"Quarterly Review"

Selected Financial and Operational Data:

Re:

Electric Companies

- Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC
- Duke Energy Progress, LLC, d/b/a Duke Energy Progress
- Virginia Electric and Power Company, d/b/a Dominion North Carolina Power

Natural Gas Local Distribution Companies

- Piedmont Natural Gas Company, Inc.
- Public Service Company of North Carolina, Inc., d/b/a PSNC Energy
- Quarter Ending September 30, 2015 ■

Prepared by: North Carolina Utilities Commission Operations Division

430 N. Salisbury Street Raleigh, NC 27603 919-733-3979

www.ncuc.net

Mailing Address: 4325 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-4300



State of North Carolina Utilities Commission

4325 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-4300

COMMISSIONERS EDWARD S. FINLEY, JR., CHAIRMAN BRYAN E. BEATTY TONOLA D. BROWN-BLAND

May 11, 2017

COMMISSIONERS DON M. BAILEY JERRY C. DOCKHAM JAMES G. PATTERSON LYONS GRAY

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Chairman Edward S. Finley, Jr. Commissioner Bryan E. Beatty

Commissioner ToNola D. Brown-Bland

Commissioner Don M. Bailey Commissioner Jerry C. Dockham Commissioner James G. Patterson

Commissioner Lyons Gray

FROM:

Bliss B. Kite, Director

Operations Division

The Operations Division hereby presents for your consideration the *Quarterly Review* for the calendar quarter ending September 30, 2015. Such report, which has been prepared by the Operations Division, presents an overview of selected financial and operational information and data for five major investor-owned public utilities regulated by the Commission.

This current report as well as past *Quarterly Review* reports are available on the Commission's website www.ncuc.net and can be accessed by clicking on the "Activities" link located on the left side of the screen. The reports are located under "Other Commission Activities." The *Quarterly Review* reports may also be accessed on the Commission's website by selecting "Docket Portal", "Docket Search", and keying Docket Number "M-1 Sub 12".

Should you have questions concerning the current report, Freda Hilburn, Fenge Zhang, or I will be pleased to be of assistance.

Thank you for your consideration.

This Page Was Intentionally Left Blank

Table of Contents

Part		Page
1	Introduction	1
11	Review of Key Financial Ratios:	9
	 Summary Statement of Key Financial Ratios for Five Selected Companies for the Twelve Months Ended September 30, 2015 Returns on Common Equity, Overall Rates of Return, Common Equity Capitalization Ratios, and Debt Ratios – and Certain Rate Case Data 	10
	Statement of Authorized Returns on Common Equity and Overall Rates of Return Granted by Various Public Utility Regulatory Agencies as Reported by <u>Public Utilities Reports</u> , Volume Nos. 316-332, from December 2014 through December 2016	12
III	Overviews of Selected Financial and Operational Data by Utility:	14
	■ Electric Companies:	
	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC	15
	 Duke Energy Progress, LLC, d/b/a Duke Energy Progress 	16
	 Virginia Electric and Power Company, d/b/a Dominion North Carolina Power 	17
	Natural Gas Local Distribution Companies:	
	Piedmont Natural Gas Company, Inc.	18
	 Public Service Company of North Carolina, Inc., d/b/a PSNC Energy 	19
IV	Telecommunications Companies – Annual Report Filings	20
V	Appendix A – Electronic Distribution List	

This Page Was Intentionally Left Blank

Part I

Introduction

The purpose, structure, focus, and an abbreviated synopsis of the nature of the contents of this report is presented here.

The *Quarterly Review* has been designed and is structured so as to provide, in a clear and concise format, relevant and useful financial and operational information pertaining to five major investor-owned public utilities regulated by the North Carolina Utilities Commission (Commission): three electric companies and two natural gas local distribution companies. The primary focus of this report is one of a jurisdictional financial nature. However, albeit limited, certain jurisdictional operational information is also included.

To a vast extent the information presented herein is organized into individual company overviews and covers a period of five years. From a general viewpoint, the individual company overviews provide information that users of this report will find helpful from the standpoint of gaining insight into each company's jurisdictional financial standing and in acquiring a sense of the magnitude of each company's overall jurisdictional economic dimension.

As reported previously, significant changes took place with regard to the annual reporting requirements for the price plan regulated telephone companies since the 12-month reporting period ending December 31, 2010. Specifically, on June 30, 2011, in Docket No. P-100, Sub 72b, the Commission issued an Order ruling on a petition filed by the North Carolina Telecommunications Industry Association, Inc. on March 16, 2011, requesting modification or elimination of certain reporting requirements relating to incumbent local exchange companies (ILECs) and/or competing local providers (CLPs). The June 30, 2011 Order, among other things, revised Commission Rule R1-32 by adding a new Subsection (e1). Such revision allows ILECs, that are price plan regulated under G.S. 62-133.5(a), and any carrier electing regulation under G.S. 62-133.5(h) to satisfy all of their annual reporting obligations by one of the two following ways: (1) by providing a link to their annual filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), if they are publicly traded entities, or (2) by filing copies of their audited financial statements with the Commission, if they are not publicly traded entities. By Order dated November 22, 2011, in Docket No. P-100, Sub 165A, the Commission applied this same rule to entities operating under G.S. 62-133.5(m). The foregoing would be in lieu of filing annual reports regarding the North Carolina Operations on forms furnished or approved by the Commission. Price plan regulated telephone companies are required to either provide their annual reports to the Commission or otherwise satisfy their annual reporting obligations under Commission Rule R1-32, Subsection (e1) as soon as possible after the close of the calendar year, but in no event later than the 30th day of April each year for the preceding calendar year.

The majority of the price plan regulated telephone companies have elected to meet their annual reporting obligation by providing links to their annual filings with the SEC. For the following ILECs: (1) BellSouth Telecommunications, LLC, d/b/a AT&T North Carolina (AT&T North Carolina); (2) Carolina Telephone and Telegraph Company LLC, d/b/a CenturyLink (Carolina); (3) Central Telephone Company, d/b/a CenturyLink (Central); (4) Mebtel, Inc., d/b/a CenturyLink (Mebtel); (5) Frontier Communications of the Carolinas

Inc. (Frontier); (6) Verizon South Inc. (Verizon South); (7) Windstream Concord Telephone, Inc. (Concord); (8) Windstream Lexcom Communications, Inc. (Lexcom); and (9) Windstream North Carolina, LLC (Windstream NC) the url addresses/links to their 2015 annual filings with the SEC are provided in this report in Part IV.

With respect to other changes related to matters concerning the price plan regulated telephone companies, on June 30, 2009, House Bill 1180 (HB 1180) became law as set forth in Session Law 2009-238. Said law, entitled "An Act Establishing the Consumer Choice and Investment Act of 2009," created a new category of price plan operation whereby any ILEC or CLP may choose to adopt such a plan by simply "filing notice of its intent to do so with the Commission," with such election being effective immediately upon filing. Subsection (h) price plans¹ provide for extensive deregulation of an electing telecommunications company's "terms, conditions, rates, or availability" relating to its retail services. An ILEC electing Subsection (h) is required to continue to offer stand-alone basic residential lines to all customers who choose to subscribe to that service at rates that can be increased annually by no more than the percentage increase over the prior year in the Gross Domestic Product Price Index (GDP-PI). While such deregulation is very extensive by historical standards, it is not a complete deregulation of carriers electing Subsection (h).²

Currently, there are eight ILECs operating under Subsection (h) price plans as a result of their notices of election filed pursuant to G.S. 62-133.5(h): (1) Verizon South³ (notice filed on July 21, 2010 to become effective immediately, in Docket No. P-19, Sub 277M); (2) Frontier (notice filed January 30, 2012 to become effective immediately, in Docket No. P-1488, Sub 1A); (3) Concord (notice filed July 26, 2012 to become effective immediately, in Docket No. P-16, Sub 181L); (4) Lexcom (notice filed July 26, 2012 to become effective immediately, in Docket No. P-31, Sub 145C); (5) Windstream NC (notice filed July 26, 2012 to become effective immediately, in Docket No. P-118, Sub 86L); (6) North State Telephone Company, d/b/a North State Communications (North State) (notice filed November 30, 2012 to become effective immediately, in Docket No. P-42, Sub 137F); (7) Ellerbe Telephone Company (Ellerbe) (notice filed December 30, 2013 to become effective January 1, 2014, in Docket No. P-21, Sub 75); and (8) Town of Pineville, d/b/a Pineville Telephone Company (Pineville) (notice filed July 1, 2014 to become effective immediately in Docket No. P-120, Sub 27).

