NORTH CAROLINA PUBLIC STAFF UTILITIES COMMISSION

August 12, 2019

Ms. Janice Fulmore, Deputy Chief Clerk North Carolina Utilities Commission 4326 Mail Service Center Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-4300

Re: Docket No. G-9, Sub 743 – Application for General Rate Increase

Dear Ms. Fulmore:

In connection with the above-captioned docket, I transmit herewith for filing on behalf of the Public Staff the Settlement Testimony and Exhibit of John R. Hinton, Director, Economic Research Division.

By copy of this letter, we are providing copies to all other parties of record.

Sincerely,

/s/ Elizabeth D. Culpepper Staff Attorney elizabeth.culpepper@psncuc.nc.gov

BEFORE THE NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

DOCKET NO. G-9, SUB 743

In the Matter of
Application of Piedmont Natural Gas
Company, Inc., for an Adjustment of
Rates, Charges, and Tariffs Applicable
to Service in North Carolina,
Continuation of its IMR Mechanism,
Adoption of an EDIT Rider, and Other
Relief

SETTLEMENT
TESTIMONY OF
JOHN R. HINTON
PUBLIC STAFF – NORTH
CAROLINA UTILITIES
COMMISSION

PIEDMONT NATURAL GAS COMPANY, INC. DOCKET NO. G-9, SUB 743

SETTLEMENT TESTIMONY OF JOHN R. HINTON ON BEHALF OF THE PUBLIC STAFF – NORTH CAROLINA UTILITIES COMMISSION

August 12, 2019

1	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS, AND					
2		PRESENT POSITION.					
3	A.	My name is John R. Hinton. My business address is 430 N. Salisbury					
4		Street, Dobbs Building, Raleigh, North Carolina. I am Director of the					
5		Economic Research Division of the Public Staff - North Carolina					
6		Utilities Commission (Public Staff).					
7	Q.	ARE YOU THE SAME JOHN R. HINTON THAT FILED DIRECT					
8		TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS ON RATE OF RETURN ON JULY 19,					
9		2019?					
10	A.	Yes, I am.					
11	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR SETTLEMENT TESTIMONY					
12		IN THIS PROCEEDING?					
13	A.	The purpose of my settlement testimony is to support the stipulation					
14		between Piedmont Natural Gas Company, Inc. (Piedmont or the					
15		Company) and the Public Staff (Settlement), as it relates to the cost					
16		of capital to be used in setting rates in this proceeding.					

1 Q. WHAT IS THE COST OF CAPITAL IN THE SETTLEMENT?

A. The Public Staff and the Company have agreed to a 7.14% cost of capital in this proceeding. The overall cost rate is comprised of a 9.70% rate of return on common equity (ROE), a 2.72% cost rate of short-term debt, a 4.41% cost rate of long-term debt which is combined with a capital structure consisting of 52.00% common equity, 0.85% short-term debt, and 47.15% long-term debt.

8 Q. WHAT IS YOUR EXPERIENCE WITH AND UNDERSTANDING OF

9 SETTLEMENTS IN SIMILAR GENERAL RATE CASE

10 **PROCEEDINGS?**

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It has been my experience that settlements are generally the result of good faith "give and take" and compromise-related negotiations among the parties to utility rate proceedings. Settlements, as well as the individual components of the settlements, are often achieved by the respective parties' agreements to accept otherwise unacceptable individual aspects of individual issues in order to focus on other issues. Settlements sometimes result in a "global" resolution of all the issues that would otherwise be litigated in a rate proceeding, and are sometimes restricted to resolution of one or more individual issues. The Settlement in this proceeding is global with respect to the contested issues identified by the Public Staff.

