Commission order setting forth different availability dates, this schedule is available to any Qualifying Facility (otherwise eligible pursuant to the terms hereof) that, no later than the date on which proposed rates are filed in the next biennial avoided cost proceeding after Docket No. E-100, Sub 140, (a) has obtained a certificate of public convenience and necessity for its facility from the Commission or filed a report of proposed construction with the Commission pursuant to Commission Rule R8-65, (b) has self-certified with FERC as a Qualifying Facility (QF), and (c) has submitted to the Company a duly executed "Notice of Commitment to Sell the Output of a Qualifying Facility to Dominion North Carolina Power Company ("Notice of Commitment"). The form of the Notice of Commitment can be found on the Company's website through the following link: <https://www.dom.com/salestodncp>. Alternatively, a QF may request a Notice of Commitment form via email to PowerContracts@dom.com.

Where the QF elects to be compensated for firm deliveries in accordance with this schedule, the amount of capacity under contract (the "Contracted Capacity") and the initial term of contract shall be limited as follows:

(Continued)

Filed 02-26-16
Electric-North Carolina

Superseding Filing Effective For Usage
On and After 03-02-15. This Filing Effective
For Usage On and After 03-01-16.

Docket No. E-100, Sub 140

Schedule 19 - FP
POWER PURCHASES FROM
COGENERATION AND SMALL POWER PRODUCTION
QUALIFYING FACILITIES

(Continued)

I. APPLICABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (Continued)

- A. Where the QF operates hydroelectric generating facilities that meet the criteria of being owned or operated by a small power producer as defined in G.S. 62-3(27a), or where the QF operates non-hydroelectric QFs fueled by trash or methane derived from landfills, hog waste, poultry waste, solar, wind, and non-animal forms of biomass, the amount of Contracted Capacity subject to compensation shall be no greater than 5,000 kW, and the amount of energy purchased during a given hour at rates applicable to firm deliveries shall be no greater than 5,000 kWh. The initial term of contract for such a QF shall be for a period of five, 10, or 15 years, at the option of the QF.
- B. Where the QF is not defined under Paragraph I.A., the amount of Contracted Capacity subject to compensation shall be no greater than 3,000 kW, and the amount of energy purchased during a given hour at rates applicable to firm deliveries shall be no greater than 3,000 kWh. The initial term of contract for such a QF shall be for a period of 5 years.

Where the QF elects to be compensated for firm or non-firm deliveries in accordance with this schedule, the QF must begin deliveries to the Company within thirty months of the Commission's order in Docket No. E-100, Sub 140 approving this Schedule 19-FP to retain eligibility for the rates contained in this schedule; provided, however, a QF may be allowed additional time to begin deliveries of power to the Company if the QF facilities in question are nearly complete at the end of such thirty month period and the QF is able to demonstrate that it is making a good faith effort to complete its project in a timely manner. Where the QF elects an initial contract term of 10 or more years, such contract may be renewed for subsequent term(s), at the Company's option, based on substantially the same terms and provisions and at a rate either (1) mutually agreed upon by the parties negotiating in good faith and taking into consideration the Company's then avoided cost rates and other relevant factors or (2) set by arbitration.

(Continued)

Filed 02-26-16
Electric-North Carolina

Superseding Filing Effective For Usage
On and After 03-02-15. This Filing Effective
For Usage On and After 03-01-16.

Docket No. E-100, Sub 140

Virginia Electric and Power Company

Schedule 19 - FP
POWER PURCHASES FROM
COGENERATION AND SMALL POWER PRODUCTION
QUALIFYING FACILITIES

(Continued)

I. APPLICABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (Continued)

This schedule is not available or applicable to a QF owned by a developer, or affiliate of a developer, who sells power to the Company from another facility located within one-half mile unless: (1) each facility provides thermal energy to different, unaffiliated hosts; or (2) each facility provides thermal energy to the same host, and the host has multiple operations with distinctly different or separate thermal needs. For purposes of this paragraph, the distance between facilities shall be measured from the electrical-generating equipment of each facility.

This schedule is not available or applicable to a QF that utilizes a renewable resource, such as hydroelectric, solar, or wind power facilities, which is owned by a developer, or affiliate of a developer who is selling or will sell power to the Company from another QF using the same renewable energy resource located within one-half mile if the combined output of such renewable resource QFs will exceed 5,000 kW (ac). For purposes of this paragraph, distance between QFs shall be measured from the electrical generating equipment of each facility.

II. MONTHLY BILLING TO THE QF

All sales to the QF will be in accordance with any applicable filed rate schedule. In addition, where the QF contracts for sales to the Company, the QF will be billed a monthly charge equal to one of the following to cover the cost of meter reading and processing:

<u>Metering required</u>	<u>Charge</u>
One non-time-differentiated meter	\$17.24
One time-differentiated meter	\$35.55
Two time-differentiated meters	\$41.16

(Continued)

Filed 02-26-16
Electric-North Carolina

Superseding Filing Effective For Usage
On and After 03-02-15. This Filing Effective
For Usage On and After 03-01-16.

Schedule 19 - FP
POWER PURCHASES FROM
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QUALIFYING FACILITIES

(Continued)

III. DEFINITION OF ON- AND OFF-PEAK HOURS

A. For Option A Rates the On-Peak Hours are:

Summer

- (i) For the periods beginning at 12:00 midnight March 31 and ending at 12:00 midnight September 30:

The on-peak hours are defined as the hours between 10:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays considered as off-peak.

Non-Summer

- (ii) For the periods beginning at 12:00 midnight September 30 and ending at 12:00 midnight March 31:

The on-peak hours are defined as those hours between 6:00 a.m. and 1:00 p.m., plus 4:00 p.m. through 9:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays considered as off-peak.

B. For Option B Rates the On-Peak Hours are:

Summer

- (i) For the periods beginning at 12:00 midnight May 31 and ending at 12:00 midnight September 30:

The on-peak hours are defined as the hours between 1:00 p.m. and 9:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays considered as off-peak.

(Continued)

Schedule 19 - FP
POWER PURCHASES FROM
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(Continued)

III. DEFINITION OF ON- AND OFF-PEAK HOURS (Continued)

Non-Summer

- (ii) For the periods beginning at 12:00 midnight September 30 and ending at 12:00 midnight May 31:

The on-peak hours are defined as those hours between 6:00 a.m. and 1:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays considered as off-peak.

Note: Option B Rates and Hours are Applicable Only to QFs Electing the Firm Mode of Operation

C. Off-Peak Hours:

The off-peak hours in any month are defined as all hours not specified above as on-peak hours. All hours for the following holidays will be considered as off-peak: New Year's Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the day after Thanksgiving, and Christmas Day. When one of the above holidays falls on a Saturday, the Friday before the holiday will be considered off-peak; when the holiday falls on a Sunday, the following Monday will be considered off-peak.

IV. CONTRACT OPTIONS FOR DESIGNATING MODE OF OPERATION

The QF shall designate under contract its Mode of Operation from the following options, each of which determines the Company's method of payment.

- A. Non-Reimbursement Mode. The QF may contract for the delivery of energy to the Company without reimbursement, designated as the Non-reimbursement Mode of Operation.

(Continued)

Virginia Electric and Power Company

Schedule 19 - FP
POWER PURCHASES FROM
COGENERATION AND SMALL POWER PRODUCTION
QUALIFYING FACILITIES

(Continued)

IV. CONTRACT OPTIONS FOR DESIGNATING MODE OF OPERATION
(Continued)

- B. Energy-Only, Non-time-differentiated or the Energy-Only, Time-differentiated Mode. The QF may contract for the delivery of energy-only energy to the Company (energy-only payments are not fixed for the duration of the PPA term; the rates will change with each revision of this schedule, and there is no payment for capacity to QFs selecting the energy-only option). Where the QF's generation facilities have an aggregate nameplate rating of 100 kW or less the QF may designate the energy-only, Non-time-differentiated Mode of Operation. Regardless of nameplate rating the QF may designate the energy-only, Time-differentiated Mode of Operation.
- C. Firm Mode. The QF may contract for the delivery of both energy and capacity to the Company under Firm Mode. The level of capacity which the QF contracts to sell to the Company shall not exceed 5,000 kW, where the QF is defined under Paragraph I.A., or 3,000 kW otherwise. This capacity level, in kW, shall be referred to as the Contracted Capacity. When the QF elects to sell firm energy and capacity, the QF shall designate the Firm Mode of Operation.

V. PAYMENT FOR COMPANY PURCHASES OF ENERGY-ONLY

The QF may contract to receive payment for energy-only determined with each revision of this schedule. These rates will be based upon the QF's Mode of Operation as described below. There are no capacity payments for the QFs that contract for energy-only energy.

- A. Non-reimbursement Mode of Operation. Where the QF designates the Non-Reimbursement Mode of Operation, no payment will be made for energy delivered.

(Continued)

Filed 02-26-16
Electric-North Carolina

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(Continued)

V. PAYMENT FOR COMPANY PURCHASES OF ENERGY-ONLY (Continued)

- B. Non-time-differentiated Mode of Operation. Where the QF's generation facilities have an aggregate nameplate rating of 100 kW or less and the QF designates the energy-only, Non-time-differentiated Mode of Operation, the following rates in cents per kWh are applicable:

3.356

- C. Time-differentiated Mode of Operation. Where the QF designates the energy-only Time-differentiated Mode of Operation, the following On- and Off-peak rates in cents per kWh are applicable:

On-peak (as defined in Section III.A)	3.826
Off-peak	3.096

The rates in both B and C above will be redetermined on a biennial basis on each revision of this schedule. Further, for clarity, the Energy-only rates in C above are identical to the Variable Rates shown below in Section VI. A.

All energy purchase rates regardless of Mode of Operation will be further increased by 3.0% to account for line losses avoided by the Company.