Furthermore, on April 26, 2011, Senate Bill 343 (SB 343) became law as set forth in Session Law 2011-52. Said law, entitled "An Act Establishing the Communications Reform

¹ In general, the Commission refers to the new price plan category which resulted from the passage of HB 1180 as "Subsection (h) price plans".

² See Docket No. P-100, Sub 165 for additional information regarding the implications of the enactment of HB 1180 and the implementation of Subsection (h) price plans.

³ Such election relates to Verizon South's only exchange, the Knotts Island exchange.

and Investment Act of 2011", created a new category of price plan operation outlined in G.S. 62-133.5(m)⁴ whereby any local exchange company that forgoes receipt of any funding from a state universal service fund or alternative funding mechanism that may be established to support universal service as described in G.S. 62-110(f1) and whose territory is open to competition from CLPs may choose to adopt a Subsection (m) price plan⁵ by simply "filing notice of its intent to do so with the Commission," with such election being effective immediately upon filing. Subsection (m) price plans provide, among other things, that "the Commission shall not impose any requirements related to the terms, conditions, rates, or availability of any of the local exchange company's retail services."

Currently, there are four ILECs operating under Subsection (m) price plans as a result of their notices of election filed pursuant to G.S. 62-133.5(m): (1) AT&T North Carolina (notice filed October 14, 2011, to become effective immediately, in Docket No. P-55, Sub 1013M); (2) Carolina (notice filed October 31, 2014 to become effective November 1, 2014, in Docket No. P-7, Sub 825N); (3) Central (notice filed October 31, 2014 to become effective November 1, 2014, in Docket No. P-10, Sub 479O); and (4) Mebtel (notice filed October 31, 2014 to become effective November 1, 2014, in Docket No. P-35, Sub 96J). Prior to such elections, these entities were operating under Subsection (h) price plans.⁷

As a result of their Subsection (h) elections (and continuing with any subsequent Subsection (m) elections), the 12 ILECs discussed hereinabove are no longer required to provide annual reports with the Commission as directed by Commission Rule R1-32, commencing with the calendar year in which the Subsection (h) election became effective (2009: AT&T North Carolina; 2010: Verizon South; 2012: Frontier, Carolina, Central, Mebtel, Concord, Lexcom, Windstream NC, and North State; and 2014: Ellerbe and Pineville). Alternatively, as required by the Commission's March 30, 2010 Order in Docket No. P-100, Sub 165, and the November 22, 2011 Order in Docket No. P-100, Sub 165A.

⁴ The enabling legislation was initially specified in G.S. 62-133.5(I); however, such reference has been renumbered and codified in the General Statutes of North Carolina as G.S. 62-133.5(m). Consequently, on April 27, 2012, the Commission issued an Errata Order to correct the reference of Subsection (I) in prior Commission orders to Subsection (m) for consistency with the codification in the General Statutes.

⁵ In general, the Commission refers to the new price plan category which resulted from the passage of SB 343 as "Subsection (m) price plans".

⁶ Such retail services include stand-alone basic residential lines. See Docket No. P-100, Sub 165A for additional information regarding the implications of the enactment of SB 343 and the implementation of Subsection (m) price plans.

⁷ On October 5, 2009, in Docket No. P-55, Sub 1013M, AT&T North Carolina filed its notice of election of a Subsection (h) price plan. On March 8, 2012, in Docket Nos. P-7, Sub 825M, P-10, Sub 479N, and P-35, Sub 96I, Carolina, Central, and Mebtel, respectively, filed their notices of election of a Subsection (h) price plan.

these ILECs will provide the Commission, on an annual basis, a link to their financial filings with the SEC.

This report has been prepared solely for the use of the Commission. The responsibility for developing and preparing the report is that of the Commission's Operations Division. The preponderance of the information and data included in and/or on which the report is based has been provided by the companies. Such data has not been audited or otherwise verified. Therefore, the Operations Division, although it believes the aforesaid data to be true and correct in each and every respect, cannot and does not offer any attestation in that regard.

A Specific Objective

A specific objective of this reporting process is to present to the Commission, on an ongoing basis, meaningful information regarding the financial viability of the subject companies, including the reasonableness of the overall levels of rates and charges currently being charged by jurisdictional utilities, whose rates are cost based, for their sales of services. Cost based regulation is synonymous with rate base, rate of return regulation.

Under rate base, rate of return regulation, the cost of service of a public utility is defined as the sum total of reasonable operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, and a reasonable return on the net valuation of property used and useful in providing public utility services. Therefore, the reasonableness of a public utility's rates is a function of the reasonableness of the level of each individual component of its cost of service.

The reasonable return component of the cost of service equation refers to the overall rate of return related to investment funded by all investors, including debt investors as well as preferred and common equity investors. The costs of debt capital and preferred stock, which are essentially fixed by contract, must be deducted from revenue, like all other components of the cost of service, in determining income available for distribution to common stockholders. Therefore, generally speaking, a very meaningful measure of the profitability of any utility, and consequently the reasonableness of its overall rates and charges, is the return earned on its common shareholders' investment, i.e., its return on common equity, over some specified period of time. Typically, such returns are measured over a period of one year. Thus, annual returns on common equity and certain other key financial ratios, which among other things give significant perspective to the common equity returns, are the focal points of this report.

⁸ Regarding Limited Liability Corporations (LLCs), equity investors are, typically, referred to as "members" rather than as "shareholders or stockholders". Consequently, references to "common shareholders/stockholders", as contained herein, are also intended to apply to equity investors of LLCs as well. Additionally, discussion regarding "return on common equity" and the "common equity capitalization ratio" would also apply to the LLC's "return on members' equity" and "members' equity capitalization ratio".

The Key Financial Ratios

Specifically, the key financial ratios presented herein for use in reviewing the companies' financial viabilities, including their profitability and consequently the reasonableness of their rates and charges are (1) the return on common equity, (2) the common equity capitalization ratio, (3) the pretax interest coverage ratio, and (4) the overall rate of return.

The Return on Common Equity

As indicated, the return on common equity is a key financial indicator which measures the profitability of an enterprise from the standpoint of its common stockholders over some specified period of time. That return or earnings rate reflects the ratio of earnings available for common equity to the common-equity investors' capital investment. As previously stated, the ratio is significant because it traditionally represents profitability after all revenues and costs, other than the cost of common equity capital, have been considered. From the standpoint of measuring profitability, return on common equity is indeed "the bottom line".

The Common Equity Capitalization Ratio

The common equity capitalization ratio is the ratio of common equity capital to total investor-supplied capital of the firm. That ratio is significant because it is a major indicator of the financial riskiness of the firm, particularly from the standpoint of the common stockholders. The issuance of debt capital, assuming no offsetting decrease in preferred stock, decreases the common equity capitalization ratio, and its existence creates what has come to be known as financial leverage. The risk borne by shareholders that accompanies that leverage is known as financial risk. As the proportion of debt in the capital structure increases, so does the degree of financial leverage and thus shareholders' risk and consequently the shareholders' requirements regarding expected return, i.e., the expected return on common equity or, in regulatory jargon, the cost of common equity capital.

Alternatively, the financial riskiness of the firm, some might argue, is more appropriately revealed when expressed in terms of debt leverage, particularly when preferred stock is present in the capital structure. Such leverage is the ratio of long-term debt capital to total investor-supplied capital. Both approaches are clearly insightful and useful. In evaluating the superiority of one approach in comparison to the other, one should consider the context within which the information is to be used. Since a major objective of this report is to review the reasonableness of the levels of earnings of the companies' common stockholders, and in consideration of the other key financial benchmarks which are also presented herein, the common equity capitalization ratio appears to be the most appropriate and meaningful measure of the financial riskiness of the companies for use in this regard.