- 1 Q. DID YOU PARTICIPATE IN THE NEGOTIATIONS LEADING UP
- 2 TO THE SETTLEMENT IN THIS PROCEEDING?
- 3 A. Yes, I participated in the negotiations leading up to the Settlement.
- 4 Q. PLEASE COMMENT ON THE SETTLEMENT CAPITAL
- 5 STRUCTURE AND HOW IT DIFFERS FROM YOUR ORIGINALLY
- 6 **FILED POSITION.**

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- A. The Settlement recommendation of 52.00% for the equity ratio contains more equity than I recommended in my previously filed testimony. In large part, the difference between my recommended capital structure and that of the Company witnesses relates to the inclusion of current maturities of long-term debt that is retiring within 12 months. Another difference is that my recommended capital structure takes into account the impact of the \$300 million equity infusion from Duke Energy Corporation which increased the monthly balances of common equity. While I believe the regularity of current maturities shown in Page 2 of Exhibit JRH-2, as well as, the Company's historical capitalization demonstrate that this form of capital should be considered as permanent capital for ratemaking, I maintain that the Settlement capitalization ratios are reasonable.
- 20 Q. DO YOU AGREE THAT THE COST OF CAPITAL COMPONENTS
- 21 OF THE PROPOSED SETTLEMENT ARE REASONABLE WITHIN
- 22 THE CONTEXT OF THE OVERALL SETTLEMENT?

- 1 A. Yes I do. As with other settlements, the Settlement cost of capital components in this proceeding represent a compromise by both parties in an effort to reach agreement. Furthermore, the Settlement cost of capital components are the result of good faith negotiations and compromises.
- 6 I note that it remains my position that, should this be a fully litigated 7 proceeding, I would continue to recommend a capital structure with 8 49.21% common equity, 0.85% short-term debt, and 49.94% long-9 term debt, a ROE of 9.13%, a cost of short-term debt of 2.72%, and a cost of long-term debt of 4.41%. However, given the benefits 10 11 associated with entering into a settlement, it is my view that the cost 12 of capital components of the Settlement are a reasonable resolution 13 of otherwise contentious issues.

14 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN WHY THE PROPOSED CAPITAL STRUCTURE 15 RATIO IS REASONABLE.

16 A. The average common equity ratio for natural gas utilities approved 17 from the start of January 1, 2016, to June 30, 2019, is 51.47%¹ which 18 is supportive of the Settlement common equity ratio. The Settlement 19 capitalization ratios include a 0.85% ratio of short-term debt capital

¹ This calculation excludes the decisions of four states – Arkansas, Florida, Indiana, and Michigan – because these jurisdictions include deferred taxes and other non-capital items in the approved capital structure. As such, the approved equity ratios are not comparable to North Carolina ratemaking and will bias the average equity ratio downward.

- that is reflective of the Company's balance of gas inventory and a 47.15% ratio of long-term debt.
- 3 Q. DOES THE SETTLEMENT CAPITAL STRUCTURE COMPORT
- 4 WITH CAPITAL STRUCTURES APPROVED BY THIS
- 5 COMMISSION IN RECENT RATE CASES?
- A. Yes, the last natural gas rate case was the 2016 Public Service
 Company of North Carolina, Inc. (PSNC), rate case where the North
 Carolina Utilities Commission (Commission) approved a capital
 structure containing 52.00% common equity. In addition, recent
 Commission-approved common equity ratios for other regulated
 utilities support the reasonableness of the Settlement common equity ratio, as shown below:

			NCUC Approved Equity
Company	Docket	Order Date	Ratio
PSNC	G-5, Sub 565	10/26/2016	52.00%
DENC	E-22, Sub 532	12/22/2016	51.75%
DEP	E-2, Sub 1142	2/23/2018	52.00%
DEC	E-7, Sub 1146	6/22/2018	52.00%

Q. PLEASE COMMENT ON THE SETTLEMENT, PARTICULARLY AS IT RELATES TO THE RATE OF ROE.

A. The Company and Public Staff have fundamentally different views of current market conditions and the current cost of capital. Neither party convinced the other to change its view of the cost of capital issues, but the Public Staff and Piedmont have found a way to bridge