VI. PAYMENT FOR COMPANY PURCHASES OF FIRM ENERGY

QFs designating the Firm Mode of Operation will be eligible to receive capacity payments in addition to energy rates under this Section VI – Firm Energy. The QF may contract to receive payments for firm energy based on A or B, below. Contract terms for 10 or 15 years are available only where the QF is defined under Paragraph I.A. Capacity payments to the QF will be paired with the option the QF selects for firm energy payments (e.g., if the QF selects Option A for firm energy payments, the QF will be paid Option A capacity payments).

(Continued)

Virginia Electric and Power Company

Schedule 19 - FP
POWER PURCHASES FROM
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QUALIFYING FACILITIES

(Continued)

VI. PAYMENT FOR COMPANY PURCHASES OF FIRM ENERGY (Continued)

In lieu of fixed rates, a QF that selects the Firm Mode of Operation may contract to receive payment for time-differentiated energy at rates to be determined with each revision of this schedule. These rates in cents per kWh, which reflect the Company's estimated avoided energy cost for delivery of energy until the next biennial filing, are as shown in the price tables below under the heading Variable Rate:

- A. Option A: The QF may contract to receive energy purchase payments for the delivery of firm energy based upon fixed prices, as shown below in cents per kWh:

	<u>Variable Rate</u>	<u>Fixed Long-Term Rate</u>		
		<u>5-Year</u>	<u>10-Year</u>	<u>15-Year</u>
On-Peak (¢/kWh)	3.826	4.367	4.743	5.037
Off-peak (¢/kWh)	3.096	3.612	3.963	4.188

- B. Option B: The QF may contract to receive energy purchase payments for the delivery of firm energy based upon fixed prices, as shown below in cents per kWh:

	<u>Variable Rate</u>	<u>Fixed Long-Term Rate</u>		
		<u>5-Year</u>	<u>10-Year</u>	<u>15-Year</u>
On-Peak (¢/kWh)	3.826	4.412	4.802	5.124
Off-peak (¢/kWh)	3.226	3.734	4.085	4.314

Operator shall be paid for energy up to 5% above the Contracted Capacity in any hour at the then applicable energy-only rates under Schedule 19-FP except no payment shall be made for generation in excess of 5,000 kW or 3,000 kW as applicable pursuant to Section I.A. or I.B.

All energy purchase rates will be further increased by 3.0% to account for line losses avoided by the Company.

(Continued)

Filed 02-26-16
Electric-North Carolina

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POWER PURCHASES FROM
COGENERATION AND SMALL POWER PRODUCTION
QUALIFYING FACILITIES

(Continued)

VII. PAYMENT FOR COMPANY PURCHASES OF CAPACITY

Company purchases of capacity are applicable only where the QF elects the Firm Mode of Operation. The QF will receive payments for capacity based on Option A below if the QF selected Option A for firm energy payments. The QF will receive capacity payment based on Option B below if the QF selected Option B for firm energy payments. Capacity payments are applicable during on-peak hours only. Such QFs shall receive capacity purchase payments based on the applicable levelized capacity purchase price below, in cents per kWh, corresponding to the contract length in years. Contract terms of 10 or 15 years are available only for QFs described in Paragraph I.A.

Option A:

For hydroelectric facilities with no storage capability and no other type of generation:

	<u>Capacity Price</u>		
	<u>5-Year</u>	<u>10-Year</u>	<u>15-Year</u>
On-Peak (¢/kWh) Summer	4.351	4.515	4.665
On-Peak (¢/kWh) Non-summer	2.900	3.010	3.110

For all other facilities:

	<u>Capacity Price</u>		
	<u>5-Year</u>	<u>10-Year</u>	<u>15-Year</u>
On-Peak (¢/kWh) Summer	2.611	2.709	2.799
On-Peak (¢/kWh) Non-summer	1.740	1.806	1.866

(Continued)

Filed 02-26-16
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Schedule 19 - FP
POWER PURCHASES FROM
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QUALIFYING FACILITIES

(Continued)

VII. PAYMENT FOR COMPANY PURCHASES OF CAPACITY (Continued)

Option B:

For hydroelectric facilities with no storage capability and no other type of generation:

		<u>Capacity Price</u>	
	<u>5-Year</u>	<u>10-Year</u>	<u>15-Year</u>
On-Peak (¢/kWh) Summer	9.981	10.358	10.701
On-Peak (¢/kWh) Non-summer	3.848	3.993	4.125

For all other facilities:

		<u>Capacity Price</u>	
	<u>5-Year</u>	<u>10-Year</u>	<u>15-Year</u>
On-Peak (¢/kWh) Summer	5.989	6.215	6.421
On-Peak (¢/kWh) Non-summer	2.309	2.396	2.475

Payments will be made to the QF by applying the appropriate levelized capacity purchase price above to all kWh delivered to the Company during each on-peak hour, up to the 100% of the Contracted Capacity in such hour. There will be no compensation for capacity in excess of the QF's Contracted Capacity in an hour. This capacity price will be in accordance with the length of rate term for capacity sales so established in the contract.

(Continued)

Filed 02-26-16
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Schedule 19 - FP
POWER PURCHASES FROM
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QUALIFYING FACILITIES

(Continued)

VIII. PROVISIONS FOR COMPANY PURCHASE OF THE QF GENERATION

- A. The QF shall own and be fully responsible for the costs and performance of the QF's:
 - 1. Generating facility in accordance with all applicable laws and governmental agencies having jurisdiction;
 - 2. Control and protective devices as required by the Company on the QF's side of the meter.
- B. The sale of power to the Company by a QF at avoided cost rates pursuant to this Schedule 19-FP does not convey ownership to the Company of the renewable energy credits or green tags associated with the QF facility.
- C. The QF is responsible for obtaining an interconnection service agreement for delivery of capacity and energy generated by its facility onto the Company's electrical system. Information on interconnection procedures for the QF's generation interconnection is provided through the Internet at the Company's website:

<https://www.dom.com/library/domcom/pdfs/north-carolina-power/rates/terms-and-conditions/term24.pdf>.

If the interconnection is subject to FERC jurisdiction, the interconnection will be in accordance with FERC and PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. requirements.

(Continued)

Schedule 19 - FP
POWER PURCHASES FROM
COGENERATION AND SMALL POWER PRODUCTION
QUALIFYING FACILITIES

(Continued)

IX. MODIFICATION OF RATES AND OTHER PROVISIONS HEREUNDER

The provisions of this schedule, including the rates for purchase of energy and Contracted Capacity by the Company, are subject to modification at any time in the manner prescribed by law, and when so modified, shall supersede the rates and provisions hereof. However, payments to QFs with contracts for a specified term at payments established at the time the obligation is incurred shall remain at the payment levels established in their contract.

If the QF terminates its contract to provide Contracted Capacity and energy to the Company prior to the expiration of the contract term, the QF shall, in addition to other liabilities, be liable to the Company for excess capacity and energy payments.

Such excess payments will be calculated by taking the difference between (1) the total capacity and energy payments already made by the Company to the QF and (2) capacity and energy payments calculated based on the levelized capacity and energy purchase price found in Paragraph VI and VII corresponding to the highest term option completed by the QF. These excess payments shall also include interest, from the time such excess payments were made, compounded annually at the rate equal to the Company's most current issue of long-term debt at the time of the contract's effective date.

X. TERM OF CONTRACT

The term of contract shall be such as may be mutually agreed upon but for not less than one year.

EXHIBIT D

Exhibit D is a map and written description identifying the specific location of the Facility and is provided by the Operator.

4. Address or location of generating facility set forth in terms of local highways, streets, river, streams, or other generally known landmarks together with a map such as a county road map with the location indicated on the map.

474 N. Sandy Hook Road, Shiloh, NC

Located in Camden County, North Carolina

(i) The proposed layout



All major equipment, including the generator, fuel handling equipment, plant distribution system, and startup equipment:

Inverters: Power One Ultra 1500-TL-OUTD-2-US-690 and Power One
Ultra 1100-TL-OUTD-2-US-690
Panels: Jinko Solar 305P
Racking: Array Technologies Inc
DuraTrack

Please note – the blue vertical lines above depict modules & racking – no structures will be constructed on the site.

(iii) The site boundary:



The site boundary is identified by the red line in the layout above.

EXHIBIT E

Exhibit E is a copy of the Operator Form 556 or formal FERC certification of QF status in effect as of the Effective Date.

OR

If Facility is less than 1MW, Operator may submit the following statement as Exhibit E that the Facility qualifies as a Qualifying Facility (QF) under federal law:

Federal law exempts small power production or cogeneration facilities with net power production capacities of 1 MW or less from certain certification requirements in order to qualify as a qualifying facility ("QF" or "Qualifying Facility"). Therefore, [QF Name Here] submits the Facility is exempt from the certification requirements, but submits that the Facility qualifies as a Qualifying Facility under federal law set forth in the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (codified at 16 U.S.C. § 824a-3).

Name

Title

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC

OMB Control # 1902-0075
Expiration 05/31/2016

Form 556

Certification of Qualifying Facility (QF) Status for a Small Power
Production or Cogeneration Facility


General

Questions about completing this form should be sent to Form556@ferc.gov. Information about the Commission's QF program, answers to frequently asked questions about QF requirements or completing this form, and contact information for QF program staff are available at the Commission's QF website, www.ferc.gov/QF. The Commission's QF website also provides links to the Commission's QF regulations (18 C.F.R. § 131.80 and Part 292), as well as other statutes and orders pertaining to the Commission's QF program.

Who Must File

Any applicant seeking QF status or recertification of QF status for a generating facility with a net power production capacity (as determined in lines 7a through 7g below) greater than 1000 kW must file a self-certification or an application for Commission certification of QF status, which includes a properly completed Form 556. Any applicant seeking QF status for a generating facility with a net power production capacity 1000 kW or less is exempt from the certification requirement, and is therefore not required to complete or file a Form 556. See 18 C.F.R. § 292.203.

How to Complete the Form 556

This form is intended to be completed by responding to the items in the order they are presented, according to the instructions given. If you need to back-track, you may need to clear certain responses before you will be allowed to change other responses made previously in the form. If you experience problems, click on the nearest help button () for assistance, or contact Commission staff at Form556@ferc.gov.