The Pretax Interest Coverage Ratio

The pretax interest coverage ratio is the number of times earnings, determined before consideration of income taxes and interest charges, cover annual interest charges. That financial indicator is particularly important to debt investors because holders of the company's outstanding debt, including long-term bonds, receive interest payments from the company before any earnings are determined to be available for distribution to preferred or common equity investors. Pretax interest coverage is measured before income taxes because interest expense is deductible in arriving at taxable income. Therefore, generally speaking, debt holders can expect to be paid before the company incurs any liability for the payment of income taxes. From the debt holder's perspective, all other things remaining equal, the higher the pretax interest coverage the better.

The Overall Rate of Return

The overall rate of return measures the profitability of a firm from the standpoint of earnings on total investment, including investment funded by both debt and equity investors. Specifically, in the public utility regulatory environment, it is the ratio of operating income to total investment.

The Propriety of the Methodology

The foregoing financial benchmarks, as presented in this report, have been determined on the basis of the companies' actual operating experience. Under rate base, rate of return regulation, North Carolina statutes require that the companies' rates be determined on a normalized, pro forma, end-of-period basis based upon an historical test period. Stated alternatively, the Commission, in setting prospective rates, essentially, must take into account the company's current level of operations adjusted for known and material changes in the levels of revenues and costs that the company can reasonably be expected to experience over a reasonable period of time into the future. Thus, rates, which are established for use prospectively, are set, to a certain extent and within certain constraints, on the basis of revenue and cost expectations, including investor expectations regarding their return requirements, as opposed to simply setting prospective rates solely on the basis of actual operating experience.

The process of setting prospective rates is inherently and exceedingly time consuming, difficult, and otherwise costly to both companies and regulators. It involves the assimilation, investigation, and evaluation of enormous amounts of complex information and data which invariably leads to multifarious issues; many, if not most, of which must be resolved through adjudication.

It is far less difficult and costly to perform an intellectual, financial analysis of the need to undertake the aforesaid process. Such preliminary analysis avoids the unnecessary incursion of the immense costs of setting prospective rates. Those are

precisely the reasons why this report is focused on a review of the returns on common equity and other key financial ratios which the companies are currently earning or achieving under their existing rates and charges. Those ratios, when considered in conjunction with statutory ratemaking requirements, prevailing economic conditions, and certain other financial indicators, including returns on common equity and overall rates of return currently being authorized by other public utility regulatory agencies, are meaningful indicators of the need, if any, for further, more extensive regulatory review.

From the standpoint of giving an added measure of meaning to the aforesaid ratios of the individual companies and in the interest of providing a sense of current financial market conditions, certain financial information has been included herein as notes to the first statement included in Part II of this report. Such notes are an integral part of this report.

Additionally, also from the standpoint of providing perspective, returns on common equity and overall rates of return currently being authorized by a number of other public utility regulatory agencies are provided in the second statement presented in Part II.

A Final Note

It is emphasized that the information contained in this report is not intended and should not be construed to be all inclusive from the standpoint of the criteria to be used in assessing the reasonableness of the companies' existing rates. But rather, it is submitted that such information is clearly relevant to such a determination and as such should be considered in conjunction with all other pertinent information and data.

The Operations Division will be pleased to receive and respond to any questions or comments.

Part II

A Review of Key Financial Ratios

- Summary Statement of Key Financial Ratios for Five Selected Companies for the Twelve Months Ended September 30, 2015 Returns on Common Equity, Overall Rates of Return, Common Equity Capitalization Ratios, and Debt Ratios and Certain Rate Case Data
- Statement of Authorized Returns on Common Equity and Overall Rates of Return Granted by Various Public Utility Regulatory Agencies as Reported by <u>Public Utilities Reports</u>, Volume Nos. 316-332 from December 2014 through December 2016

Summary Statement

of Key Financial Ratios Achieved by and Authorized for Selected Companies

"Estimated Returns on Common Equity, Overall Rates of Return, Common Equity Capitalization Ratios, and Debt Ratios are for Twelve Months Ended September 30, 2015

"Rate Case Data are from Orders with Various Issue Dates as Indicated in Column (i)"

		Estimated for 12 Months Ended 09/30/2015				Authorized - Last Rate Case			
Line <u>No.</u>	<u>Item</u> (a)	Return On <u>Equity</u> (b)	Overall Rate of Return (c)	Equity Ratio (d)	Debt <u>Ratio</u> (e)	Return On <u>Equity</u> (f)	Overall Rate of <u>Return</u> (g)	Equity <u>Ratio</u> (h)	Date of Last <u>Order</u> (i)
	Electric Companies								
1.	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC	10.58%	8.13%	56.47%	43.53%	10.20%	7.88%	53.00%	09/24/2013
2.	Duke Energy Progress, LLC d/b/a Duke Energy Progress	10.32%	7.45%	52.45%	47.55%	10.20%	7.55%	53.00%	05/30/2013
3. 4.	Virginia Electric and Power Company, d/b/a Dominion North Carolina Power	7.03%	5.94% (Rate C	52.86% ase Prior to	47.09% 12/22/2016:	9.90% 10.20%	7.367% 7.80%	51.75% 51.00%	12/22/2016 12/21/2012)
	Natural Gas Local Distribution Companies								
5.	Piedmont Natural Gas Company, Inc.	8.96%	6.16%	43.45%	56.55%	10.00%	7.51%	50.66%	12/17/2013
6. 7.	Public Service Company of North Carolina, Inc., d/b/a PSNC Energy	9.31%	7.87% (Rate C	59.39% ase Prior to	40.61% 10/28/2016:	9.70% 10.60%	7.53% 8.54%	52.00% 54.00%	10/28/2016 10/24/2008)

Summary Statement of Key Financial Ratios Achieved by and Authorized for Selected Companies

"Estimated Returns on Common Equity, Overall Rates of Return, Common Equity Capitalization Ratios, and Debt Ratios are for Twelve Months Ended September 30, 2015"

NOTES: [1] Selected online, publicly-available interest rates from the "Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System", updated on May 5, 2017 follow:

Part I

		U.S. Treasury Securities						
		3-Month	10-Year	30-Year				
		Bill	Note	Bond				
Line No.	<u>Date</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>%</u>				
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				
1.	May 4, 2017	0.86	2.36	3.00				
2.	May 3, 2017	0.85	2.33	2.97				
3.	May 2, 2017	0.82	2.29	2.97				
4.	May 1, 2017	0.83	2.33	3.00				
5.	April 28, 2017	0.80	2.29	2.96				

[2] Selected long-term bond yield averages (%) from Mergent, Inc.'s "Mergent Bond Record Monthly Update", May 2017, Volume 84, No. 5:

Part II

(a) Moody's corporate long-term bond yield averages (%):

		Monthly A	<u>Average</u>	Past 12	<u>Months</u>
Line No.	Rating (a)	<u>Apr. 2017</u> (b)	Mar. 2017 (c)	<u>High</u> (d)	Low (e)
1. 2. 3. 4.	Aaa Aa A Baa	3.87 3.93 4.12 4.57	4.01 4.06 4.23 4.68	4.06 4.12 4.28 4.83	3.28 3.39 3.58 4.22

(b) Moody's public utility long-term bond yield averages (%):

		Monthly A	<u>Average</u>	Past 12 N	<u>/lonths</u>
Line No.	Rating (a)	<u>Apr. 2017</u> (b)	Mar. 2017 (c)	High (d)	Low (e)
1.	Aa	3.93	4.04	4.11	3.36
2.	Α	4.12	4.23	4.27	3.57
3.	Baa	4.51	4.62	4.79	4.16

As noted in the Mergent Bond Record, Moody's long-term bond yield averages are derived from pricing data on a regularly-replenished population of over 100 seasoned corporate bonds in the United States market, each with current outstandings over \$100 million. Further, the bonds have maturities as close as possible to 30 years; bonds are dropped from the list if their remaining life falls below 20 years or if their ratings change. Moody's is not presently reporting Aaa rating information for public utility bonds.