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- their differences which results in a reasonable Settlement ROE.
- 2 Q. HOW DOES THE SETTLEMENT 9.70% ROE COMPARE TO THE
- 3 RESULTS OF THE ANALYTICAL MODELS USED BY YOU AND
- 4 BY THE COMPANY?
- 5 A. The Settlement ROE of 9.70% is slightly higher than the upper end
- of my range of estimated cost rates for common equity of 8.63% to
- 7 9.64%, as shown in Exhibit JRH-8 to my originally filed testimony.
- 8 Likewise, the Settlement 9.70% ROE is noticeably lower than the
- 9 lower end of the Company's recommended range of 10.00% to
- 10 11.00%.² The impact of the compromises can be seen through the
- 11 Company's revenue requirement which increases by \$1.4 million
- when the ROE increases from 9.64% to 9.70%; as compared to a
- decrease of \$7.1 million when the Company's original 10.00% ROE
- proposal is decreased to 9.70%.
- 15 Q. HOW DOES THE SETTLEMENT 9.70% ROE COMPARE WITH
- 16 ROES APPROVED BY OTHER PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSIONS
- 17 AND RECENT DECISIONS BY THIS COMMISSION?
- 18 A. The most recently published average ROE for natural gas utilities for
- the first half of 2019 is 9.63%³, which is supportive of the Settlement.
- The approved median ROE in these same 2019 cases is 9.70%.

² Docket No. G-7, Sub 743, Prefiled Direct Testimony of Robert B. Hevert, page 4.

³ S&P Global Market Intelligence, RRA Regulatory Focus, July 22, 2019.

However, one cannot make a simple comparison of approved ROEs with public utility commissions without consideration of the inherent risks within the type of utility, rates of returns available from other comparable risk investments, and other considerations that may warrant a ROE premium or discount. The following table contains ROEs recently approved by the Commission in natural gas and electric utility general rate cases in combination with the average ROEs as reported in RRA Regulatory Focus Major Rate Case Decisions. Given that the investor risk profiles of PSNC and Piedmont are very comparable, more weight should be ascribed to this decision. As such, the two basis point spread between the Commission's approved ROE with PSNC's 2016 rate case and the 2016 fourth quarter average ROE of 9.68% is close to the seven basis point spread from this Settlement 9.70% ROE and the 9.63% average natural gas utility ROE approved thus far in 2019.

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			NCUC-	RRA's	Basis
			Approved	Average	Point
Company	Docket	Order Date	ROE	ROE	Spread
PSNC	G-5, Sub 565	10/26/2016	9.70%	9.68%4	2
DENC	E-22, Sub 532	12/22/2016	9.90%	9.77%5	13
DEP	E-2, Sub 1142	2/23/2018	9.90%	9.68%5	22
DEC	E-7, Sub 1146	6/22/2018	9.90%	9.68%5	22

⁴ S&P Global Market Intelligence, RRA Regulatory Focus, July 29, 2019, average ROE for gas utilities for fourth quarter 2016.

⁵ S&P Global Market Intelligence, RRA Regulatory Focus, January 31, 2019, annual average ROE for vertically electric utilities.

1 Q. IS THE 9.70% ROE AND THE 52.00% EQUITY RATIO A

2 **REASONABLE RESULT?**

- 3 Yes. The Settlement 7.14% overall cost of capital is reasonable as Α. 4 shown in Settlement Exhibit JRH-1. The higher percentage of equity 5 capital and the higher ROE contribute to increasing the pre-tax 6 interest coverage ratio to 4.1. As previously noted, the Settlement 7 overall cost of capital represents a reasonable middle ground between the original positions of the Public Staff and the Company. 8 9 In addition, the agreement on the Settlement 9.70% ROE and on 10 capital structure occurred in the context of various other 11 compromises by both parties on other issues.
- 12 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR SETTLEMENT TESTIMONY?
- 13 A. Yes, it does.

Piedmont Natural Gas Cost of Capital and Capital Structure as of June 30, 2019

			Cost	Weighted Cost	Tax Retention	Pre-Tax Cost of
	Amount (\$)	Ratio	Rate	Rate	Factors	Capital ¹
Long-Term Debt	2,148,186,829	47.15%	4.41%	2.08%	0.9932	2.09%
Short-Term Debt	39,391,976	0.85%	2.72%	0.02%	0.9932	0.02%
Common Equity	2,123,584,913	52.00%	9.70%	5.04%	0.7650	6.59%
Total	4,311,163,718	100.00%		7.14%		8.70%

Pre-Tax Interest Coverage ratio² 4.1

Note:

¹ The pre-tax cost of debt and equity is grossed up by tax retention factors.

 $^{^{2}}$ Pre-Tax Interest Coverage: 4.1 times = 8.71% / (2.09%.+0.02%).