Certain lines in this form will be automatically calculated based on responses to previous lines, with the relevant formulas shown. You must respond to all of the previous lines within a section before the results of an automatically calculated field will be displayed. If you disagree with the results of any automatic calculation on this form, contact Commission staff at Form556@ferc.gov to discuss the discrepancy before filing.

You must complete all lines in this form unless instructed otherwise. Do not alter this form or save this form in a different format. Incomplete or altered forms, or forms saved in formats other than PDF, will be rejected.

How to File a Completed Form 556

Applicants are required to file their Form 556 electronically through the Commission's eFiling website (see instructions on page 2). By filing electronically, you will reduce your filing burden, save paper resources, save postage or courier charges, help keep Commission expenses to a minimum, and receive a much faster confirmation (via an email containing the docket number assigned to your facility) that the Commission has received your filing.

If you are simultaneously filing both a waiver request and a Form 556 as part of an application for Commission certification, see the "Waiver Requests" section on page 3 for more information on how to file.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

This form is approved by the Office of Management and Budget. Compliance with the information requirements established by the FERC Form No. 556 is required to obtain or maintain status as a QF. See 18 C.F.R. § 131.80 and Part 292. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The estimated burden for completing the FERC Form No. 556, including gathering and reporting information, is as follows: 3 hours for self-certification of a small power production facility, 8 hours for self-certifications of a cogeneration facility, 6 hours for an application for Commission certification of a small power production facility, and 50 hours for an application for Commission certification of a cogeneration facility. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the following: Information Clearance Officer, Office of the Executive Director (ED-32), Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street N.E., Washington, DC 20426 (DataClearance@ferc.gov); and Desk Officer for FERC, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503 (oir_submission@omb.eop.gov). Include the Control No. 1902-0075 in any correspondence.

Electronic Filing (eFiling)

To electronically file your Form 556, visit the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF and click the eFiling link.

If you are eFiling your first document, you will need to register with your name, email address, mailing address, and phone number. If you are registering on behalf of an employer, then you will also need to provide the employer name, alternate contact name, alternate contact phone number and alternate contact email.

Once you are registered, log in to eFiling with your registered email address and the password that you created at registration. Follow the instructions. When prompted, select one of the following QF-related filing types, as appropriate, from the Electric or General filing category.

Filing category	Filing Type as listed in eFiling	Description
Electric	(Fee) Application for Commission Cert. as Cogeneration QF	Use to submit an application for Commission certification or Commission recertification of a cogeneration facility as a QF.
	(Fee) Application for Commission Cert. as Small Power QF	Use to submit an application for Commission certification or Commission recertification of a small power production facility as a QF.
	Self-Certification Notice (QF, EG, FC)	Use to submit a notice of self-certification of your facility (cogeneration or small power production) as a QF.
	Self-Recertification of Qualifying Facility (QF)	Use to submit a notice of self-recertification of your facility (cogeneration or small power production) as a QF.
	Supplemental Information or Request	Use to correct or supplement a Form 556 that was submitted with errors or omissions, or for which Commission staff has requested additional information. Do not use this filing type to report new changes to a facility or its ownership; rather, use a self-recertification or Commission recertification to report such changes.
General	(Fee) Petition for Declaratory Order (not under FPA Part 1)	Use to submit a petition for declaratory order granting a waiver of Commission QF regulations pursuant to 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.204(a) (3) and/or 292.205(c). A Form 556 is not required for a petition for declaratory order unless Commission recertification is being requested as part of the petition.

You will be prompted to submit your filing fee, if applicable, during the electronic submission process. Filing fees can be paid via electronic bank account debit or credit card.

During the eFiling process, you will be prompted to select your file(s) for upload from your computer.

Filing Fee

No filing fee is required if you are submitting a self-certification or self-recertification of your facility as a QF pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(a).

A filing fee is required if you are filing either of the following:

- (1) an application for Commission certification or recertification of your facility as a QF pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(b), or
- (2) a petition for declaratory order granting waiver pursuant to 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.204(a)(3) and/or 292.205(c).

The current fees for applications for Commission certifications and petitions for declaratory order can be found by visiting the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF and clicking the Fee Schedule link.

You will be prompted to submit your filing fee, if applicable, during the electronic filing process described on page 2.

Required Notice to Utilities and State Regulatory Authorities

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(a)(ii), you must provide a copy of your self-certification or request for Commission certification to the utilities with which the facility will interconnect and/or transact, as well as to the State regulatory authorities of the states in which your facility and those utilities reside. Links to information about the regulatory authorities in various states can be found by visiting the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF and clicking the Notice Requirements link.

What to Expect From the Commission After You File

An applicant filing a Form 556 electronically will receive an email message acknowledging receipt of the filing and showing the docket number assigned to the filing. Such email is typically sent within one business day, but may be delayed pending confirmation by the Secretary of the Commission of the contents of the filing.

An applicant submitting a self-certification of QF status should expect to receive no documents from the Commission, other than the electronic acknowledgement of receipt described above. Consistent with its name, a self-certification is a certification *by the applicant itself* that the facility meets the relevant requirements for QF status, and does not involve a determination by the Commission as to the status of the facility. An acknowledgement of receipt of a self-certification, in particular, does not represent a determination by the Commission with regard to the QF status of the facility. An applicant self-certifying may, however, receive a rejection, revocation or deficiency letter if its application is found, during periodic compliance reviews, not to comply with the relevant requirements.

An applicant submitting a request for Commission certification will receive an order either granting or denying certification of QF status, or a letter requesting additional information or rejecting the application. Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(b)(3), the Commission must act on an application for Commission certification within 90 days of the later of the filing date of the application or the filing date of a supplement, amendment or other change to the application.

Waiver Requests

18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a)(3) allows an applicant to request a waiver to modify the method of calculation pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a)(2) to determine if two facilities are considered to be located at the same site, for good cause. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(c) allows an applicant to request waiver of the requirements of 18 C.F.R. §§ 292.205(a) and (b) for operating and efficiency upon a showing that the facility will produce significant energy savings. A request for waiver of these requirements must be submitted as a petition for declaratory order, with the appropriate filing fee for a petition for declaratory order. Applicants requesting Commission recertification as part of a request for waiver of one of these requirements should electronically submit their completed Form 556 along with their petition for declaratory order, rather than filing their Form 556 as a separate request for Commission recertification. Only the filing fee for the petition for declaratory order must be paid to cover both the waiver request and the request for recertification *if such requests are made simultaneously*.

18 C.F.R. § 292.203(d)(2) allows an applicant to request a waiver of the Form 556 filing requirements, for good cause. Applicants filing a petition for declaratory order requesting a waiver under 18 C.F.R. § 292.203(d)(2) do not need to complete or submit a Form 556 with their petition.

Geographic Coordinates

If a street address does not exist for your facility, then line 3c of the Form 556 requires you to report your facility's geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude). Geographic coordinates may be obtained from several different sources. You can find links to online services that show latitude and longitude coordinates on online maps by visiting the Commission's QF webpage at www.ferc.gov/QF and clicking the Geographic Coordinates link. You may also be able to obtain your geographic coordinates from a GPS device, Google Earth (available free at <http://earth.google.com>), a property survey, various engineering or construction drawings, a property deed, or a municipal or county map showing property lines.

Filing Privileged Data or Critical Energy Infrastructure Information in a Form 556

The Commission's regulations provide procedures for applicants to either (1) request that any information submitted with a Form 556 be given privileged treatment because the information is exempt from the mandatory public disclosure requirements of the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552, and should be withheld from public disclosure; or (2) identify any documents containing critical energy infrastructure information (CEII) as defined in 18 C.F.R. § 388.113 that should not be made public.

If you are seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for any data in your Form 556, then you must follow the procedures in 18 C.F.R. § 388.112. See www.ferc.gov/help/filing-guide/file-ceii.asp for more information.

Among other things (see 18 C.F.R. § 388.112 for other requirements), applicants seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for data submitted in a Form 556 must prepare and file both (1) a complete version of the Form 556 (containing the privileged and/or CEII data), and (2) a public version of the Form 556 (with the privileged and/or CEII data redacted). Applicants preparing and filing these different versions of their Form 556 must indicate below the security designation of this version of their document. If you are *not* seeking privileged treatment or CEII status for any of your Form 556 data, then you should not respond to any of the items on this page.

<input type="checkbox"/> Non-Public: Applicant is seeking privileged treatment and/or CEII status for data contained in the Form 556 lines indicated below. This non-public version of the applicant's Form 556 contains all data, including the data that is redacted in the (separate) public version of the applicant's Form 556.
<input type="checkbox"/> Public (redacted): Applicant is seeking privileged treatment and/or CEII status for data contained in the Form 556 lines indicated below. This public version of the applicants's Form 556 contains all data <u>except</u> for data from the lines indicated below, which has been redacted.
Privileged: Indicate below which lines of your form contain data for which you are seeking privileged treatment
Critical Energy Infrastructure Information (CEII): Indicate below which lines of your form contain data for which you are seeking CEII status

The eFiling process described on page 2 will allow you to identify which versions of the electronic documents you submit are public, privileged and/or CEII. The filenames for such documents should begin with "Public", "Priv", or "CEII", as applicable, to clearly indicate the security designation of the file. Both versions of the Form 556 should be unaltered PDF copies of the Form 556, as available for download from www.ferc.gov/QF. To redact data from the public copy of the submittal, simply omit the relevant data from the Form. For numerical fields, leave the redacted fields blank. For text fields, complete as much of the field as possible, and replace the redacted portions of the field with the word "REDACTED" in brackets. Be sure to identify above all fields which contain data for which you are seeking non-public status.

The Commission is not responsible for detecting or correcting filer errors, including those errors related to security designation. If your documents contain sensitive information, make sure they are filed using the proper security designation.