Statement of Authorized Returns

on Common Equity and Overall Rates of Return

Granted by Various Public Utility Regulatory Agencies as Reported in Public Utilities Reports, Volume Nos. 316-332, from December 2014 through December 2016 (Statement Is All Inclusive with Respect to Returns Published)

		Authorized	I Returns		Volume No.	
Line <u>No.</u>	Company (Jurisdiction) (a)	Common Equity (b)	Overall (c)	Date of Order (d)	Public Utilities <u>Reports</u> (e)	
	Electric Companies					
1.	Ameren Illinois Company, d/b/a Ameren Illinois (IL)	9.25%	8.075%	12/10/2014	Volume 317	
2.	Connecticut Light & Power Company (CT)	9.17%	7.31%	12/17/2014	Volume 318	
3.	Rocky Mountain Power (WY)	9.50%	7.41%	01/23/2015	Volume 319	
4.	Pacific Power & Light Company, a division of PacifiCorp (WA)	9.50%	7.30%	03/26/2015	Volume 320	
5.	Union Electric Company, d/b/a Ameren Missouri (MO)	9.53%	N/A	04/29/2015	Volume 320	
6.	Northern States Power Company (MN)	9.72%	7.35%	05/08/2015	Volume 320	
7.	Black Hills Power, Inc. (SD)	N/A	7.76%	04/17/2015	Volume 321	
8.	Appalachian Power Company and Wheeling Power Company both d/b/a American Electric Power (WV)	9.75%	7.38%	05/26/2015	Volume 321	
9.	Kansas City Power & Light Company (KS)	9.30%	7.44%	09/10/2015	Volume 324	
10.	Consumers Energy Company (MI)	10.30%	6.18%	11/19/2015	Volume 325	
11.	Commonwealth Edison Company (IL)	9.14%	7.05%	12/09/2015	Volume 326	
12.	Avista Corporation, d/b/a Avista Utilities (WA)	9.50%	7.29%	01/06/2016	Volume 327	
13.	Southwestern Public Service Company (TX)	9.70%	7.88%	02/23/2016	Volume 328	
14.	Indianapolis Power & Light Company (IN)	9.85%	6.51%	03/16/2016	Volume 329	
15.	Baltimore Gas and Electric Company (MD)	9.75%	N/A	06/03/2016	Volume 330	
16.	UNS Electric, Inc. (AZ)	9.50%	N/A	08/18/2016	Volume 331	
17.	Pacific Power & Light Company, a division of PacifiCorp (WA)	9.50%	7.30%	09/01/2016	Volume 332	
18.	Upper Peninsula Power Company (MI)	10.00%	7.47%	09/08/2016	Volume 332	
	Natural Gas Local Distribution Companies					
19.	CenterPoint Energy Resources Corporation, d/b/a CenterPoint Energy Oklahoma Gas (OK)	10.50%	N/A	07/03/2014	Volume 316	
20.	Cheyenne Light, Fuel, and Power Company (WY)	9.90%	7.98%	09/29/2014	Volume 317	
21.	Minnesota Energy Resources Corporation (MN)	9.35%	7.30%	10/28/2014	Volume 317	

Statement of Authorized Returns

on Common Equity and Overall Rates of Return

Granted by Various Public Utility Regulatory Agencies as Reported in Public Utilities Reports, Volume Nos. 316-332, from December 2014 through December 2016 (Statement Is All Inclusive with Respect to Returns Published)

		Authorize	d Returns		Volume No.	
Line <u>No.</u>	Company (Jurisdiction) (a)	Common Equity (b)	Overall (c)	Date of Order (d)	Public Utilities <u>Reports</u> (e)	
	Natural Gas Local Distribution Companies (continued)					
22.	Summit Natural Gas of Missouri, Inc. (MO)	10.80%	7.54%	10/29/2014	Volume 317	
23.	Liberty Utilities (Midstates Natural Gas) Corporation, d/b/a Liberty Utilities (IL)	9.76%	7.05%	02/11/2015	Volume 319	
24.	Questar Gas Company (WY)	9.50%	7.51%	03/02/2015	Volume 320	
25.	Avista Corporation d/b/a Avista Utilities (OR)	9.50%	7.52%	04/09/2015	Volume 321	
26.	Montana-Dakota Utilities Company a Division of MDU Resources Group, Inc. (ND)	9.50%	7.34%	11/04/2015	Volume 325	
27.	Mountaineer Gas Company (WV)	9.75%	N/A	10/13/2015	Volume 325	
28.	Avista Corporation d/b/a Avista Utilities (WA)	9.50%	7.29%	01/06/2016	Volume 327	
29.	Atmos Energy Corporation (KS)	N/A	N/A	03/17/2016	Volume 328	
30.	Avista Corporation d/b/a Avista Utilities (OR)	9.40%	7.46%	03/15/2016	Volume 329	
31.	Baltimore Gas and Electric Company (MD)	9.65%	N/A	06/03/2016	Volume 330	
32.	CenterPoint Energy Resources Corporation, d/b/a CenterPoint Energy Minnesota Gas (MN)	9.49%	7.07%	06/03/2016	Volume 330	
33.	New Jersey Natural Gas Company (NJ)	9.75%	6.90%	09/23/2016	Volume 332	
	Water Companies					
34.	United Water Toms River, Inc. (NJ)	9.75%	7.65%	08/19/2015	Volume 323	
35.	Utility Services of Illinois, Inc. (IL)	9.25%	7.88%	09/22/2015	Volume 324	
36.	Aqua Virginia, Inc. (VA)	9.25%	6.94%	01/07/2016	Volume 327	
37.	Authorized Range of Returns on Common Equity for Water and Wastewater Utilities (FL)	[1]	N/A	07/25/2016	Volume 331	

Notes:

^[1] The Florida Public Service Commission's July 25, 2016 Order established an authorized range of returns on common equity (ROEs) for water and wastewater utilities. The authorized ROE range is based upon a leverage formula methodology approved in 2011 which, when applied, produces a range of authorized ROEs ranging from 8.74% at 100% equity to 11.60% at 40% equity. The ROE is capped at 11.16% for all water and wastewater utilities with equity ratios of less than 40%.

^[2] N/A denotes that information is not available.

Part III

Overviews of Selected Financial and Operational Data by Utility:

- Electric Companies
 - Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC
 - Duke Energy Progress, LLC, d/b/a Duke Energy Progress
 - Virginia Electric and Power Company, d/b/a Dominion North Carolina Power
- Natural Gas Local Distribution Companies
 - Piedmont Natural Gas Company, Inc.
 - Public Service Company of North Carolina, Inc. d/b/a PSNC Energy

DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS, LLC SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL DATA

North Carolina Retail Jurisdiction (Amounts in Thousands)