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC

OMB Control # 1902-0075
Expiration 5/31/2016

Form 556

Certification of Qualifying Facility (QF) Status for a Small Power Production or Cogeneration Facility

OFFICIAL COPY

Mar 12 2018

Application Information

1a Full name of applicant (legal entity on whose behalf qualifying facility status is sought for this facility) Shiloh Sandy Hook Solar, LLC		
1b Applicant street address 192 Raceway Drive		
1c City Mooresville	1d State/province North Carolina	
1e Postal code 28117	1f Country (if not United States)	1g Telephone number 704-662-0375
1h Has the instant facility ever previously been certified as a QF? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
1i If yes, provide the docket number of the last known QF filing pertaining to this facility: QF ____ - ____ - ____		
1j Under which certification process is the applicant making this filing? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of self-certification (see note below) <input type="checkbox"/> Application for Commission certification (requires filing fee; see "Filing Fee" section on page 3) <p>Note: a notice of self-certification is a notice by the applicant itself that its facility complies with the requirements for QF status. A notice of self-certification does not establish a proceeding, and the Commission does not review a notice of self-certification to verify compliance. See the "What to Expect From the Commission After You File" section on page 3 for more information.</p>		
1k What type(s) of QF status is the applicant seeking for its facility? (check all that apply) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Qualifying small power production facility status <input type="checkbox"/> Qualifying cogeneration facility status		
1l What is the purpose and expected effective date(s) of this filing? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Original certification; facility expected to be installed by <u>12/31/15</u> and to begin operation on <u>12/31/15</u> <input type="checkbox"/> Change(s) to a previously certified facility to be effective on _____ (identify type(s) of change(s) below, and describe change(s) in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19) <input type="checkbox"/> Name change and/or other administrative change(s) <input type="checkbox"/> Change in ownership <input type="checkbox"/> Change(s) affecting plant equipment, fuel use, power production capacity and/or cogeneration thermal output <input type="checkbox"/> Supplement or correction to a previous filing submitted on _____ (describe the supplement or correction in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19)		
1m If any of the following three statements is true, check the box(es) that describe your situation and complete the form to the extent possible, explaining any special circumstances in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19. <input type="checkbox"/> The instant facility complies with the Commission's QF requirements by virtue of a waiver of certain regulations previously granted by the Commission in an order dated _____ (specify any other relevant waiver orders in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19) <input type="checkbox"/> The instant facility would comply with the Commission's QF requirements if a petition for waiver submitted concurrently with this application is granted <input type="checkbox"/> The instant facility complies with the Commission's regulations, but has special circumstances, such as the employment of unique or innovative technologies not contemplated by the structure of this form, that make the demonstration of compliance via this form difficult or impossible (describe in Misc. section starting on p. 19)		

Contact Information	2a Name of contact person Kenny Habul		2b Telephone number 704-332-0675	
	2c Which of the following describes the contact person's relationship to the applicant? (check one) <input type="checkbox"/> Applicant (self) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Employee, owner or partner of applicant authorized to represent the applicant <input type="checkbox"/> Employee of a company affiliated with the applicant authorized to represent the applicant on this matter <input type="checkbox"/> Lawyer, consultant, or other representative authorized to represent the applicant on this matter			
	2d Company or organization name (if applicant is an individual, check here and skip to line 2e) <input type="checkbox"/> Shiloh Sandy Hook Solar, LLC			
	2e Street address (if same as Applicant, check here and skip to line 3a) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
	2f City		2g State/province	
	2h Postal code		2i Country (if not United States)	
Facility Identification and Location	3a Facility name Shiloh Sandy Hook Solar, LLC			
	3b Street address (if a street address does not exist for the facility, check here and skip to line 3c) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
	3c Geographic coordinates: If you indicated that no street address exists for your facility by checking the box in line 3b, then you must specify the latitude and longitude coordinates of the facility in degrees (to three decimal places). Use the following formula to convert to decimal degrees from degrees, minutes and seconds: decimal degrees = degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/3600). See the "Geographic Coordinates" section on page 4 for help. If you provided a street address for your facility in line 3b, then specifying the geographic coordinates below is optional. Longitude <input type="checkbox"/> East (+) 76.058 degrees Latitude <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> North (+) 36.330 degrees <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> West (-)			
	3d City (if unincorporated, check here and enter nearest city) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Shiloh		3e State/province North Carolina	
	3f County (or check here for independent city) <input type="checkbox"/> Camden		3g Country (if not United States)	
Transacting Utilities	Identify the electric utilities that are contemplated to transact with the facility.			
	4a Identify utility interconnecting with the facility Dominion North Carolina Power			
	4b Identify utilities providing wheeling service or check here if none <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
	4c Identify utilities purchasing the useful electric power output or check here if none <input type="checkbox"/> Dominion North Carolina Power			
	4d Identify utilities providing supplementary power, backup power, maintenance power, and/or interruptible power service or check here if none <input type="checkbox"/> Dominion North Carolina Power			

Ownership and Operation

5a Direct ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify all direct owners of the facility holding at least 10 percent equity interest. For each identified owner, also (1) indicate whether that owner is an electric utility, as defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or a holding company, as defined in section 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)), and (2) for owners which are electric utilities or holding companies, provide the percentage of equity interest in the facility held by that owner. If no direct owners hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, then provide the required information for the two direct owners with the largest equity interest in the facility.

Full legal names of direct owners	Electric utility or holding company	If Yes, % equity interest
1) Shiloh Sandy Hook Solar, LLC	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	%
2)	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	%
3)	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	%
4)	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	%
5)	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	%
6)	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	%
7)	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	%
8)	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	%
9)	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	%
10)	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	%

☐ Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 if additional space is needed

5b Upstream (i.e., indirect) ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify all upstream (i.e., indirect) owners of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and (2) are electric utilities, as defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding companies, as defined in section 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Also provide the percentage of equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream owners may be subsidiaries of one another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.)

Check here if no such upstream owners exist. ☒

Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream owners	% equity interest
1)	%
2)	%
3)	%
4)	%
5)	%
6)	%
7)	%
8)	%
9)	%
10)	%

☐ Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 if additional space is needed

5c Identify the facility operator

Shiloh Sandy Hook Solar, LLC

Energy Input

6a Describe the primary energy input: (check one main category and, if applicable, one subcategory)

- | | | |
|--|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Biomass (specify) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Renewable resources (specify) | <input type="checkbox"/> Geothermal |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Landfill gas | <input type="checkbox"/> Hydro power - river | <input type="checkbox"/> Fossil fuel (specify) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Manure digester gas | <input type="checkbox"/> Hydro power - tidal | <input type="checkbox"/> Coal (not waste) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Municipal solid waste | <input type="checkbox"/> Hydro power - wave | <input type="checkbox"/> Fuel oil/diesel |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sewage digester gas | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Solar - photovoltaic | <input type="checkbox"/> Natural gas (not waste) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Wood | <input type="checkbox"/> Solar - thermal | <input type="checkbox"/> Other fossil fuel
(describe on page 19) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other biomass (describe on page 19) | <input type="checkbox"/> Wind | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe on page 19) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Waste (specify type below in line 6b) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other renewable resource
(describe on page 19) | |

6b If you specified "waste" as the primary energy input in line 6a, indicate the type of waste fuel used: (check one)

- ☐ Waste fuel listed in 18 C.F.R. § 292.202(b) (specify one of the following)
- ☐ Anthracite culm produced prior to July 23, 1985
 - ☐ Anthracite refuse that has an average heat content of 6,000 Btu or less per pound and has an average ash content of 45 percent or more
 - ☐ Bituminous coal refuse that has an average heat content of 9,500 Btu per pound or less and has an average ash content of 25 percent or more
 - ☐ Top or bottom subbituminous coal produced on Federal lands or on Indian lands that has been determined to be waste by the United States Department of the Interior's Bureau of Land Management (BLM) or that is located on non-Federal or non-Indian lands outside of BLM's jurisdiction, provided that the applicant shows that the latter coal is an extension of that determined by BLM to be waste
 - ☐ Coal refuse produced on Federal lands or on Indian lands that has been determined to be waste by the BLM or that is located on non-Federal or non-Indian lands outside of BLM's jurisdiction, provided that applicant shows that the latter is an extension of that determined by BLM to be waste
 - ☐ Lignite produced in association with the production of montan wax and lignite that becomes exposed as a result of such a mining operation
 - ☐ Gaseous fuels (except natural gas and synthetic gas from coal) (describe on page 19)
 - ☐ Waste natural gas from gas or oil wells (describe on page 19 how the gas meets the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 2.400 for waste natural gas; include with your filing any materials necessary to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 2.400)
 - ☐ Materials that a government agency has certified for disposal by combustion (describe on page 19)
 - ☐ Heat from exothermic reactions (describe on page 19)
 - ☐ Residual heat (describe on page 19)
 - ☐ Used rubber tires
 - ☐ Plastic materials
 - ☐ Refinery off-gas
 - ☐ Petroleum coke
- ☐ Other waste energy input that has little or no commercial value and exists in the absence of the qualifying facility industry (describe in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19; include a discussion of the fuel's lack of commercial value and existence in the absence of the qualifying facility industry)

6c Provide the average energy input, calculated on a calendar year basis, in terms of Btu/h for the following fossil fuel energy inputs, and provide the related percentage of the total average annual energy input to the facility (18 C.F.R. § 292.202(j)). For any oil or natural gas fuel, use lower heating value (18 C.F.R. § 292.202(m)).

Fuel	Annual average energy input for specified fuel	Percentage of total annual energy input
Natural gas	0 Btu/h	0 %
Oil-based fuels	0 Btu/h	0 %
Coal	0 Btu/h	0 %

Technical Facility Information

Indicate the maximum gross and maximum net electric power production capacity of the facility at the point(s) of delivery by completing the worksheet below. Respond to all items. If any of the parasitic loads and/or losses identified in lines 7b through 7e are negligible, enter zero for those lines.