			1:		Annual Growth Rate			
Line <u>No.</u>	Item	September 2015	September 2014	September 2013	September 2012	September 2011	Four Year	Current Year
110.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
1.	Operating Revenue	\$5,029,524	\$5,154,230	\$4,783,693	\$4,582,164	\$4,481,344	2.93%	-2.42%
2.	Operating Expenses:							
3.	Fuel	1,095,440	1,219,958	1,133,504	974,187	1,166,247	-1.55%	-10.21%
4.	Purchased Power	253,271	227,222	187,477	235,751	193,979	6.90%	11.46%
5.	Maintenance	493,357	414,525	435,141	421,454	435,708	3.16%	19.02%
6.	Other Operating Expenses	<u>857,751</u>	895,539	936,341	<u>858,741</u>	883,107	-0.73%	-4.22%
7.	Total Operating Expenses	2,699,819	2,757,244	2,692,463	2,490,133	2,679,041	0.19%	-2.08%
8.	Depreciation & Amortization	755,059	744,518	642,918	625,050	531,002	9.20%	1.42%
9.	Total Expenses & Depreciation	3,454,878	3,501,762	3,335,381	3,115,183	3,210,043	1.85%	-1.34%
10.	Total Operating Taxes	<u>588,121</u>	<u>681,067</u>	632,404	648,313	<u>575,961</u>	0.52%	<u>-13.65%</u>
11.	Total Expenses, Depr. & Taxes	4,042,999	4,182,829	3,967,785	3,763,496	3,786,004	<u>1.66%</u>	<u>-3.34%</u>
12.	Operating Income	<u>\$986,525</u>	<u>\$971,401</u>	<u>\$815,908</u>	<u>\$818,668</u>	<u>\$695,340</u>	<u>9.14%</u>	<u>1.56%</u>
13.	Net Plant Investment	<u>\$15,063,625</u>	<u>\$14,779,589</u>	<u>\$14,046,007</u>	<u>\$12,408,597</u>	<u>\$11,351,973</u>	<u>7.33%</u>	<u>1.92%</u>
14.	Oper. Exp. as a % of Total Revenue	53.68%	53.49%	56.28%	54.34%	59.78%	-2.65%	0.36%
15.	Net Plt. Investment per \$ of Revenue	\$3.00	\$2.87	\$2.94	\$2.71	\$2.53	4.35%	4.53%
16	Number of Customers Comed (000s included)	١.						
16.	Number of Customers Served (000s included)		1 600 010	1 610 015	1 500 606	1 500 607	0.069/	4 270/
17.	Residential	1,650,464	1,628,219	1,610,815	1,598,686	1,588,687	0.96%	1.37%
18.	Commercial	258,932	256,250	254,339	252,424	251,025	0.78%	1.05%
19.	Industrial	4,783	4,877	4,911	4,995	5,190	-2.02%	-1.93%
20.	Other	<u>11,716</u>	<u>11,530</u>	<u>10,999</u>	10,993	<u>10,901</u>	<u>1.82%</u>	<u>1.61%</u>
21.	Total Number of Customers	<u>1,925,895</u>	<u>1,900,876</u>	<u>1,881,064</u>	<u>1,867,098</u>	<u>1,855,803</u>	<u>0.93%</u>	<u>1.32%</u>
22.	Annual Sales Volume: (Millions kWh)							
23.	Residential	21,797	21,328	20,398	20,017	22,123	-0.37%	2.20%
24.	Commercial	23,036	22,640	21,977	21,795	22,000	1.16%	1.75%
25.	Industrial	13,131	12,607	12,370	12,244	12,233	1.79%	4.16%
26.	Other	<u>1,269</u>	<u>2,293</u>	<u>2,367</u>	<u>574</u>	<u>714</u>	<u>15.46%</u>	<u>-44.66%</u>
27.	Total Sales	<u>59,233</u>	<u>58,868</u>	<u>57,112</u>	<u>54,630</u>	<u>57,070</u>	<u>0.93%</u>	0.62%
28.	Estimated Overall Rate of Return	8.13%	8.31%	7.57%	8.00%	7.36%	2.52%	-2.17%
29.	Estimated Return on Common Equity	10.58%	10.99%	9.74%	10.42%	8.99%	4.16%	-3.73%
30.	Common Equity Ratio	56.47%	55.47%	53.43%	53.35%	53.45%	1.38%	1.80%
31.	Debt Ratio	43.53%	44.53%	46.57%	46.65%	46.55%	-1.66%	-2.25%
32.	Estimated Pretax Interest Coverage Ratio (Times)	5.37	5.33	4.55	4.75	4.17	6.53%	0.75%

Notes: [1] North Carolina retail jurisdictional revenue equates to 69% of total company electric utility revenue.

- [2] Net Plant Investment reflects net plant in service.
- [3] Source of Data: NCUC ES-1 Reports.

LAST RATE CASE

(Docket No. E-7, Sub 1026)

33.

- [4] ROEs for the 12 months ended: 06-30-2015, 03-31-2015, and 12-31-2014, are respectively: 10.83%, 10.75%, and 10.73%.
- [5] On Line 26, the increase from September 2012 to September 2013 in "Other" annual sales volume (millions kWh) can be attributed to energy sales by DEC to Duke Energy Progress, LLC, d/b/a Duke Energy Progress (DEP) pursuant to the Joint Dispatch Agreement (JDA) between DEC and DEP filed in 2011 in Docket Nos. E-2, Sub 998 and E-7, Sub 986. Subsequent fluctuations in annual sales volumes can primarily be attributed to optimizing the generation fleet between DEC and DEP pursuant to the JDA.

Authorized Returns: Common Equity 10.20%; Overall 7.88%; Equity Ratio 53.00%; Date of Order 9-24-13

[6] According to the Company, no cost (i.e., neither direct nor indirect) associated with the cleanup of the Dan River coal ash spill has been included in either capital and/or operating costs assigned to the Company's North Carolina retail jurisdiction for ES-1 reporting purposes.

Annual

DUKE ENERGY PROGRESS, LLC, d/b/a DUKE ENERGY PROGRESS

SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL DATA

North Carolina Retail Jurisdiction (Amounts in Thousands)

			12	2 Months Ende	ed		Ann Growth	
Line		September	September	September	September	September	Four	Current
No.	Item	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	Year	Year
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
1.	Operating Revenue	\$3,677,994	\$3,585,408	\$3,456,915	\$3,329,765	\$3,406,263	1.94%	2.58%
2.	Operating Expenses:							
3.	Fuel	1,074,976	983,133	1,005,629	1,001,902	976,323	2.44%	9.34%
4.	Purchased Power	292,187	322,234	276,659	226,509	216,737	7.75%	-9.32%
5.	Maintenance	398,682	385,807	291,278	331,953	263,856	10.87%	3.34%
6.	Other Operating Expenses	624,598	599,470	704,885	747,755	636,895	<u>-0.49%</u>	4.19%
7.	Total Operating Expenses	2,390,443	2,290,644	2,278,451	2,308,119	2,093,811	3.37%	4.36%
8.	Depreciation & Amortization	<u>422,964</u>	386,638	339,514	360,110	338,680	<u>5.71%</u>	9.40%
9.	Total Expenses & Depreciation	2,813,407	2,677,282	2,617,965	2,668,229	2,432,491	3.70%	5.08%
10.	Total Operating Taxes	320,174	385,729	382,325	305,633	422,270	<u>-6.69%</u>	<u>-17.00%</u>
11.	Total Expenses, Depr. & Taxes	3,133,581	3,063,011	3,000,290	2,973,862	<u>2,854,761</u>	2.36%	2.30%
12.	Operating Income	<u>\$544,413</u>	<u>\$522,397</u>	<u>\$456,625</u>	<u>\$355,903</u>	<u>\$551,502</u>	<u>-0.32%</u>	<u>4.21%</u>
13.	Net Plant Investment	<u>\$10,008,251</u>	<u>\$6,633,701</u>	<u>\$6,454,040</u>	<u>\$6,135,400</u>	<u>\$5,968,221</u>	<u>13.80%</u>	<u>50.87%</u>
14.	Oper. Exp. as a % of Total Revenue	64.99%	63.89%	65.91%	69.32%	61.47%	1.40%	1.72%
15.	Net Plt. Investment per \$ of Revenue	\$2.72	\$1.85	\$1.87	\$1.84	\$1.75	11.66%	47.03%
16.	Number of Customers Served (000s inclu	ıqeq).						
17.	Residential	1,141,745	1,125,240	1,109,307	1,117,444	1,109,190	0.73%	1.47%
18.	Commercial	196,117	193,159	191,386	194,816	192,860	0.42%	1.53%
19.	Industrial	3,548	3,594	3,647	3,874	3,954	-2.67%	-1.28%
20.	Other	1,376	1,398	1,492	1,514	1,611	-3.87%	-1.20% -1.57%
21.	Total Number of Customers	1,342,786	1,323,391	1,305,832	1,317,648	1,307,615	<u>-3.67%</u> <u>0.67%</u>	1.47%
22.	Annual Sales Volume: (Millions kWh)							
23.	Residential	16,215	15,965	15,025	14,533	16,149	0.10%	1.57%
24.	Commercial	12,370	12,165	11,808	11,963	12,151	0.45%	1.69%
25.	Industrial	7,857	7,906	8,366	8,295	8,391	-1.63%	-0.62%
26.	Other	<u>5,528</u>	<u>4,198</u>	<u>4,380</u>	2,728	1,616	36.00%	31.68%
27.	Total Sales	<u>41,970</u>	40,234	39,579	<u>37,519</u>	38,307	<u>2.31%</u>	4.31%
28.	Estimated Overall Rate of Return	7.45%	7.65%	7.31%	5.81%	9.68%	-6.34%	-2.61%
29.	Estimated Return on Common Equity	10.32%	10.57%	9.78%	6.57%	12.80%	-5.24%	-2.37%
30.	Common Equity Ratio	52.45%	53.41%	52.83%	54.11%	59.04%	-2.92%	-1.80%
31.	Debt Ratio	47.55%	46.59%	46.91%	45.29%	40.32%	4.21%	2.06%
32.	Estimated Pretax Interest Coverage Ratio (Times)	5.24	5.46	4.89	3.51	6.65	-5.78%	-4.03%
	1.40T BATE 0.40E			10.000/ 0		'. D .' 50 000/ D		