7a The maximum gross power production capacity at the terminals of the individual generator(s) under the most favorable anticipated design conditions	5,000 kW
7b Parasitic station power used at the facility to run equipment which is necessary and integral to the power production process (boiler feed pumps, fans/blowers, office or maintenance buildings directly related to the operation of the power generating facility, etc.). If this facility includes non-power production processes (for instance, power consumed by a cogeneration facility's thermal host), do not include any power consumed by the non-power production activities in your reported parasitic station power.	0 kW
7c Electrical losses in interconnection transformers	50 kW
7d Electrical losses in AC/DC conversion equipment, if any	0 kW
7e Other interconnection losses in power lines or facilities (other than transformers and AC/DC conversion equipment) between the terminals of the generator(s) and the point of interconnection with the utility	50 kW
7f Total deductions from gross power production capacity = 7b + 7c + 7d + 7e	100.0 kW
7g Maximum net power production capacity = 7a - 7f	4,900.0 kW

7h Description of facility and primary components: Describe the facility and its operation. Identify all boilers, heat recovery steam generators, prime movers (any mechanical equipment driving an electric generator), electrical generators, photovoltaic solar equipment, fuel cell equipment and/or other primary power generation equipment used in the facility. Descriptions of components should include (as applicable) specifications of the nominal capacities for mechanical output, electrical output, or steam generation of the identified equipment. For each piece of equipment identified, clearly indicate how many pieces of that type of equipment are included in the plant, and which components are normally operating or normally in standby mode. Provide a description of how the components operate as a system. Applicants for cogeneration facilities do not need to describe operations of systems that are clearly depicted on and easily understandable from a cogeneration facility's attached mass and heat balance diagram; however, such applicants should provide any necessary description needed to understand the sequential operation of the facility depicted in their mass and heat balance diagram. If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.

This system is a single N-S axis tracking, ground-mounted solar photovoltaic facility comprised of approximately 23,334 PV modules and will utilize four (4) 1.5 MW inverters dialed down to 1.25 MW each. The entire project will be securely fenced.

Information Required for Small Power Production Facility

If you indicated in line 1k that you are seeking qualifying small power production facility status for your facility, then you must respond to the items on this page. Otherwise, skip page 10.

Certification of Compliance with Size Limitations	<p>Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a), the power production capacity of any small power production facility, together with the power production capacity of any other small power production facilities that use the same energy resource, are owned by the same person(s) or its affiliates, and are located at the same site, may not exceed 80 megawatts. To demonstrate compliance with this size limitation, or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from this size limitation under the Solar, Wind, Waste, and Geothermal Power Production Incentives Act of 1990 (Pub. L. 101-575, 104 Stat. 2834 (1990) <i>as amended by</i> Pub. L. 102-46, 105 Stat. 249 (1991)), respond to lines 8a through 8e below (as applicable).</p>																
	<p>8a Identify any facilities with electrical generating equipment located within 1 mile of the electrical generating equipment of the instant facility, and for which any of the entities identified in lines 5a or 5b, or their affiliates, holds at least a 5 percent equity interest.</p>																
	<p>Check here if no such facilities exist. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>																
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Facility location (city or county, state)</th> <th>Root docket # (if any)</th> <th>Common owner(s)</th> <th>Maximum net power production capacity</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1) _____</td> <td>QF - _____</td> <td>_____</td> <td>_____ kW</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2) _____</td> <td>QF - _____</td> <td>_____</td> <td>_____ kW</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3) _____</td> <td>QF - _____</td> <td>_____</td> <td>_____ kW</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Facility location (city or county, state)	Root docket # (if any)	Common owner(s)	Maximum net power production capacity	1) _____	QF - _____	_____	_____ kW	2) _____	QF - _____	_____	_____ kW	3) _____	QF - _____	_____	_____ kW
	Facility location (city or county, state)	Root docket # (if any)	Common owner(s)	Maximum net power production capacity													
	1) _____	QF - _____	_____	_____ kW													
2) _____	QF - _____	_____	_____ kW														
3) _____	QF - _____	_____	_____ kW														
<p><input type="checkbox"/> Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 if additional space is needed</p>																	
<p>8b The Solar, Wind, Waste, and Geothermal Power Production Incentives Act of 1990 (Incentives Act) provides exemption from the size limitations in 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a) for certain facilities that were certified prior to 1995. Are you seeking exemption from the size limitations in 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a) by virtue of the Incentives Act?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes (continue at line 8c below) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No (skip lines 8c through 8e)</p>																	
Certification of Compliance with Fuel Use Requirements	<p>8c Was the original notice of self-certification or application for Commission certification of the facility filed on or before December 31, 1994? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/></p>																
	<p>8d Did construction of the facility commence on or before December 31, 1999? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/></p>																
	<p>8e If you answered No in line 8d, indicate whether reasonable diligence was exercised toward the completion of the facility, taking into account all factors relevant to construction? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> If you answered Yes, provide a brief narrative explanation in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 of the construction timeline (in particular, describe why construction started so long after the facility was certified) and the diligence exercised toward completion of the facility.</p>																
<p>Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b), qualifying small power production facilities may use fossil fuels, in minimal amounts, for only the following purposes: ignition; start-up; testing; flame stabilization; control use; alleviation or prevention of unanticipated equipment outages; and alleviation or prevention of emergencies, directly affecting the public health, safety, or welfare, which would result from electric power outages. The amount of fossil fuels used for these purposes may not exceed 25 percent of the total energy input of the facility during the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy or any calendar year thereafter.</p>																	
<p>9a Certification of compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b) with respect to uses of fossil fuel:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicant certifies that the facility will use fossil fuels <i>exclusively</i> for the purposes listed above.</p>																	
<p>9b Certification of compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b) with respect to amount of fossil fuel used annually:</p> <p>Applicant certifies that the amount of fossil fuel used at the facility will not, in aggregate, exceed 25 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> percent of the total energy input of the facility during the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy or any calendar year thereafter.</p>																	

Information Required for Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 1k that you are seeking qualifying cogeneration facility status for your facility, then you must respond to the items on pages 11 through 13. Otherwise, skip pages 11 through 13.

General Cogeneration Information	<p>Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.202(c), a cogeneration facility produces electric energy and forms of useful thermal energy (such as heat or steam) used for industrial, commercial, heating, or cooling purposes, through the sequential use of energy. Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.202(s), "sequential use" of energy means the following: (1) for a topping-cycle cogeneration facility, the use of reject heat from a power production process in sufficient amounts in a thermal application or process to conform to the requirements of the operating standard contained in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a); or (2) for a bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility, the use of at least some reject heat from a thermal application or process for power production.</p>	
	<p>10a What type(s) of cogeneration technology does the facility represent? (check all that apply)</p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> Topping-cycle cogeneration <input type="checkbox"/> Bottoming-cycle cogeneration </p>	
	<p>10b To help demonstrate the sequential operation of the cogeneration process, and to support compliance with other requirements such as the operating and efficiency standards, include with your filing a mass and heat balance diagram depicting average annual operating conditions. This diagram must include certain items and meet certain requirements, as described below. You must check next to the description of each requirement below to certify that you have complied with these requirements.</p>	
	<p>Check to certify compliance with indicated requirement</p>	<p>Requirement</p>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Diagram must show orientation within system piping and/or ducts of all prime movers, heat recovery steam generators, boilers, electric generators, and condensers (as applicable), as well as any other primary equipment relevant to the cogeneration process.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Any average annual values required to be reported in lines 10b, 12a, 13a, 13b, 13d, 13f, 14a, 15b, 15d and/or 15f must be computed over the anticipated hours of operation.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Diagram must specify all fuel inputs by fuel type and average annual rate in Btu/h. Fuel for supplementary firing should be specified separately and clearly labeled. All specifications of fuel inputs should use lower heating values.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Diagram must specify average gross electric output in kW or MW for each generator.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Diagram must specify average mechanical output (that is, any mechanical energy taken off of the shaft of the prime movers for purposes not directly related to electric power generation) in horsepower, if any. Typically, a cogeneration facility has no mechanical output.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	At each point for which working fluid flow conditions are required to be specified (see below), such flow condition data must include mass flow rate (in lb/h or kg/s), temperature (in °F, R, °C or K), absolute pressure (in psia or kPa) and enthalpy (in Btu/lb or kJ/kg). Exception: For systems where the working fluid is <i>liquid only</i> (no vapor at any point in the cycle) and where the type of liquid and specific heat of that liquid are clearly indicated on the diagram or in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19, only mass flow rate and temperature (not pressure and enthalpy) need be specified. For reference, specific heat at standard conditions for pure liquid water is approximately 1.002 Btu/(lb*°R) or 4.195 kJ/(kg*K).	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at input to and output from each steam turbine or other expansion turbine or back-pressure turbine.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at delivery to and return from each thermal application.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at make-up water inputs.	

EPA 2005 Requirements for Fundamental Use of Energy Output from Cogeneration Facilities

EPA 2005 cogeneration facilities: The Energy Policy Act of 2005 (EPA 2005) established a new section 210(n) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (PURPA), 16 USC 824a-3(n), with additional requirements for any qualifying cogeneration facility that (1) is seeking to sell electric energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA and (2) was either not a cogeneration facility on August 8, 2005, or had not filed a self-certification or application for Commission certification of QF status on or before February 1, 2006. These requirements were implemented by the Commission in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d). Complete the lines below, carefully following the instructions, to demonstrate whether these additional requirements apply to your cogeneration facility and, if so, whether your facility complies with such requirements.

11a Was your facility operating as a qualifying cogeneration facility on or before August 8, 2005? Yes ☐ No ☐

11b Was the initial filing seeking certification of your facility (whether a notice of self-certification or an application for Commission certification) filed on or before February 1, 2006? Yes ☐ No ☐

If the answer to either line 11a or 11b is Yes, then continue at line 11c below. Otherwise, if the answers to both lines 11a and 11b are No, skip to line 11e below.

11c With respect to the design and operation of the facility, have any changes been implemented on or after February 2, 2006 that affect general plant operation, affect use of thermal output, and/or increase net power production capacity from the plant's capacity on February 1, 2006?

☐ Yes (continue at line 11d below)

☐ No. Your facility is not subject to the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) at this time. However, it may be subject to these requirements in the future if changes are made to the facility. At such time, the applicant would need to recertify the facility to determine eligibility. Skip lines 11d through 11j.

11d Does the applicant contend that the changes identified in line 11c are not so significant as to make the facility a "new" cogeneration facility that would be subject to the 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) cogeneration requirements?