(Docket No. E-2, Sub 1023)

LAST RATE CASE

33.

Authorized Returns: Common Equity 10.20%; Overall 7.55%; Equity Ratio 53.00%; Date of Order 5-30-13

Notes: [1] North Carolina retail jurisdictional revenue equates to 69% of total company electric utility revenue. [2] Net Plant Investment reflects net plant in service.

^[3] Source of Data: NCUC ES-1 Reports.

^[4] ROEs for the 12 months ended: 06-30-2015, 03-31-2015, and 12-31-2014, are respectively: 9.82%, 10.41%, and 10.13%.

^[5] On Line 13, the increase from September 2014 to September 2015 in net plant investment was primarily due to a change in reporting by DEP to include its asset retirement obligations.

^[6] The decrease from September 2012 to September 2013 in the number of customers was primarily due to a change in reporting by DEP. Beginning with the December 2012 NCUC ES-1 Report, DEP now reports the number of active customers rather than the total number of customers which includes both active and inactive customers.

^[7] On Line 26, the increase from September 2012 to September 2013 in "Other" annual sales volume (millions kWh) can be attributed to energy sales by DEP to Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC (DEC) pursuant to the Joint Dispatch Agreement (JDA) between DEC and DEP filed in 2011 in Docket Nos. E-2, Sub 998 and E-7, Sub 986. Subsequent fluctuations in annual sales volumes can primarily be attributed to optimizing the generation fleet between DEP and DEC pursuant to the JDA.

VIRGINIA ELECTRIC AND POWER COMPANY, d/b/a DOMINION NORTH CAROLINA POWER

SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL DATA

North Carolina Retail Jurisdiction (Amounts in Thousands)

		1	(Amounts in I	ilousarius)			Annu	ıal
			12	2 Months Ende	ed		Growth	
Line		September	September	September	September	September	Four	Current
No.	<u>ltem</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Year</u>
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
1.	Operating Revenue	\$383,045	\$375,787	\$363,535	\$328,844	\$327,970	3.96%	1.93%
2.	Operating Expenses:							
3.	Fuel	103,415	71,615	68,909	84,203	50,410	19.68%	44.40%
4.	Purchased Power	41,099	55,806	50,480	62,070	85,868	-16.82%	-26.35%
5.	Maintenance	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A
6.	Other Operating Expenses	<u>80,491</u>	<u>86,079</u>	<u>81,481</u>	<u>73,829</u>	<u>79,360</u>	<u>0.35%</u>	<u>-6.49%</u>
7.	Total Operating Expenses	225,005	213,500	200,870	220,102	215,638	1.07%	5.39%
8.	Depreciation & Amortization	54,284	<u>50,516</u>	48,208	47,592	36,939	10.10%	7.46%
9.	Total Expenses & Depreciation	279,289	264,016	249,078	267,694	252,577	2.55%	5.78%
10.	Total Operating Taxes	48,397	50,503	33,534	33,667	35,821	<u>7.81%</u>	<u>-4.17%</u>
11.	Total Expenses, Depr. & Taxes	327,686	<u>314,519</u>	282,612	<u>301,361</u>	288,398	3.24%	<u>4.19%</u>
12.	Operating Income	<u>\$55,359</u>	<u>\$61,268</u>	<u>\$80,923</u>	<u>\$27,483</u>	\$39,572	<u>8.76%</u>	<u>-9.64%</u>
13.	Net Plant Investment	<u>\$1,147,690</u>	\$1,028,392	\$963,316	<u>\$905,091</u>	<u>\$813,746</u>	<u>8.98%</u>	<u>11.60%</u>
14.	Oper. Exp. as a % of Total Revenue	58.74%	56.81%	55.25%	66.93%	65.75%	-2.78%	3.40%
15.	Net Plt. Investment per \$ of Revenue	\$3.00	\$2.74	\$2.65	\$2.75	\$2.48	4.87%	9.49%
40	N 1 (0) 0 1(000 : 1							
16.	Number of Customers Served (000s inclu	,	404.047	404.400	404.400	100.010	0.400/	0.000/
17.	Residential	101,681	101,317	101,163	101,139	100,916	0.19%	0.36%
18.	Commercial	15,682	15,648	15,574	15,548	15,426	0.41%	0.22%
19.	Industrial	52	51	50	50	53	-0.48%	1.96%
20.	Other	<u>2,228</u>	<u>2,237</u>	<u>2,241</u>	<u>2,233</u>	<u>2,244</u>	<u>-0.18%</u>	<u>-0.40%</u>
21.	Total Number of Customers	<u>119,643</u>	<u>119,253</u>	<u>119,028</u>	<u>118,970</u>	<u>118,639</u>	<u>0.21%</u>	<u>0.33%</u>
22.	Annual Sales Volume: (Millions kWh)							
23.	Residential	1,691	1,623	1,569	1,472	1,677	0.21%	4.19%
24.	Commercial	861	845	886	828	813	1.44%	1.89%
25.	Industrial	1,780	1,842	1,675	1,607	1,632	2.19%	-3.37%
26.	Other	<u>140</u>	<u>137</u>	<u>136</u>	<u>133</u>	<u>144</u>	<u>-0.70%</u>	<u>2.19%</u>
27.	Total Sales	<u>4,472</u>	<u>4,447</u>	<u>4,266</u>	<u>4,040</u>	<u>4,266</u>	<u>1.19%</u>	<u>0.56%</u>
28.	Estimated Overall Rate of Return	5.94%	7.14%	10.11%	3.69%	5.96%	-0.08%	-16.81%
29.	Estimated Return on Common Equity	7.03%	9.13%	14.10%	2.31%	6.37%	2.50%	-23.00%
30.	Common Equity Ratio	52.86%	53.49%	55.46%	54.65%	54.92%	-0.95%	-1.18%
31.	Debt Ratio	47.09%	45.49%	43.04%	43.80%	43.47%	2.02%	3.52%
32.	Estimated Pretax Interest Coverage Ratio (Times)	4.08	4.64	5.15	2.30	3.43	4.43%	-12.07%

^{33.} LAST RATE CASE (Docket No. E-22, Sub 532) _Authorized Returns: Common Equity 9.90%; Overall 7.367%; Equity Ratio 51.75%; Date of Order 12-22-16 Rate Case Prior to E-22, Sub 532 (Docket No. E-22, Sub 479): Common Equity 10.20%; Overall 7.80%; Equity Ratio 51.00%; Date of Order 12-21-12

Notes: [1] North Carolina retail jurisdictional revenue equates to 5% of total company electric utility revenue.