☐ Yes. Provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 a description of any relevant changes made to the facility (including the purpose of the changes) and a discussion of why the facility should not be considered a "new" cogeneration facility in light of these changes. Skip lines 11e through 11j.

☐ No. Applicant stipulates to the fact that it is a "new" cogeneration facility (for purposes of determining the applicability of the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)) by virtue of modifications to the facility that were initiated on or after February 2, 2006. Continue below at line 11e.

11e Will electric energy from the facility be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA?

☐ Yes. The facility is an EPA 2005 cogeneration facility. You must demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing at line 11f below.

☐ No. Applicant certifies that energy will *not* be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA. Applicant also certifies its understanding that it must recertify its facility in order to determine compliance with the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) *before* selling energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA in the future. Skip lines 11f through 11j.

11f Is the net power production capacity of your cogeneration facility, as indicated in line 7g above, less than or equal to 5,000 kW?

☐ Yes, the net power production capacity is less than or equal to 5,000 kW. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(4) provides a rebuttable presumption that cogeneration facilities of 5,000 kW and smaller capacity comply with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Applicant certifies its understanding that, should the power production capacity of the facility increase above 5,000 kW, then the facility must be recertified to (among other things) demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Skip lines 11g through 11j.

☐ No, the net power production capacity is greater than 5,000 kW. Demonstrate compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing on the next page at line 11g.

EPA 2005 Requirements for Fundamental Use of Energy Output from Cogeneration Facilities (continued)

Lines 11g through 11k below guide the applicant through the process of demonstrating compliance with the requirements for "fundamental use" of the facility's energy output. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Only respond to the lines on this page if the instructions on the previous page direct you to do so. Otherwise, skip this page.

18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) requires that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPA 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility. If you were directed on the previous page to respond to the items on this page, then your facility is an EPA 2005 cogeneration facility that is subject to this "fundamental use" requirement.

The Commission's regulations provide a two-pronged approach to demonstrating compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output. First, the Commission has established in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3) a "fundamental use test" that can be used to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Under the fundamental use test, a facility is considered to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) if at least 50 percent of the facility's total annual energy output (including electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output) is used for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes.

Second, an applicant for a facility that does not pass the fundamental use test may provide a narrative explanation of and support for its contention that the facility nonetheless meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPA 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility.

Complete lines 11g through 11j below to determine compliance with the fundamental use test in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Complete lines 11g through 11j *even if you do not intend to rely upon the fundamental use test to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2)*.

11g Amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output (net of internal generation plant losses and parasitic loads) expected to be used annually for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to an electric utility	MWh
--	-----

11h Total amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy expected to be sold to an electric utility	MWh
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11i Percentage of total annual energy output expected to be used for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to a utility = $100 * 11g / (11g + 11h)$	0 %
--	-----

11j Is the response in line 11i greater than or equal to 50 percent?

Yes. Your facility complies with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by virtue of passing the fundamental use test provided in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Applicant certifies its understanding that, if it is to rely upon passing the fundamental use test as a basis for complying with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2), then the facility must comply with the fundamental use test both in the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years.

No. Your facility does not pass the fundamental use test. Instead, you must provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 a narrative explanation of and support for why your facility meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPA 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a QF to its host facility. Applicants providing a narrative explanation of why their facility should be found to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) in spite of non-compliance with the fundamental use test may want to review paragraphs 47 through 61 of Order No. 671 (accessible from the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF), which provide discussion of the facts and circumstances that may support their explanation. Applicant should also note that the percentage reported above will establish the standard that that facility must comply with, both for the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years. See Order No. 671 at paragraph 51. As such, the applicant should make sure that it reports appropriate values on lines 11g and 11h above to serve as the relevant annual standard, taking into account expected variations in production conditions.

Information Required for Topping-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents topping-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 14 and 15. Otherwise, skip pages 14 and 15.

Usefulness of Topping-Cycle Thermal Output	The thermal energy output of a topping-cycle cogeneration facility is the net energy made available to an industrial or commercial process or used in a heating or cooling application. Pursuant to sections 292.202(c), (d) and (h) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. §§ 292.202(c), (d) and (h)), the thermal energy output of a qualifying topping-cycle cogeneration facility must be useful. In connection with this requirement, describe the thermal output of the topping-cycle cogeneration facility by responding to lines 12a and 12b below.		
	12a Identify and describe each thermal host, and specify the annual average rate of thermal output made available to each host for each use. For hosts with multiple uses of thermal output, provide the data for each use <i>in separate rows</i> .		
	Name of entity (thermal host) taking thermal output	Thermal host's relationship to facility; Thermal host's use of thermal output	Average annual rate of thermal output attributable to use (net of heat contained in process return or make-up water)
	1)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
	2)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
	3)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
	4)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
	5)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
	6)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
	<input type="checkbox"/> Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 if additional space is needed		
12b Demonstration of usefulness of thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief description of each use of the thermal output identified above. In some cases, this brief description is sufficient to demonstrate usefulness. However, if your facility's use of thermal output is not common, and/or if the usefulness of such thermal output is not reasonably clear, then you must provide additional details as necessary to demonstrate usefulness. Your application may be rejected and/or additional information may be required if an insufficient showing of usefulness is made. (Exception: If you have previously received a Commission certification approving a specific use of thermal output related to the instant facility, then you need only provide a brief description of that use and a reference by date and docket number to the order certifying your facility with the indicated use. Such exemption may not be used if any change creates a material deviation from the previously authorized use.) If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.			

Topping-Cycle Operating and
Efficiency Value Calculation

Applicants for facilities representing topping-cycle technology must demonstrate compliance with the topping-cycle operating standard and, if applicable, efficiency standard. Section 292.205(a)(1) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(1)) establishes the operating standard for topping-cycle cogeneration facilities: the useful thermal energy output must be no less than 5 percent of the total energy output. Section 292.205(a)(2) (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(2)) establishes the efficiency standard for topping-cycle cogeneration facilities for which installation commenced on or after March 13, 1980: the useful power output of the facility plus one-half the useful thermal energy output must (A) be no less than 42.5 percent of the total energy input of natural gas and oil to the facility; and (B) if the useful thermal energy output is less than 15 percent of the total energy output of the facility, be no less than 45 percent of the total energy input of natural gas and oil to the facility. To demonstrate compliance with the topping-cycle operating and/or efficiency standards, or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard based on the date that installation commenced, respond to lines 13a through 13l below.

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents *both* topping-cycle and bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then respond to lines 13a through 13l below considering only the energy inputs and outputs attributable to the topping-cycle portion of your facility. Your mass and heat balance diagram must make clear which mass and energy flow values and system components are for which portion (topping or bottoming) of the cogeneration system.

13a Indicate the annual average rate of useful thermal energy output made available to the host(s), net of any heat contained in condensate return or make-up water	Btu/h
13b Indicate the annual average rate of net electrical energy output	kW
13c Multiply line 13b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu/h	0 Btu/h
13d Indicate the annual average rate of mechanical energy output taken directly off of the shaft of a prime mover for purposes not directly related to power production (this value is usually zero)	hp
13e Multiply line 13d by 2,544 to convert from hp to Btu/h	0 Btu/h
13f Indicate the annual average rate of energy input from natural gas and oil	Btu/h
13g Topping-cycle operating value = $100 * 13a / (13a + 13c + 13e)$	0 %
13h Topping-cycle efficiency value = $100 * (0.5 * 13a + 13c + 13e) / 13f$	0 %
13i Compliance with operating standard: Is the operating value shown in line 13g greater than or equal to 5%? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (complies with operating standard) <input type="checkbox"/> No (does not comply with operating standard)	
13j Did installation of the facility in its current form commence on or after March 13, 1980? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(2). Demonstrate compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to line 13k or 13l, as applicable, below. <input type="checkbox"/> No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip lines 13k and 13l.	
13k Compliance with efficiency standard (for low operating value): If the operating value shown in line 13g is less than 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in line 13h greater than or equal to 45%: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (complies with efficiency standard) <input type="checkbox"/> No (does not comply with efficiency standard)	
13l Compliance with efficiency standard (for high operating value): If the operating value shown in line 13g is greater than or equal to 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in line 13h is greater than or equal to 42.5%: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (complies with efficiency standard) <input type="checkbox"/> No (does not comply with efficiency standard)	

Information Required for Bottoming-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 16 and 17. Otherwise, skip pages 16 and 17.

Usefulness of Bottoming-Cycle Thermal Output	<p>The thermal energy output of a bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility is the energy related to the process(es) from which at least some of the reject heat is then used for power production. Pursuant to sections 292.202(c) and (e) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.202(c) and (e)), the thermal energy output of a qualifying bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility must be useful. In connection with this requirement, describe the process(es) from which at least some of the reject heat is used for power production by responding to lines 14a and 14b below.</p>		
	<p>14a Identify and describe each thermal host and each bottoming-cycle cogeneration process engaged in by each host. For hosts with multiple bottoming-cycle cogeneration processes, provide the data for each process <i>in separate rows</i>.</p>		
	<p>Name of entity (thermal host) performing the process from which at least some of the reject heat is used for power production</p>	<p>Thermal host's relationship to facility; Thermal host's process type</p>	<p>Has the energy input to the thermal host been augmented for purposes of increasing power production capacity? (if Yes, describe on p. 19)</p>
	1)	<p>Select thermal host's relationship to facility</p> <p>Select thermal host's process type</p>	<p>Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/></p>
	2)	<p>Select thermal host's relationship to facility</p> <p>Select thermal host's process type</p>	<p>Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/></p>
	3)	<p>Select thermal host's relationship to facility</p> <p>Select thermal host's process type</p>	<p>Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/></p>
<p><input type="checkbox"/> Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19 if additional space is needed</p>			
<p>14b Demonstration of usefulness of thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief description of each process identified above. In some cases, this brief description is sufficient to demonstrate usefulness. However, if your facility's process is not common, and/or if the usefulness of such thermal output is not reasonably clear, then you must provide additional details as necessary to demonstrate usefulness. Your application may be rejected and/or additional information may be required if an insufficient showing of usefulness is made. (Exception: If you have previously received a Commission certification approving a specific bottoming-cycle process related to the instant facility, then you need only provide a brief description of that process and a reference by date and docket number to the order certifying your facility with the indicated process. Such exemption may not be used if any material changes to the process have been made.) If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.</p>			

Bottoming-Cycle Operating and Efficiency Value Calculation	<p>Applicants for facilities representing bottoming-cycle technology and for which installation commenced on or after March 13, 1990 must demonstrate compliance with the bottoming-cycle efficiency standards. Section 292.205(b) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(b)) establishes the efficiency standard for bottoming-cycle cogeneration facilities: the useful power output of the facility must be no less than 45 percent of the energy input of natural gas and oil for supplementary firing. To demonstrate compliance with the bottoming-cycle efficiency standard (if applicable), or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from this standard based on the date that installation of the facility began, respond to lines 15a through 15h below.</p> <p>If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents <i>both</i> topping-cycle and bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then respond to lines 15a through 15h below considering only the energy inputs and outputs attributable to the bottoming-cycle portion of your facility. Your mass and heat balance diagram must make clear which mass and energy flow values and system components are for which portion of the cogeneration system (topping or bottoming).</p>	
	<p>15a Did installation of the facility in its current form commence on or after March 13, 1980?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirement of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(b). Demonstrate compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to lines 15b through 15h below.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip the rest of page 17.</p>	
	<p>15b Indicate the annual average rate of net electrical energy output</p>	<p>_____ kW</p>
	<p>15c Multiply line 15b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu/h</p>	<p>_____ 0 Btu/h</p>
	<p>15d Indicate the annual average rate of mechanical energy output taken directly off of the shaft of a prime mover for purposes not directly related to power production (this value is usually zero)</p>	<p>_____ hp</p>
	<p>15e Multiply line 15d by 2,544 to convert from hp to Btu/h</p>	<p>_____ 0 Btu/h</p>
	<p>15f Indicate the annual average rate of supplementary energy input from natural gas or oil</p>	<p>_____ Btu/h</p>
	<p>15g Bottoming-cycle efficiency value = $100 * (15c + 15e) / 15f$</p>	<p>_____ 0 %</p>
<p>15h Compliance with efficiency standard: Indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in line 15g is greater than or equal to 45%:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes (complies with efficiency standard) <input type="checkbox"/> No (does not comply with efficiency standard)</p>		

Certificate of Completeness, Accuracy and Authority

Applicant must certify compliance with and understanding of filing requirements by checking next to each item below and signing at the bottom of this section. Forms with incomplete Certificates of Completeness, Accuracy and Authority will be rejected by the Secretary of the Commission.

Signer identified below certifies the following: (check all items and applicable subitems)

- ☒ He or she has read the filing, including any information contained in any attached documents, such as cogeneration mass and heat balance diagrams, and any information contained in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19, and knows its contents.
- ☒ He or she has provided all of the required information for certification, and the provided information is true as stated, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief.
- ☒ He or she possess full power and authority to sign the filing; as required by Rule 2005(a)(3) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2005(a)(3)), he or she is one of the following: (check one)
- ☐ The person on whose behalf the filing is made
 - ☒ An officer of the corporation, trust, association, or other organized group on behalf of which the filing is made
 - ☐ An officer, agent, or employee of the governmental authority, agency, or instrumentality on behalf of which the filing is made
 - ☐ A representative qualified to practice before the Commission under Rule 2101 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2101) and who possesses authority to sign
- ☒ He or she has reviewed all automatic calculations and agrees with their results, unless otherwise noted in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 19.
- ☒ He or she has provided a copy of this Form 556 and all attachments to the utilities with which the facility will interconnect and transact (see lines 4a through 4d), as well as to the regulatory authorities of the states in which the facility and those utilities reside. See the Required Notice to Public Utilities and State Regulatory Authorities section on page 3 for more information.

Provide your signature, address and signature date below. Rule 2005(c) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2005(c)) provides that persons filing their documents electronically may use typed characters representing his or her name to sign the filed documents. A person filing this document electronically should sign (by typing his or her name) in the space provided below.

Your Signature

Kenny Habul

Your address

192 Raceway Drive
Mooresville, NC 28117

Date

7/23/2015

Audit Notes

Commission Staff Use Only:



Miscellaneous

Use this space to provide any information for which there was not sufficient space in the previous sections of the form to provide. For each such item of information *clearly identify the line number that the information belongs to*. You may also use this space to provide any additional information you believe is relevant to the certification of your facility.

Your response below is not limited to one page. Additional page(s) will automatically be inserted into this form if the length of your response exceeds the space on this page. Use as many pages as you require.

EXHIBIT F

Exhibit F is the CPCN or RPCN for the Facility, as applicable.

**STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
UTILITIES COMMISSION
RALEIGH**

DOCKET NO. SP-4104, SUB 0

BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

In the Matter of		
Application of Shiloh Sandy Hook Solar, LLC,)	
for a Certificate of Public Convenience and)	RECOMMENDED ORDER
Necessity to Construct a 5-MW Solar Facility)	GRANTING CERTIFICATE
in Camden County, North Carolina)	

HEARD: Thursday, December 11, 2014, at 6:00 p.m. in the Camden County Courthouse, 117 North Carolina Highway 343 S., Camden, NC 27921

BEFORE: Hearing Examiner Dan Conrad

APPEARANCES:

For Shiloh Sandy Hook Solar, LLC:

Charlotte A. Mitchell, Law Office of Charlotte Mitchell, P.O. Box 26212,
Raleigh, NC 27611

CONRAD, HEARING EXAMINER: On August 11, 2014, Shiloh Sandy Hook Solar, LLC (Applicant), filed an application seeking a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to G.S. 62-110.1(a) for construction of a 5-MW solar photovoltaic electric generating facility to be located at 474 N. Sandy Hook Road in Shiloh, Camden County, North Carolina. The Applicant plans to sell the electricity to Dominion North Carolina Power (DNCP).

On August 21, 2014, the Commission issued an Order Requiring Publication of Notice requiring the Applicant to (1) publish notice of the application in the manner required by G.S. 62-82(a) and file an affidavit of publication with the Commission, and (2) mail a copy of the application and notice to the electric utility to which the Applicant plans to sell and distribute the electricity and file a signed and verified certificate of service that the application and notice have been provided to the utility.

On October 6, 2014, the Applicant filed an affidavit of publication stating that it had published notice as required in the Daily Advance on September 10, 17, and 24, 2014, and October 1, 2014.

On October 10, 2014, letters of complaint were filed in this docket by Susan Bundy and Janice Mason.

On November 13, 2014, based upon the letters of complaint and the record, the Commission issued an Order Scheduling Hearing, setting the docket for hearing on Thursday, December 11, 2014, at 6:00 p.m. in Camden, NC, to receive evidence as to whether a CPCN should be awarded to the Applicant and establishing a procedural schedule.

On November 21, 2014, the Applicant filed the direct testimony and exhibits of Bradley Fite.

On December 3, 2014, the Applicant filed an affidavit of publication stating that it had published the notice of the hearing in the Daily Advance on November 25, 2014, as required by the Commission's Order Scheduling Hearing.

On December 11, 2014, the matter came on for hearing as ordered. The Applicant presented the testimony and exhibits of Bradley Fite. Eight public witnesses testified regarding the proposed facility.

FINDINGS OF FACT

1. In compliance with G.S. 62-110.1(a) and Commission Rules R8-64, the Applicant filed with the Commission an application for a CPCN authorizing construction of a 5-MW solar photovoltaic electric generating facility to be located at 474 N. Sandy Hook Rd., in Shiloh, Camden County, North Carolina.

2. The Applicant plans sell electricity to DNCP. The Applicant intends to produce renewable energy certificates (RECs) that can be used to satisfy the State's Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Portfolio Standard (REPS) and to self-certify as a qualifying facility (QF) with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC).

3. The Applicant has demonstrated the need for the proposed facility based on the public benefits of solar powered generation and State and federal policy encouraging private investment in renewable energy.

4. The Applicant has demonstrated that construction of the facility is in the public convenience based on the economic benefits of the proposed facility and State and federal policy encouraging private investment in renewable energy.

5. No party presented evidence that the application was not prepared and filed in accordance with G.S. 62-110.1(a) or was deficient in any manner.

6. It is reasonable and appropriate to grant the requested CPCN subject to the condition that the Applicant comply with all local zoning and permitting requirements and receive all necessary local approvals and that the Applicant submit an archeological survey to the State Clearinghouse and comply with any additional requirements recommended by the Department of Cultural Resources prior to commencing construction at the site.

DISCUSSION OF EVIDENCE AND CONCLUSIONS

The evidence in support of the findings of fact is found in the direct testimony and exhibits of the Applicant witness Bradley Fite, and the application filed on August 11, 2014.

At the December 11, 2014 hearing, eight public witnesses testified regarding the facility. Eddie Bundy testified that he was opposed to the proposed facility. Mr. Bundy cited concerns with the impact on wildlife, aesthetic concerns, and glare concerns in regard to Coast Guard operations as the basis of his opposition. Wesley Mason testified that he was opposed to the proposed facility. Mr. Mason cited economic concerns, including diminished property values and a lack of local jobs; concerns over the loss of farming jobs; concerns over who actually benefits from the renewable energy; and aesthetic concerns as the basis of his opposition. Mr. Mason further noted concerns that the construction would include noise and lights 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Susan Bundy testified that she was opposed to the proposed facility. Ms. Bundy cited economic considerations, both property values and a lack of local jobs, as well as environmental concerns, concerns regarding the storage of on-site fuel, concerns regarding historical sites, and noise concerns as the basis for her opposition. Michael Stratton testified that he was opposed to the proposed facility. Mr. Stratton cited property value concerns, wildlife concerns and aesthetics as the basis of his opposition. Walter Douglas testified that he was opposed to the proposed facility. Mr. Douglas cited aesthetics and requested to adopt the testimony of his wife Cheryl Douglas as his rationale for his opposition. Cheryl Douglas testified that she was in opposition to the proposed facility. Ms. Douglas adopted the reasons stated by Ms. Bundy as a basis for her opposition. In addition, Ms. Douglas specifically noted property values, aesthetics, economic concerns, and concern with how the proposed facility would fit with the Camden County Economic Development Plan as the basis for her objection. David Tanner testified that he was not in total opposition to the proposed facility but had numerous questions and concerns regarding property values, aesthetic, environmental safeguards, and decommissioning that he would like answered before he could support any proposed facility. Elbert Harrison, Jr., testified that he was in opposition to the proposed facility. Mr. Harrison cited concerns regarding the hours of work operations and lighting and stated that the facility would exacerbate problems already associated with a nearby sewer plant.