- [2] Net Plant Investment reflects net plant in service.
- [3] Source of Data: NCUC ES-1 Reports.
- [4] ROEs for the 12 months ended: 06-30-2015, 03-31-2015, and 12-31-2014, are respectively: 7.69%, 8.66%, and 7.97%.
- [5] The results for the 12 months ended September 30, 2013, reflect income tax reductions related to (i) an adjustment to North Carolina state accumulated deferred income taxes to recognize tax rate reductions effective January 1, 2014 and January 1, 2015, as enacted in 2013 North Carolina Session Law 2013-316 (HB 998), and (ii) a change in the Company's determination of North Carolina state income taxes which DNCP reported on amended returns filed in 2013 that have been reviewed by the North Carolina Department of Revenue (NCDOR). The NCDOR notified DNCP in September 2015 that it was denying a portion of the refund claims reported on the amended returns. DNCP filed a petition for appeal with the North Carolina Office of Administrative Hearings on August 26, 2016.
- [6] Column (c) has been revised from that previously reported in the Commission's *Quarterly Review*, for the quarter ending Sept. 30, 2014, issued on January 15, 2015, to reflect a corrected, higher federal effective tax rate, as provided by DNCP on February 19, 2015.
- [7] N/A denotes that the data is not available or not applicable or that information is, essentially, unmeaningful.

PIEDMONT NATURAL GAS COMPANY, INC. SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL DATA

North Carolina Jurisdiction (Amounts in Thousands)

			12	2 Months Ende	ed		Annual Growth Rate	
Line <u>No.</u>	<u>Item</u> (a)	September <u>2015</u> (b)	September <u>2014</u> (c)	September <u>2013</u> (d)	September 2012 (e)	September 2011 (f)	Four <u>Year</u> (g)	Current Year (h)
1.	Operating Revenue:							
2.	Residential	\$442,159	\$461,722	\$405,990	\$378,300	\$454,102	-0.66%	-4.24%
3.	Commercial	250,693	268,569	228,689	214,848	262,548	-1.15%	-6.66%
4.	Industrial	23,116	23,862	18,709	17,388	25,470	-2.40%	-3.13%
5.	Public Authorities	814	908	373	443	644	6.03%	-10.35%
6.	Other	150,771	157,196	134,490	93,685	<u>87,509</u>	14.57%	-4.09%
7.	Total Operating Revenue	867,553	912,257	788,251	704,664	830,273	1.10%	-4.90%
8.	Cost of Gas	<u>363,141</u>	443,143	357,048	304,591	438,935	<u>-4.63%</u>	<u>-18.05%</u>
9.	Margin	504,412	469,114	431,203	400,073	391,338	6.55%	7.52%
10.	O & M Expenses	202,485	197,334	179,348	169,304	158,043	6.39%	2.61%
11.	Other Deductions	<u>165,039</u>	<u>150,734</u>	<u>143,787</u>	134,253	129,888	<u>6.17%</u>	9.49%
12.	Operating Income	<u>\$136,888</u>	<u>\$121,046</u>	<u>\$108,068</u>	<u>\$96,516</u>	<u>\$103,407</u>	<u>7.26%</u>	13.09%
13.	Net Plant Investment	<u>\$3,050,729</u>	<u>\$2,796,045</u>	\$2,450,099	<u>\$1,873,047</u>	<u>\$1,707,392</u>	<u>15.62%</u>	<u>9.11%</u>
14.	Operating Exp. as a % of Margin	40.14%	42.07%	41.59%	42.32%	40.39%	-0.16%	-4.59%
15.	Net Plt. Investment per \$ of Margin	\$6.05	\$5.96	\$5.68	\$4.68	\$4.36	8.53%	1.51%
16.	Gas Delivered in DTs (000s omitted):							
17.	Residential	40,133	40,729	37,373	29,468	38,371	1.13%	-1.46%
18.	Commercial	31,080	30,894	28,298	24,023	28,267	2.40%	0.60%
19.	Industrial	3,415	3,203	2,703	2,580	3,339	0.56%	6.62%
20.	Public Authorities	74	73	67	48	66	2.90%	1.37%
21.	Other	327,873	<u>281,362</u>	<u>259,613</u>	215,023	148,732	21.85%	<u>16.53%</u>
22.	Total DTs	<u>402,575</u>	<u>356,261</u>	<u>328,054</u>	<u>271,142</u>	<u>218,775</u>	<u>16.47%</u>	<u>13.00%</u>
23.	Number of Customers (000s included):							
24.	Residential	626,375	615,542	606,286	600,350	593,848	1.34%	1.76%
25.	Commercial	66,746	65,681	64,642	64,172	63,358	1.31%	1.62%
26.	Industrial	1,075	1,075	1,070	1,069	1,083	-0.19%	0.00%
27.	Public Authorities	1,800	1,799	1,807	1,323	1,576	3.38%	0.06%
28. 29.	Other Total Number of Customers	<u>604</u> <u>696,600</u>	<u>607</u> <u>684,704</u>	<u>601</u> <u>674,406</u>	<u>599</u> <u>667,513</u>	<u>568</u> <u>660,433</u>	<u>1.55%</u> <u>1.34%</u>	<u>-0.49%</u> <u>1.74%</u>
30.	Estimated Overall Rate of Return	6.16%	6.05%	6.99%	7.54%	8.21%	-6.93%	1.82%
31.	Estimated Return on Common Equity	8.96%	8.92%	10.83%	11.21%	11.07%	-5.15%	0.45%
32.	Common Equity Ratio	43.45%	43.94%	44.68%	48.48%	51.45%	-4.14%	-1.12%
33.	Debt Ratio	56.55%	56.06%	55.32%	51.52%	48.55%	3.89%	0.87%
34.	Estimated Pretax Interest Coverage Ratio (Times)	3.83	4.03	4.73	5.25	4.74	-5.19%	-4.96%
35.	LAST RATE CASE (Docket No. G-9, Sub 631)	Authorized Returns:	Common Equ	uity 10.00%; Ov	rerall 7.51%; Ed	quity Ratio 50.66%;	Date of Order 12	2-17-13

Notes:

- [1] North Carolina retail jurisdictional revenue equates to approximately 70% of total company gas utility revenue.
- [2] Net Plant Investment reflects net plant in service.
- [3] Source of Data: Shareholders' reports and the NCUC GS-1 Reports.
- [4] ROEs for the 12 months ended: 06-30-2015, 03-31-2015, and 12-31-2014, are respectively: 8.85%, 8.96%, and 8.78%.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC., d/b/a PSNC Energy

SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL DATA

North Carolina Jurisdiction (Amounts in Thousands)

			Annual Growth Rate					
Line <u>No.</u>	<u>Item</u> (a)	September 2015 (b)	September <u>2014</u> (c)	September <u>2013</u> (d)	September <u>2012</u> (e)	September 2011 (f)	Four <u>Year</u> (g)	Current <u>Year</u> (h)
1.	Operating Revenue:							
2.	Residential	\$323,936	\$365,041	\$334,932	\$252,825	\$330,258	-0.48%	-11.26%
3.	Commercial	120,987	139,680	124,087	99,088	127,737	-1.35%	-13.38%
4.	Industrial	19,133	17,158	16,516	14,773	18,223	1.23%	11.51%
5.	Public Authorities	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A
6.	Resale	0	0	0	0	3	N/A	N/A
7.	Other	30,812	38,069	31,953	27,864	<u>27,318</u>	3.05%	<u>-19.06%</u>
8.	Total Operating Revenue	494,868	559,948	507,488	394,550	503,539	-0.43%	-11.62%
9.	Cost of Gas	248,927	<u>319,158</u>	<u>271,743</u>	<u>164,762</u>	278,023	<u>-2.73%</u>	<u>-22.01%</u>
10.	Margin	245,941	240,790	235,745	229,788	225,516	2.19%	2.14%
11.	O & M Expenses	93,056	87,709	85,771	85,135	84,735	2.37%	6.10%
12.	Other Deductions	<u>87,825</u>	<u>85,402</u>	<u>82,713</u>	<u>79,445</u>	75,298	3.92%	2.84%
13.	Operating Income	<u>\$65,060</u>	<u>\$67,679</u>	<u>\$67,261</u>	\$65,208	<u>\$65,483</u>	<u>-0.16%</u>	<u>-3.87%</u>
14.	Net Plant Investment	<u>\$939,538</u>	<u>\$873,335</u>	<u>\$858,321</u>	<u>\$831,731</u>	<u>\$784,731</u>	<u>4.60%</u>	<u>7.58%</u>
15.	Operating Exp. as a % of Margin	37.84%	36.43%	36.38%	37.05%	37.57%	0.18%	3.87%
16.	Net Plt. Investment per \$ of Margin	\$3.82	\$3.63	\$3.64	\$3.62	\$3.48	2.36%	5.23%
17.	Gas Delivered in DTs (000s omitted):							
18.	Residential	30,856	30,817	27,951	21,697	28,308	2.18%	0.13%
19.	Commercial	15,635	15,760	14,196	11,838	14,172	2.49%	-0.79%
20.	Industrial	3,457	2,698	2,938	2,699	2,721	6.17%	28.13%
21.	Public Authorities	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A
22.	Resale	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A
23.	Other	43,932	39,547	36,859	32,982	29,635	10.34%	11.09%
24.	Total DTs	93,880	88,822	81,944	69,216	74,836	5.83%	5.69%
25.	Number of Customers (000s included):							
26.	Residential	478,210	464,621	453,101	443,728	434,601	2.42%	2.92%
27.	Commercial	42,547	41,845	41,251	40,800	40,446	1.27%	1.68%
28.	Industrial	222	196	167	165	172	6.59%	13.27%
29.	Public Authorities	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A
30.	Resale	0	0	0	0	1	N/A	N/A
31.	Other	<u>460</u>	<u>454</u>	<u>460</u>	<u>476</u>	<u>461</u>	<u>-0.05%</u>	<u>1.32%</u>
32.		<u>521,439</u>	<u>507,116</u>	<u>494,979</u>	<u>485,169</u>	<u>475,681</u>	<u>2.32%</u>	<u>2.82%</u>
33.	Estimated Overall Rate of Return	7.87%	8.99%	9.06%	8.96%	9.13%	-3.64%	-12.46%
34.	Estimated Return on Common Equity	9.31%	11.14%	11.45%	11.39%	11.51%	-5.17%	-16.43%
35.	Common Equity Ratio	59.39%	58.88%	57.49%	56.11%	55.52%	1.70%	0.87%
36.	Debt Ratio	40.61%	41.12%	42.51%	43.89%	44.48%	-2.25%	-1.24%
37.	Estimated Pretax Interest Coverage Ratio (Times)	4.81	5.46	5.38	5.10	4.75	0.31%	-11.90%

^{38.} LAST RATE CASE (Docket No. G-5, Sub 565) Authorized Returns: Common Equity 9.70%; Overall 7.53%; Equity Ratio 52.00%; Date of Order 10-28-16 Rate Case Prior to G-5, Sub 565 (Docket No. G-5, Sub 495): Common Equity 10.60%; Overall 8.54%; Equity Ratio 54.00%; Date of Order 10-24-08

Notes: [1] North Carolina retail jurisdictional revenue equates to 100% of total company gas utility service revenue.

^[2] Net Plant Investment reflects net plant in service.
[3] Source of Data: Shareholders' Reports and the NCUC GS-1 Reports.

^[4] ROEs for the 12 months ended: 06-30-2015, 03-31-2015, and 12-31-2014, are respectively: 10.32%, 10.98%, and 10.89%.

^[5] N/A denotes that the data is not available or not applicable or that information is, essentially, unmeaningful.

Part IV

Telecommunications Companies Annual Report Filings

Telecommunications Companies 2015 Annual Report Filings¹

- A. The following companies provided the Commission with links to their 2015 Annual Report filings, as submitted to the SEC:
 - BellSouth Telecommunications, LLC, d/b/a AT&T North Carolina –
 http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/732717/000073271716000147/0000732717-16-000147-index.htm
 - Carolina Telephone and Telegraph Company LLC, d/b/a CenturyLink; Central Telephone Company, d/b/a CenturyLink; and Mebtel, Inc., d/b/a CenturyLink – http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/18926/000001892616000047/ctl-2015123110k.htm
 - Frontier Communications of the Carolinas, Inc. –
 https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/20520/000002052016000076/ftr-20151231x10k.htm
 - Verizon South Inc.² –
 <u>https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/732712/000119312516473367/d35513d</u>

 10k.htm
 - Windstream Concord Telephone, Inc.; Windstream Lexcom Communications, Inc.; and Windstream North Carolina, LLC –
 https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1282266/000128226616000059/a2015
 https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1282266/000128226616000059/a2015
 https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1282266/000128226616000059/a2015
- B. <u>The following companies provided the Commission with copies of their 2015</u> audited financial statements:
 - North State Telephone Company, d/b/a North State Communications
 - Citizens Telephone Company, d/b/a Comporium³

¹ The deadline for a price plan regulated company to either provide its annual report to the Commission or to otherwise satisfy its annual reporting obligations under Commission Rule R1-32, Subsection (e1) is as soon as possible after the close of the calendar year, but in no event later than the 30th day of April each year for the preceding calendar year.

² Verizon South, Inc. Knotts Island Exchange.

³ Such report has been provided as confidential and proprietary information.

This Page Was Intentionally Left Blank

Quarterly Review Electronic Distribution List

Commission Staff

Patrick Buffkin Ellen Burns Kimberly Duffley Catherine Eastwood

Corrie Foster Bill Gilmore Len Green Freda Hilburn Lemuel Hinton M. Lynn Jarvis Kim Jones Bliss Kite Steve McDowell Bridget Paschal George Sessoms Sam Watson

Public Staff **Christopher Ayers**

Fenge Zhang

David Drooz David Furr Carl Goolsby Robert Hinton Jan Larsen Mike Maness James McLawhorn

Attorney General's Office

Margaret Force

Others

David Baker

North Carolina Department of Revenue

Bruce Barkley Vice President - Regulatory Affairs, Rates and Gas Cost Accounting Piedmont Natural Gas Company, Inc.

Laura Bateman, Manager Carolinas Rates & Regulatory Strategy **Duke Energy**

Robert H. Bennink, Jr. Bennink Law Office

Brett Breitschwerdt McGuire Woods LLP

Matthew L. Dosch Senior Vice President of **External Affairs** Comporium Communications

Rick Feathers Associate General Counsel N.C. Electric Corporation

Mary Lynne Grigg McGuire Woods LLP

Donald R. Hoover Hoover & Hoover CPAs

Greg Locke ElectriCities of North Carolina

William McAulay, Vice President Economic Development, Governmental and Regulatory Affairs Public Service Company of NC, Inc.

Ralph McDonald Bailey & Dixon, LLP

Sharon Miller Carolina Utility Customers Association, Inc.

Kevin O'Donnell Nova Energy Consultants

Adam Olls Bailey & Dixon, LLP

Stan Pace. Director State Government Relations Frontier Communications of the Carolinas Inc.

Robert F. Page Crisp, Page & Currin, L.L.P.

Candace A. Paton, Lead Analyst Rates & Regulatory Affairs Public Service Company of NC, Inc.

Pia K. Powers Manager Regulatory Affairs Piedmont Natural Gas Company, Inc.

Jo Anne Sanford Sanford Law Office, PLLC

Carol Shrum, Vice President Rates **Duke Energy Corporation**

Heather Shirley Smith **Deputy General Counsel** Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC

Robert Smith, Director-External Affairs BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc., d/b/a AT&T North Carolina

Lawrence Somers **Deputy General Counsel Duke Energy Corporation**

State Library of North Carolina

Mark C. Stevens
Director – Regulatory Account
Virginia Electric and Power Company,
d/b/a Dominion North Carolina Power

CenturyLink

David Tsai Regulatory Affairs Manager **Duke Energy**

Royster M. Tucker, Jr. North State Telephone Company, d/b/a North State Communications

Susan Warner Bailey & Dixon, LLP

Bob Wells, Executive Director North Carolina Telephone Alliance

Bettye J. Willis Regional Vice President State Government Affairs Windstream Communications, Inc. This Page Was Intentionally Left Blank