Bradley Fite testified on behalf of the Applicant. Mr. Fite testified that the Applicant proposes to develop a 5-MW solar PV facility. The application, sponsored as an exhibit by witness Fite, states that the Applicant intends to sell the electrical output to DNCP. Mr. Fite testified that the Facility is anticipated to produce 11,970,000 kWh of emissions-free power each year. The Facility will generate RECs that can be used to satisfy the North Carolina REPS. Specifically, Mr. Fite testified that the Facility is anticipated to generate 11,970 RECs annually. The application also states that the Applicant intends to self-certify as a QF with the FERC. The Public Utility Regulatory Policy Act of 1978 established federal policy that the electrical output from QFs be purchased. Additionally, the REPS, passed by the General Assembly as S.L. 2007-397, established State policy that the State's investor owned utilities, electric membership

corporations and municipalities obtain a certain percentage of their electricity from renewable energy resources, of which solar energy is one of the qualifying resources. S.L. 2007-397 declares it to be the public policy of the State to promote the development of renewable energy through the implementation of the REPS and to encourage private investment in renewable energy.

In response to the concerns raised by the public witnesses and questions from the Hearing Examiner, Mr. Fite testified that applying for and securing the CPCN is the first step in the development process and that prior to beginning construction of the Facility, the Applicant will secure any and all necessary land use approvals for the project. In addition, Mr. Fite testified that during its tenure of developing solar generating facilities in North Carolina, the company has worked with neighbors to minimize impacts to the surrounding area both during the construction process and later when facilities are operational. Mr. Fite testified that the Applicant had received a request from the Department of Cultural Resources to provide a supplemental document regarding the historic site identified as archaeological Site 31CM13. Mr. Fite further testified that the Applicant had been in contact with the Department of Cultural Resources and that the Department of Cultural Resources recommended a full phase one archaeological survey be completed before any ground disturbing activities take place. Mr. Fite testified that the Applicant was in the process of retaining a consultant to perform an archaeological survey prior to moving forward with construction of the Facility. Mr. Fite testified that no construction operations would take place outside the hours of 7:00 a.m. – 7:00 p.m. as stated in the application. Finally, Mr. Fite testified that generally around 500 gallons of diesel fuel is kept on-site to operate machinery, the equivalent of a small drum, Mr. Fite testified that the fuel is stored in a fuel containment apparatus with secondary containment and that emergency fuel spill kits are kept on-site.

The Public Staff's recommendation filed with the Commission on January 27, 2015, noted the public witness testimony in opposition to the facility. The Public Staff stated that "with regard to the concerns raised by public witnesses over compatibility with existing land uses, health impacts, decommissioning, and what type of buffers , if any, are appropriate for the site, the Public Staff believes that these concerns are more appropriately addressed through the local permitting process." The Public Staff noted that the Commission has in the past determined that these types of issues are best settled through the exercise of local zoning authority and stated its recommendation that such a policy apply to this facility. The Public Staff further recommended that the Commission direct the Applicant to submit an archeological survey to the State Clearinghouse and comply with any additional requirements recommended by the Department of Cultural Resources prior to commencing construction at the site. The Public Staff recommended that the Commission approve the application and issue the requested CPCN with the above stated condition.

No party asserted that the application was not prepared and filed in accordance with G.S. 62-110.1(a) or was deficient in any manner.

The majority of the testimony against the Facility regarded the appropriateness of the site. The Commission's April 24, 2008 Order in Docket No. SP-231, Sub 0, stated, regarding local authority over the siting of facilities, that:

[S]uch decisions are, in most instances, best left to the local community through the exercise of its zoning authority rather than made by the Commission. Local governing bodies are, generally speaking, in a better position than the Commission to make local land use planning decisions (so long as those decisions do not operate to thwart controlling State policy).

Additional concerns regarding property values and environmental safety were also raised. No credible evidence was provided to support claims that the facility posed an environmental threat. The Commission's June 29, 2004 Order in Docket P-100, Sub 711, stated, regarding the Commission's authority to assess monetary damages, that "[w]hile the Commission has a duty to enforce its rules and orders, it has long been recognized that the Commission does not have the power to render a judgment for compensatory damages."

The Hearing Examiner concludes that in this particular instance the siting decision is best left to the local community and the local zoning process, the Facility should be subject to the local zoning authority. However, the Hearing Examiner notes that this would not preclude the Commission from considering similar issues regarding the appropriateness of a site in future proceedings and making a different conclusion. The Commission will address such concerns on a case-by-case basis. The Hearing Examiner agrees with the Public Staff that the certificate should be conditioned with a requirement that the Applicant submit an archeological survey to the State Clearinghouse and comply with any additional requirements recommended by the Department of Cultural Resources prior to commencing construction at the site. After careful consideration of the entire record in this proceeding, based on federal and State policy and the demonstrated economic benefits of such facilities, the Hearing Examiner finds that construction of the proposed 5-MW_{AC} solar photovoltaic electric generating facility is in the public interest and justified by the public convenience and necessity as required by G.S. 62-110.1.

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED as follows:

1. That the application filed by Shiloh Sandy Hook Solar, LLC, for a certificate of public convenience and necessity shall be, and is hereby, approved;
2. That Appendix A shall constitute the certificate of public convenience and necessity issued to Shiloh Sandy Hook Solar, LLC, for construction of a 5-MW solar photovoltaic electric generating facility to be located at 474 N. Sandy Hook Road in Shiloh, Camden County, North Carolina; and

3. That the facility shall be constructed in strict accordance with all applicable laws and regulations, including any local and county zoning ordinances and that the Applicant shall submit an archeological survey to the State Clearinghouse and comply with any additional requirements recommended by the Department of Cultural Resources prior to commencing construction at the site.

ISSUED BY ORDER OF THE COMMISSION.

This the 10th day of March, 2015.

NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

Gail L. Mount

Gail L. Mount, Chief Clerk

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
UTILITIES COMMISSION
RALEIGH

DOCKET NO. SP-4104, SUB 0

Shiloh Sandy Hook Solar, LLC
192 Raceway Dr.,
Mooreville, NC 28117

is hereby issued this

CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY
PURSUANT TO G.S. 62-110.1

for a 5-MW_{AC} a solar photovoltaic facility
to be located at 474 N. Sandy Hook Road in Shiloh, Camden County, North Carolina

subject to all orders, rules, regulations and conditions as are now or
may hereafter be lawfully made by the North Carolina Utilities Commission.

ISSUED BY ORDER OF THE COMMISSION.

This the 10th day of March, 2015.

NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

Gail L. Mount

Gail L. Mount, Chief Clerk

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
UTILITIES COMMISSION
RALEIGH

DOCKET NO. SP-4104, SUB 0
DOCKET NO. SP-4104, SUB 1

BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

In the Matter of
Application of Shiloh Sandy Hook Solar,) ORDER AMENDING
LLC, for a Certificate of Public Convenience) CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC
and Necessity to Construct a 5-MW Solar) CONVENIENCE AND
Facility in Camden County, North Carolina) NECESSITY

BY THE CHAIRMAN: On March 10, 2015, the Commission issued a certificate of public convenience and necessity (CPCN), pursuant to G.S. 62-110.1(a) to Shiloh Sandy Hook Solar, LLC (Shiloh) for construction of a 5-MW solar photovoltaic electric generating facility to be located at 474 N. Sandy Hook Road in Shiloh, Camden County, North Carolina.

On May 8, 2017, Shiloh filed a verified statement with the Commission notifying the Commission that Shiloh has changed its name to Trotman Road Solar, LLC, and requesting that the Commission update its records to reflect this change.

Based upon the foregoing and the record in this docket, the Chairman finds good cause to amend the CPCN to reflect the change in name of the holder of the CPCN.

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED as follows:

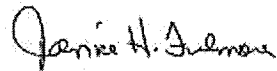
1. That the request filed by Shiloh Sandy Hook Solar, LLC to amend the certificate of public convenience and necessity for construction of a 5-MW solar photovoltaic electric generating facility located at 474 N. Sandy Hook Road in Shiloh, Camden County, North Carolina, to reflect the change in name of the holder of the CPCN to Trotman Road Solar, LLC, shall be, and is hereby, approved.
2. That Appendix A shall constitute the amended certificate of public convenience and necessity.

3. That the CPCN previously issued to Shiloh Sandy Hook Solar, LLC, in Docket No. SP-4104, Sub 0 shall be, and is hereby, cancelled.

ISSUED BY ORDER OF THE COMMISSION.

This the 11th day of May, 2017.

NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION



Janice H. Fulmore, Deputy Clerk

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
UTILITIES COMMISSION
RALEIGH

DOCKET NO. SP-4104, SUB 1

Trotman Road Solar, LLC
192 Raceway Drive
Mooresville, North Carolina 28117

is hereby issued this amended

CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY

PURSUANT TO G.S. 62-110.1

for a 5-MW_{AC} solar photovoltaic electric generating facility

located at

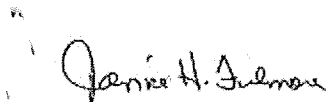
474 N. Sandy Hook Road in Shiloh, Camden County, North Carolina,

subject to all orders, rules, regulations and conditions
as are now or may hereafter be lawfully made
by the North Carolina Utilities Commission.

ISSUED BY ORDER OF THE COMMISSION.

This the 11th day of May, 2017.

NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION



Janice H. Fulmore, Deputy Clerk